

## ■ General Description

The AME5142 is a Boost DC/DC converter specifically designed to drive white LEDs with a constant current. The device can drive one to six LEDs in series from a Li-Ion cell. Series connection of the LEDs provides identical LED currents resulting in uniform brightness and eliminating the need for ballast resistors. The AME5142 switches at 1.2MHz, allowing the use of tiny external components. The input and output capacitor can be as small as  $1\mu\text{F}$ (or  $4.7\mu\text{F}$ ), saving space and cost versus alternative solutions. A low 0.15V feedback voltage minimizes power loss in the current setting resistor for better efficiency. The AME5142 is available in SOT-26/TSOT-26 & SOT-25/TSOT-25 packages.

## ■ Typical Application

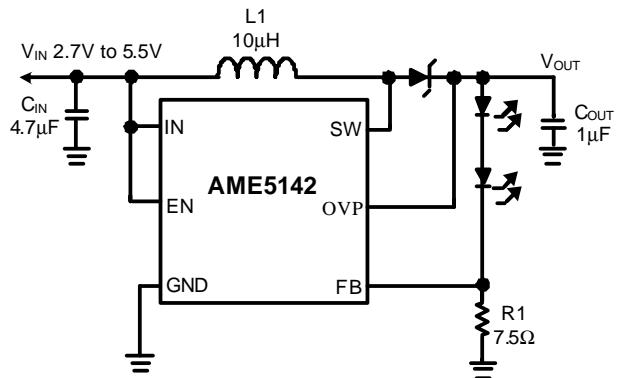


Figure 1: Two White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery

## ■ Features

- 1.2MHz Fixed Switching Frequency
- 26V Over Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Protection
- Under Voltage Lockout Protection
- Internal Soft Start
- 30V Internal Switch
- Drives Up to 6 LEDs from a 2.7V Supply at 20mA
- Require Tiny Capacitors and Inductor
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- All AME's Lead Free Products Meet RoHS Standards

## ■ Applications

- LCD Bias
- Hand-held Computers
- Battery Backup
- Digital Cameras

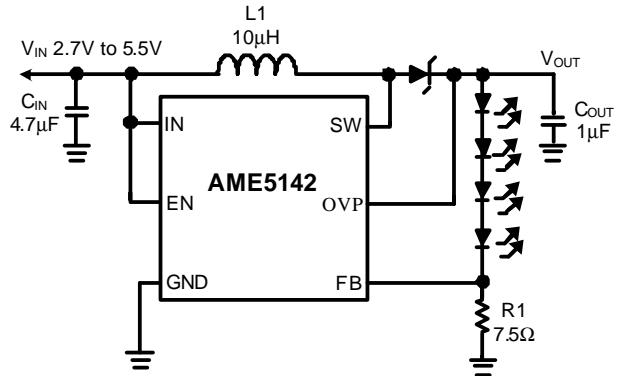


Figure 2: Four White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery

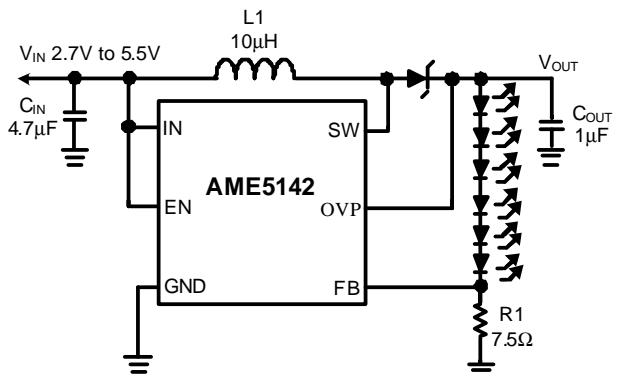


Figure 3: Six White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery



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## ■ Function Block Diagram

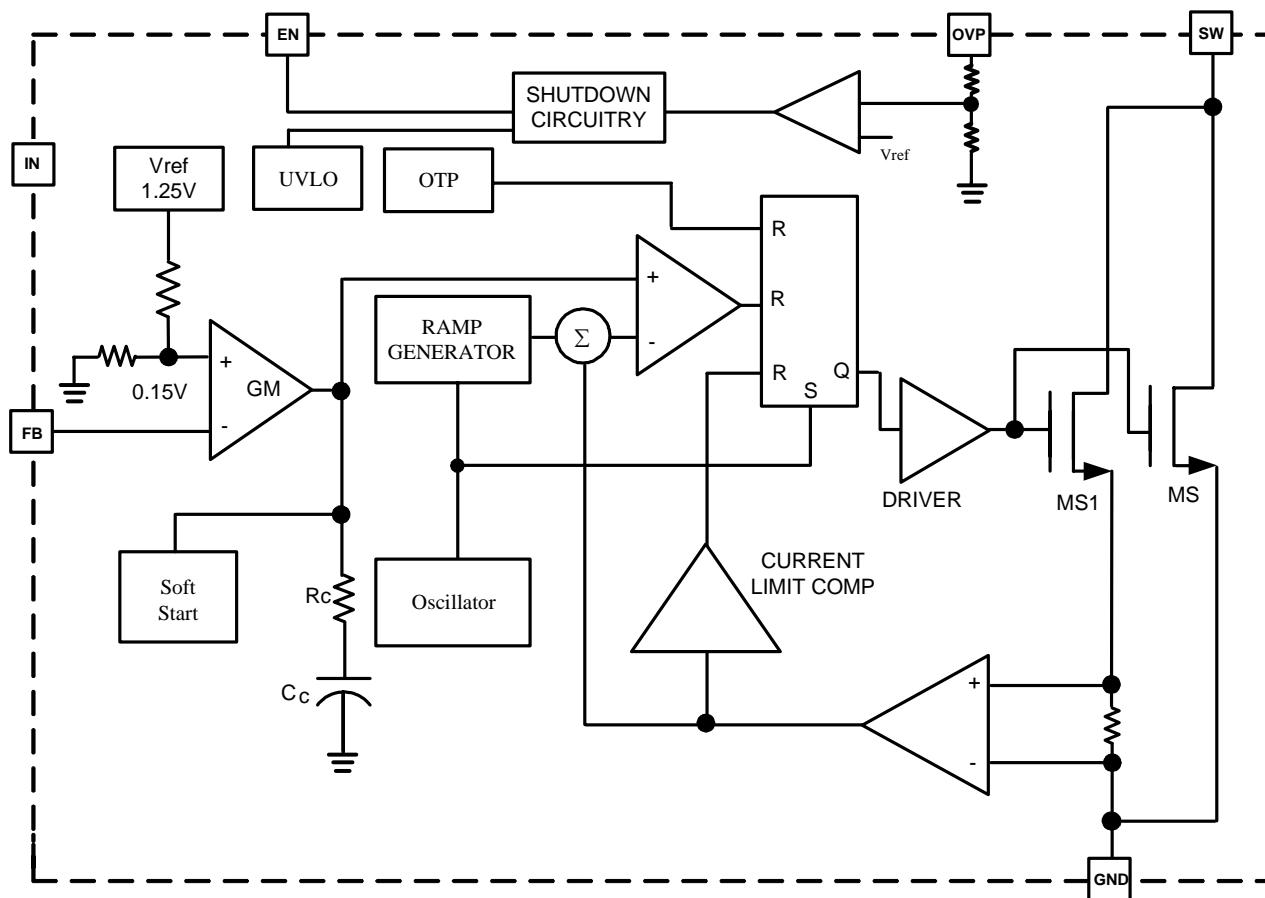


Figure 4 : AME5142 Block Diagram



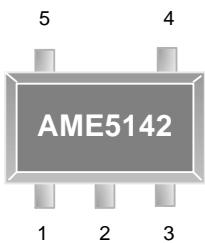
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## ■ Pin Configuration

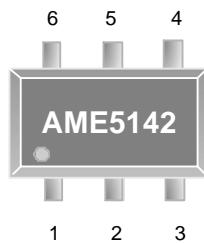
SOT-25/TSOT-25  
Top View



AME5142AEEV

1. SW
2. GND
3. FB
4. EN
5. IN

SOT-26/TSOT-26  
Top View



AME5142AEEY

1. SW
2. GND
3. FB
4. EN
5. OVP
6. IN

\* Die Attach:  
Conductive Epoxy

\* Die Attach:  
Conductive Epoxy

## ■ Pin Description

AME5142AEEV

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	SW	Power Switch input. This is the drain of the internal NMOS power switch. Minimize the metal trace area connected to this pin to minimize EMI.
2	GND	Ground. Tie directly to ground plane.
3	FB	Output voltage feedback input. Connect the ground of the feedback network to an AGND (Analog Ground) plane which should be tied directly to the GND pin.
4	EN	Enable control input, active high. The enable pin is an active high control. Tie this pin above 1.5V to enable the device. Tie this pin below 0.4V to turn off the device.
5	IN	Analog and Power input. Input Supply Pin. Bypass this pin with a capacitor as close to the device as possible.



