

Multiprotocol XFP Optical Transceiver —1310 nm DFB for up to 10-km Reach



Key Benefits

- Compliant with XFP MSA INF8077i Rev. 4.5
- Compliant with SONET OC-192 SR-1, 10 GigE 10GBASE-LR, and corresponding Forward Error Correction (FEC) rates from 9.95 to 11.35 Gbps
- Extended operating case temperature range from -5°C to 85°C
- Low power consumption (< 2.0 W max)
- No external reference clock required
- Digital diagnostic monitoring
- XFI system loopback and line loopback

Applications

- Wide area network (WAN)
- Local area network (LAN)
- Storage area network (SAN)
- SONET OC-192
- SDH STM-64
- Ethernet, Fibre Channel switches

Compliance

- Telcordia GR-253-CORE, GR-468
- XFP MSA INF8077i Rev. 4.5
- ITU-T G.691
- IEEE 802.3-2005 Clause 52
- 10 GFC 1200-SM-LL-L
- · Class 1 laser safety
- RoHS 6/6

The JDSU 10 Gbps 1310 nm XFP optical transceiver is a fully duplex, integrated fiber optic transceiver that provides a high-speed serial link at signaling rates from 9.95 to 11.35 Gbps. The module complies with the 10 Gigabit Small Form Factor Pluggable (XFP) Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).

The transceiver complies with the Telcordia GR-253-CORE OC-192 SR-1 for 2-km reach (SONET), ITU-T G.691 STM-64 I-64.1 for 2-km reach (SDH), IEEE 802.3-2005 clause 52 10GBase-LR for 10-km reach (Ethernet) and 10GFC 1200-SM-LL-L for 10-km reach (Fibre Channel).

The transceiver integrates the receive and transmit path on one module. On the transmit side, the 10 Gbps serial data stream is recovered, retimed, and passed to a laser driver. The laser driver controls a 1310 nm directly modulated laser (DML), enabling data transmission over single-mode fiber through an industry-standard LC connector. On the receive side, the 10 Gbps optical data stream is recovered from a PIN photodetector/transimpedance amplifier, retimed, and passed to an output driver. This module features a hot-pluggable XFI-compliant electrical interface.

Section 1 Functional Description

The transceiver is a fully duplex serial electric, serial optical device with both transmit and receive functions contained in a single module that provides a high-speed serial link at signaling rates from 9.95 to 11.35 Gbps. It is designed to be compliant with Telcordia GR-253-CORE OC-192 SR-1 for 2-km reach (SONET), ITU-T G.691 STM-64 I-64.1 for 2-km reach (SDH), IEEE 802.3-2005 Clause 52 10GBase-LR and 10GBase-LW for 10-km reach (Ethernet) and 10GFC 1200-SM-LL-L for 10-km reach (Fibre Channel). The transceiver is also fully compliant with the 10 Gigabit Small Form Factor XFP Pluggable Module Multi-Source Agreement INF8077i Rev. 4.5. A block diagram of the transceiver is shown in Figure 1 below.

The transceiver locks to data without the requirement of reference clock. The reference clock inputs have an internal 100 ohm differential line-to-line termination. It has several low-speed interface connections including a two-wire serial interface. These connections include: module not ready (Mod_NR), module deselect (Mod_DeSel), interrupt, transmitter disable (TX_DIS), module absent (Mod_ABS), receive loss (RX_LOS), and power down/reset (P_Down/RST).

The XFP transceiver supports XFI system loopback. In this mode, data input on the electrical Tx pins of the XFP module is retimed and is re-directed to the Rx pins of the module. This facilitates system side test and debug. The XFP transceiver also supports line loopback. In this mode, data input on the optical Rx port of the XFP module is retimed and is re-directed to the optical Tx port of the module. This facilitates line-side test and debug.

Transmitter

The transmitter path converts serial NRZ electrical data from line rates of 9.95 to 11.35 Gbps to a standard compliant optical signal. The transmitter accepts a 100 Ω differential 120 mV peak-to-peak to 820 mV peak-to-peak 10 Gbps CML electrical signal on TD- and TD+ pins.

