

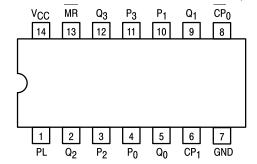
4-STAGE PRESETTABLE RIPPLE COUNTERS

The SN54/74LS196 decade counter is partitioned into divide-by-two and divide-by-five sections which can be combined to count either in BCD (8, 4, 2, 1) sequence or in a bi-quinary mode producing a 50% duty cycle output. The SN54/74LS197 contains divide-by-two and divide-by-eight sections which can be combined to form a modulo-16 binary counter. Low Power Schottky technology is used to achieve typical count rates of 70 MHz and power dissipation of only 80 mW.

Both circuit types have a Master Reset (MR) input which overrides all other inputs and asynchronously forces all outputs LOW. A Parallel Load input (PL) overrides clocked operations and asynchronously loads the data on the Parallel Data inputs (P_n) into the flip-flops. This preset feature makes the circuits usable as programmable counters. The circuits can also be used as 4-bit latches, loading data from the Parallel Data inputs when PL is LOW and storing the data when PL is HIGH.

- Low Power Consumption Typically 80 mW
- High Counting Rates Typically 70 MHz
- Choice of Counting Modes BCD, Bi-Quinary, Binary
- · Asynchronous Presettable
- Asynchronous Master Reset
- Easy Multistage Cascading
- Input Clamp Diodes Limit High Speed Termination Effects

CONNECTION DIAGRAM DIP (TOP VIEW)



NOTE: The Flatpak version has the same pinouts (Connection Diagram) as the Dual In-Line Package.

PIN NAMES LOADING (Note a)

		HIGH	LOW
CP ₀	Clock (Active LOW Going Edge)	1.0 U.L.	1.5 U.L.
	Input to Divide-by-Two Section		
CP ₁ (LS196)	Clock (Active LOW Going Edge)	2.0 U.L.	1.75 U.L.
	Input to Divide-by-Five Section		
CP ₁ (LS197)	Clock (Active LOW Going Edge)	1.0 U.L.	0.8 U.L.
	Input to Divide-by-Eight Section		
MR	Master Reset (Active LOW) Input	1.0 U.L.	0.5 U.L.
PL	Parallel Load (Active LOW) Input	0.5 U.L.	0.25 U.L.
P ₀ -P ₃	Data Inputs	0.5 U.L.	0.25 U.L.
Q ₀ –Q ₃	Outputs (Notes b, c)	10 U.L.	5 (2.5) U.L.

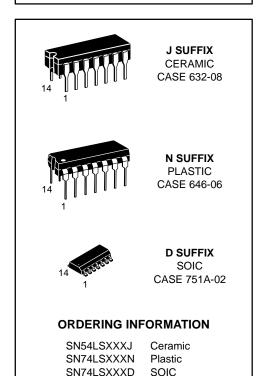
NOTES

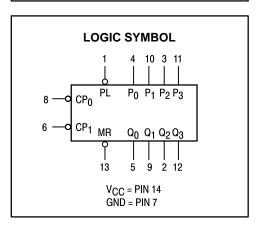
- a. 1 TTL Unit Load (U.L.) = $40\mu A$ HIGH/1.6 mA LOW.
- b. The Output LOW drive factor is 2.5 U.L. for Military (54) and 5 U.L. for Commercial (74)
 Temperature Ranges.
- c. In addition to loading shown, Q₀ can also drive CP₁.

