

# M36L0R8060T0 M36L0R8060B0

256 Mbit (Multiple Bank, Multi-Level, Burst) Flash Memory 64 Mbit (Burst) PSRAM, 1.8V Supply, Multi-Chip Package

PRELIMINARY DATA

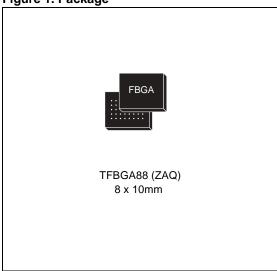
#### FEATURES SUMMARY

- MULTI-CHIP PACKAGE
  - 1 die of 256 Mbit (16Mb x16, Multiple Bank, Multi-level, Burst) Flash Memory
  - 1 die of 64 Mbit (4Mb x16) Pseudo SRAM
- SUPPLY VOLTAGE
  - V<sub>DDF</sub> = V<sub>CCP</sub> = V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 1.7 to 1.95V
  - V<sub>PP</sub> = 9V for fast program
- ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE
  - Manufacturer Code: 20h
  - Top Device Code M36L0R8060T0: 880Dh
  - Bottom Device Code M36L0R8060B0: 880Eh
- PACKAGE
  - Compliant with Lead-Free Soldering Processes
  - Lead-Free Versions

## **FLASH MEMORY**

- SYNCHRONOUS / ASYNCHRONOUS READ
  - Synchronous Burst Read mode: 54MHz
  - Asynchronous Page Read mode
  - Random Access: 85ns
- SYNCHRONOUS BURST READ SUSPEND
- PROGRAMMING TIME
  - 10µs typical Word program time using Buffer Enhanced Factory Program command
- MEMORY ORGANIZATION
  - Multiple Bank Memory Array: 16 Mbit Banks
  - Parameter Blocks (Top or Bottom location)
- DUAL OPERATIONS
  - program/erase in one Bank while read in others
  - No delay between read and write operations
- SECURITY
  - 64 bit unique device number
  - 2112 bit user programmable OTP Cells

# Figure 1. Package



- BLOCK LOCKING
  - All blocks locked at power-up
  - Any combination of blocks can be locked with zero latency
  - WP<sub>F</sub> for Block Lock-Down
  - Absolute Write Protection with V<sub>PPF</sub> = V<sub>SS</sub>
- COMMON FLASH INTERFACE (CFI)
- 100,000 PROGRAM/ERASE CYCLES per BLOCK

#### **PSRAM**

- ACCESS TIME: 70ns
- ASYNCHRONOUS PAGE READ
  - Page Size: 16 words
  - Subsequent read within page: 20ns
- LOW POWER FEATURES
  - Temperature Compensated Refresh (TCR)
  - Partial Array Refresh (PAR)
  - Deep Power-Down (DPD) Mode
- SYNCHRONOUS BURST READ/WRITE

December 2004 1/18

This is preliminary information on a new product now in development or undergoing evaluation. Details are subject to change without notice.

# M36L0R8060T0, M36L0R8060B0

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

FEATURES SUMMARY	1
FLASH MEMORY	1
Figure 1. Package	1
PSRAM	1
OUMMARY RECORDED TO N	
SUMMARY DESCRIPTION	
Figure 2. Logic Diagram	
Table 1. Signal Names	
Figure 3. TFBGA Connections (Top view through package)	5
SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS	6
Address Inputs (A0-A23).	
Data Input/Output (DQ0-DQ15)	
Latch Enable (L)	
Clock (K)	
Wait (WAIT).	
Flash Chip Enable (E <sub>F</sub> )	
Flash Output Enable (G <sub>F</sub> )	
Flash Write Enable (WF)	
Flash Write Protect (WP <sub>F</sub> ).	
Flash Reset (RP <sub>F</sub> ).	
PSRAM Write Frakle (M.)	
PSRAM Write Enable (WP)	
PSRAM Jupper Byte Enable (GP)	
PSRAM Upper Byte Enable (UB <sub>P</sub> )	
PSRAM Lower Byte Enable (LB <sub>P</sub> )	
V <sub>DDF</sub> Supply Voltage	
V <sub>CCP</sub> Supply Voltage	
V <sub>DDQ</sub> Supply Voltage	
V <sub>PPF</sub> Program Supply Voltage	
V <sub>SS</sub> Ground	
V 55 Olouna	
FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	8
Figure 4. Functional Block Diagram	8
Table 2. Main Operating Modes	
FLASH MEMORY DEVICES	10
PSRAM DEVICE	10
MAXIMUM RATING	44
Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings	11

