Energy Management Compact Power Transducer Type CPT-DIN "Advanced version"





- One digital output and RS485 communication port (2 wires only)
- 16 freely configurable alarms with OR/AND logic linkable to up to 2 digital outputs
- RS422/485/RS232 communication port (MODBUS-RTU), iFIX SCADA compatibility

- Class 1 (kWh), Class 2 (kvarh)
- Accuracy ±0.5 F.S. (current/voltage)
- Compact power transducer
- Instantaneous variables data format: 4 DGT
- Energies data format: 8+1 DGT
- System variables and phase measurements: V_{LL}, V_{LN}, A, Amax, An, Admd, Admd max, VA, VAdmd, VAdmd max, W, Wdmd, $W_{dmd\ max}$, W_{L1} - W_{L2} - W_{L3} max, var, PF, PF_{L1}-PF_{L2}-PF_{L3} min, Hz, ASY
- Four quadrant power measurement
- Energy measurements: total and partial kWh and kvarh (according to EN62053-21 and EN62053-23)
- Hour counter (5+2 DGT)
- TRMS meas. of distorted sine waves (voltages/currents)
- Universal power supply: 90 to 260 VAC/DC, 18 to 60 VAC/DC
- Dimensions: 45x83.5x98.5mm
- Voltage asymmetry, phase sequence, phase loss control
- Up to 3 analogue outputs (20mA or 10VDC)
- 2 digital outputs

Product Description

3-phase compact transducer. Particularly recommended for the measurement of the main electrical variables also on board of machines.

Housing for DIN-rail mount-

ing, with up to 3 analogue outputs, or RS485 communication port or alarm outputs or "Dupline" bus. Parameters programmable by means of CptASoft.

How to order CPT-DIN AV5 3 H A3 AX Model Range code System Power supply Outputs Option

How to order CptASoft-kit

Active and Apparent power,

CptASoft: software to program the working parameters of the transducer and to read the energies and the instantaneous variables. The kit includes the communication cable.

Type Selection

Range codes	System	Outputs	AX: advanced functions Power supply	
AV5: 400/690V _{L-1} /1/5(6)AAC V _{L-N} : 185 V to 460 V V _{L-1} : 320 V to 800 V AV6: 120/208V _{L-1} /1/5(6)AAC V _{L-N} : 45 V to 145 V V _{L-L} : 78 V to 250 V	3: 1-2-3-phase, balanced/ unbalanced load, with or without neutral 1: 1-3-phase,	R2: 2-relay outputs O2: 2-open collector outputs RS: 1-reed relay output + RS485 port (2-wire) A1: 1-analogue output: 0/4 to 20mA DC		
Phase current: 0.01A to 6A Neutral current: 0.05A to 6A Input specification	balanced load (*) (*) Note: the 3-phase balanced load measurement requires the connection of the neutral according to fig. 15 and 16 in the final part of this document.	A3: 3-analogue outputs: 0/4 to 20mA DC V1: 1-analogue output: 0 to 10V DC V3: 3-analogue outputs: 0 to 10V DC S1: RS485/RS422 port S2: RS232 port DB: Dupline bus	L: 18 to 60 VAC/VDC H: 90 to 260 VAC/VDC	
Rated inputs Current Voltage Current Voltage Accuracy (RS485) (@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%) Range accuracy: 0.02In to 0.05In	System type: 3 3 (internal current transformers) 4 System type: 1 1 (internal CT) 2 Imax: 6A, Vmax: 400V _{LN} (690V _{LL}), In: 5A, Vn: 230V _{LN} (400V _{LL}) CT: 1, VT (PT): 1	Neutral current Phase-phase voltage Phase-neutral voltage Active and Apparent power, Reactive power Range accuracy: 0.05In to Imax Current Neutral current Phase-phase voltage	±(2%RDG+3DGT) ±(0.5%RDG+2DGT) ±(0.5%RDG+2DGT) ±(1.5%RDG+3DGT) ±(3%RDG+3DGT) ±(0.5%RDG+2DGT) ±(1%RDG+3DGT) ±(0.5%RDG+2DGT)	
Current	+(0.5%FS) or +(1%RDG+2DGT)	Phase-neutral voltage	±(0.5%RDG+2DGT)	

 \pm (0.5%FS) or \pm (1%RDG+2DGT)

 \pm (1%RDG+3DGT)

Current



Input specifications (cont.)