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4	EN	Enable control input, active high. The enable pin is an active high control. Tie this pin above 1.5V to enable the device. Tie this pin below 0.4V to turn off the device.
5	OVP	Over Voltage Protection.
6	IN	Analog and Power input. Input Supply Pin. Bypass this pin with a capacitor as close to the device as possible.

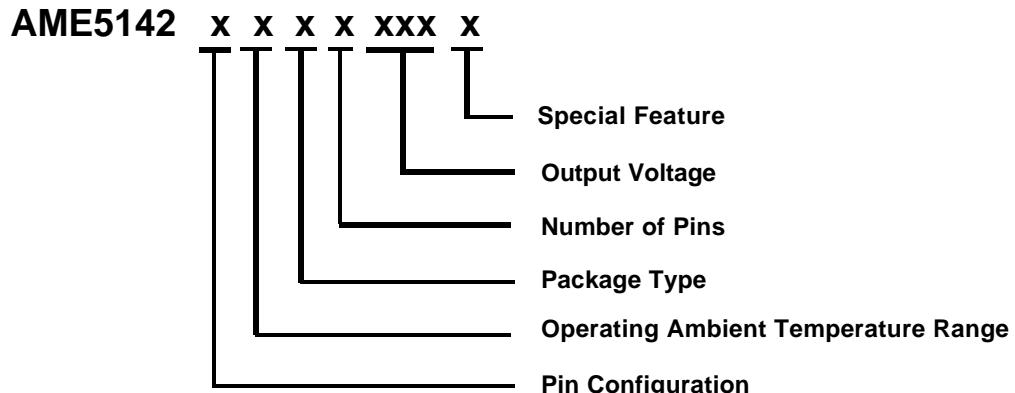


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## ■ Ordering Information



Pin Configuration	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	Package Type	Number of Pins	Output Voltage	Special Feature
A (SOT-25) 1. SW 2. GND (TSOT-25) 3. FB 4. EN 5. IN	E: -40°C to 85°C	E: SOT-2X	V: 5 Y: 6	ADJ: Adjustable	Y: Lead free & Low profile Z: Lead free
A (SOT-26) 1. SW (TSOT-26) 2. GND 3. FB 4. EN 5. OVP 6. IN					

## ■ Ordering Information

Part Number	Marking*	Output Voltage	Package	Operating Ambient Temperature Range
AME5142AEEYADJZ	BJGww	ADJ	SOT-26	-40°C to 85°C
AME5142AEEYADJY	BJGww	ADJ	TSOT-26	-40°C to 85°C
AME5142AEEVADJZ	BJHww	ADJ	SOT-25	-40°C to 85°C
AME5142AEEVADJY	BJHww	ADJ	TSOT-25	-40°C to 85°C

Note: ww represents the date code and pls refer to Date Code Rule page on Package Dimension.

\* A line on top of the first letter represents lead free plating such as BJGww.

Please consult AME sales office or authorized Rep./Distributor for the availability of package type.



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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Unit
Input Supply Voltage	$V_{IN}$	6	V
EN, FB Voltages	$V_{EN}, V_{FB}$	$V_{IN}$	V
SW, OVP Voltage	$V_{SW}, V_{OVP}$	30	V
ESD Classification		B*	

Caution: Stress above the listed in absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.

\* HBM B: 2000V ~ 3999V

### ■ Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Ambient Temperature Range	$T_A$	-40 to 85	°C
Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-40 to 125	
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-65 to 150	

### ■ Thermal Information

Parameter	Package	Die Attach	Symbol	Maximum	Unit
Thermal Resistance* (Junction to Case)	SOT-25 TSOT-25 SOT-26 TSOT-26	Conductive Epoxy	$\theta_{JC}$	81	°C / W
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)			$\theta_{JA}$	260	
Internal Power Dissipation			$P_D$	400	mW
Solder Iron (10Sec)**				350	°C

\* Measure  $\theta_{JC}$  on center of molding compound if IC has no tab.

\*\* MIL-STD-202G 210F



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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

### ■ Electrical Specifications

$V_{IN} = 4.2V$ ,  $EN = V_{IN}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , Unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$		2.7		5.5	V
Quiescent Current	$I_Q$	Switching, $V_{FB} = 0V$		0.85	1	mA
		Not Switching, $V_{FB} = 0.2V$		180	250	$\mu A$
Feedback Trip Point	$V_{FB}$		0.137	0.15	0.163	V
FB Pin Bias Current	$I_{FB}$	$V_{FB} = 0.2V$		0.1	1	$\mu A$
Switch Current Limit	$I_{CL}$		650	850	1000	mA
Switch On-Resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$I_{SW} = 100mA$ , $V_{FB} = 0.2V$		0.7	1.4	$\Omega$
SW Leakage Current	$I_{SW}$	$V_{SW} = 20V$		1	10	$\mu A$
Switch frequency	$f_{SW}$	$V_{FB} = 0.1V$	0.9	1.2	1.5	MHz
Maximum Duty Cycle	Dmax	$V_{FB} = 0V$	88	92		%
Shutdown Supply Current	$I_{SD}$	$V_{EN} = 0V$		0.01	1	$\mu A$
Over Temperature Protection	OTP	Shutdown, temperature increasing		160		$^\circ C$
	$T_{RS}$	Restore, temperature decreasing		140		
Over Voltage Protection	OVP	Rising edge	24	26	28	V
Input Undervoltage Lockout	UVL	$V_{IN}$ rising or falling	2.35	2.5	2.65	V
EN Input Low	$V_{EL}$				0.4	V
EN Input High	$V_{EH}$		1.5			
EN Input Current	$I_{EN}$	$EN = GND$ or $V_{IN}$		0.1	2	$\mu A$



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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

### ■ Detailed Description

The AME5142 is a constant frequency step-up converter with an internal switch. The operations of AME5142 can be understood from block diagram clearly figure.2. The oscillator triggers the SET input of SR latch to turn on the power switch MS at the start of each cycle. A current sense voltage sum with a stabilizing ramp is connected to the positive terminal of the PWM comparator. When this voltage exceeds the output voltage of the error amplifier, the SR latch is reset to turn off the power switch till next cycle starts. The output voltage of the error amplifier is amplified from the difference between the reference voltage 0.15V and the feedback voltage. In this manner, if the error amplifiers voltage increases, more current is delivered to the output; if it decreases, less current is delivered. A 26V Zener diode connects from OVP pin to FB pin internally to provide an optional protection function which prevents SW pin from over-voltage damage. Especially when the case of the feedback loop broken due to component wear-out or improper connection occurs. The behavior of OVP is to clamp the output voltage to 26V typically. This function is suitable for the applications while driving white LEDs less than 6 in series.

#### Current Limit Protection

The AME5142 has current limiting protection to prevent excessive stress on itself and external components during overload conditions. The internal current limit comparator will disable the NMOS power device at a typical switch peak current limit of 850mA.

#### Output Over-Voltage Protection

The AME5142 contains dedicated circuitry for monitoring the output voltage. In the event that the primary LED network is disconnected the output will increase and be limited to 26V (TYP), which will turn the NMOS off when the output voltage is at 26V (max.) until the output voltage reach 26V (TYP.) or lower. The 26V limit allows the use of 26V 1μF ceramic output capacitors creating an overall small solution for white LED applications.

#### Under Voltage Protection

The AME5142 has an UVP comparator to turn the NMOS power device off in case the input voltage or battery voltage is too low preventing an on state of the power device conducting large amounts of current.

### ■ Application Hints

#### Inductor Selection

The recommended value of inductor for AME5142 applications is 10μH. Small size and better efficiency are the major concerns for portable device, such as AME5142 used for dual panel mobile phone. The inductor should have low DCR for better efficiency. To avoid inductor saturation, current rating should be at least 1A. The input range is 2.7V to 5.5V.

#### Capacitor Selection

4.7μF input capacitor can reduce input ripple. For better voltage stability, to increase the input capacitor value or using LC filter is feasible, especially in the Li-ion battery application. 1μF output capacitor is sufficient to reduce output voltage ripple. For better voltage filtering, ceramic capacitors with low ESR are recommended. X5R and X7R types are suitable because of their wider voltage and temperature ranges.

#### Diode Selection

Schottky diode is a good choice for AME5142 because of its lower forward voltage drop and faster reverse recovery. Using schottky diode can get better efficiency. The high speed rectification is also a good characteristic of schottky diode for high switching frequency. Current rating of the diode must meet the root mean square of the peak current and output average current multiplication.

