

# MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR $\mu$ PA2350T1P

# DUAL Nch MOSFET FOR SWITCHING

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The  $\mu$ PA2350T1P is a Dual N-channel MOSFET designed for Lithium-Ion battery protection circuit.

Ecologically Flip chip MOSFET for Lithium-Ion battery Protection (EFLIP).

#### **FEATURES**

• Monolithic Dual MOSFET

The Drain connection on circuit board is unnecessary, because Drains of 2MOSFET are internally connected.

• 2.5 V drive available and low on-state resistance

Rss(on)1 = 35 m $\Omega$  MAX. (Vgs = 4.5 V, Is = 3.0 A)

 $R_{SS(on)2} = 37 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (V}_{GS} = 4.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Is} = 3.0 \text{ A)}$ 

 $Rss(on)3 = 44 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX}. \text{ (Vgs} = 3.1 \text{ V, Is} = 3.0 \text{ A)}$ 

 $RsS(on)4 = 55 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX}. \text{ (Vgs = 2.5 V, Is = 3.0 A)}$ 

- Built-in G-S protection diode against ESD
- Pb-free Bump

## ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
μPA2350T1P-E4-A Note	4-pin EFLIP-LGA

Note Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in external electrode and other parts.)

#### Remark "-E4" indicates the unit orientation (E4 only).

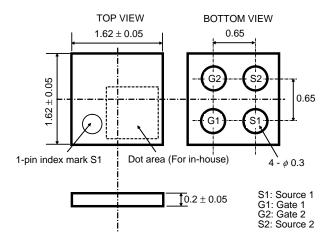
#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

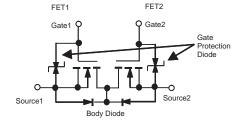
Source to Source Voltage (Vgs = 0 V)	Vsss	20	V	
Gate to Source Voltage (Vss = 0 V)	Vgss	±12	V	
Source Current (DC) Note1	Is(DC)	6.0	Α	
Source Current (pulse) Note2	IS(pulse)	±60	Α	
Total Power Dissipation Note1	Рт	1.3	W	
Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C	

Notes 1. Mounted on ceramic board of 50 cm<sup>2</sup> x 1.0 mm

**2.** PW  $\leq$  100  $\mu$ s, Single Pulse

## OUTLINE DRAWING (Unit: mm)





**EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT** 

**Remark** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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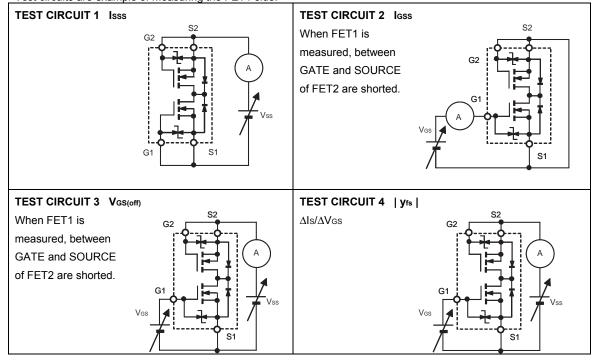
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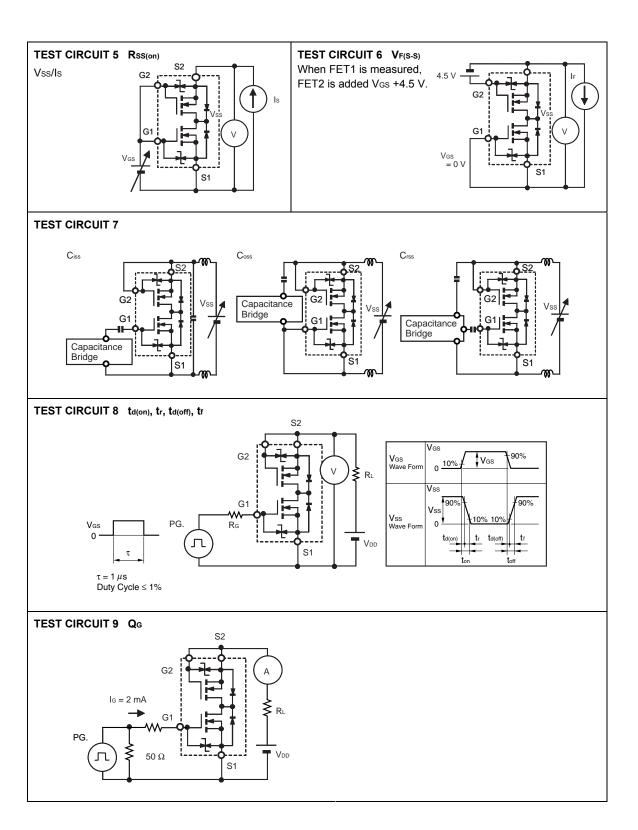
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C) These are common to FET1 and FET2.