SN54/74LS196 SN54/74LS197

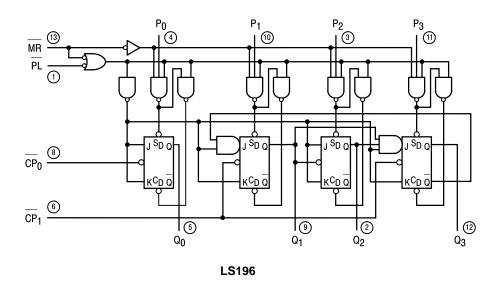
4-STAGE PRESETTABLE RIPPLE COUNTERS

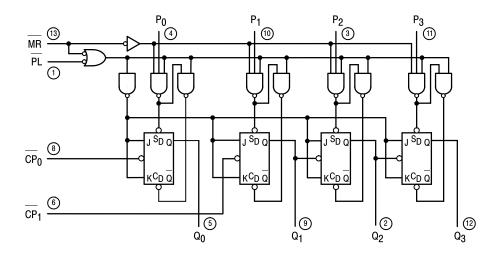
LOW POWER SCHOTTKY





LOGIC DIAGRAM





LS197

 V_{CC} = PIN 14 GND = PIN 7 \bigcirc = PIN NUMBERS

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The LS196 and LS197 are asynchronously presettable decade and binary ripple counters. The LS196 Decade Counter is partitioned into divide-by-two and divide-by-five sections while the LS197 is partitioned into divide-by-two and divideby-eight sections, with all sections having a separate Clock input. In the counting modes, state changes are initiated by the HIGH to LOW transition of the clock signals. State changes of the Q outputs, however, do not occur simultaneously because of the internal ripple delays. When using external logic to decode the Q outputs, designers should bear in mind that the unequal delays can lead to decoding spikes and thus a decoded signal should not be used as a clock or strobe. The CPo input serves the Q₀ flip-flop in both circuit types while the CP₁ input serves the divide-by-five or divide-by-eight section. The Q₀ output is designed and specified to drive the rated fan-out plus the CP₁ input. With the input frequency connected to CP₀ and Q₀ driving CP₁, the LS197 forms a straightforward module-16 counter, with Q0 the least significant output and Q3 the most significant output.

The LS196 Decade Counter can be connected up to operate in two different count sequences, as indicated in the tables of Figure 2. With the input frequency connected to CP_0 and with Q_0 driving CP_1 , the circuit counts in the BCD (8, 4, 2, 1) sequence. With the input frequency connected to CP_1 and Q_3 driving CP_0 , Q_0 becomes the low frequency output and has a 50% duty cycle waveform. Note that the maximum counting rate is reduced in the latter (bi-quinary) configuration because of the interstage gating delay within the divide-by-five section.

The LS196 and LS197 have an asynchronous active LOW Master Reset input (MR) which overrides all other inputs and forces all outputs LOW. The counters are also asynchronously presettable. A LOW on the Parallel Load input (PL) overrides the clock inputs and loads the data from Parallel Data (P_0-P_3) inputs into the flip-flops. While PL is LOW, the counters act as transparent latches and any change in the P_n inputs will be reflected in the outputs.

g = 10.00 000 01.00 000									
DECADE (NOTE 1)						BI-	QUINARY (N	IOTE 2)	
COUNT	Q ₃	Q ₂	Q ₁	Q ₀	COUNT	Q ₀	Q ₃	Q ₂	Q ₁
0	L	L	L	L	0	L	L	L	L
1	L	L	L	Н	1	L	L	L	Н
2	L	L	Н	L	2	L	L	Н	L
3	L	L	Н	Н	3	L	L	Н	Н
4	L	Н	L	L	4	L	Н	L	L
5	L	Н	L	Н	5	Н	L	L	L
6	L	Н	Н	L	6	Н	L	L	Н
7	L	Н	Н	Н	7	Н	L	Н	L
8	Н	L	L	L	8	Н	L	Н	Н
9	Н	L	L	Н	9	Н	Н	L	L

Figure 2. LS196 COUNT SEQUENCES

NOTES:

MODE SELECT TABLE

	INPUTS		RESPONSE			
MR	PL	СР				
L	Х	Х	Reset (Clear)			
Н	L	Х	Parallel Load			
Н	Н	1 7	Count			

H = HIGH Voltage Level

^{1.} Signal applied to CP₀, Q₀ connected to CP₁.

Signal applied to CP₁, Q₃ connected to CP₀.

