

64K × 16 CMOS FLASH MEMORY

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The W49F102 is a 1-megabit, 5-volt only CMOS flash memory organized as $64K \times 16$ bits. The device can be programmed and erased in-system with a standard 5V power supply. A 12-volt VPP is not required. The unique cell architecture of the W49F102 results in fast program/erase operations with extremely low current consumption (compared to other comparable 5-volt flash memory products). The device can also be programmed and erased using standard EPROM programmers.

FEATURES

- Single 5-volt operations:
 - 5-volt Read
 - 5-volt Erase
 - 5-volt Program
- Fast Program operation:
 - Word-by-Word programming: 50 μS (max.)
- Fast Erase operation: 100 mS (typ.)
- Fast Read access time: 40/45 nS
- Endurance: 10K cycles (typ.)
- · Ten-year data retention
- Hardware data protection
- 8K word Boot Block with Lockout protection

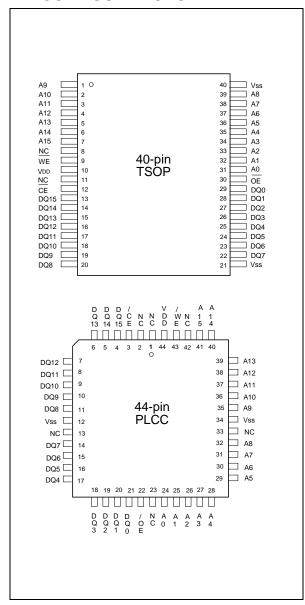
- Low power consumption
 - Active current: 25 mA (typ.)
 - Standby current: 20 μA (typ.)
- Automatic program and erase timing with internal VPP generation
- End of program or erase detection
 - Toggle bit

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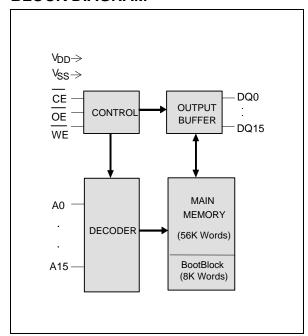
- Data polling
- · Latched address and data
- TTL compatible I/O
- JEDEC standard word-wide pinouts
- Available packages: 40-pin TSOP and 44-pin PLCC



PIN CONFIGURATIONS



BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

| SYMBOL | PIN NAME |
|------------|---------------------|
| A0 - A15 | Address Inputs |
| DQ0 - DQ15 | Data Inputs/Outputs |
| CE | Chip Enable |
| ŌĒ | Output Enable |
| WE | Write Enable |
| VDD | Power Supply |
| Vss | Ground |
| NC | No Connection |



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Read Mode

The read operation of the W49F102 is controlled by \overline{CE} and \overline{OE} , both of which have to be low for the host to obtain data from the outputs. \overline{CE} is used for device selection. When \overline{CE} is high, the chip is de-selected and only standby power will be consumed. \overline{OE} is the output control and is used to gate data from the output pins. The data bus is in high impedance state when either \overline{CE} or \overline{OE} is high. Refer to the timing waveforms for further details.

Boot Block Operation

There is one 8K-word boot block in this device, which can be used to store boot code. It is located in the first 8K words of the memory with the address range from 0000 hex to 1FFF hex.

See Command Codes for Boot Block Lockout Enable for the specific code. Once this feature is set the data for the designated block cannot be erased or programmed (programming lockout); other memory locations can be changed by the regular programming method. Once the boot block programming lockout feature is activated, the chip erase function will only affect the main memory.

In order to detect whether the boot block feature is set on the 8K-words block, users can perform software command sequence: enter the product identification mode (see Command Codes for Identification/Boot Block Lockout Detection for specific code), and then read from address "0002 hex". If the output data is "FF hex," the boot block programming lockout feature is activated; if the output data is "FE hex," the lockout feature is inactivated and the block can be erased/programmed.

To return to normal operation, perform a three-byte command sequence (or an alternate single-word command) to exit the identification mode. For the specific code, see Command Codes for Identification/Boot Block Lockout Detection.