Reactive power Active energy	±(2%RDG+3DGT) Class 2 according to EN62053-21	Hourcounter
Reactive energy	(I start up: 10mA) Class 3 according to EN62053-23 (I start up: 10mA)	Measurements Type
Frequency	±0.1Hz (48 to 62Hz)	
Additional errors Humidity	≤0.3% FS, 60% to 90% RH	Coupling type Crest factor
Frequency	≤0.3% FS (45 to 48Hz and 62 to 65Hz)	Input impedance 400/690V _{L-L} (AV5)
Temperature drift	≤ 200ppm/°C	120/208V _{L-L} (AV6)
Sampling rate	1600 samples/s @ 50Hz	Current
	1900 samples/s @ 60Hz	Frequency
Measurement refresh time	200ms	Overload protection
Measurement format Instantaneous variables Energies	(serial communication) 4 DGT, max indication 9999 8+1 DGT, max indication 999 999 99.9	Continuos voltage/ For 500ms: voltage

Hourcounter	5+2 DGT, max indication 9 999 9.99
Measurements	Current, voltage, power,
Туре	power factor, frequency TRMS measurement of distorted waves.
Coupling type	Direct
Crest factor	< 3, max 10A peak
Input impedance	
400/690V _{L-L} (AV5)	$1.6~\mathrm{M}\Omega~\pm5\%$
120/208V _{L-L} (AV6)	$1.6~\mathrm{M}\Omega~\pm5\%$
Current	≤ 0.01Ω
Frequency	45 to 65 Hz
Overload protection	(max values)
Continuos voltage/current	AV5: 460V _{LN} /800V _{LL} /6A
-	AV6: 145V _{LN} /250V _{LL} /6A
For 500ms: voltage/current	AV5: 800V _{LN} /1380V _{LL} /36A
_	AV6: 240V _{LN} /416V _{LL} /36A

Output Specifications

Analogue Outputs Number of outputs Accuracy (@ 25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%) Range Scaling factor: Response time	Up to 3 ±0.3% FS 0 to 20mA or 0 to 10 VDC Programmable within the whole range of retransmis- sion; it allows the retrans- mission management of all values from: 0 and 20 mA, 0 and 10VDC ≤ 400 ms typical (filter excluded)	Set-point adjustment Hysteresis On-time delay Output status Min. response time Note	From 0 to 100% of the retransmitted scale from 0 to full scale 0 to 255s Selectable; normally de-energized and normally energized ≤400ms, filters excluded and with alarm delay: "0s" The 2 digital outputs can also work as one pulse output and one alarm
Ripple	≤ 1%, according to IEC 60688-1, EN 60688-1	Static outputs	output.
Total temperature drift Load: 20 mADC	≤ 500 ppm/°C ≤ 350 Ω	Purpose	For alarm outputs or for pulse outputs
10 VDC Insulation	$\geq 10 \text{K}\Omega$ By means of optocouplers,	Signal	V _{ON} 1.2 VDC/ max. 100 mA V _{OFF} 30 VDC max.
	See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"	Insulation	By means of optocouplers, See table "Insulation
Digital outputs Pulse			between inputs and outputs"
Number of outputs Type Pulse duration	Up to 2 Programmable from 0.01 to 500 pulses per kWh/kvarh (total counters) Outputs connectable to the total energy meters (Wh/varh) ≥ 100ms <120msec (ON),	Relay outputs Purpose Type Insulation	For alarm outputs or for pulse outputs Relay, SPST type AC 1-5A @ 250VAC DC 12-5A @ 24VDC AC 15-1.5A @ 250VAC DC 13-1.5A @ 24VDC See table "Insulation
	≥ 120ms (OFF) according to EN62053-31		between inputs and outputs"
Alarm Number of outputs Alarm modes	up to 2, independent Up alarm, down alarm, in window alarm, out window alarm. Start-up deactivation func- tion at power-on for all kinds of alarm. All of them connectable to all variables (see the table "List of the variables that can be con- nected to")	Reed relay output Purpose Type Switching voltage Switching current Carry current Mechanical life Insulation	For alarm output or for pulse output Reed relay, SPST type NO Max 200VDC, peak AC resistive Max 0.5ADC, peak AC resistive Max 2ADC, peak AC resistive 300x106 operations (1V/10mA) See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"