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Source Current	Isss	Vss = 20 V, Vss = 0 V, TEST CIRCUIT 1			1	μA
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	$V_{GS}$ = ±12 V, $V_{SS}$ = 0 V, TEST CIRCUIT 2			±10	μA
Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage	V <sub>GS(off)</sub>	Vss = 10 V, Is = 1.0 mA, TEST CIRCUIT 3	0.5	1.0	1.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance Note	yfs	Vss = 10 V, Is = 3.0 A, TEST CIRCUIT 4	2.5	8.0		S
Source to Source On-state	Rss(on)1	V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>S</sub> = 3.0 A, TEST CIRCUIT 5	22	28	35	mΩ
Resistance Note	Rss(on)2	V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.0 V, I <sub>S</sub> = 3.0 A, TEST CIRCUIT 5	23	29	37	mΩ
	Rss(on)3	V <sub>GS</sub> = 3.1 V, I <sub>S</sub> = 3.0 A, TEST CIRCUIT 5	24	33	44	mΩ
	Rss(on)4	V <sub>GS</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>S</sub> = 3.0 A, TEST CIRCUIT 5	30	41	55	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	Vss = 10 V, Vgs = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		542		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	TEST CIRCUIT 7		132		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss			91		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 10 V, Is = 6.0 A,		24		ns
Rise Time	tr	$V_{GS} = 4.0 \text{ V}, R_{G} = 6.0 \Omega,$		165		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	TEST CIRCUIT 8		160		ns
Fall Time	tf			150		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 16 V, V <sub>G1S1</sub> = 4.0 V, Is = 6.0 A,		8.6		nC
•		TEST CIRCUIT 9				
Body Diode Forward Voltage Note	V <sub>F(S-S)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 6.0 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, TEST CIRCUIT 6		0.9		V

Note Pulsed

Test circuits are example of measuring the FET1 side.

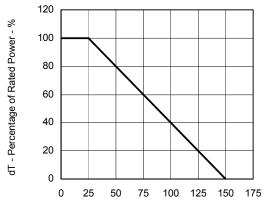




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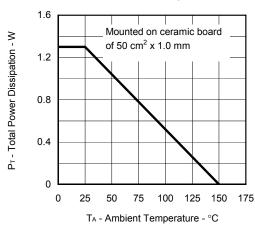
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

# DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

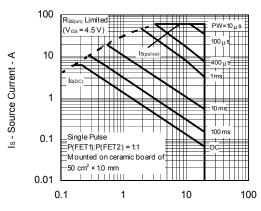


#### $T_{\text{A}}$ - Ambient Temperature - $^{\circ}\text{C}$

# TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

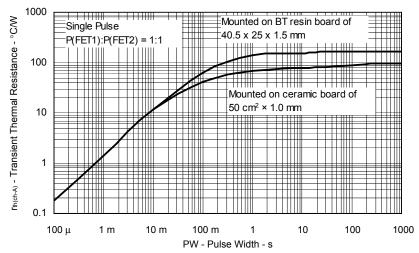


#### FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



Vss - Source to Source Voltage - V

#### TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



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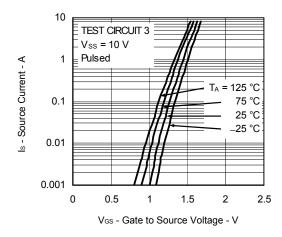
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#### SOURCE CURRENT vs. SOURCE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE 60 V<sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V 4.0 V 50 Is - Source Current - A 3.1 V 40 30 20 2.5 V TEST CIRCUIT 5 10 Pulsed 0 0 2 6

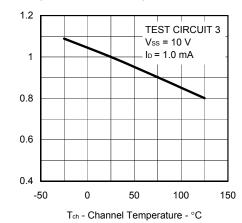


#### FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS





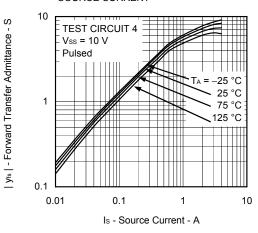
Vss - Source to Source Voltage - V



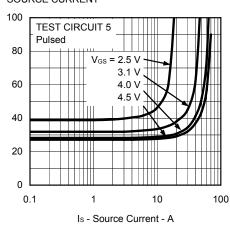
VGS(off) - Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage - V

Rss(on) - Source to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

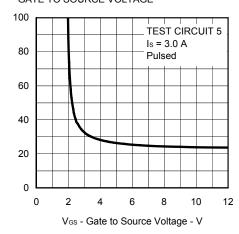
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. SOURCE CURRENT