Inside the module, the differential signals pass through a signal conditioner with equalization that compensates for losses and deterministic jitter present on the input data stream. The transmit CDR function generates a clock that is at the same frequency as the incoming data bit rate of the electrical data input. The clock is phase aligned by a phase locked loop (PLL) that samples the data in the center of the data eye pattern. The CDR function does not require a reference clock to lock to incoming data. The CDR contains a lock-detect circuit that indicates successful locking of the PLL onto the incoming data.

The output of the Tx signal conditioner is input to the laser driver circuit which transforms the small-swing digital voltage to an output modulation that drives a direct feedback (DFB) laser. The optical signal meets the SONET/SDH, 10 Gigabit Ethernet, 10 G Fibre Channel and corresponding forward error correction (FEC) rates specifications. Closed-loop control of the transmitted laser power and modulation swing over temperature and voltage variations is provided. The laser is coupled to single-mode optical fiber through an industry standard LC optical connector.

Receiver

The receiver converts incoming DC-balanced serial NRZ optical data from line rates of 9.95 to 11.35 Gbps into serial XFI electrical data. Light is coupled to a PIN photodetector from single-mode optical fiber through an industry-standard LC optical connector. The electrical current from the PIN photodetector is converted to a voltage in a high-gain transimpedance amplifier.

The amplified signal is passed to a signal conditioning IC that provides clock and data recovery. The receive CDR function generates a clock that is at the same frequency as the incoming data bit rate of the optical data input. The clock is phase aligned by a PLL that samples the data in the center of the data eye pattern. The CDR function does not require a reference clock to lock to incoming data. The CDR contains a lock-detect circuit that indicates successful locking of the PLL onto the incoming data. Loss of signal and signal lock detection is included in the receive circuitry that is reflected in the Mod_NR status pin. The recovered data is output on the RD+ and RD- pins as a 100 Ω 340 mV peak-to-peak CML signal. The output signal meets XFP MSA requirements.

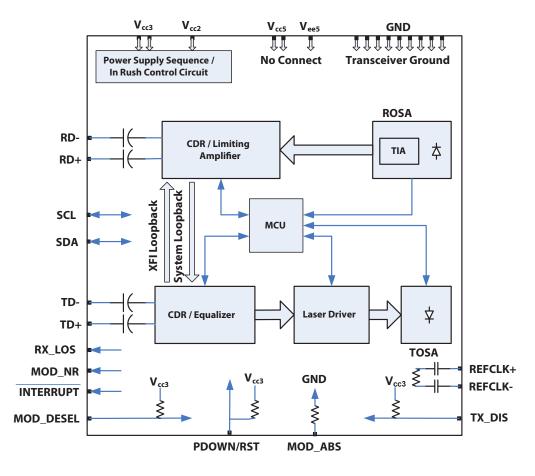


Figure 1. Transceiver functional block diagram

Low-Speed Signaling

Low-speed signaling is based on low voltage transistor-transistor logic (LVTTL) operating at a nominal voltage of 3.3 V.

SCL/SDA—Two wire serial interface clock and data line. Hosts should use a pull-up resistor connected to Vcc 3.3 V on the two-wire interface SCL (clock), SDA (data), and all low-speed outputs.

Mod_NR—Output pin. When asserted high, indicates that the module has detected a condition that renders Tx and or Rx data invalid.

Mod_DeSel—Input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to two-wire serial communication commands. When high, the module does not respond to or acknowledge any two-wire interface communication from the host.

Interrupt—Output pin. When low, indicates possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system.

TX_DIS—Input pin. When asserted high, the transmitter output is turned off.

Mod_ABS—Output pin. Asserted high when the XFP module is absent and is pulled low when the XFP module is inserted.

RX_LOS—Output pin. Asserted high when insufficient optical power for reliable signal reception is received.

P_Down/RST—Multifunction input pin. The module can be powered down or reset by pulling the low-speed P-Down pin high. In power down mode, no data is transmitted on the optical Tx or the electrical Rx path. The reset pulse is generated on the falling edge of the P-Down signal. Following reset, the internal PLLs must reacquire lock and will temporarily indicate a Mod_NR failure until the PLLs reacquire lock.

Section 2 Application Schematics

Recommended MSA connections to the transceiver are shown in Figure 2 below.

Power-supply filtering is recommended for the transceiver. To limit wide-band noise power, the host system and module shall each meet a maximum of 2% peak-to-peak noise when measured with a 1 MHz low-pass filter. In addition, the host system and the module shall each meet a maximum of 3% peak-to-peak noise when measured with a filter from 1 MHz - 10 MHz.