L = LOW Voltage Level

X = Don't Care

⁼ HIGH to Low Clock Transition

GUARANTEED OPERATING RANGES

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VCC	Supply Voltage	54 74	4.5 4.75	5.0 5.0	5.5 5.25	V
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	54 74	-55 0	25 25	125 70	°C
I _{ОН}	Output Current — High	54, 74			-0.4	mA
lOL	Output Current — Low	54 74			4.0 8.0	mA

DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE (unless otherwise specified)

				Limits				
Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Te	est Conditions
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0			V	Guaranteed Inpu All Inputs	ut HIGH Voltage for
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	54			0.7	V		ut LOW Voltage for
· IL	mp at a controlling to	74			0.8		All Inputs	
VIK	Input Clamp Diode Voltage	_		-0.65	-1.5	V	$V_{CC} = MIN, I_{IN}$	= -18 mA
Vari	Output HIGH Voltage	54	2.5	3.5		V	V _{CC} = MIN, I _{OF}	H = MAX, VIN = VIH
VOH	Output HIGH Voltage	74	2.7	3.5		V	or V _{IL} per Truth	Table
Voi	Output LOW Voltage	54, 74		0.25	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 4.0 mA	V _{CC} = V _{CC} MIN, V _{IN} = V _{IL} or V _{IH}
VOL	Output LOW Voltage	74		0.35	0.5	V	I _{OL} = 8.0 mA	per Truth Table
^Ц Н	Input HI <u>GH</u> Current <u>Data, PL</u> <u>MR, CP₀ (LS</u> 196) <u>MR, CP₀, CP₁ (LS197)</u> CP ₁ (LS196)				20 40 40 80	μА	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{IN} = 2.7 V	
	Data, PL MR, CP ₀ (LS196) MR, CP ₀ , CP ₁ (LS197) CP ₁ (LS196)				0.1 0.2 0.2 0.4	mA	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{IN} = 7.0 V	
ημ	Input LOW Current Data, PL MR CP0 CP1 (LS196) CP1 (LS197)				-0.4 -0.8 -2.4 -2.8 -1.3	mA	V _{CC} = MAX, V _{IN} = 0.4 V	
los	Short Circuit Current (Note 1)	-20		-100	mA	V _{CC} = MAX	
Icc	Power Supply Current				27	mA	V _{CC} = MAX	

Note 1: Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, nor for more than 1 second.

AC CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C)

			Limits						
			LS196			LS197		1	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
f _{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	30	40		30	40		MHz	
tPLH tPHL	CP ₀ Input to Q ₀ Output		8.0 13	15 20		8.0 14	15 21	ns	
^t PLH ^t PHL	CP ₁ Input to Q ₁ Output		16 22	24 33		12 23	19 35	ns	
^t PLH ^t PHL	CP ₁ Input to Q ₂ Output		38 41	57 62		34 42	51 63	ns	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
tPLH tPHL	CP ₁ Input to Q ₃ Output		12 30	18 45		55 63	78 95	ns	V _{CC} = 5.0 V C _L = 15 pF
tPLH tPHL	Data to Output		20 29	30 44		18 29	27 44	ns	
^t PLH ^t PHL	PL Input to Any Output		27 30	41 45		26 30	39 45	ns	
^t PHL	MR Input to Any Output		34	51		34	51	ns	

AC SETUP REQUIREMENTS $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

		Limits							
			LS196		LS197				
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
t _W	CP ₀ Pulse Width	20			20			ns	
t _W	CP ₁ Pulse Width	30			30			ns	
t _W	PL Pulse Width	20			20			ns	
t _W	MR Pulse Width	15			15			ns	
t _S	Data Input Setup Time — HIGH	10			10			ns	V _{CC} = 5.0 V
t _s	Data Input Setup Time — LOW	15			15			ns	
^t h	Data Hold Time — HIGH	10			10			ns	
t _h	Data Hold Time — LOW	10			10			ns	
t _{rec}	Recovery Time	30			30			ns	

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

SETUP TIME (t_s) — is defined as the minimum time required for the correct logic level to be present at the logic input prior to the clock transition from HIGH to LOW in order to be recognized and transferred to the outputs.

HOLD TIME (t_h) — is defined as the minimum time following the clock transition from HIGH to LOW that the logic level must be maintained at the input in order to ensure continued recog-

nition. A negative HOLD TIME indicates that the correct logic level may be released prior to the clock transition from HIGH to LOW and still be recognized.