2/18

# M36L0R8060T0, M36L0R8060B0

DC AND AC	PARAMETERS12	2
Table 4.	Operating and AC Measurement Conditions	2
	AC Measurement I/O Waveform	
Figure 6.	AC Measurement Load Circuit12	2
Table 5.	Device Capacitance	2
Table 6.	Flash Memory DC Characteristics - Currents	3
Table 7.	Flash Memory DC Characteristics - Voltages	1
Table 8.	PSRAM DC Characteristics	1
PACKAGE N	IECHANICAL	5
Figure 7.	TFBGA88 8x10mm, 8x10 ball array - 0.8mm pitch, Bottom View Package Outline 15	5
Table 9.	Stacked TFBGA88 8x10mm - 8x10 active ball array, 0.8mm pitch, Package Data 15	5
PART NUMB	ERING	3
Table 10.	Ordering Information Scheme	3
REVISION H	ISTORY17	7
Table 11	Document Revision History 17	7

## SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

The M36L0R8060T0 and M36L0R8060B0 combine two memory devices in a Multi-Chip Package: a 256-Mbit, Multiple Bank Flash memory, the M30L0R8000T0 or M30L0R8000B0, and a 64-Mbit PseudoSRAM, the M69KR096A. Recommended operating conditions do not allow more than one memory to be active at the same time.

The memory is offered in a Stacked TFBGA88 (8 x 10mm, 8x10 ball array, 0.8mm pitch) package. In addition to the standard version, the packages are also available in Lead-free version, in compliance with JEDEC Std J-STD-020B, the ST ECOPACK 7191395 Specification, and the RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) directive.

All packages are compliant with Lead-free soldering processes.

The memory is supplied with all the bits erased (set to '1').

Figure 2. Logic Diagram

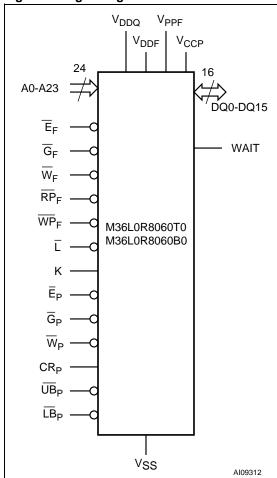
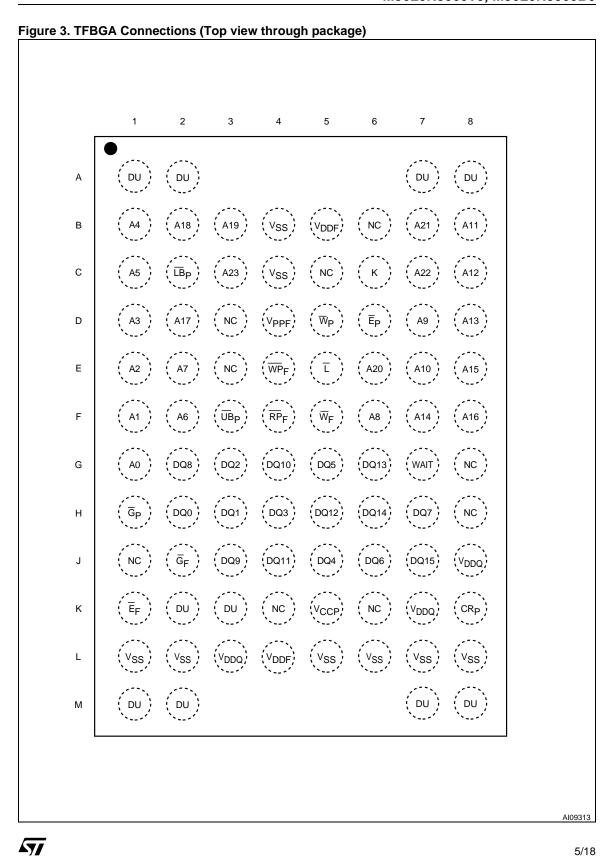