#### Duty Cycle

The maximum duty cycle of the switching regulator determines the maximum boost ratio of output-to-input voltage that the converter can attain in mode of operation. The duty cycle for a given boost application is defined as: This applies for continuous mode operation.

$$D = \frac{V_{OUT} + V_{DIODE} - V_{IN}}{V_{OUT} + V_{DIODE} - V_{SW}}$$



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## **White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package**

### **■ Application Hints**

#### **Calculating Load Current**

The load current is related to the average inductor current by the relation:

$$I_{LOAD} = I_{IND} (\text{AVG}) \times (1 - D)$$

Where "D" is the duty cycle of the application. The switch current can be found by:

$$I_{SW} = I_{IND} (\text{AVG}) + 1/2 (I_{RIPPLE})$$

Inductor ripple current is dependent on inductance, duty cycle, input voltage and frequency:

$$I_{RIPPLE} = D \times (V_{IN} - V_{SW}) / (f \times L)$$

Combining all terms, we can develop an expression which allows the maximum available load current to be calculated:

$$I_{LOAD} = (1-D) \times (I_{SW}(\text{max}) - \frac{D(V_{IN}-V_{SW})}{2fL})$$

#### **Thermal Considerations**

At higher duty cycles, the increased ON time of the FET means the maximum output current will be determined by power dissipation within the AME5142 switch. The switch power dissipation from ON-state conduction is calculated by:

$$P_{(SW)} = D \times I_{IND(\text{AVE})^2} \times R_{DS}(\text{ON})$$

There will be some switching losses as well, so some derating needs to be applied when calculating IC power dissipation.

#### **Shutdown Pin Operation**

The device is turned off by pulling the shutdown pin low. If this function is not going to be used, the pin should be tied directly to  $V_{IN}$ . If the SHDN function will be needed, a pull-up resistor must be used to  $V_{IN}$  (approximately 50k-100k recommended). The EN pin must not be left unterminated.



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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

### ■ Application Hints

#### Dimming Control

##### A. Using a PWM Signal to EN Pin

For controlling the LED brightness, the AME5142 can perform the dimming control by applying a PWM signal to EN pin.

The average LED current is proportional to the PWM signal duty cycle. The magnitude of the PWM signal should be higher than the maximum enable voltage of EN pin, in order to let the dimming control perform correctly.

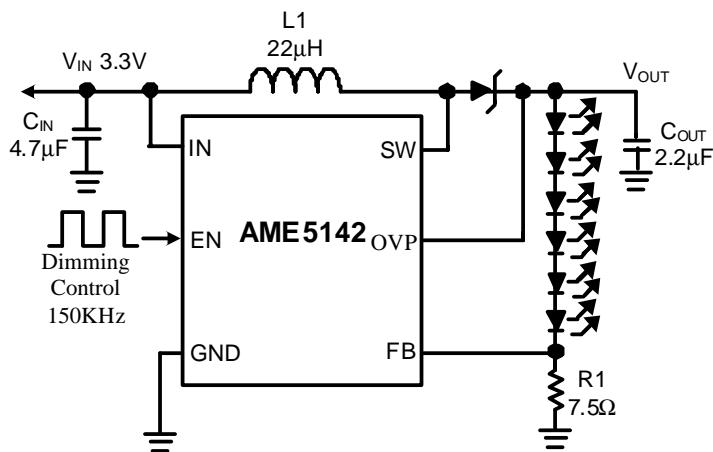
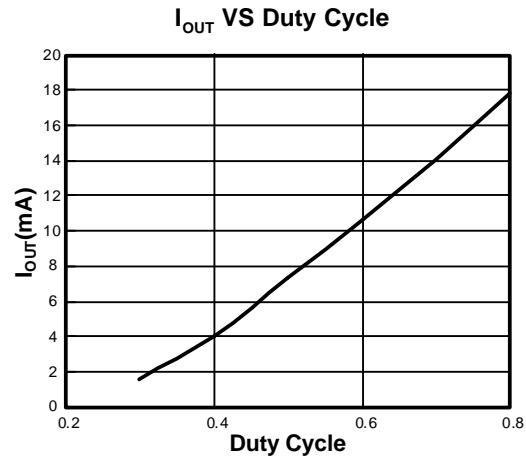
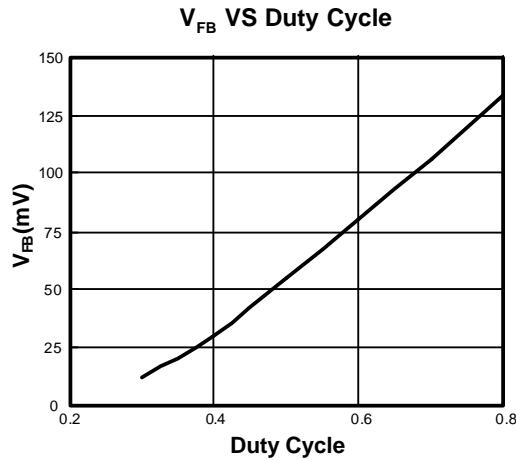


Figure 5. PWM Dimming Control Using the EN Pin



## ■ Application Hints

### Dimming Control

#### B. Using a DC Voltage

Using a variable DC voltage to adjust the brightness is a popular method in some applications. The dimming control using a DC voltage circuit is shown in Figure 6. According to the Superposition Theorem, as the DC voltage increases, the voltage contributed to  $V_{FB}$  increases and the voltage drop on R2 decreases, i.e. the LED current decreases. For example, if the  $V_{DC}$  range is from 0V to 3V, the selection of resistors in Figure 6 sets dimming control of LED current from 20mA to 0mA.

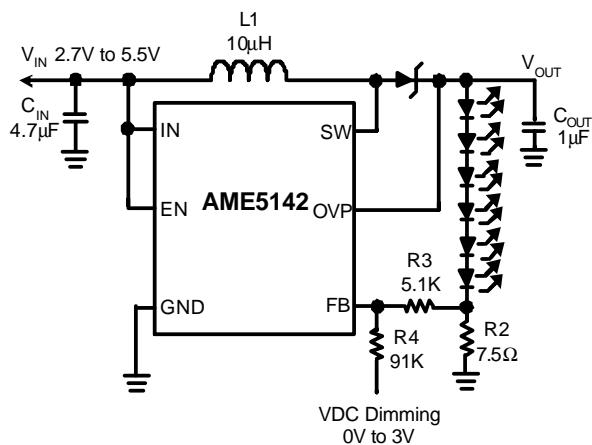
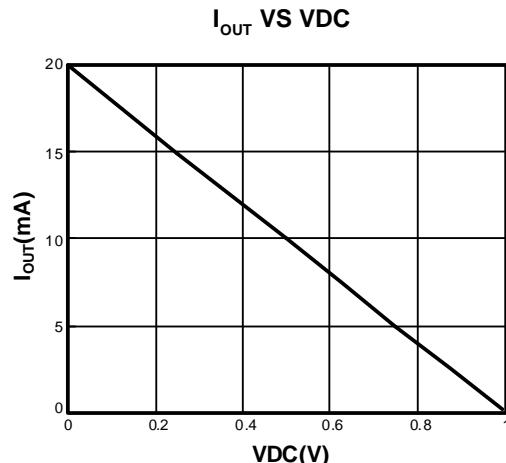
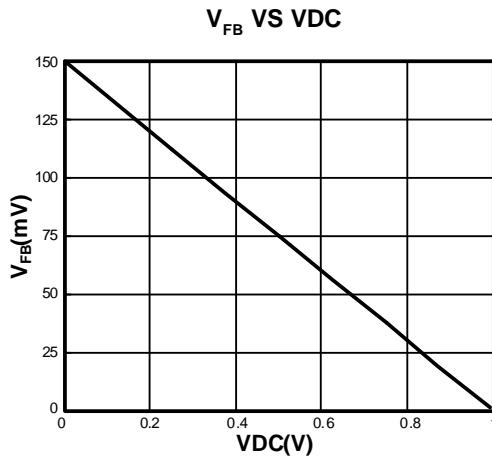


Figure 6. Dimming Control Using a DC Voltage





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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

### ■ Application Hints

#### C. Using a Filtered PWM Signal

The filtered PWM signal can be considered as an adjustable DC voltage. It can be used to replace the variable DC voltage source in dimming control. The circuit is shown in Figure 7.