RECOVERY TIME (t_{rec}) — is defined as the minimum time required between the end of the reset pulse and the clock transition from HIGH to LOW in order to recognize and transfer LOW Data to the Q outputs.

AC WAVEFORMS

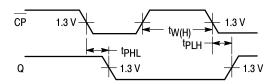
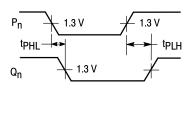


Figure 1



NOTE: PL = LOW

Figure 2

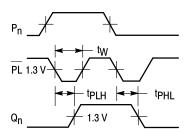


Figure 3

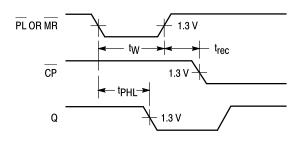
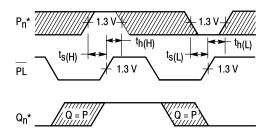


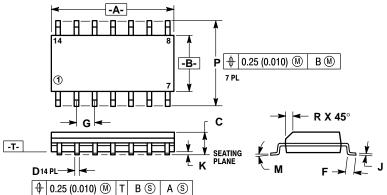
Figure 4



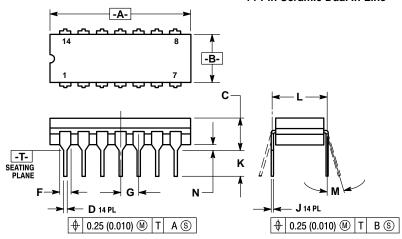
* The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance

Figure 5

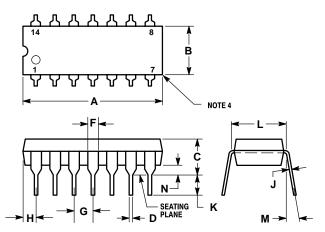
Case 751A-02 D Suffix 14-Pin Plastic **SO-14**



Case 632-08 J Suffix 14-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line



Case 646-06 N Suffix 14-Pin Plastic



NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS "A" AND "B" ARE DATUMS AND
 "T" IS A DATUM SURFACE.
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD
- PROTRUSION.
 MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006)
- 751A-01 IS OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 751A-02.

	MILLIM	ETERS	INCHES			
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Α	8.55	8.75	0.337	0.344		
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157		
С	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068		
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019		
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049		
G	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC			
J	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.009		
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009		
M	0°	7°	0°	7°		
Р	5.80	6.20	0.229	0.244		
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019		

NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- Y14-5M, 1982.

 C CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

 DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.

 DIM F MAY NARROW TO 0.76 (0.030) WHERE THE LEAD ENTERS THE CERAMIC BODY.

 5. 632-01 THRU-07 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD

	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	19.05	19.94	0.750	0.785	
В	6.23	7.11	0.245	0.280	
С	3.94	5.08	0.155	0.200	
D	0.39	0.50	0.015	0.020	
F	1.40	1.65	0.055	0.065	
G	2.54	BSC	0.100 BSC		
J	0.21	0.38	0.008	0.015	
K	3.18	4.31	0.125	0.170	
L	7.62 BSC		0.300	BSC	
M	0°	15°	0°	15°	
N	0.51	1.01	0.020	0.040	

- NOTES:
 1. LEADS WITHIN 0.13 mm (0.005) RADIUS OF TRUE LEADS WITHIN U.13 MINI (U.000) HADIUS OF 1H POSITION AT SEATING PLANE AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DIMENSION "L" TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL. DIMENSION "B" DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD
- FLASH
- ROUNDED CORNERS OPTIONAL. 646-05 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 646-06.

	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	18.16	19.56	0.715	0.770	
В	6.10	6.60	0.240	0.260	
С	3.69	4.69	0.145	0.185	
D	0.38	0.53	0.015	0.021	
F	1.02	1.78	0.040	0.070	
G	2.54	BSC	0.100 BSC		
Н	1.32	2.41	0.052	0.095	
J	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015	
K	2.92	3.43	0.115	0.135	
L	7.62 BSC		0.300	BSC	
M	0°	10°	0°	10°	
N	0.39	1.01	0.015	0.039	

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