Output Specifications (cont.)

RS422/RS485 Connections Addresses Protocol	(on request) Multidrop bidirectional (static and dynamic variables) 2 or 4 wires, max. distance 1200m, termination directly on the instrument From 1 to 255, selectable via software MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)	RS232 Type Connections Address Protocol Baud-rate	Halfduplex communication Point to point connection 3-wire, max. distance 15m 1 to 255 selectable via software MODBUS/JBUS (RTU) 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 bits/s other characteristics like R422/RS485 port	
Data (bidirectional)	WODB03/3B03 (RT0)	Dupline		
Dynamic (reading only)	System and phase variables: see table "List of variables"	Bus Address	Full Dupline compatibility Programmable using CptASoft	
Static (writing only)	All the configuration parameters.	Variables	kWh, kvarh + 8 variables	
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity,1 stop bit		chosen among the available ones.	
Baud-rate	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 bits/s	Insulation	By means of optocouplers. See table "Insulation	
Insulation	By means of optocouplers, See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"		between inputs and outputs"	

RS232 Configuration Bus

Connections	RJ12 (3-wire) for special cable	Insulation	By means of optocouplers,
Baud-rate	4800 bits/s		See table "Insulation
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit,		between inputs and outputs"
	no parity, 1 stop bit		

CptASoft software: parameter programming and data reading

CptASoft Working mode	Multi language software to program the working parameters of the transducer and to read the energies and the instantaneous variables. Compatibility with Windows 95/98/98SE/2000/XP. Two different working modes can be selected: - management of a local RS485 network; - management of the communication from single		Filtering parameters Alarm variables Alarm set-points and relevant parameters Variables to be connected to the analogue outputs Scaling of analogue outputs Energies to be connected to the pulse outputs Parameters related to the pulse outputs Reset function: max/min values, energies, dmd
	instrument to PC (RS232);	Data access	By means of RS232 serial
Programming parameters	System selection: 1-2-3 phases CT/VT ratios		port, RS485 serial port or RS232 configuration port (RJ12)

Software functions

System selection		Transformer ratio	
System 3, unbalanced	3-phase (3-wire, 4-wire)	CT	1 to 60 000
	3-phase ARON	VT (PT)	1.0 to 6 000.0
	2-phase (3-wire)	Filter	
System 3, balanced	1-phase (2-wire) 3-phase (3-wire, 4-wire) 3-phase (3-wire) "1CT+1VT" 3-phase (3-wire) "1CT+3VT"	Operating range Filtering coefficient Filter action	0 to 100% of the retransmitted scale 1 to 32 Measurements, alarms,
System 1, balanced	3-phase (4-wire) "1CT+1VT" 3-phase (4-wire), phase to neutral voltage measurement 1-phase (2-wire)		serial output (fundamental variables: V, A, W and their derived ones).



Software functions (cont.)