Chip Erase Operation

The chip-erase mode can be initiated by a six-word command sequence. After the command loading cycle, the device enters the internal chip erase mode, which is automatically timed and will be completed in a fast 100 mS (typical). The host system is not required to provide any control or timing during this operation. If the boot block programming lockout is activated, only the data in the main memory will be erased to FF(hex), and the data in the boot block will not be erased (remains same as before the chip erase operation). The entire memory array (main memory and boot block) will be erased to FF(hex). by the chip erase operation if the boot block programming lockout feature is not activated. The device will automatically return to normal read mode after the erase operation completed. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of erase cycle.

Main Memory Erase Operation

The main memory erase mode can be initiated by a six-word command sequence. After the command loading cycle, the device enters the internal main-memory erase mode, which is automatically timed and will be completed in a fast 100 mS (typical). The host system is not required to provide any control or timing during this operation. The device will automatically return to normal read mode after the erase operation completed. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of erase cycle.



Program Operation

The W49F102 is programmed on a word-by-word basis. Program operation can only change logical data "1" to logical data "0" The erase operation (changed entire data in main memory and/or boot block from "0" to "1" is needed before programming.

The program operation is initiated by a 4-word command cycle (see Command Codes for Word Programming). The device will internally enter the program operation immediately after the word-program command is entered. The internal program timer will automatically time-out (50 μ S max. - TBP) once completed and return to normal read mode. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of program cycle.

Hardware Data Protection

The integrity of the data stored in the W49F102 is also hardware protected in the following ways:

- (1) Noise/Glitch Protection: A WE pulse of less than 15 nS in duration will not initiate a write cycle.
- (2) VDD Power Up/Down Detection: The programming operation is inhibited when VDD is less than 2.5V typical.
- (3) Write Inhibit Mode: Forcing OE low, CE high, or WE high will inhibit the write operation. This prevents inadvertent writes during power-up or power-down periods.
- (4) VDD power-on delay: When VDD has reached its sense level, the device will automatically time-out 5 mS before any write (erase/program) operation.

Data Polling (DQ7 & DQ15)- Write Status Detection

The W49F102 includes a data polling feature to indicate the end of a program or erase cycle. When the W49F102 is in the internal program or erase cycle, any attempt to read DQ7 or DQ15 of the last word loaded will receive the complement of the true data. Once the program or erase cycle is completed, DQ7 or DQ15 will show the true data. Note that DQ7 or DQ15 will show logical "0" during the erase cycle, and become logical "1" or true data when the erase cycle has been completed.

Toggle Bit (DQ6 & DQ14)- Write Status Detection

In addition to data polling, the W49F102 provides another method for determining the end of a program cycle. During the internal program or erase cycle, any consecutive attempts to read DQ6 or DQ14 will produce alternating 0's and 1's. When the program or erase cycle is completed, this toggling between 0's and 1's will stop. The device is then ready for the next operation.

Product Identification

The product ID operation outputs the manufacturer code and device code. Programming equipment automatically matches the device with its proper erase and programming algorithms.

The manufacturer and device codes can be accessed by software or hardware operation. In the software access mode, a six-word (or JEDEC 3-word) command sequence can be used to access the product ID. A read from address 0000H outputs the manufacturer code (00DAh). A read from address 0001H outputs the device code (002Fh). The product ID operation can be terminated by a three-word command sequence or an alternate one-word command sequence (see Command Definition table).

In the hardware access mode, access to the product ID is activated by forcing CE and OE low, $\overline{\text{WE}}$ high, and raising A9 to 12 volts.