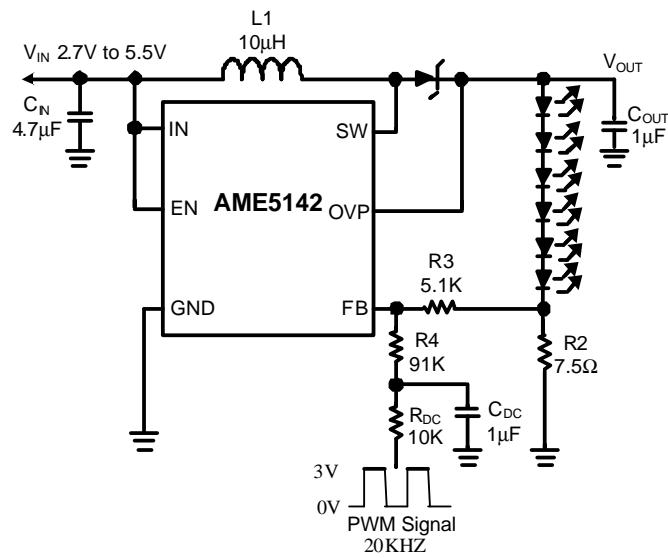
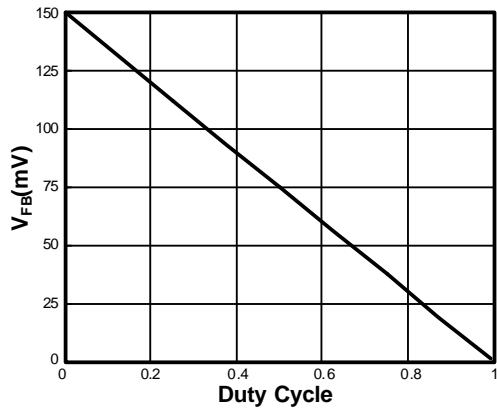
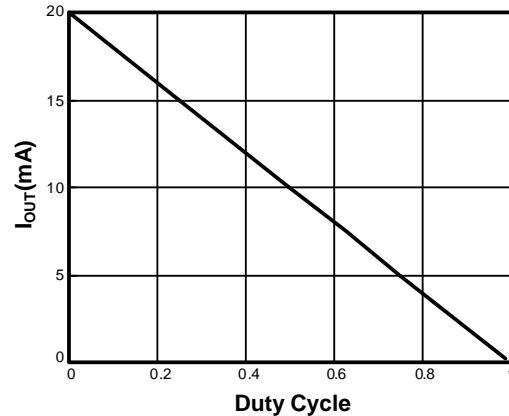


Figure 7. Dimming Control Using a Filtered PWM Signal

$V_{FB}$  VS Duty Cycle



$I_{OUT}$  VS Duty Cycle



## ■ Application Hints

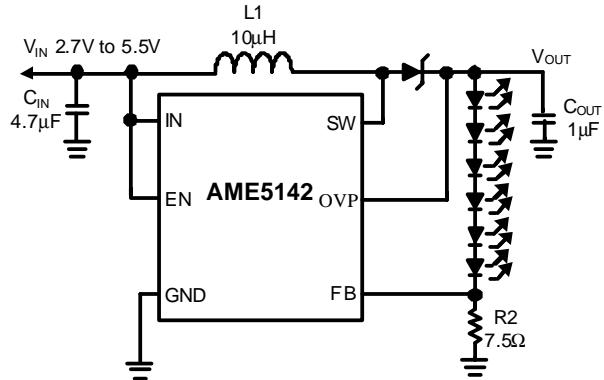


Figure 8: Six White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery

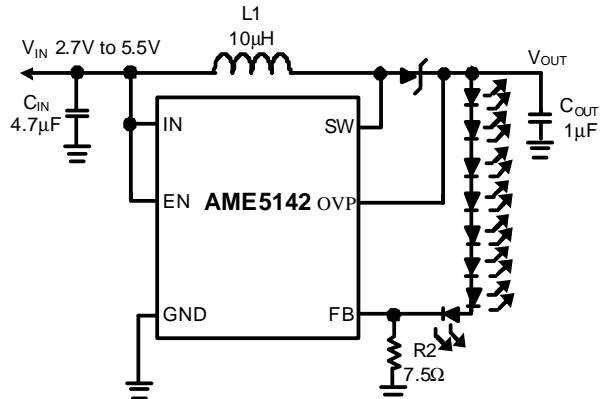
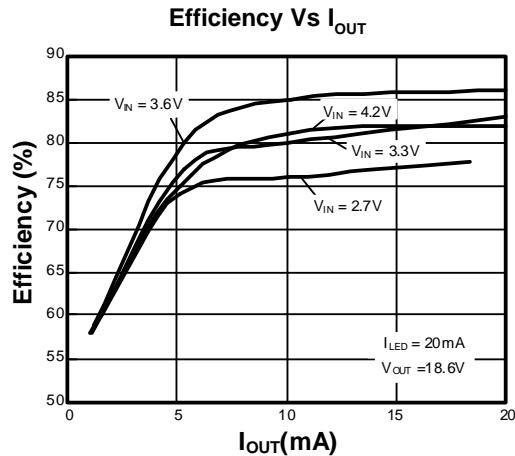


Figure 9: Eight White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery

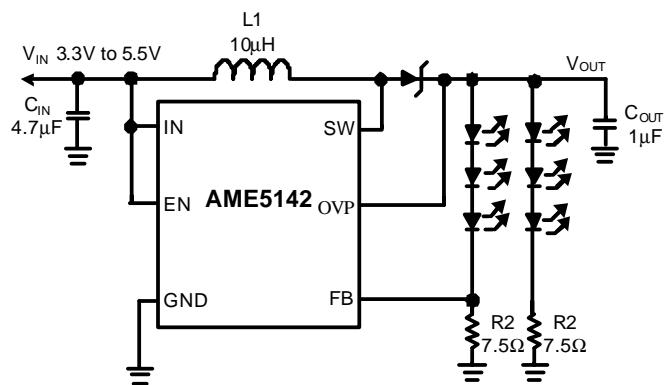
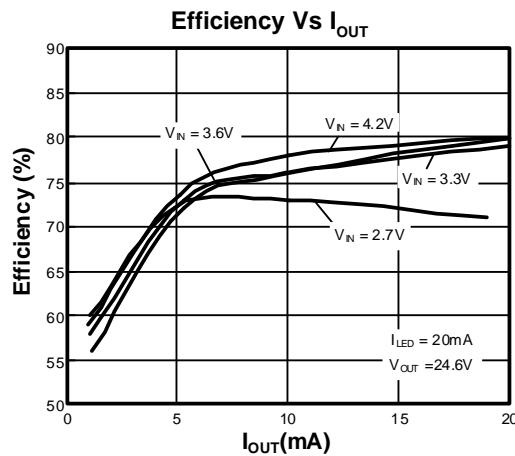
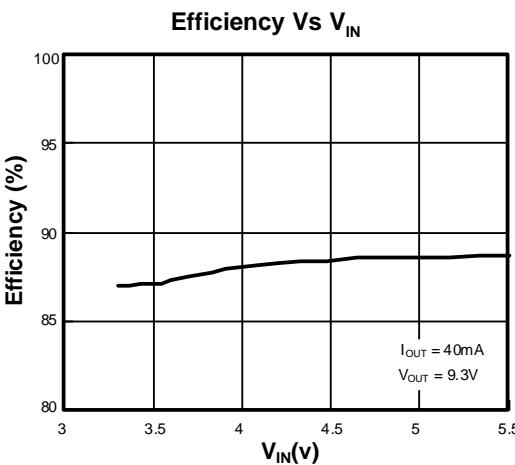


Figure 10: Six White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery





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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

### ■ Application Hints

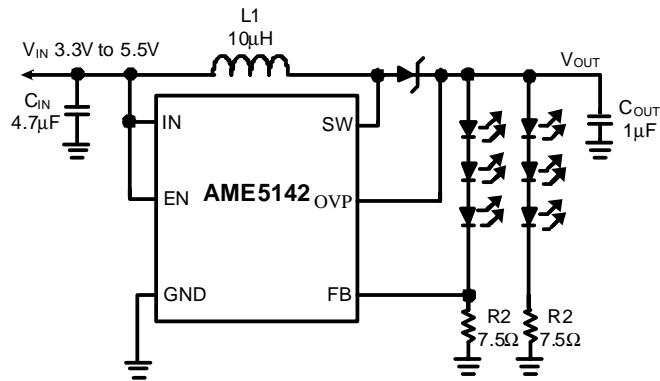


Figure 11: Six White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery

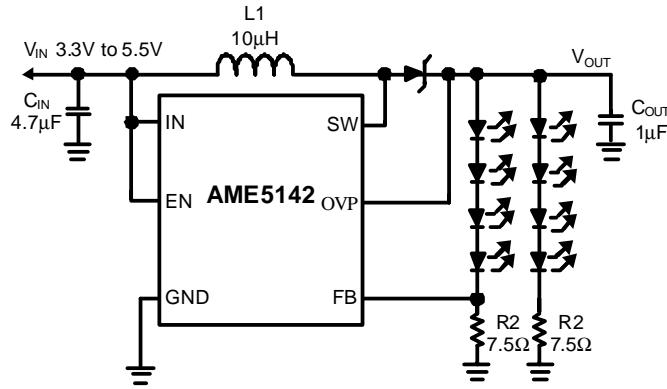
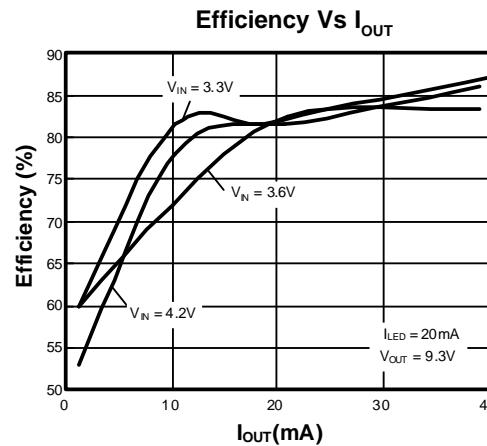


