

# Ferrites and accessories

E 42/21/20 Core and accessories

Series/Type: B66329, B66243

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## E 42/21/20

Core B66329

■ To IEC 61246

■ Delivery mode: single units

## Magnetic characteristics (per set)

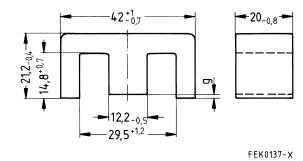
 $\Sigma I/A = 0.41 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

 $I_e = 97 \text{ mm}$ 

 $A_e = 234 \text{ mm}^2$ 

 $A_{min} = 229 \text{ mm}^2$ 

 $V_e = 22700 \text{ mm}^3$ 



Approx. weight 116 g/set

## **Ungapped**

Material	A <sub>L</sub> value nH	$\mu_{e}$	P <sub>V</sub> W/set	Ordering code
N27	4750 +30/–20%	1560	< 4.4 (200 mT, 25 kHz, 100 °C)	B66329G0000X127
N87	5200 +30/–20%	1690	< 12.0 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B66329G0000X187

## **Gapped**

Material	g mm	A <sub>L</sub> value approx. nH	$\mu_{e}$	Ordering code
N27	0.25 ±0.02	1029	338	B66329G0250X127
	0.50 ±0.05	603	198	B66329G0500X127
	1.00 ±0.05	354	116	B66329G1000X127
	1.50 ±0.05	259	85	B66329G1500X127

The  $A_L$  value in the table applies to a core set comprising one ungapped core (dimension g=0) and one gapped core (dimension g>0).

## **Calculation factors** (for formulas, see "E cores: general information")

Material	Relationship between air gap – A <sub>L</sub> value		Calculation of saturation current				
	K1 (25 °C)	K2 (25 °C)	K3 (25 °C)	K4 (25 °C)	K3 (100 °C)	K4 (100 °C)	
N27	354	-0.770	574	-0.847	534	-0.865	
N87	354	-0.770	555	-0.796	521	-0.873	

Validity range: K1, K2: 0.10 mm < s < 3.00 mm

K3, K4:  $160 \text{ nH} < A_L < 1500 \text{ nH}$ 



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#### **Coil former**

Material: GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

F 

max. operating temperature 155 °C), color code black

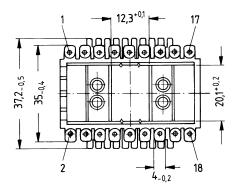
Valox 420-SE0® [E45329 (M)], GE PLASTICS B V

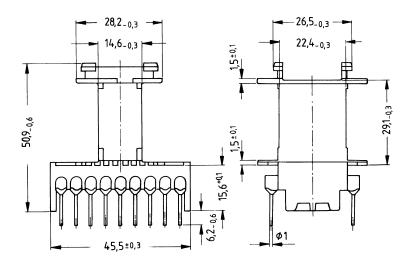
Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

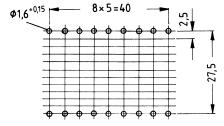
Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

Sections	A <sub>N</sub> mm <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>N</sub> mm	$A_R$ value $\mu\Omega$	Pins	Ordering code
1	172	100	20	18	B66243A1018T001







Hole arrangement View in mounting direction

FEK0139-E



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#### **Coil former**

Material: Polyterephthalate GV (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

H 

max. operating temperature 180 °C), color code black

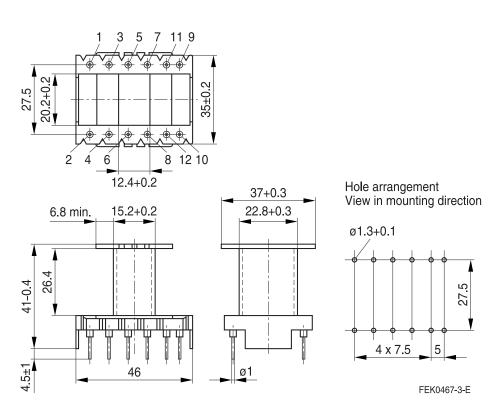
Rynite FR 530® [E41938 (M)], E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO INC

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

Sections	A <sub>N</sub> mm <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>N</sub> mm	$A_R$ value $\mu\Omega$	Pins	Ordering code
1	187	133	24.4	12	B66243S1012T001





### Ferrites and accessories

## **Cautions and warnings**

#### Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.1".

## Effects of core combination on A<sub>L</sub> value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.2".

#### Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

#### NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

#### **Processing notes**

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroid.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mount.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.2".
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.



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