TABLE OF OPERATING MODES

Operating Mode Selection

 $(V_{HH} = 12V \pm 5\%)$

| MODE | | | | PINS | |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | CE | OE | \overline{WE} | ADDRESS | DQ. |
| Read | VIL | VIL | VIH | AIN | Dout |
| Write | VIL | VIH | VIL | AIN | Din |
| Standby | VIH | Χ | Χ | X | High Z |
| Write Inhibit | Х | VIL | Х | Х | High Z/Dout |
| | Х | Х | VIH | Х | High Z/Dout |
| Output Disable | Х | VIH | Х | Х | High Z |
| Product ID | VIL | VIL | VIH | A0 = VIL; A1-A15 = VIL; A9 = VHH | Manufacturer Code 00DA (Hex) |
| | VIL | VIL | VIH | A0 = VIH; A1-A15 = VIL; A9 = VHH | Device Code 002F (Hex) |

TABLE OF COMMAND DEFINITION

| Command | No. of | 1st Cycle | 2nd Cycle | 3rd Cycle | 4th Cycle | 5th Cycle | 6th Cycle |
|---------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Description | Cycles | Addr. Data | Addr. Data | Addr. Data | Addr. Data | Addr. Data | Addr. Data |
| Read | 1 | A _{IN} D _{OUT} | | | | | |
| Chip Erase | 6 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 80 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 10 |
| Main Memory Erase | 6 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 80 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 30 |
| Word Program | 4 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 A0 | A _{IN} D _{IN} | | |
| Boot Block Lockout | 6 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 80 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 40 |
| Product ID Entry | 3 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 90 | | | |
| Product ID Exit (1) | 3 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 F0 | | | |
| Product ID Exit (1) | 1 | XXXX F0 | | | | | |

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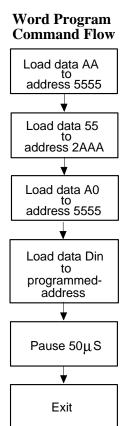
Note: Address Format: A14–A0 (Hex); Data Format: DQ15–DQ8 (Don't Care); DQ7-DQ0 (Hex) Either one of the two Product ID Exit commands can be used.



Command Codes for Word Program

| WORD SEQUENCE | ADDRESS | DATA |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 0 Write 5555H | | AAH |
| 1 Write | 2AAAH | 55H |
| 2 Write | 5555H | A0H |
| 3 Write | Programmed-Address | Programmed-Data |

Word Program Flow Chart



Notes for software program code:

Data Format: DQ15-DQ0 (Hex); XX = Don't Care

Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)



Command Codes for Chip Erase

| BYTE SEQUENCE | ADDRESS | DATA |
|---------------|---------|------|
| 1 Write | 5555H | AAH |
| 2 Write | 2AAAH | 55H |
| 3 Write | 5555H | 80H |
| 4 Write | 5555H | ААН |
| 5 Write | 2AAAH | 55H |
| 6 Write | 5555H | 10H |

Chip Erase Acquisition Flow



Notes for chip erase:

Data Format: DQ15-DQ8: Don't Care; DQ7-DQ0 (Hex)

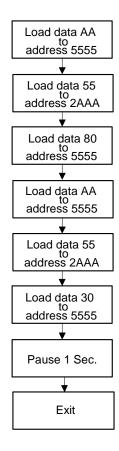
Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)



Command Codes for Main Memory Erase

| BYTE SEQUENCE | ADDRESS | DATA |
|---------------|---------|------|
| 1 Write | 5555H | ААН |
| 2 Write | 2AAAH | 55H |
| 3 Write | 5555H | 80H |
| 4 Write | 5555H | ААН |
| 5 Write | 2AAAH | 55H |
| 6 Write | 5555H | 30H |

Main Memory Erase Acquisition Flow



Notes for chip erase:

Data Format: DQ15-DQ8: Don't Care; DQ7-DQ0 (Hex)

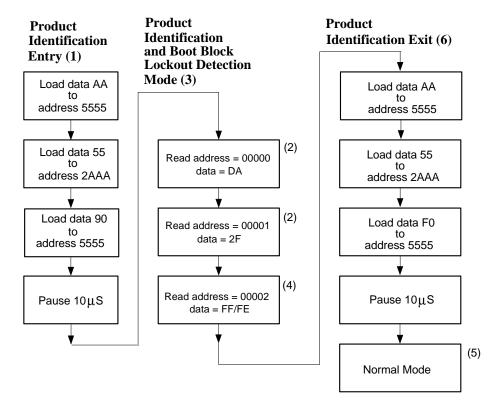
Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)