Figure 12: Eight White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery

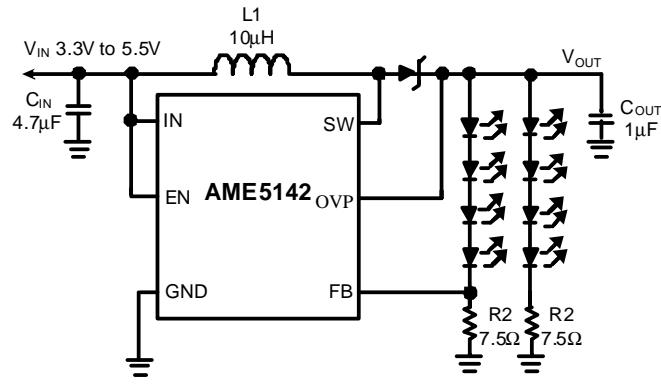
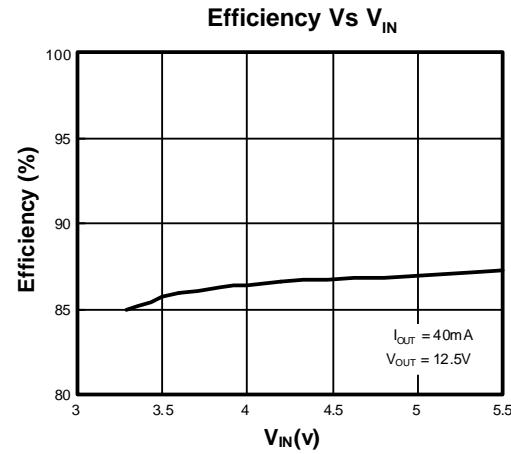
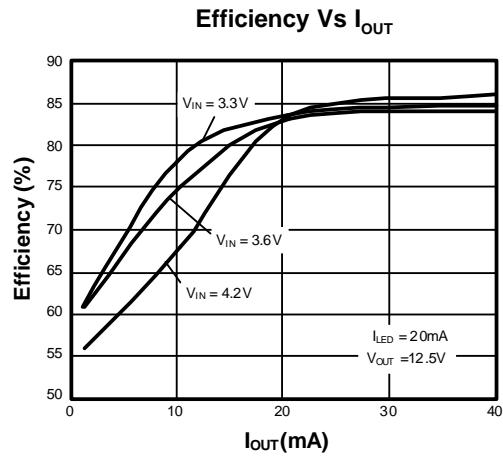


Figure 13: Eight White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery



## ■ Application Hints

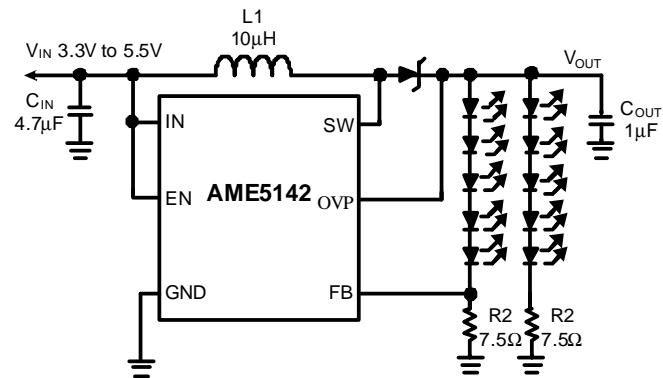


Figure 14: Ten White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery

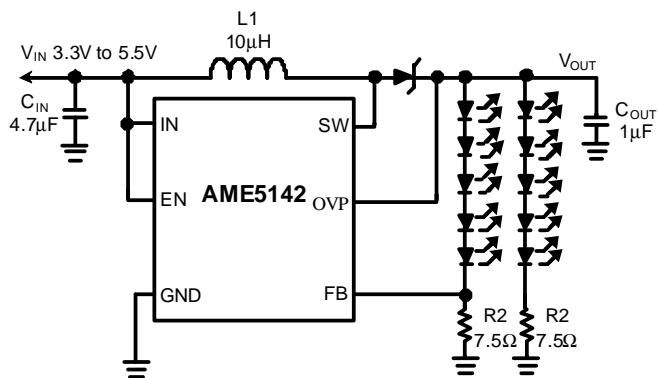
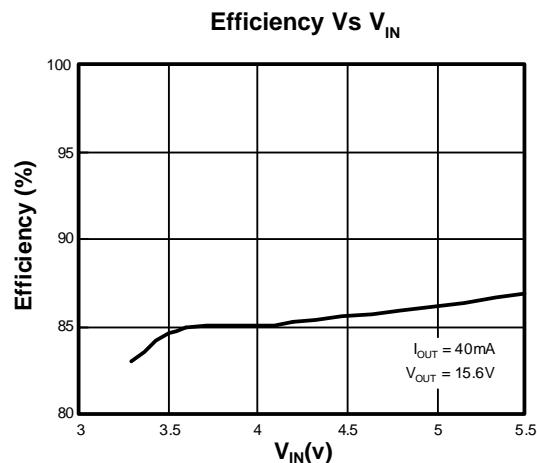


Figure 15: Ten White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery

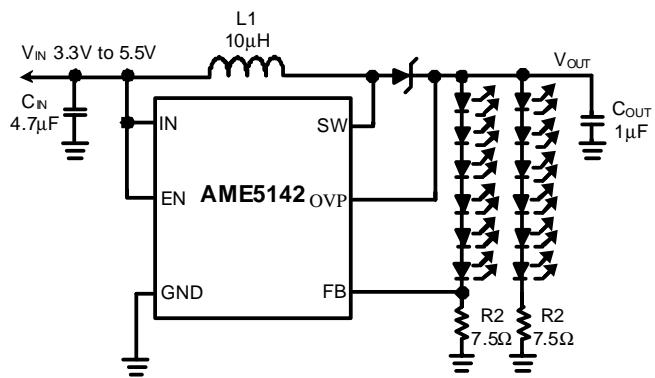
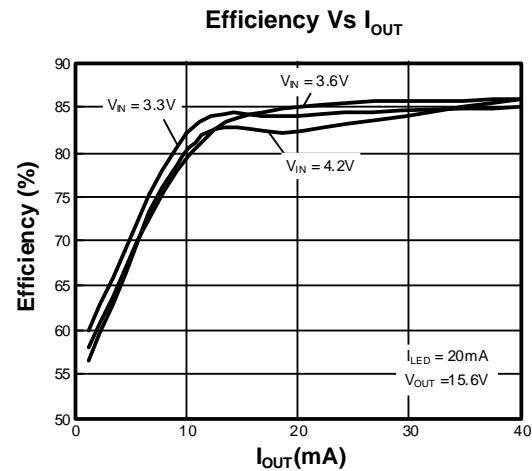
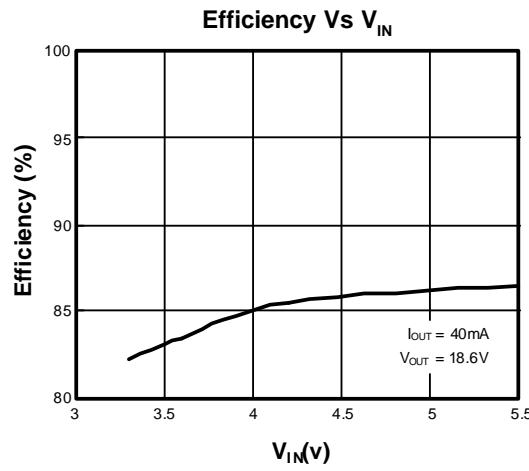


Figure 16: Twelve White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery





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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

### ■ Application Hints

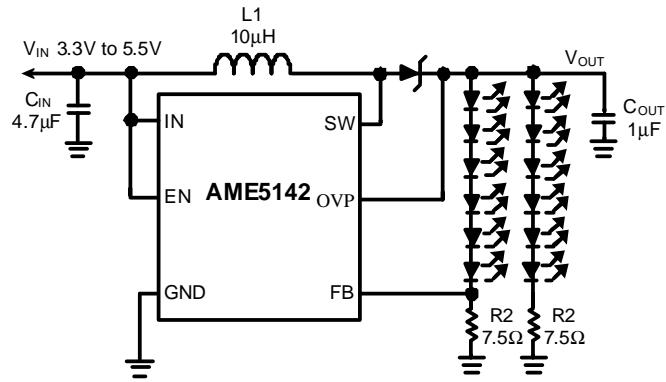
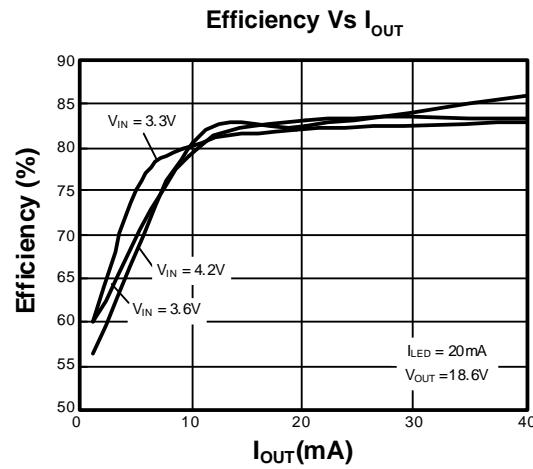