Table 1. Signal Names

DQ0-DQ15       Common Data Input/Output         Ē       Latch Enable input for Flash memory and PSRAM         K       Burst Clock for Flash memory and PSRAM         WAIT       Wait Data in Burst Mode for Flash memory and PSRAM         VDDF       Flash Memory Power Supply         VDDQ       Common Flash and PSRAM Power Supply for I/O Buffers         VPPF       Flash Optional Supply Voltage for Fast Program & Erase         VSS       Ground         VCCP       PSRAM Power Supply         NC       Not Connected Internally         DU       Do Not Use as Internally Connected         Flash Memory Signals       EF         EF       Chip Enable input         WF       Write Enable input         WF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signats       EP         EP       Chip Enable Input         GP       Output Enable Input         WP       Write Enable Input         WP       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         UBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	A0-A23	Address Inputs
K Burst Clock for Flash memory and PSRAM  WAIT Wait Data in Burst Mode for Flash memory and PSRAM  VDDF Flash Memory Power Supply  VDDQ Common Flash and PSRAM Power Supply for I/O Buffers  VPPF Flash Optional Supply Voltage for Fast Program & Erase  VSS Ground  VCCP PSRAM Power Supply  NC Not Connected Internally  DU Do Not Use as Internally Connected  Flash Memory Signals  FF Chip Enable input  GF Output Enable Input  RPF Reset input  WPF Write Protect input  PSRAM Signals  FP Chip Enable Input  GP Output Enable Input  CRP Configuration Register Enable Input	DQ0-DQ15	Common Data Input/Output
WAIT  Wait Data in Burst Mode for Flash memory and PSRAM  VDDF  Flash Memory Power Supply  Common Flash and PSRAM Power Supply for I/O Buffers  Flash Optional Supply Voltage for Fast Program & Erase  VSS  Ground  VCCP  PSRAM Power Supply  NC  Not Connected Internally  DU  Do Not Use as Internally Connected  Flash Memory Signals  Fr  Chip Enable input  Gr  Wr  Write Enable Input  RPr  Reset input  WPr  Write Protect input  PSRAM Signals  Fr  Chip Enable Input  Chip Enable Input  ROP  Write Protect input  CRP  Configuration Register Enable Input  UBP  Upper Byte Enable Input	Ī	
WATT       memory and PSRAM         VDDF       Flash Memory Power Supply         VDDQ       Common Flash and PSRAM Power Supply for I/O Buffers         VPPF       Flash Optional Supply Voltage for Fast Program & Erase         VSS       Ground         VCCP       PSRAM Power Supply         NC       Not Connected Internally         DU       Do Not Use as Internally Connected         Flash Memory Signals         ĒF       Chip Enable input         ѾF       Write Enable input         ѾF       Write Enable input         RPF       Reset input         WPF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         ĒP       Chip Enable Input         ĞP       Output Enable Input         WP       Write Enable Input         WP       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         UBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	К	
VDDQ       Common Flash and PSRAM Power Supply for I/O Buffers         VPPF       Flash Optional Supply Voltage for Fast Program & Erase         VSS       Ground         VCCP       PSRAM Power Supply         NC       Not Connected Internally         DU       Do Not Use as Internally Connected         Flash Memory Signals         ĒF       Chip Enable input         ѾF       Write Enable Input         ѾF       Write Protect input         WPF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         ĒP       Chip Enable Input         ĞP       Output Enable Input         ѾP       Write Enable Input         ÜP       Configuration Register Enable Input         UBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	WAIT	
VDDQ       Supply for I/O Buffers         VPPF       Flash Optional Supply Voltage for Fast Program & Erase         VSS       Ground         VCCP       PSRAM Power Supply         NC       Not Connected Internally         DU       Do Not Use as Internally Connected         Flash Memory Signals         ĒF       Chip Enable input         ѾF       Write Enable Input         RPF       Reset input         WPF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         ĒP       Chip Enable Input         ĞP       Output Enable Input         ѾP       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         UBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	$V_{DDF}$	Flash Memory Power Supply
VSS Ground  VCCP PSRAM Power Supply  NC Not Connected Internally  DU Do Not Use as Internally Connected  Flash Memory Signals  E F Chip Enable input  WF Write Enable Input  WPF Write Protect input  PSRAM Signals  E P Chip Enable Input  WPF Urite Protect input  PSRAM Signals  E P Chip Enable Input  WPF Urite Protect input  CRP Configuration Register Enable Input  UBP Upper Byte Enable Input	$V_{DDQ}$	
VCCP       PSRAM Power Supply         NC       Not Connected Internally         DU       Do Not Use as Internally Connected         Flash Memory Signals         ĒF       Chip Enable input         ĞF       Output Enable Input         WF       Write Enable input         RPF       Reset input         WPF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         ĒP       Chip Enable Input         ĞP       Output Enable Input         WP       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         UBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	$V_{PPF}$	