Command Codes for Product Identification and Boot Block Lockout Detection

| BYTE SEQUENCE | PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION/BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT DETECTION ENTRY | | SOFTWARE PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION/BOOT BLOCK LOCKOU DETECTION EXIT (6) | |
|------------------|--|---------|--|-------|
| | ADDRESS DATA | | ADDRESS | DATA |
| 1 Write | 5555 | AA | 5555H | AAH |
| 2 Write | 2AAA | 2AAA 55 | | 55H |
| 3 Write | 5555 90 | | 5555H | F0H |
| | Pause 10 μS | | Pause | 10 μS |

Software Product Identification and Boot Block Lockout Detection Acquisition Flow



Notes for software product identification/boot block lockout detection:

- (1) Data Format: DQ15-DQ8 (Don't Care), DQ7-DQ0 (Hex); Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)
- (2) A1-A15 = VIL; manufacture code is read for A0 = VIL; device code is read for A0 = VIH.
- (3) The device does not remain in identification and boot block lockout detection mode if power down.
- (4) If the output data is "FF Hex," the boot block programming lockout feature is activated; if the output data "FE Hex," the lockout feature is inactivated and the block can be programmed.
- (5) The device returns to standard operation mode.
- (6) Optional 1-write cycle (write F0 hex at XXXX address) can be used to exit the product identification/boot block lockout detection.

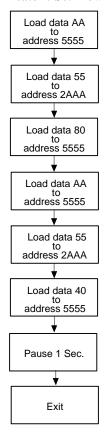


Command Codes for Boot Block Lockout Enable

| BYTE SEQUENCE | BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT FEATURE SET | | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|-----|--|--|
| | ADDRESS DATA | | | |
| 1 Write | 5555H | AAH | | |
| 2 Write | 2AAAH | 55H | | |
| 3 Write | 5555H | 80H | | |
| 4 Write | 5555H | AAH | | |
| 5 Write | 2AAAH | 55H | | |
| 6 Write | 5555H | 40H | | |
| | Pause 1 Sec. | | | |

Boot Block Lockout Enable Acquisition Flow

Boot Block Lockout Feature Set Flow



Notes for boot block lockout enable: Data Format: DQ15-DQ8 Don't Care), DQ7-DQ0 (Hex) Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)



DC CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| PARAMETER | RATING | UNIT |
|--|------------------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage to VSS Potential | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| Operating Temperature | 0 to +70 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | °C |
| D.C. Voltage on Any Pin to Ground Potential except OE | -0.5 to VDD +1.0 | V |
| Transient Voltage (<20 nS) on Any Pin to Ground Potential | -1.0 to VDD +1.0 | V |
| Voltage on OE Pin to Ground Potential | -0.5 to 12.5 | V |

Note: Exposure to conditions beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may adversely affect the life and reliability of the device.

DC Operating Characteristics

(VDD = $5.0V \pm 10\%$, VSS = 0V, TA = 0 to 70° C)

| PARAMETER | SYM. | TEST CONDITIONS | LIMITS | | UNIT | |
|------------------------------------|------|--|--------|------|-------------|----|
| | | | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | |
| Power Supply Current | Icc | CE = OE = VIL, WE = VIH, all I/Os open | - | 25 | 50 | mA |
| 01 11 1/ | 10-4 | Address inputs = VIL/VIH, at f = 5 MHz | | | - | 0 |
| Standby VDD Current (TTL input) | ISB1 | CE = VIH, all I/Os open Other inputs = VIL/VIH | - | 2 | 3 | mA |
| Standby VDD Current (CMOS input) | ISB2 | CE = VDD -0.3V, all I/Os open Other inputs = VDD -0.3V/Vss | - | 20 | 100 | μА |
| Input Leakage Current | lLi | VIN = Vss to VDD | - | - | 10 | μА |
| Output Leakage Current | llo | VOUT = Vss to VDD | - | - | 10 | μА |
| Input Low Voltage | VIL | - | -0.3 | - | 0.8 | V |
| Input High Voltage | VIH | - | 2.0 | - | VDD +0.5 | V |
| Output Low Voltage | Vol | IOL = 2.1 mA | - | - | 0.45 | V |
| Output High Voltage | Vон | IOH = -0.4 mA | 2.4 | - | - | V |