Figure 17: Twelve White LEDs Application in Li-Ion Battery



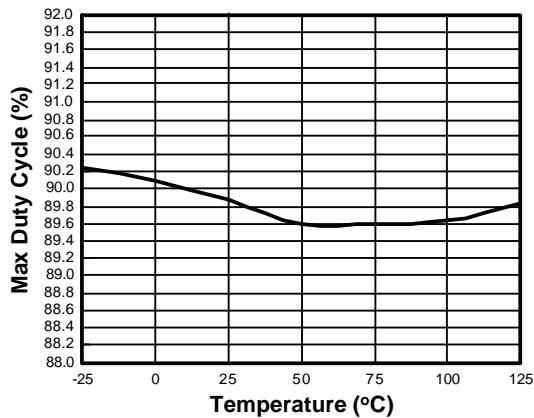


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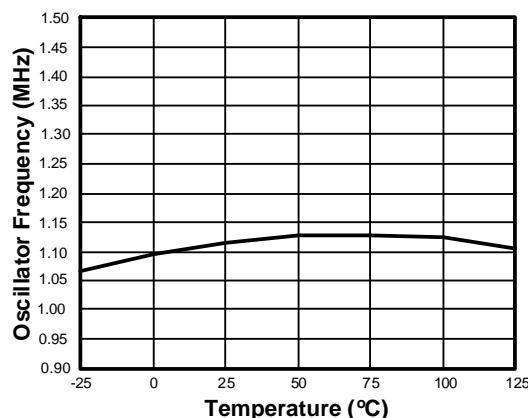
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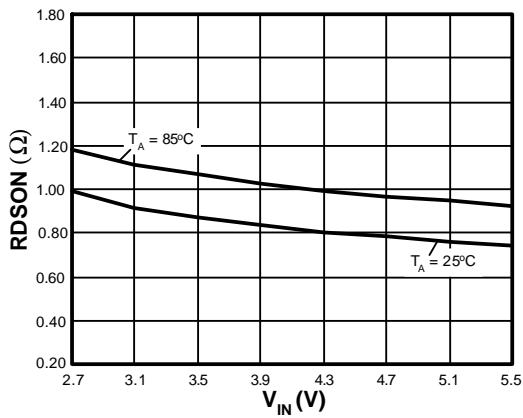
Max Duty Cycle vs. Temperature



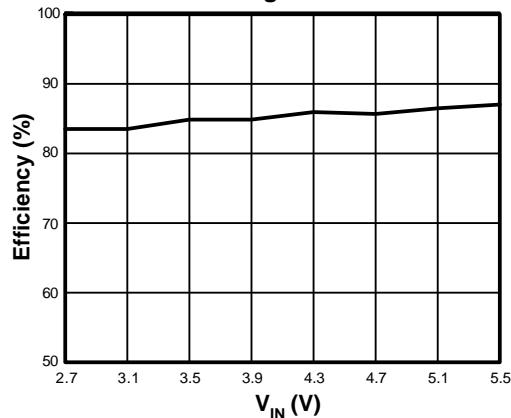
Oscillator Frequency vs. Temperature



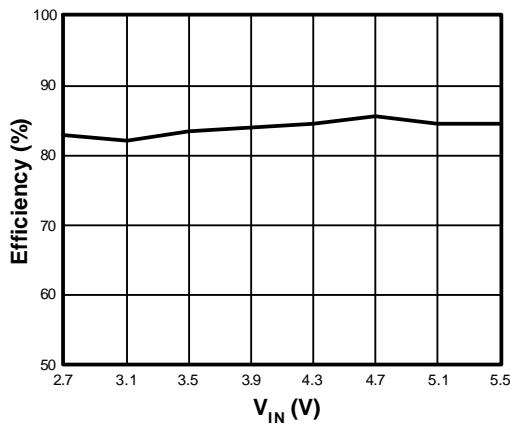
Switch RDSON



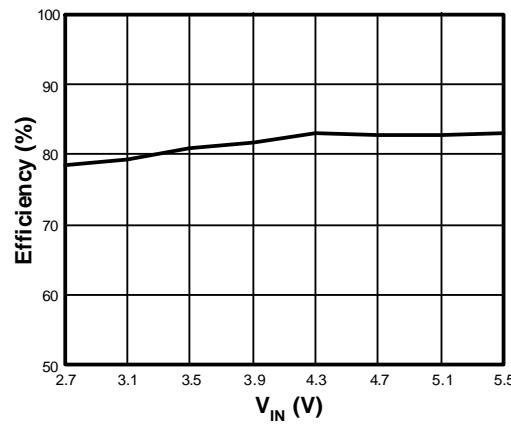
Efficiency vs. Load Current  
Driving 3 LEDs



Efficiency vs. Load Current  
Driving 4 LEDs



Efficiency vs. Load Current  
Driving 6 LEDs



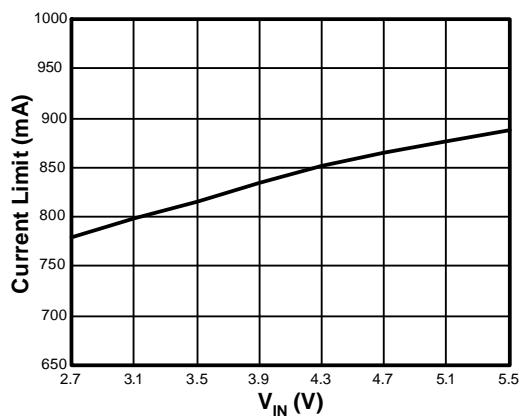


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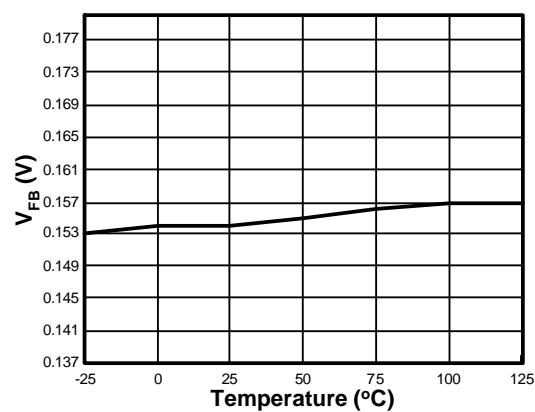
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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

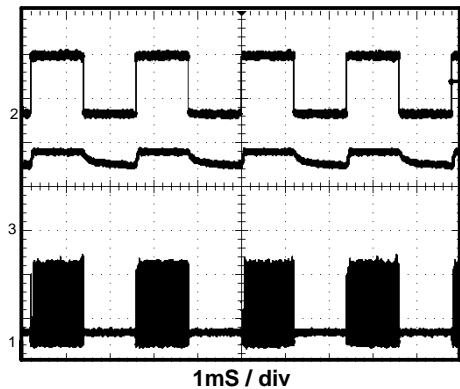
Current Limit vs.  $V_{IN}$



$V_{FB}$  vs. Temperature



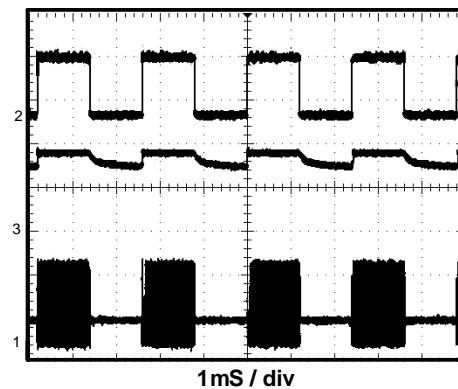
Dimming Control for Driving 6LEDs



$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ ; 6 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 2) EN = 1V / div, DC f = 200Hz
- 3)  $V_{OUT}$ , 10V / div, DC
- 1)  $V_{SW}$ = 10V / div, DC

Dimming Control for Driving 6LEDs



$V_{IN} = 5.5V$ ; 6 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 2) EN = 1V / div, DC f = 200Hz
- 3)  $V_{OUT}$ , 10V / div, DC
- 1)  $V_{SW}$ = 10V / div, DC