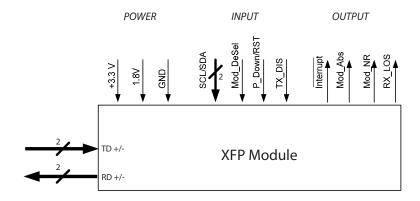


Figure 2. Application schematics for the transceiver

Section 3 Specifications

Technical specifications related to the transceiver include:

Section 3.1	Pin Function Definitions
Section 3.2	XFP/XFI Reference Model Compliance Points
Section 3.3	Absolute Maximum Ratings
Section 3.4	Operating Conditions
Section 3.5	Electrical Characteristics
Section 3.6	Jitter Specifications
Section 3.7	Timing Requirement of Control and Status I/O
Section 3.8	XFP Two-wire Interface Protocol and Management Interface
Section 3.9	Optical Transmitter Characteristics
Section 3.10	Optical Receiver Characteristics
Section 3.11	Regulatory Compliance
Section 3.12	PCB Layout
Section 3.13	Module Outline
Section 3.14	Connectors

3.1 Pin Function Definitions

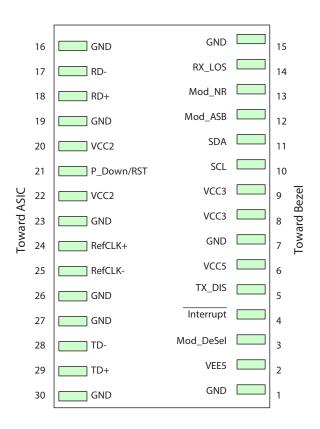


Figure 3. Transceiver pin-out on host board

Table 1. Transceiver pin descriptions

Pin No.	Туре	Name	Description
1		GND^1	Module ground
2		VEE5	Not used: may be left unconnected (optional -5.2 V power supply)
3	LVTTL-I	Mod_Desel	Module de-select: when held low, allows the module to respond to two-wire serial interface commands.
4	LVTTL-O	Interrupt ²	Interrupt: indicates presence of an important condition which can be read over the serial two-wire interface.
5	LVTTL-I	TX_DIS	Transmitter disable: transmitter laser source turned off.
6		VCC5	+5 V power supply (not used)
7		GND ¹	Module ground
8		VCC3	+3.3 V power supply
9		VCC3	+3.3 V power supply
10	LVTTL-I	SCL ²	Two-wire interface clock
11	LVTTL-I/O	SDA ²	Two-wire interface data line
12	LVTTL-O	Mod_Abs ²	Indicates module is not present. Grounded in the module.
13	LVTTL-O	Mod_NR ²	Module not ready: indicating module operational fault.
14	LVTTL-O	RX_LOS ²	Receiver loss of signal indicator
15		GND ¹	Module ground
16		GND^1	Module ground
17	CML-O	RD-	Receiver inverted data output
18	CML-O	RD+	Receiver non-inverted data output
19		GND^1	Module ground
20		VCC2	+1.8 V power supply
21	LVTTL-I	P_Down/RST	Power down: when high, the module limits power consumption to 1.5 W or below. Serial interface is functional in the low power mode. Reset: the falling edge initiates a complete reset of the module including the serial interface, equivalent to a power cycle.
22		VCC2	+1.8 V power supply
23		GND ¹	Module ground
24	PECL-I	RefCLK+	Reference clock non-inverted input (not used)
25	PECL-I	RefCLK-	Reference clock inverted input (not used)
26		GND ¹	Module ground
27		GND ¹	Module q
28	CML-I	TD-	Transmitter inverted data input
29	CML-I	TD+	Transmitter non-inverted data input
30		GND ¹	Module ground

^{1.} Module ground pins (GND) are isolated from the module case and chassis ground within the module. 2. Shall be pulled up with 4.7 k Ω – 10 k Ω to a voltage between 3.15 V and 3.45 V on the host board.