Publication Release Date: October 2000 Revision A3

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Power-up Timing

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TYPICAL | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------|------|
| Power-up to Read Operation | Tpu. READ | 100 | μS |
| Power-up to Write Operation | TPU. WRITE | 5 | mS |

CAPACITANCE

(VDD = 5.0V, TA = 25° C, f = 1 MHz)

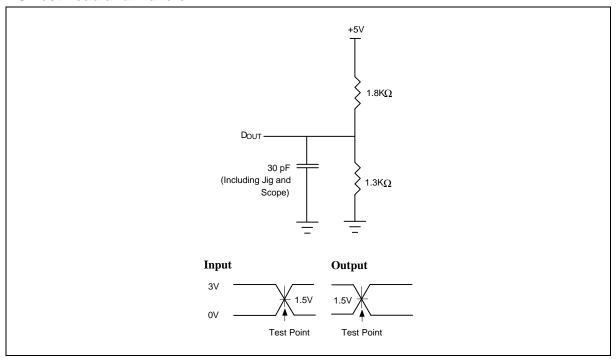
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MAX. | UNIT |
|---------------------|--------|------------|------|------|
| I/O Pin Capacitance | CI/O | VI/O = 0V | 12 | pf |
| Input Capacitance | CIN | VIN = 0V | 6 | pf |

AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC Test Conditions

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Input Pulse Levels | 0V to 3.0V |
| Input Rise/Fall Time | <5 nS |
| Input/Output Timing Level | 1.5V/1.5V |
| Output Load | 1 TTL Gate and CL = 30 pF |

AC Test Load and Waveform





AC Characteristics, continued

Read Cycle Timing Parameters

(VDD = 5.0V ± 5 % for 35 nS; VDD = 5.0V ± 10 % for 40/45 nS, Vss = 0V, Ta = 0 to 70° C)

| PARAMETER | SYM. | W49F102-40 | | W49 | UNIT | |
|------------------------------------|------|------------|------|------|------|----|
| | | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| Read Cycle Time | Trc | 42 | - | 45 | - | nS |
| Chip Enable Access Time | TCE | - | 40 | - | 45 | nS |
| Address Access Time | Таа | - | 40 | - | 45 | nS |
| Output Enable Access Time | Toe | - | 20 | - | 25 | nS |
| CE Low to Active Output | Tclz | 0 | - | 0 | - | nS |
| OE Low to Active Output | Tolz | 0 | - | 0 | - | nS |
| CE High to High-Z Output | Тснz | - | 15 | - | 20 | nS |
| OE High to High-Z Output | Тонz | - | 15 | - | 20 | nS |
| Output Hold from Address Change | Тон | 0 | - | 0 | - | nS |

Write Cycle Timing Parameters

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|-----------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| Address Setup Time | Tas | 0 | - | - | nS |
| Address Hold Time | Тан | 45 | - | - | nS |
| WE and CE Setup Time | Tcs | 0 | - | - | nS |
| WE and CE Hold Time | Тсн | 0 | - | - | nS |
| OE High Setup Time | Toes | 0 | - | - | nS |
| OE High Hold Time | Тоен | 0 | - | - | nS |
| CE Pulse Width | Тср | 50 | - | - | nS |
| CE High Width | Тсрн | 50 | - | - | nS |
| WE Pulse Width | Twp | 45 | - | - | nS |
| WE High Width | Twph | 45 | - | - | nS |
| Data Setup Time | Tos | 45 | - | - | nS |
| Data Hold Time | Трн | 0 | - | - | nS |
| Word Programming Time | Твр | - | 10 | 50 | μS |
| Erase Cycle Time | TEC | - | 0.1 | 1 | Sec. |

(a) High level signal's reference level is VIH and (b) low level signal's reference level is VIL.