Alarms Working mode	"OR" or "AND" or "OR+AND" functions (see "Alarm parameter and logic" page). The user can freely program up to 16 total alarms. (out1+out2). The alarms can be connected to any variables available in the table "List of the variables that can be connected to"	- W dmd max, VA dmd max, A ₁ max, A ₂ max, A ₃ max, W _{L3} max, W _{L3} max, W _{L3} max, W sys max, A ₁ dmd max, A ₂ dmd max, A ₃ dmd max, VA sys dmd max, VF ₁ min, PF ₂ min, PF ₃ min - all the counters: total kWh, partial kWh, total kvarh, partial kvarh, hour counters - reset of all the above
Reset	The following resets are available by means of the configuration software: - all the maximum/min values:	mentioned variables in a single command

Power Supply Specifications

AC/DC voltage	90 to 260VAC/DC 18 to 60VAC/DC	Power consumption	AC: 2.5 VA DC: 2W

General Specifications

Front LED's			4kVAC _{RMS} between
Power on Diagnostics	Green		power supply and RS485/RS232/programming
RS485/RS422/RS232	TX data (Green)		port (RJ12)
5 " '	RX data (Red)	Dielectric strength	4kVAC _{RMS} (for 1 min)
Dupline bus	TX data (Green) RX data (Red)	EMC	
Alarm outputs	1st output activation (Green) 2nd output activation (Red)	Emissions	EN61000-6-3, EN60688 residential environment,
Pulse outputs Analogue outputs	1st output activation (Green) 2nd output activation (Red) Output signal within the programmed scale (Green)	Immunity	commerce and light industry EN61000-6-2 industrial environment.
3 1		Pulse voltage (1.2/50µs)	EN61000-4-5
	Output signal exceeding 110% of full scale (Red)	Safety standards	IEC60664, IEC61010-1 EN60664, EN61010-1
Operating temperature	0° to +50°C (32° to 122°F) (RH < 90% non condensing)	Mesurement standards	IEC60688, EN60688, EN62053-31, EN62053-23
Storage temperature	-10° to +60°C (14° to 140°F) (RH < 90% non condensing)	Approvals	CE, cURus
Overvoltage category	Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664)	Connections 5(6) A Max cable cross sect. area	Screw-type 2.5 mm ²
Insulation (for 1 minute)	4kVAC _{RMS}	Housing	
	between measuring inputs and power supply. 4kVAC/DC @ l≥ 3mA between measuring inputs	Dimensions (WxHxD) Material	45 x 83.5 x 98.5 mm ABS self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
	and RS485/RS232/	Mounting	DIN-rail
	programming port (RJ12)	Protection degree	IP20
		Weight	Approx. 200 g (pack. incl.)



List of the variables that can be connected to:

- RS485/RS422/RS232 communication port
- · Analogue outputs ("max" variables, "energies" and "hour counter" excluded)
- Alarm outputs ("max" variables, energies and "hour counter" excluded)
- Pulse outputs (only "energies")
- Dupline bus (only "total energies" + up to 8 selectable variables)

No	Variable	1-phase system	2-phase system	3-ph. 4-wire balanced sys.	3-ph. 4-wire unbal. sys.	3-ph. 3-wire bal. sys.	3-ph. 3-wire unbal. sys.	Notes
1	V L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
2	V L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
3	V L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	
4	V L-N sys	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	Sys = system
5	V L1-2	0	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	
6	V L2-3	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
7	V L3-1	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	
8	V L-L sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
9	A L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	#
10	A L2	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	#
11	A L3	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	#
12	Amax/ Admd max	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	◆ Highest value among the 3-ph
13	An	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
14	W L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	*
15	W L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	*
16	W L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	•
17	W sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
18	var L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
19	var L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
20	var L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	
21	var sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
22	VA L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
23	VA L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
24	VA L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	
25	VA sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
26	PF L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	*
27	PF L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	*
28	PF L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	*
29	PF sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
30	Hz	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
31	Phase seq.	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	
32	ASY L-N	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
33	ASY L-L	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
34	VA sys dmd	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system ◆
35	W sys dmd	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system ◆
36	A L1 dmd	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
37	A L2 dmd	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
38	A L3 dmd	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
39	VA L1 dmd	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
40	VA L2 dmd	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
41	VA L3 dmd	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
42	W L1 dmd	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	# dmd = (*)
43	W L2 dmd	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	# dmd = (*)
44	W L3 dmd	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	# dmd = (*)
45	kWh	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Total and partial
46	kvarh	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Total and partial
47	hours	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	

(x) = available (o) = not available

Specifications are subject to change without notice CPT-DINADS110706

^(•) These variables are available also for the MAX values stored in the EEPROM when the instrument switches off.