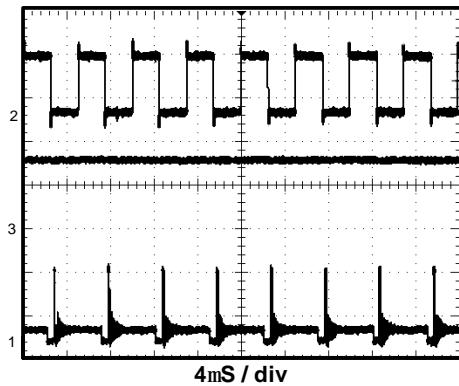


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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

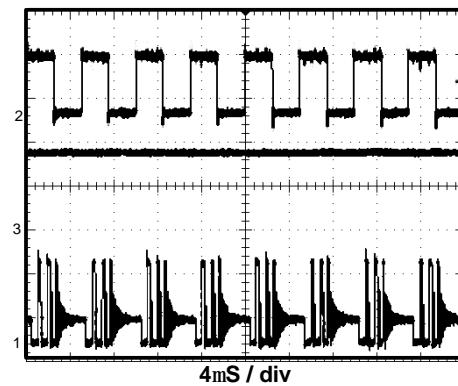
Dimming Control for Driving 6LEDs



$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ ; 6 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 2) EN = 1V / div, DC f = 200KHz
- 3)  $V_{OUT}$  , 10V / div, DC
- 1)  $V_{SW}$ = 10V / div, DC

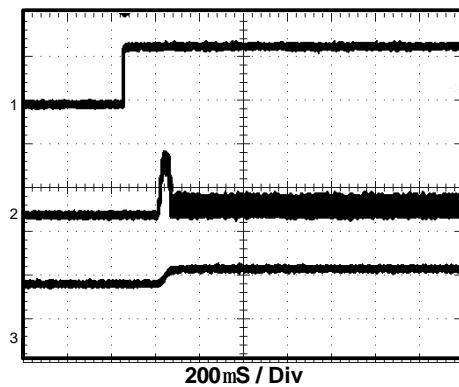
Dimming Control for Driving 6LEDs



$V_{IN} = 5.5V$ ; 6 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 2) EN = 1V / div, DC f = 200KHz
- 3)  $V_{OUT}$  , 10V / div, DC
- 1)  $V_{SW}$ = 10V / div, DC

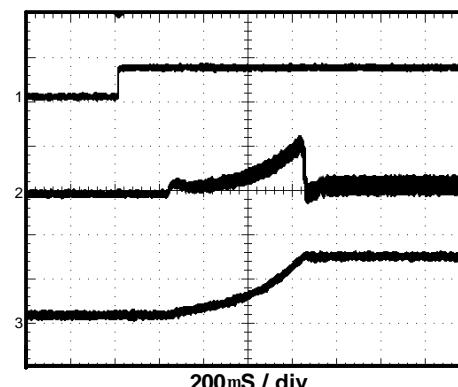
Start-Up / Shutdown



$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ ; 1 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 1) EN = 2V/div, DC
- 2) Inductor Current, 100mA / div, DC
- 3)  $V_{OUT}$  , 2V / div, DC

Start-Up / Shutdown



$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ ; 6 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 1) EN = 2V / div, DC
- 2) Inductor Current, 500mA / div, DC
- 3)  $V_{OUT}$  , 10V / div, DC

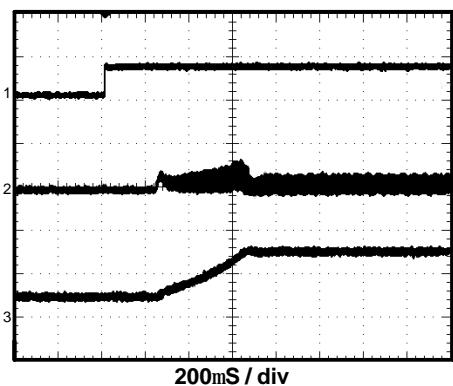


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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

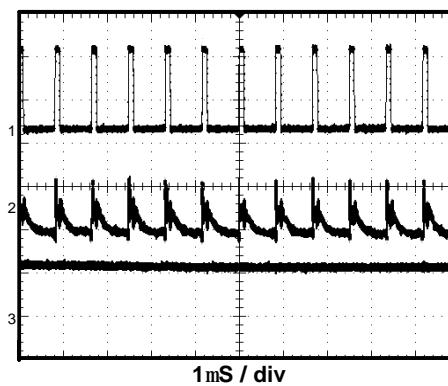
Start-Up / Shutdown



$V_{IN} = 5.5V$ ; 6 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 1) EN = 2V / div, DC
- 2) Inductor Current, 500mA / div, DC
- 3)  $V_{OUT}$ , 10V / div, DC

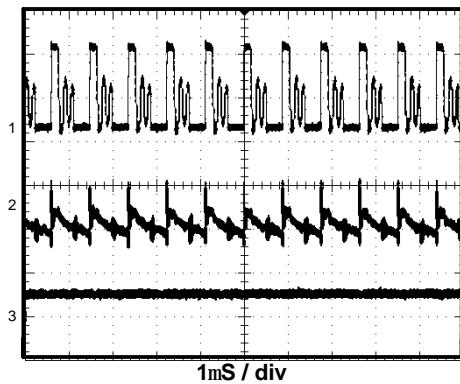
Typical Switching Waveform



$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ ; 6 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 1)  $V_{sw} = 10V$  / div, DC
- 2)  $V_{OUT}$ , 20mV / div, AC
- 3) Input Current, 100mA / div, DC  
Inductor =  $10\mu H$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$

Typical Switching Waveform



$V_{IN} = 5.5V$ ; 6 LEDs  
 $I_{OUT} = 20mA$

- 1)  $V_{sw} = 10V$  / div, DC
- 2)  $V_{OUT}$ , 20mV / div, AC
- 3) Input Current, 100mA / div, DC  
Inductor =  $10\mu H$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$



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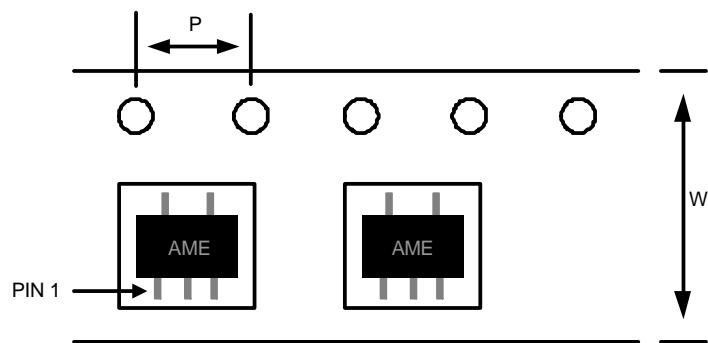
White LED Boost Converter  
In Tiny Package

### ■ Date Code Rule

Marking	Date Code	Year
A A A	W W	xxx0
A A A	W <u>W</u>	xxx1
A A A	<u>W</u> W	xxx2
A A A	<u>W</u> <u>W</u>	xxx3
A A <u>A</u>	W W	xxx4
A A <u>A</u>	W <u>W</u>	xxx5
A A <u>A</u>	<u>W</u> W	xxx6
A A <u>A</u>	<u>W</u> <u>W</u>	xxx7
A <u>A</u> A	W W	xxx8
A <u>A</u> A	W <u>W</u>	xxx9

### ■ Tape and Reel Dimension

SOT-25



Carrier Tape, Number of Components Per Reel and Reel Size

Package	Carrier Width (W)	Pitch (P)	Part Per Full Reel	Reel Size
SOT-25	8.0±0.1 mm	4.0±0.1 mm	3000pcs	180±1 mm



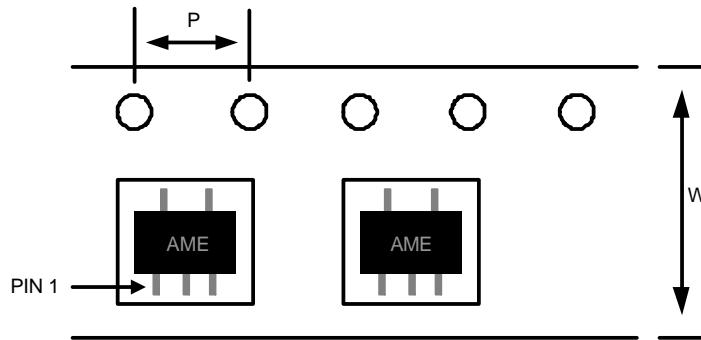
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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

### ■ Tape and Reel Dimension

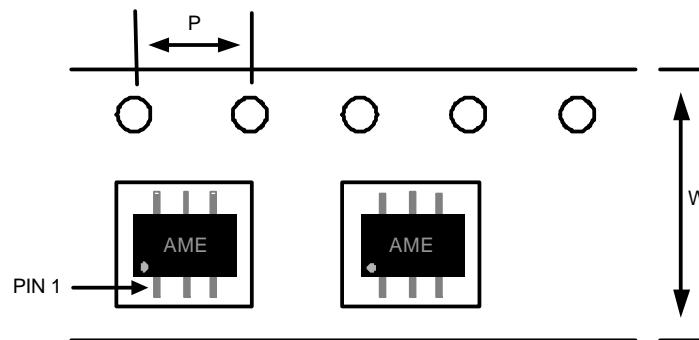
TSOT-25



Carrier Tape, Number of Components Per Reel and Reel Size

Package	Carrier Width (W)	Pitch (P)	Part Per Full Reel	Reel Size
TSOT-25	8.0±0.1 mm	4.0±0.1 mm	3000pcs	180±1 mm