NC Not Connected Internally  DU Do Not Use as Internally Connected  Flash Memory Signals  \overline{\overline{\textit{F}}}  \overline{\text{G}}  \overline{\text{G}}  \overline{\text{Output Enable input}}  \overline{\text{WF}}  \overline{\text{WPF}}  \overline{\text{Write Enable input}}  \overline{\text{WPF}}  \overline{\text{Write Protect input}}  \overline{\text{PSRAM Signals}}  \overline{\text{G}}  \overline{\text{G}}  \overline{\text{Output Enable Input}}  \overline{\text{G}}  \overline{\text{WP}}  \overline{\text{Write Enable Input}}  \overline{\text{WP}}  \overline{\text{UBP}}  \overline{\text{Upper Byte Enable Input}}  \overline{\text{UPP}}  \overline{\text{Upper Byte Enable Input}}  \overline{\text{UPP}}  \overline{\text{UPPP Byte Enable Input}}  \overline{\text{UPPP Byte Enable Input}}	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
DU       Do Not Use as Internally Connected         Flash Memory Signals         ĒF       Chip Enable input         ĞF       Output Enable Input         ₩F       Write Enable input         ₩PF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         ĒP       Chip Enable Input         ĞP       Output Enable Input         ₩P       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         ŪBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	V <sub>CCP</sub>	PSRAM Power Supply
Flash Memory Signals  \overline{\overline{\textit{E}_F}} Chip Enable input  \overline{\overline{\text{G}_F}} Output Enable Input  \overline{\text{WF}} Write Enable input  \overline{\text{RP}_F} Reset input  \overline{\text{WPF}} Write Protect input  PSRAM Signals  \overline{\overline{\text{E}_P}} Chip Enable Input  \overline{\overline{\text{G}_P}} Output Enable Input  \overline{\text{WP}} Write Enable Input  \overline{\text{VP}_P} Urite Enable Input  \overline{\text{UR}_P} Upper Byte Enable Input	NC	Not Connected Internally
ĒF       Chip Enable input         ĀF       Output Enable Input         ₩F       Write Enable input         ₹PF       Reset input         ₩PF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         ₹P       Chip Enable Input         ĞP       Output Enable Input         ₩P       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         ŪBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	DU	Do Not Use as Internally Connected
\$\overline{G}_F\$       Output Enable Input         \$\overline{W}_F\$       Write Enable input         \$\overline{RP}_F\$       Reset input         \$\overline{WP}_F\$       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         \$\overline{E}_P\$       Chip Enable Input         \$\overline{G}_P\$       Output Enable Input         \$\overline{W}_P\$       Write Enable Input         \$\overline{UR}_P\$       Configuration Register Enable Input         \$\overline{UB}_P\$       Upper Byte Enable Input	Flash Memory	Signals
WF       Write Enable input         RPF       Reset input         WPF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         EP       Chip Enable Input         GP       Output Enable Input         WP       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         UBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	Ē <sub>F</sub>	Chip Enable input
RPF       Reset input         WPF       Write Protect input         PSRAM Signals         EP       Chip Enable Input         GP       Output Enable Input         WP       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         UBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	G <sub>F</sub>	Output Enable Input
WPF     Write Protect input       PSRAM Signals       ĒP     Chip Enable Input       ĞP     Output Enable Input       WP     Write Enable Input       CRP     Configuration Register Enable Input       UBP     Upper Byte Enable Input	$\overline{W}_F$	Write Enable input
PSRAM Signals  E P Chip Enable Input  Output Enable Input  W P Write Enable Input  CRP Configuration Register Enable Input  UBP Upper Byte Enable Input	RP <sub>F</sub>	Reset input
\$\overline{E}_P\$       Chip Enable Input         \$\overline{G}_P\$       Output Enable Input         \$\overline{W}_P\$       Write Enable Input         \$CR_P\$       Configuration Register Enable Input         \$\overline{UB}_P\$       Upper Byte Enable Input	WP <sub>F</sub>	Write Protect input
GP     Output Enable Input       WP     Write Enable Input       CRP     Configuration Register Enable Input       UBP     Upper Byte Enable Input	PSRAM Signal	s
WP       Write Enable Input         CRP       Configuration Register Enable Input         UBP       Upper Byte Enable Input	Ē <sub>P</sub>	Chip Enable Input
CRP Configuration Register Enable Input  UBP Upper Byte Enable Input	G <sub>P</sub>	Output Enable Input
UBp Upper Byte Enable Input	$\overline{W}_P$	Write Enable Input
=	CR <sub>P</sub>	Configuration Register Enable Input
ID Lawren Brets E. 11. 1	UB <sub>P</sub>	Upper Byte Enable Input
LB <sub>P</sub> Lower Byte Enable Input	15	Lower Byte Enable Input