3.2 XFP/XFI Reference Model Compliance Points

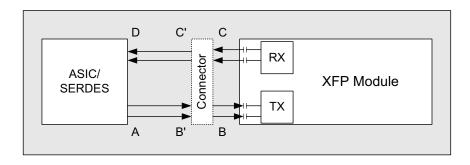


Figure 4 Transceiver model compliance points

3.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Storage temperature	T_{ST}	-40 to +85	°C
Operating case temperature	T_{OP}	-5 to +85	°C
Relative humidity	RH	5 to 85 (non-condensing)	%
Static electrical discharge (human body model)	ESD	500	V
Power supply voltages	V _{CC3} , max	-0.3 to 3.63	V
	V _{CC2} , max	-0.5 to 1.98	V
Receive input optical power (damage threshold)	P_{dth}	5	dBm

Absolute maximum ratings represent the damage threshold of the device. Damage may occur if the device is operated above the limits stated here except for brief excursions. Performance is not guaranteed and reliability is not implied for operation at any condition outside the recommended operating limits.

3.4 Operating Conditions

Part Number	SONET/SDH & FEC (9.95 – 11.35 Gbps)	10 GigE/10GFC & FEC (9.95 – 11.27 Gbps)	Extended Temperature (-5°C – 85°C)	Commercial Temperature (-5°C – 70°C)
JXP-01LMAD1	X	X		X
JXP-01LWAC1		X		X
JXP-01LEAC1		X	X	X

Performance is not guaranteed and reliability is not implied for operation at any condition outside the recommended operating limits.

3.5 Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply currents and vo	ltages					
Voltage3	V_{CC3}	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	With respect to GND
Voltage5	V_{CC5}				V	Not used
Voltage2	V_{CC2}	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	With respect to GND
Supply current3	I_{CC3}			350	mA	
Supply current5	I_{CC5}			0	mA	
Supply current2	I_{CC2}			400	mA	
Power dissipation	Pwr		1.5	2.5	W	
Low-speed control and	sense signal	s (detailed specifi	cation in XFP MS	A INF8077i Rev. 4	1.5)	
Outputs (Interrupt,	V_{OL}	0		0.4	V	Rpullup pulled to host _Vcc, M o d
NR, RX_LOS)						measured at host side of connector.
						$I_{OL}(max)=3 \text{ mA}$
	V_{OH}	host_Vcc-0.5		host_Vcc+ 0.3	V	Rpullup pulled to host _Vcc,
						measured at host side of connector
Inputs (TX_DIS,	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle IL}$	-0.3		0.8	V	Pulled up in module to Vcc3
P_Down/RST, M_DSEL)) V _{IH}	2		Vcc3+ 0.3	V	Pulled up in module to Vcc3
SCL and SDA inputs	$ m V_{IL}$	-0.3		Vcc3*0.3	V	Rpullup pulled to host _Vcc,
						measured at XFP side of connector
	V_{IH}	Vcc3*0.7		Vcc3+0.5	V	Rpullup pulled to host _Vcc,
						measured at XFP side of connector
Transmitter input (deta		cation in XFP MS	4 INF8077i Rev. 4	.5)		
Data input baud rate no		9.95		11.35	Gbps	
Data input bit rate tolera	ance	-100		+100	ppm	
Data input compliance		-20		+20	ppm	
Data input compliance			В			Internally AC-coupled signals
Data input differential	R_{I}	90	100	110	Ω	
impedance						
Receiver output (detail		ion in XFP MSA	NF8077i Rev. 4.5			
Data output baud rate n		9.95		11.35	Gbps	
Data output compliance			С			Internally AC-coupled signals
Data output bit rate stab	ility	-100		+100	ppm	