SOT-26

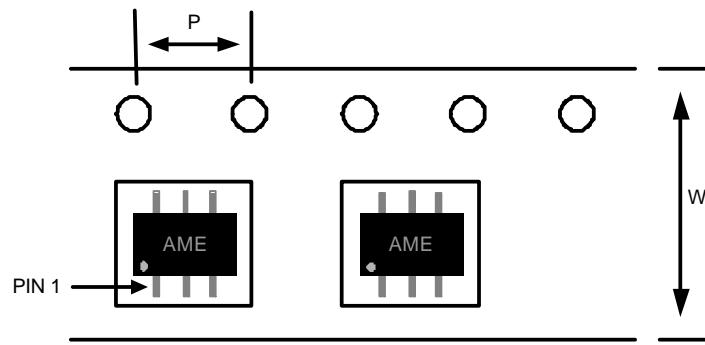


Carrier Tape, Number of Components Per Reel and Reel Size

Package	Carrier Width (W)	Pitch (P)	Part Per Full Reel	Reel Size
SOT-26	8.0±0.1 mm	4.0±0.1 mm	3000pcs	180±1 mm

**■ Tape and Reel Dimension**

TSOT-26



Carrier Tape, Number of Components Per Reel and Reel Size

Package	Carrier Width (W)	Pitch (P)	Part Per Full Reel	Reel Size
TSOT-26	8.0±0.1 mm	4.0±0.1 mm	3000pcs	180±1 mm



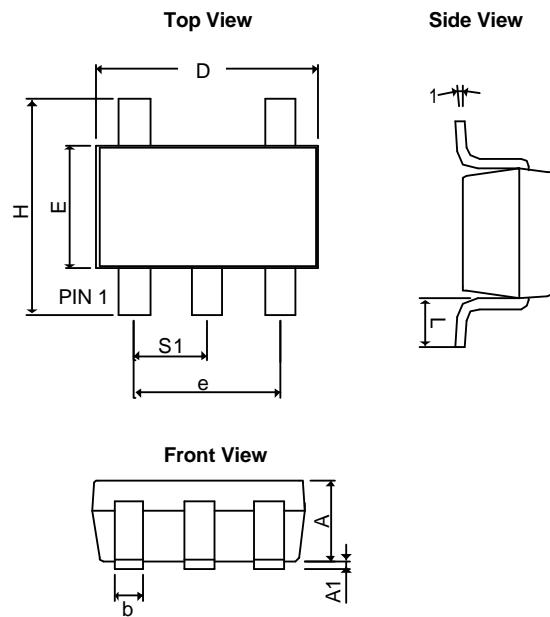
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## White LED Boost Converter In Tiny Package

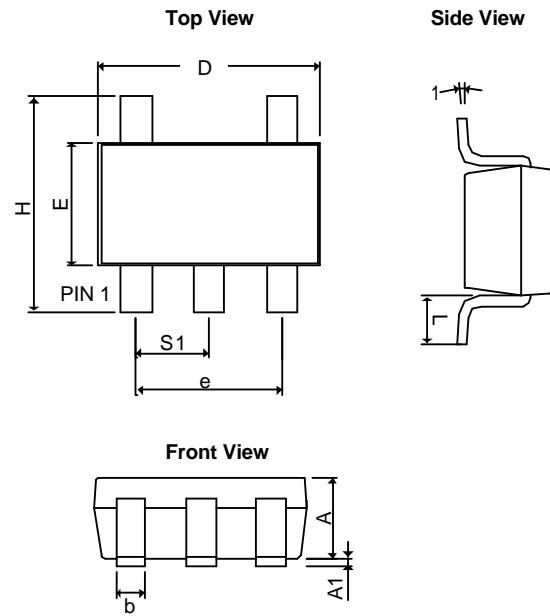
### ■ Package Dimension

#### SOT-25



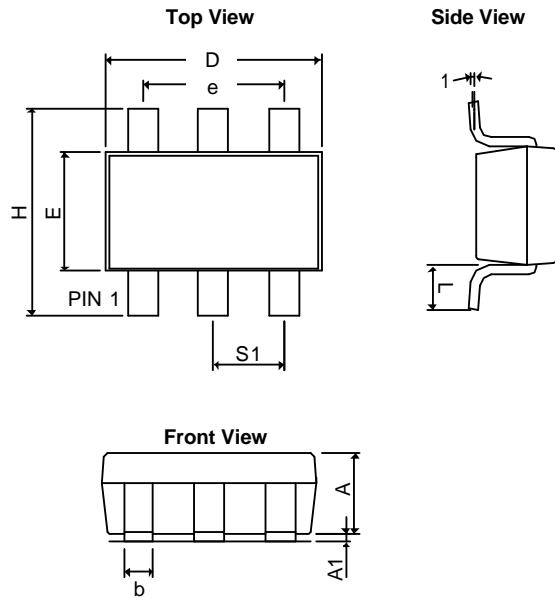
SYMBOLS	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.20REF		0.0472REF	
A <sub>1</sub>	0.00	0.15	0.0000	0.0059
b	0.30	0.55	0.0118	0.0217
D	2.70	3.10	0.1063	0.1220
E	1.40	1.80	0.0551	0.0709
e	1.90 BSC		0.07480 BSC	
H	2.60	3.00	0.10236	0.11811
L	0.37BSC		0.0146BSC	
q <sub>1</sub>	0°	10°	0°	10°
S <sub>1</sub>	0.95BSC		0.0374BSC	

#### TSOT-25

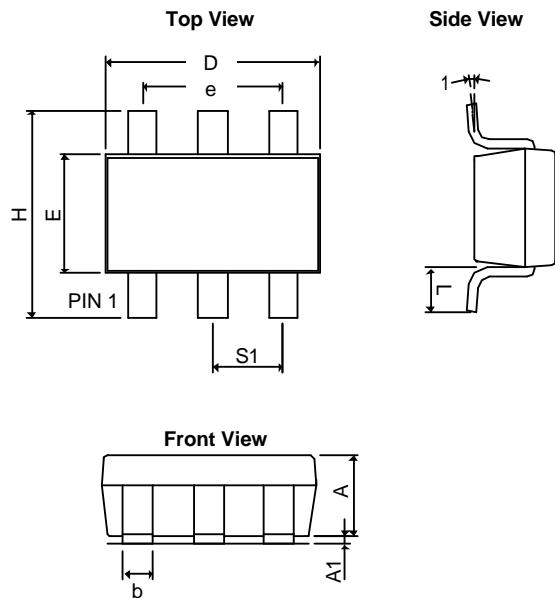


SYMBOLS	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A+A <sub>1</sub>	0.90	1.25	0.0354	0.0492
b	0.30	0.50	0.0118	0.0197
c	0.09	0.25	0.0035	0.0098
D	2.70	3.10	0.1063	0.1220
E	1.40	1.80	0.0551	0.0709
e	1.90 BSC		0.07480 BSC	
H	2.40	3.00	0.09449	0.11811
L	0.35BSC		0.0138BSC	
q <sub>1</sub>	0°	10°	0°	10°
S <sub>1</sub>	0.95BSC		0.0374BSC	

### ■ Package Dimension

**SOT-26**


SYMBOLS	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
<b>A</b>	1.20REF		0.0472REF	
<b>A<sub>1</sub></b>	0.00	0.15	0.0000	0.0059
<b>b</b>	0.30	0.55	0.0118	0.0217
<b>D</b>	2.70	3.10	0.1063	0.1220
<b>E</b>	1.40	1.80	0.0551	0.0709
<b>e</b>	1.90 BSC		0.0748 BSC	
<b>H</b>	2.60	3.00	0.10236	0.11811
<b>L</b>	0.37REF		0.0146REF	
<b>q<sub>1</sub></b>	0°		10°	
<b>S<sub>1</sub></b>	0.95REF		0.0374REF	

**TSOT-26**


SYMBOLS	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
<b>A+A<sub>1</sub></b>	0.90	1.25	0.0354	0.0492
<b>b</b>	0.30	0.50	0.0118	0.0197
<b>D</b>	2.70	3.10	0.1063	0.1220
<b>E</b>	1.40	1.80	0.0551	0.0709
<b>e</b>	1.90 BSC		0.07480 BSC	
<b>H</b>	2.40	3.00	0.09449	0.11811
<b>L</b>	0.35BSC		0.0138BSC	
<b>q<sub>1</sub></b>	0°		10°	
<b>S<sub>1</sub></b>	0.95BSC		0.0374BSC	



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