5/18



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## SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

See Figure 2., Logic Diagram and Table 1., Signal Names, for a brief overview of the signals connected to this device.

Address Inputs (A0-A23). Addresses A0-A21 are common inputs for the Flash memory and PSRAM components. The other lines (A23-A22) are inputs for the Flash memory component only.

The Address Inputs select the cells in the memory array to access during Bus Read operations. During Bus Write operations they control the commands sent to the Command Interface of the Flash memory internal state machine or they select the cells to access in the PSRAM.

The Flash memory is accessed through the Chip Enable signal ( $\overline{E}_F$ ) and through the Write Enable signal ( $W_F$ ), while the PSRAM is accessed through the Chip Enable signal ( $E_P$ ) and the Write Enable signal ( $W_P$ ).

**Data Input/Output (DQ0-DQ15).** The Data I/O output the data stored at the selected address during a Bus Read operation or input a command or the data to be programmed during a Bus Write operation.

For the PSRAM component, the upper Byte Data Inputs/Outputs (DQ8-DQ15) carry the data to or from the upper part of the selected address when Upper Byte Enable (UBp) is driven Low. The lower Byte Data Inputs/Outputs (DQ0-DQ7) carry the data to or from the lower part of the selected address when Lower Byte Enable (LBp) is driven Low. When both UBp and LBp are disabled, the Data Inputs/ Outputs are high impedance.

**Latch Enable (L).** The Latch Enable pin is common to the Flash memory and PSRAM components.

For details of how the Latch Enable signal behaves, please refer to the datasheets of the respective memory components: M69KR096A for the PSRAM and M30L0R8000T/B0 for the Flash memory.

**Clock (K).** The Clock input pin is common to the Flash memory and PSRAM components.

For details of how the Clock signal behaves, please refer to the datasheets of the respective memory components: M69KR096A for the PSRAM and M30L0R8000T/B0 for the Flash memory.