10

3.6 Jitter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter electrical					NF8077i Rev. 4.5)
The following specificat	tions are applical	le to all part num	bers listed in Sectio	n 3.4.	
Total non-EQJ jitter			0.41	UI(p-p)	Total jitter less ISI
Total jitter	TJ		0.61	UI(p-p)	
Eye mask	X1		0.305	UI	Mask coordinate X1=0.205 if total non-DDJ is measured.
Eye mask	Y1	60		mV	
Eye mask	Y2		410	mV	50 mV is allocated for multiple reflections
Receiver electrical ou	tput jitter to ho	st at C (detailed	specification in X	FP MSA INF807	77i Rev. 4.5)
The following specificat	tions are applicab	le to all part num	bers listed in Sectio	n 3.4.	
Deterministic jitter	DJ		0.18	UI(p-p)	Includes jitter transferred from the optical receiver during any valid operational input condition.
Total jitter	TJ		0.34	UI(p-p)	Includes jitter transferred from the optical receiver during any valid operational input condition
Eye mask	X1		0.17	UI	
Eye mask	X2		0.42	UI	
Eye mask	Y1	170		mV	
Eye mask	Y2		425	mV	
Telecom optical trans	mitter and recei	ver jitter (detaile	ed specification in	XFP MSA INF8	8077i Rev. 4.5 and GR-253-CORE Issue 4-2005
The following specificat	tions are applicab	le to SONET/SDI	H compliant Part N	umbers listed in	
Jitter transfer	BW		8	MHz	PRBS 2 ³¹ -1, OC-192 / SDH-64
bandwidth					sinusoidal jitter tolerance mask
Jitter peaking			1	dB	Frequency >120 KHz
Transmitter jitter gene	ration		0.3	UI_{pp}	20 KHz to 80 MHz
			0.1	UI_{pp}	4 MHz to 80 MHz
Datacom module trai	nsmitter and rec	eiver (detailed s	pecification in XF	P MSA INF807	7i Rev. 4.5)
The following specificat	tions are applical	le to all Part Nun	ibers listed in Sectio	on 3.4	
Jitter transfer	BW		8	MHz	PRBS 2 ³¹ -1, Data or scrambled 64 B/66 B as
					detailed in IEEE 802.3-2005 Clause 52
Jitter peaking			1	dB	Frequency > 50 KHz

3.7 Timing Requirement of Control and Status I/O

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
TX_DIS assert time	t_off		10	μsec	Rising edge of TX_DIS to fall of output signal below 10% of nominal
TX_DIS negate time	t_on		2	msec	Falling edge of TX_DIS to rise of output signal above 90% of nominal
Time to initialize	t_init		300	msec	From power on or from falling edge of P_Down/RST
Interrupt assert delay	Interrupt_on		200	msec	From occurrence of the condition triggering Interrupt
Interrupt negate delay	Interrupt_off		500	μsec	From clear on read Interrupt flags
P_Down/RST assert delay	P_Down/RST_on		100	μsec	From power down initiation
Mod_NR assert delay	Mod_NR_on		1	msec	From occurrence of fault to assertion of Mod_NR
Mod_NR negate delay	Mod_NR_off		1	msec	From clearance of signal to negation of Mod_NR
P-Down reset time		10		μsec	Min. length of P-Down assert to initiate reset
RX_LOS assert delay	t_loss_on		100	μsec	From occurrence of loss of signal to assertion of RX_LOS
RX_LOS negate delay	t_loss_off		100	μsec	From occurrence of return of signal to negation of RX_LOS

Two-wire serial bus timing is described in Chapter 4 of XFP MSA INF8077i Rev. $4.5\,$

3.8 XFP Two-wire Interface Protocol and Management Interface

The transceiver incorporates an XFP-compliant two-wire management interface which is used for serial ID, digital diagnostics, and certain control functions. It is modeled on the SFF-8472 specification modified to accommodate a single two-wire interface address. Details of the protocol and interface are explicitly described in the MSA. Please refer to the MSA for design reference.