^(★) These variables are available also for the MIN values stored in the EEPROM when the instrument switches off.

^(*) dmd value integrated in a programmed time interval.

^(#) The variables are available also for the max values. When the instrument switches off, the values are not stored.



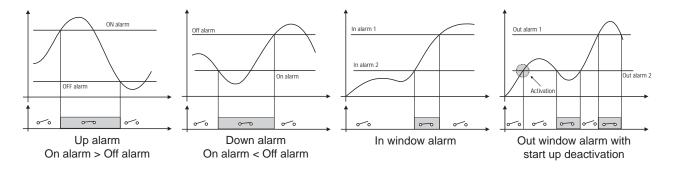
Alarm parameters and logic



- Block enable.
- Controlled variable (VLN, ...).
- Alarm type (up, down, in window alarm, out window alarm).
- Activation function.

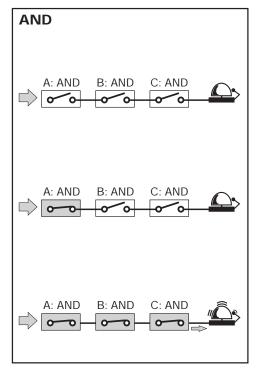
- ON set-point.
- OFF set-point.
- ON delay.
- Logical function (AND, OR).
- Digital output (1, 2).

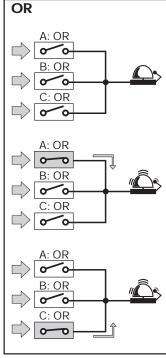
A, B, C... up to 16 parameter control blocks.

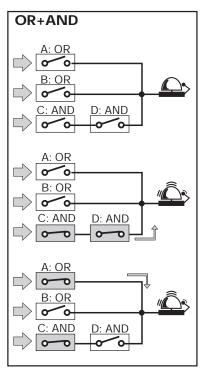


Note: any alarm working mode can be linked to the "start up deactivation" function which disables only the first alarm after power on of the transducer.

AND/OR logical alarm examples:









Function Description

Input and output scaling capability. Working of the analogue outputs (y) versus input variables (x)

Figure A

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. The output quantity is proportional to the measured quantity.

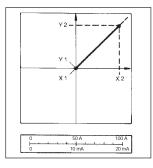


Figure C

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. With the measured quantity being zero, the output quantity already has the value Y1 = 0.2 Y2. Live zero output.

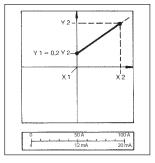


Figure B

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. On the range X0...X1, the output quantity is zero. The range X1...X2 is delineated on the entire output range Y0 = Y1...Y2 and thus presented in strongly expanded form.

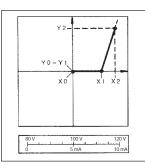
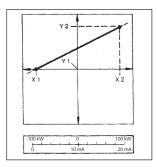


Figure D

The sign of the measured quantity changes but that of the output quantity remains the same. The output quantity steadily increases from value X1 to value X2 of the measured quantity.



Insulation between inputs and outputs

	Measuring Input	Relay Output	Open collector output	Reed relay	Dupline output	Analogue Output	RS232/ RS485	RS232 (RJ12)	90-260VAC/DC Power supply	18-60VCA/CC Power supply
Measuring input	-	4kV	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	2,5kV	2,5kV	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	4kV	4kV
Relay output	4kV	-	-	-	-	-	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
Open collector output	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	-	-	-	-	-	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
Reed relay	2,5kV	-	-	-	-	-	100V _{RMS}	4kV	4kV	4kV
Dupline output	2,5kV	-	-	1	-	-	-	2,5kV	2,5kV	2,5kV
Analogue output	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	-	-	-	-	-	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
RS232/ RS485	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	-	-	100V _{RMS}	-	-	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
RS232 (RJ12)	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	4kV	4kV	4kV	2,5kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	4kV
90-260 VACDC	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	2,5kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	-
18-60 VAC/DC	4kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	2,5kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	-

NOTE: in case of fault of first insulation the current from the measuring input to the ground is lower than 2mA.