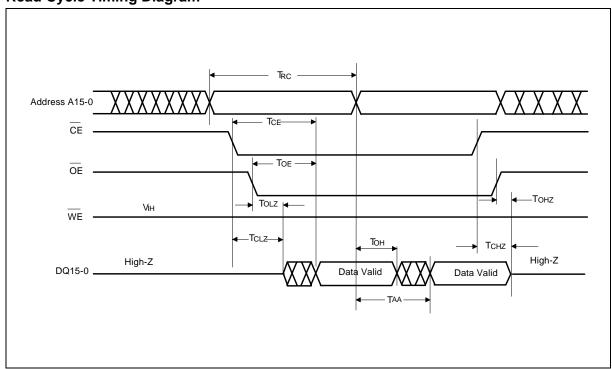
AC Characteristics, continued

Data Polling and Toggle Bit Timing Parameters

| PARAMETER | | SYM. | W49F102-40 | | W49F102-45 | | UNIT |
|-----------|------------------------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|------|
| | | | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| ŌĒ | to Data Polling Output Delay | Тоер | - | 20 | | 25 | nS |
| CE | to Data Polling Output Delay | Тсер | - | 40 | - | 45 | nS |
| ŌE | to Toggle Bit Output Delay | Тоет | - | 20 | - | 25 | nS |
| CE | to Toggle Bit Output Delay | Тсет | - | 40 | - | 45 | nS |