SOURCE TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. SOURCE CURRENT



SOURCE TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

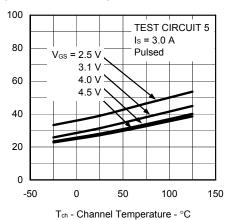


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Data Sheet G19739EJ1V0DS

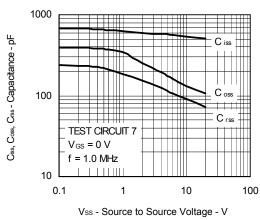
Rss(m) - Source to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

# SOURCE TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

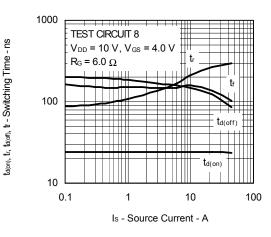


Rss(m) - Source to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

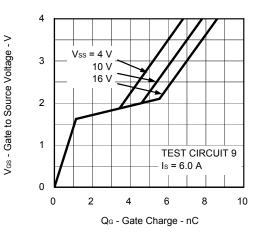
# CAPACITANCE vs. SOURCE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



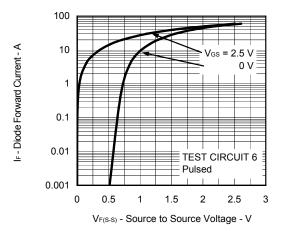
#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



#### DYNAMIC INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

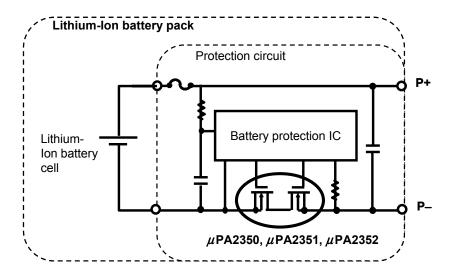


#### SOURCE TO SOURCE DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



#### < Example of application circuit >

Lithium-lon battery (1 cell) protection circuit



#### <Notes for using this device safely>

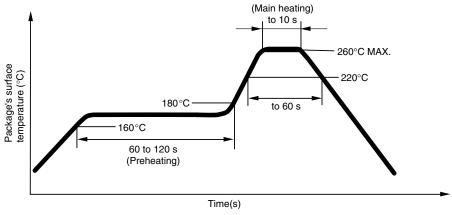
When you use this device, in order to prevent a customer's hazard and damage, use it with understanding the following contents. If used exceeding recommended conditions, there is a possibility of causing the device and characteristic degradation.

- 1. This device is very thin device and should be handled with caution for mechanical stress. The distortion applied to the device should become below  $2000 \times 10^{-6}$ . If the distortion exceeds  $2000 \times 10^{-6}$ , the characteristic of a device may be degraded and it may result in failure.
- 2. Please do not damage the device when you handle it. The use of metallic tweezers has the possibility of giving the wound. Mounting with the nozzle with clean point is recommended.
- 3. When you mount the device on a substrate, carry out within our recommended soldering conditions of infrared reflow. If mounted exceeding the conditions, the characteristic of a device may be degraded and it may result failure.
- 4. When you wash the device mounted the board, carry out within our recommended conditions. If washed exceeding the conditions, the characteristic of a device may be degraded and it may result in failure.
- 5. When you use ultrasonic wave to substrate after the device mounting, prevent from touching a resonance directly. If it touches, the characteristic of a device may be degraded and it may result in failure.
- 6. When you coat the device after mounted on the board, please consult our company. NEC Electronics recommends the epoxy resin of the semiconductor grade as a coating material.
- 7. Please refer to Figure 2 as an example of the Mounting Pad. Optimize the land pattern in consideration of density, appearance of solder fillets, common difference, etc in an actual design.
- 8. The marking side of this device is an internal electrode. Please neither contact with terminals of other parts nor take out the electrode.

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Figure 1 Recommended soldering conditions of INFRARED REFLOW

Maximum temperature (Package's surface temperature) : 260°C or below Time at maximum temperature : 10 s or less Time of temperature higher than 220°C : 60 s or less Preheating time at 160 to 180°C : 60 to 120 s Maximum number of reflow processes : 3 times Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (Mass percentage) : 0.2% or less



Infrared Reflow Temperature Profile

Figure 2 The example of the Mounting Pad (Unit: mm)

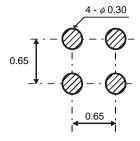
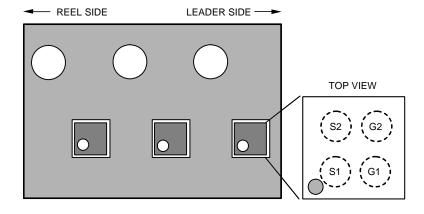


Figure 3 The unit orientation



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