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Waveform of the signals that can be measured

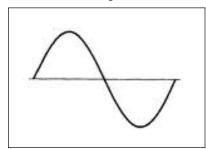


Figure A Sine wave, undistorted 100% Fundamental content Harmonic content 0%

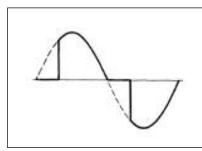


Figure B Sine wave, indented 10...100% Fundamental content Harmonic content 0...90% Frequency spectrum: 3rd to 16th harmonic Additional error: <1% FS

+4%

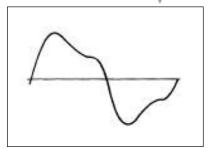
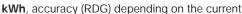
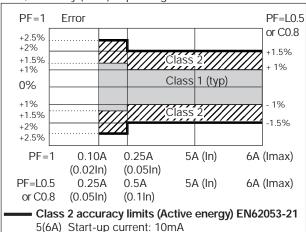


Figure C Sine wave, distorted 70...90% Fundamental content Harmonic content 10...30% Frequency spectrum: 3rd to 16th harmonic Additional error: <0.5% FS

Accuracy

 $A_{rms} =$





1.1107 | A |

Error +4% +3% +2.5% +2% Class 2 (typ) 0% +2% +2.5% +3%

kvarh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current

0.1A 0.25A 5A (In) 6A (Imax) sinφ=1 (0.02In)(0.05ln)0.25A 0.5A 5A (In) $\sin \varphi = 0.5$ 6A (Imax) (0.05ln)(0.1In)Class 3 accuracy limits (Reactive energy) EN62053-23

5(6A) Start-up current: 10mA

Used calculation formulas

Phase variables

Instantaneous effective voltage

$$V_{1N} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_{1N})_{i}^{2}}$$

Instantaneous active power

$$W_1 = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_{1N})_i \cdot (A_1)_i$$

Instantaneous power factor

$$\cos \varphi_1 = \frac{W_1}{VA_1}$$

Instantaneous effective current

$$A_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\Pi} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (A_1)_i^2}$$

Instantaneous apparent power

$$VA_1 = V_{1N} \cdot A_1$$

Instantaneous reactive power

$$VAr_1 = \sqrt{(VA_1)^2 - (W_1)^2}$$

System variables

Equivalent three-phase voltage
$$V_{\Sigma} = \frac{V_{12} + V_{23} + V_{31}}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Voltage asymmetry} \\ & \text{ASY}_{\text{LL}} = \frac{(V_{\text{LL max}} - V_{\text{LL min}})}{V_{\text{LL}} \; \Sigma} \end{aligned}$$

$$ASY_{LN} = \frac{(V_{LN \max} - V_{LN \min})}{V_{LN} \Sigma}$$

Three-phase reactive power

$$VAr_{\Sigma} = (VAr_1 + VAr_2 + VAr_3)$$

Neutral current

$$An = \overline{A}_{L1} + \overline{A}_{L2} + \overline{A}_{L3}$$

Three-phase active power

$$W_{\Sigma} = W_1 + W_2 + W_3$$

Three-phase apparent power

$$VA_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{W_{\Sigma}^2 + VAr_{\Sigma}^2}$$

Three-phase power factor

$$\cos \varphi_{\Sigma} = \frac{W_{\Sigma}}{VA_{\Sigma}}$$

(TPF)

Energy metering

$$kWh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} P_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n=1}^{n_2} P_{n,i}$$

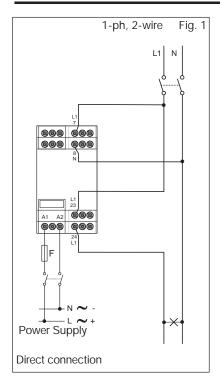
$$k Varh_i = \int_{t_0}^{t_2} Q_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n=0}^{n_2} Q_{n,i}$$