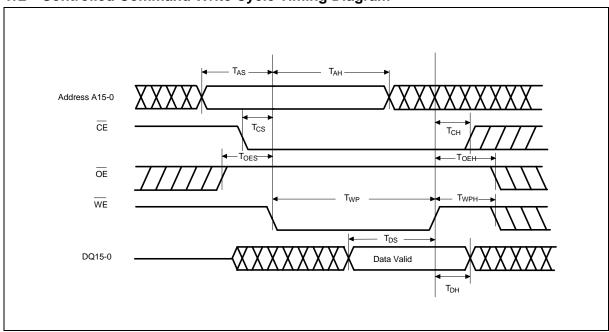
TIMING WAVEFORMS

Read Cycle Timing Diagram

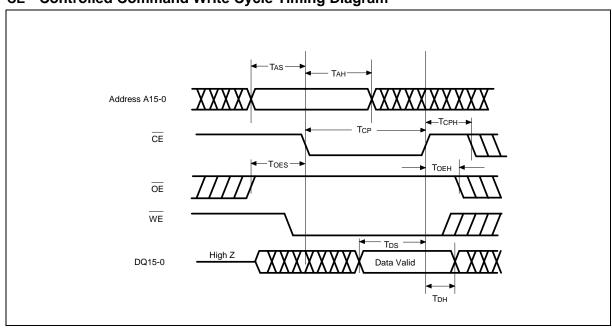




WE Controlled Command Write Cycle Timing Diagram

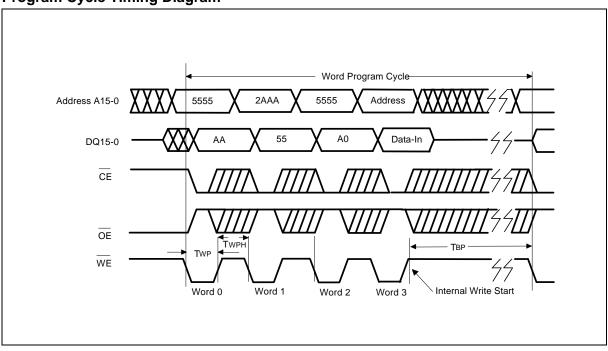


CE Controlled Command Write Cycle Timing Diagram

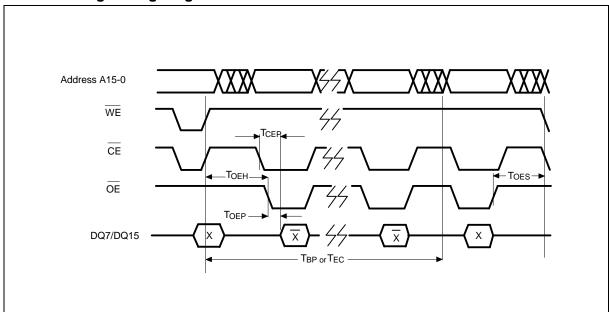




Program Cycle Timing Diagram

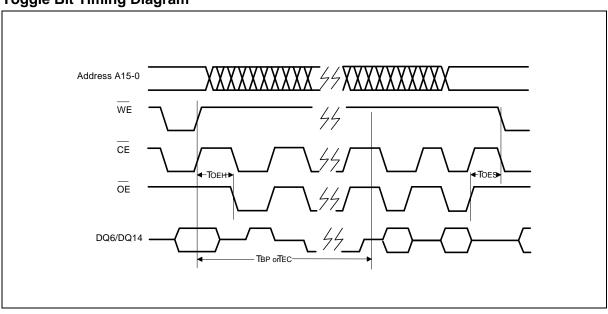


DATA Polling Timing Diagram

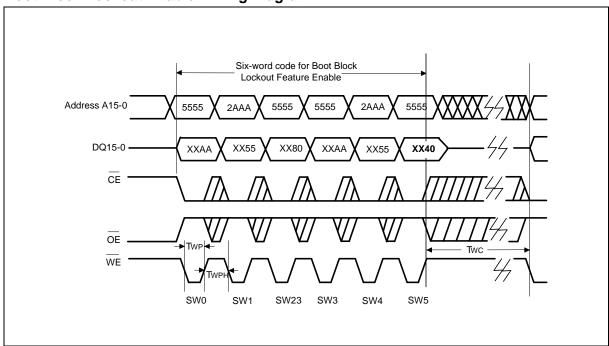




Toggle Bit Timing Diagram

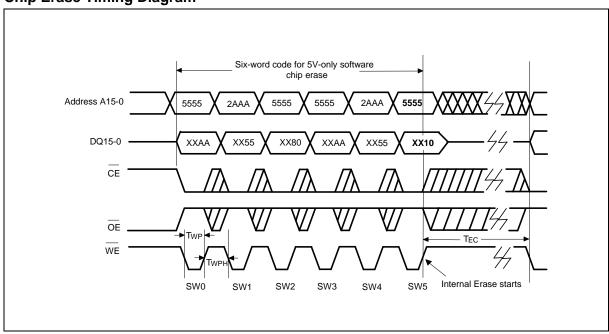


Boot Block Lockout Enable Timing Diagram

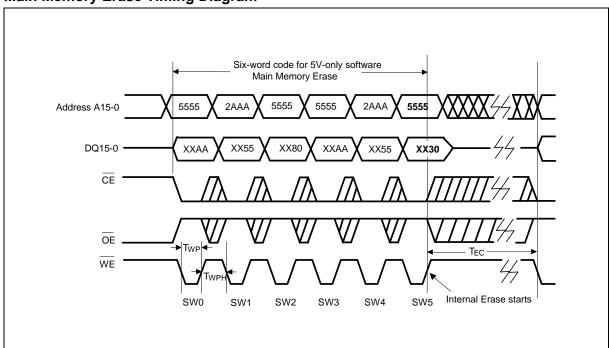




Chip Erase Timing Diagram



Main Memory Erase Timing Diagram





ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART NO. | ACCESS TIME (nS) | POWER SUPPLY CURRENT MAX. | STANDBY VDD CURRENT MAX. | PACKAGE | CYCLE |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | | (mA) | (μΑ) | | |
| W49F102Q40 | 40 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm × 14 mm) | 10K |
| W49F102Q45 | 45 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm × 14 mm) | 10K |
| W49F102P40 | 40 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 10K |
| W49F102P45 | 45 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 10K |