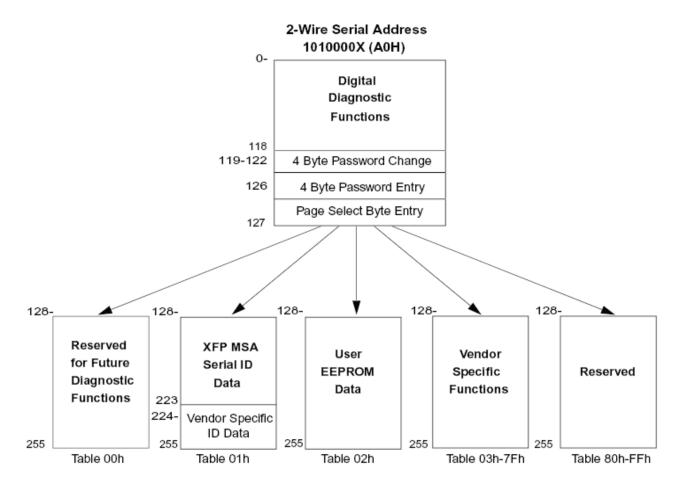


Figure 5. XFP two-wire serial digital diagnostic memory map

Optical Transmitter Characteristics 3.9

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
The following specifications are applicable	to the operating	temperatu	re range listed	l in Section 3.4	1	
Center wavelength	λ	1290		1330	nm	
-20dB spectral width	Δλ			1	nm	
Sidemode suppression ratio	SSR	30			dB	
Return loss tolerance				14	dB	
Relative intensity noise	RIN ₁₂ OMA			-128	dB/Hz	
The following specifications are applicable to	SONET compl	iant parts li	isted in Sectior	1 3.4		
Average optical power (EOL)	P_{avg}	-6.0		-1.0	dBm	
Extinction ratio	ER	6	7		dB	1
Optical path penalty	P_{PATH}			1	dB	2
Chromatic dispersion penalty	P_{CD}			6.6	ps/nm	
The following specifications are applicable	to Ethernet com	pliant part	s listed in Sect	tion 3.4		
Average optical power (EOL)	P_{avg}	-8.2		0.5	dBm	
Extinction ratio	ER	3.5	5		dB	1
Transmitter and dispersion penalty	TDP			3.9	dB	
Optical modulation amplitude (OMA)	OMA	-5.2			dBm	

Optical Receiver Characteristics 3.10

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
The following specifications are app	olicable to the operatin	g temperatu	re range liste	d in Section 3.	4	
Center wavelength	λ	1260		1600	nm	
Receiver sensitivity	R _{sen}			-14.4	dBm	1
Stressed receive sensitivity	SRS			-10.3	dBm	2
Receive overload	P_{max}	1			dBm	3
Receiver reflectance	R_{rx}			-14	dB	
LOS assert	P_{los_on}	-30		-17.5	dBm	
LOS deassert	P_{los_off}			-17	dBm	·
LOS hysteresis		0.5		6	dB	

 $^{1.\;}Guaranteed\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;with\;worst\;ER;\;BER<10^{-12};\;2^{31}-1\;PRBS.\;Equivalent\;to\;-12.6\;dBm\;OMA\;at\;ER=6\;dB.\;Measured\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;with\;worst\;ER;\;BER<10^{-12};\;2^{31}-1\;PRBS.\;Equivalent\;to\;-12.6\;dBm\;OMA\;at\;ER=6\;dB.\;Measured\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;with\;worst\;ER;\;BER<10^{-12};\;2^{31}-1\;PRBS.\;Equivalent\;to\;-12.6\;dBm\;OMA\;at\;ER=6\;dB.\;Measured\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;at\;10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;at~10.709\;Gbps.\;Measured\;a$

^{1.} Tested with PRBS 2^{31} -1 pattern. 2. Applicable to SONET/SDH compliant part numbers listed in Section 3.4 only.

Guaranteed at 11.35 Gbps.
 Guaranteed up to 10.709 Gbps.

3.11 Regulatory Compliance

The transceiver is lead-free and RoHS 6/6 compliant per Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

The transceiver complies with international electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and international safety requirements and standards. EMC performance is dependent on the overall system design. Information included herein is intended as a figure of merit for designers to use as a basis for design decisions.