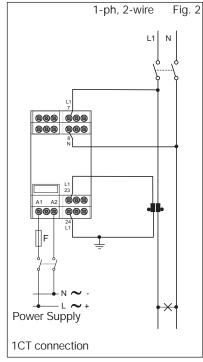
Where:

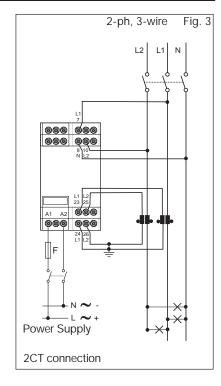
unit; Δt = time interval between two successive power consumptions; \mathbf{n}_1 , \mathbf{n}_2 = starting and ending discrete time points of consumption recording



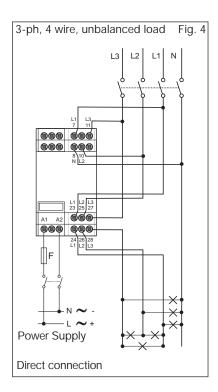
Wiring diagrams "system type selection: 3"

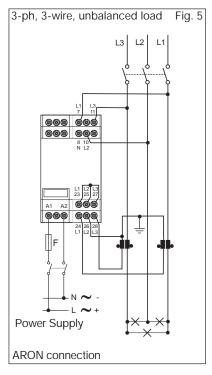


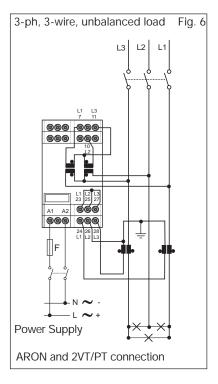




F= 630 mA T (18 to 60VAC/DC) 125 mA T (90 to 260VAC/DC)

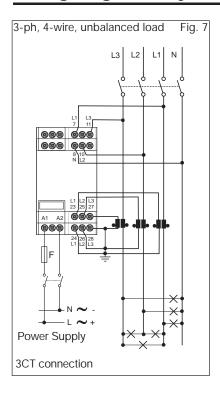


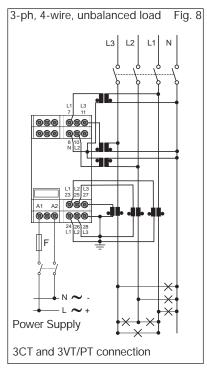


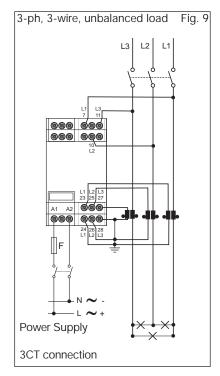




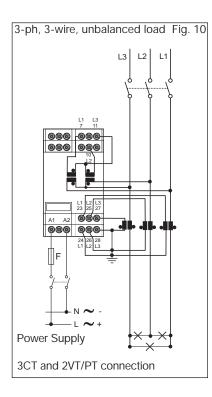
Wiring diagrams "system type selection: 3" (cont.)

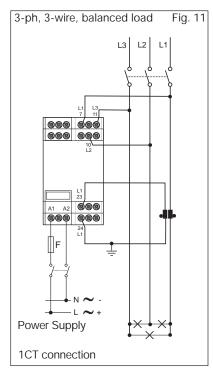


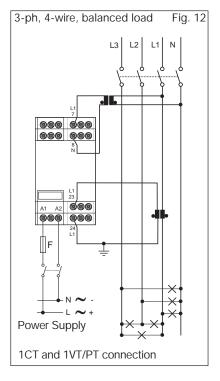




F= 630 mA T (18 to 60VAC/DC) 125 mA T (90 to 260VAC/DC)