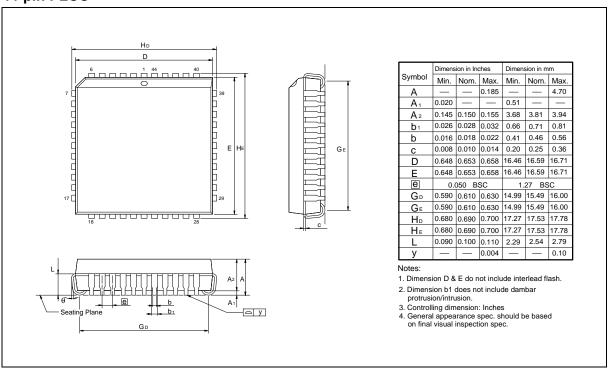
Notes:

- 1. Winbond reserves the right to make changes to its products without prior notice.
- 2. Purchasers are responsible for performing appropriate quality assurance testing on products intended for use in applications where personal injury might occur as a consequence of product failure.

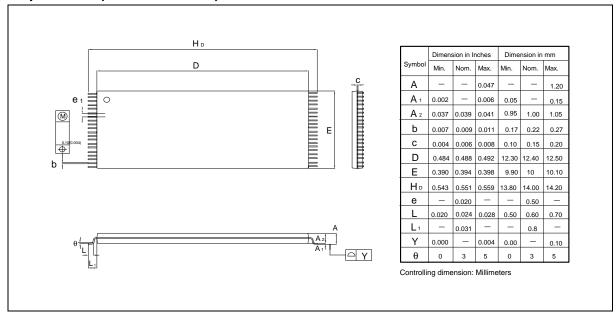


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

44-pin PLCC



40-pin TSOP (10 mm \times 14 mm)





VERSION HISTORY

| VERSION | DATE | PAGE | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|-----------|----------------------|---|
| A1 | Jun. 1999 | - | Initial Issued |
| A2 | Oct. 1999 | 13 | Change Read Cycle Timing Parameter: |
| | | | $VDD = 5.0V \pm 10\%$ for 40, 45, 50, 55, 70 nS |
| А3 | Oct. 2000 | 1, 11, 13, 14, 19 | Delete 35, 50, 55, 70 nS bins |
| | | 13 | TRC: 35 nS -> 40 nS; 40 nS -> 42 nS |
| | | | TAH: 50 nS -> 45 nS |
| | | | TWP & TWPH: 90 nS -> 45 nS |
| | | | Tcp: 90 nS -> 50 nS |
| | | | Add in TCPH = 50 nS |
| | | | TDS: 50 nS -> 45 nS |
| | | 1, 21 | Delete 1K cycling option |



Headquarters

No. 4, Creation Rd. III, Science-Based Industrial Park, Hsinchu, Taiwan TEL: 886-3-5770066 FAX: 886-3-5792766

http://www.winbond.com.tw/ Voice & Fax-on-demand: 886-2-27197006

Taipei Office

11F, No. 115, Sec. 3, Min-Sheng East Rd., Taipei, Taiwan TEL: 886-2-27190505 FAX: 886-2-27197502

Winbond Electronics (H.K.) Ltd. Unit 9-15, 22F, Millennium City, No. 378 Kwun Tong Rd; Kowloon, Hong Kong TEL: 852-27513100

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FAX: 852-27552064

Winbond Electronics North America Corp. Winbond Memory Lab. **Winbond Microelectronics Corp.** Winbond Systems Lab. 2727 N. First Street, San Jose, CA 95134, U.S.A.

TEL: 408-9436666 FAX: 408-5441798

Note: All data and specifications are subject to change withou t notice.