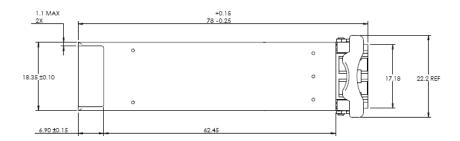
Table 2 Regulatory Compliance

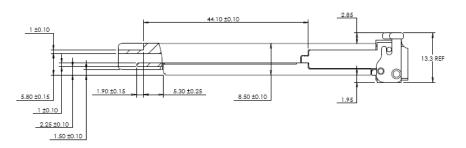
Feature	Test Method	Performance
Component safety	UL 60950	UL Certificate
	UL94-V0	UL Certificate
	EN 60950	TUV Report/Certificate (CB Scheme)
RoHS-compliance	Directive 2002/95/EC	Compliant per the Directive 2002/95/EC of the European
		Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the
		restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in
		electrical and electronic equipment.
Laser eye safety	EN 60825	TUV Certificate
	U.S. 21CFR 1040.10	CDRH compliant and Class 1 laser eye safe.
Electromagnetic Compatibility		
Electromagnetic emissions	EMC Directive 89/336/EEC	Noise frequency range: 30 MHz to 40 GHz.
	FCC CFR47 Part 15	Good system EMI design practice required
	IEC/CISPR 22	to achieve Class B margins.
	AS/NZS CISPR22	
	EN 55022	
	ICES-003, Issue 4	
	VCCI-03	
Electromagnetic immunity	EMC Directive 89/336/EEC	
	IEC /CISPR/24	
	EN 55024	
ESD immunity	EN 61000-4-2	Exceeds requirements. Withstands discharges of
		8 kV contact, 15 kV air.
Radiated immunity	EN 61000-4-3	Exceeds requirements. Field strength of 10 V/m RMS,
		from 10 MHz to 1 GHz. No effect on transmitter/receiver
		performance is detectable between these limits.

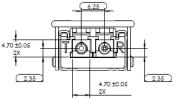
3.12 PCB Layout

Recommended PCB layout is given in XFP MSA INF8077i Rev. 4.5.

3.13 Module Outline









3.14 Connectors

Fiber

The XFP module has a duplex LC receptacle connector.

Electrical

The electrical connector is the 30-way, two-row PCB edge connector. Customer connector is Tyco/AMP Part No. 788862C or equivalent.

Section 4 Related Information

Other information related to the transceiver includes: Section 4.1 Packing and Handling Instructions Section 4.2 Electrostatic Discharge Section 4.3 Eye Safety

4.1 Package and Handling Instructions

Connector Covers

The transceiver is supplied with an LC duplex receptacle. The connector plug supplied protects the connector during standard manufacturing processes and handling by preventing contamination from dust, aqueous solutions, body oils, or airborne particles.

Note: It is recommended that the connector plug remain on whenever the transceiver optical fiber connector is not inserted.

Recommended Cleaning and De-greasing Chemicals

JDSU recommends the use of methyl, isopropyl, and isobutyl alcohols for cleaning.

Do not use halogenated hydrocarbons (e.g. trichloroethane, ketones such as acetone, chloroform, ethyl acetate, MEK, methylene chloride, methylene dichloride, phenol, N-methylpyrolldone).

This product is not designed for aqueous wash.

Housing

The transceiver housing is made from zinc.

4.2 Electrostatic Discharge

Handling

Normal electrostatic discharge (ESD) precautions are required during the handling of this module. This transceiver is shipped in ESD protective packaging. It should be removed from the packaging and otherwise handled in an ESD protected environment utilizing standard grounded benches, floor mats, and wrist straps.

Test and Operation

In most applications, the optical connector will protrude through the system chassis and be subjected to the same ESD environment as the system. Once properly installed in the system, this transceiver should meet and exceed common ESD testing practices and fulfill system ESD requirements.

Typical of optical transceivers, this module's receiver contains a highly sensitive optical detector and amplifier which may become temporarily saturated during an ESD strike. This could result in a short burst of bit errors. Such an event might require that the application re-acquire synchronization at the higher layers (for example, a serializer/deserializer chip).



4.3 Eye Safety

The transceiver is an international Class 1 laser product per IEC 60825-1 second edition 2007. The transceiver is an eye-safe device when operated within the limits of this specification.

Operating this product in a manner inconsistent with intended usage and specification may result in hazardous radiation exposure.





Caution!

Tampering with this laser-based product or operating this product outside the limits of this specification may be considered an act of "manufacturing," and will require, under law, recertification of the modified product with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (21 CFR 1040).

Ordering Information	

For more information on this or other products and their availability, please contact your local JDSU account manager or JDSU directly at 1-800-498-JDSU (1-800-498-5378) in North America and +800-5378-JDSU (+800-5378-5378) worldwide or via e-mail at customer.service@jdsu.com.

Product Code	Description
JXP-01LMAD1	OC-192 SR-1, 10GbE/FC LR/LW, 1310 nm, Commercial temperature range 10 Gbps XFP optical transceiver
JXP-01LWAC1	10GbE/FC LR/LW, 1310 nm, Commercial temperature range 10 Gbps XFP optical transceiver
JXP-01LEAC1	10GbE/FC LR/LW, 1310 nm, Extended temperature range 10 Gbps XFP optical transceiver

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