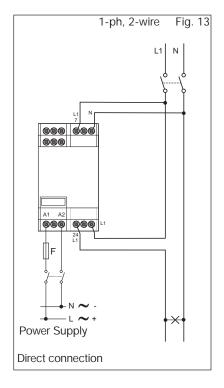


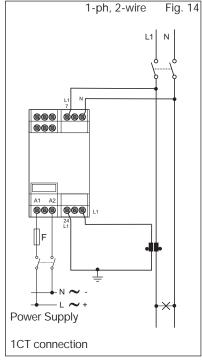


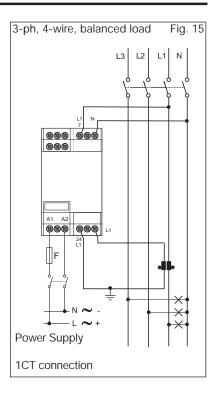




Wiring diagrams "system type selection: 1"





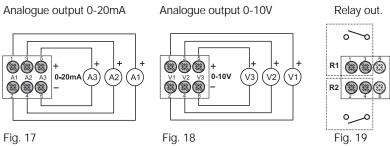


F= 630 mA T (18 to 60VAC/DC) 125 mA T (90 to 260VAC/DC)

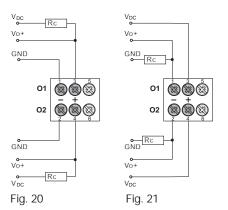
3-ph, 4-wire, balanced load Fig. 16 L3 | L2 | L1 | N |

Output terminal Line No. 1 No.

Outputs



NOTE: the analogue outputs are not insulated among each other.



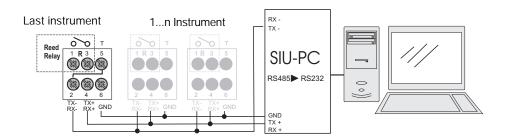
Open collector outputs: The load resistance (Rc) must be calculated so that the closed contact current is lower than 100mA; the VDC voltage must be lower than or equal to 30V. VDC: power supply voltage (external). Vo+: positive output contact (open collector transistor). GND: ground output contact (open collector transistor).

Specifications are subject to change without notice

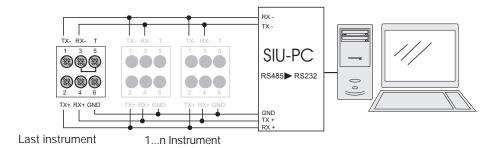
CPT-DINADS110706



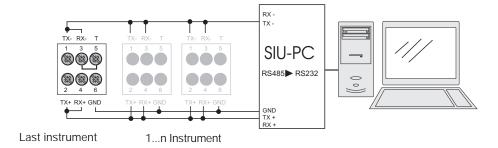
RS485 serial port and one relay connections



2-wire connection of RS485 serial port + one relay (R). The terminalization must be carried out only on the last instrument of the network



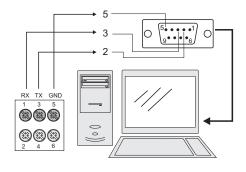
4-wire connection of RS485 serial port, the terminalization must be carried out only on the last instrument of the network



2-wire connection of RS485 serial port, the terminalization must be carried out only on the last instrument of the network

RS232 Serial port connection

Easy programming



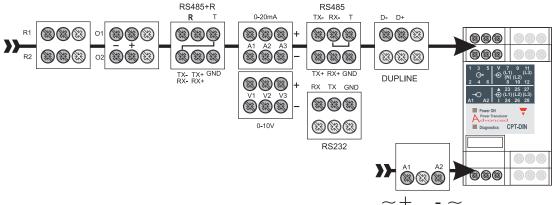


RJ12 communication port for parameters programming. The configuration of the transducer can be easily performed by means of CptASoft.

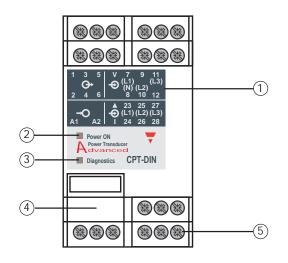
CptASoft-kit includes also 1m long connection cable (RJ12 6-pole / RS232 9-pole female).



Outputs connections



Front Panel Description



- 1. Front panel
- 2. Power ON LED
- 3. Diagnostics LED
- 4. Configuration bus (RJ12 connector)
- 5. Connections screw terminals

Dimensions