**Wait (WAIT).** WAIT is an output pin common to the Flash memory and PSRAM components. However the WAIT signal does not behave in the same way for the PSRAM and the Flash memory.

For details of how it behaves, please refer to the M69KR096A datasheet for the PSRAM and to the M30L0R8000T/B0 datasheet for the Flash memory.

Flash Chip Enable ( $\overline{E}_F$ ). The Flash Chip Enable input activates the control logic, input buffers, decoders and sense amplifiers of the Flash memory component. When Chip Enable is Low,  $V_{IL}$ , and Reset is High,  $V_{IH}$ , the device is in active mode. When Chip Enable is at  $V_{IH}$  the Flash memory is deselected, the outputs are high impedance and the power consumption is reduced to the standby level.

Flash Output Enable  $(\overline{G_F})$ . The Output Enable pin controls the data outputs during Flash memory Bus Read operations.

Flash Write Enable ( $\overline{W_F}$ ). The Write Enable controls the Bus Write operation of the Flash memories' Command Interface. The data and address inputs are latched on the rising edge of Chip Enable or Write Enable whichever occurs first.

**Flash Write Protect (WP<sub>F</sub>).** Write Protect is an input that gives an additional hardware protection for each block. When Write Protect is Low, V<sub>IL</sub>, Lock-Down is enabled and the protection status of the Locked-Down blocks cannot be changed. When Write Protect is at High, V<sub>IH</sub>, Lock-Down is disabled and the Locked-Down blocks can be locked or unlocked. (See the Lock Status Table in the M30L0R8000T0/B0 datasheet).

Flash Reset (RP<sub>F</sub>). The Reset input provides a hardware reset of the Flash memory. When Reset is at  $V_{IL}$ , the memory is in Reset mode: the outputs are high impedance and the current consumption is reduced to the Reset Supply Current  $I_{DD2}$ . Refer to Table 6., Flash Memory DC Characteristics - Currents, for the value of  $I_{DD2}$ . After Reset all blocks are in the Locked state and the Configuration Register is reset. When Reset is at  $V_{IH}$ , the device is in normal operation. Exiting Reset mode the device enters Asynchronous Read mode, but a negative transition of Chip Enable or Latch Enable is required to ensure valid data outputs.

The Reset pin can be interfaced with 3V logic without any additional circuitry. It can be tied to  $V_{RPH}$  (refer to Table 7., Flash Memory DC Characteristics - Voltages).

**PSRAM Chip Enable input (E<sub>P</sub>).** The Chip Enable input activates the PSRAM when driven Low (asserted). When deasserted (V<sub>IH</sub>), the device is disabled, and goes automatically in low-power Standby mode or Deep Power-down mode.

**PSRAM Write Enable (Wp).** Write Enable,  $\overline{W}_P$ , controls the Bus Write operation of the PSRAM. When asserted (V<sub>IL</sub>), the device is in Write mode and Write operations can be performed either to the configuration registers or to the memory array.

**PSRAM Output Enable (GP). O**utput Enable, GP, provides a high speed tri-state control, allow-

ing fast read/write cycles to be achieved with the common I/O data bus.

**PSRAM Upper Byte Enable (UBp).** The Upper Byte En-able, UBp, gates the data on the Upper Byte Data Inputs/Outputs (DQ8-DQ15) to or from the upper part of the selected address during a Write or Read operation.

**PSRAM Lower Byte Enable (LBp).** The Lower Byte Enable, LBp, gates the data on the Lower Byte Data Inputs/Outputs (DQ0-DQ7) to or from the lower part of the selected address during a Write or Read operation.

If both LB<sub>P</sub> and UB<sub>P</sub> are disabled (High) during an operation, the device will disable the data bus from receiving or transmitting data. Although the device will seem to be deselected, it remains in an active mode as long as E<sub>P</sub> remains Low.

## PSRAM Configuration Register Enable (CR<sub>P</sub>).

When this signal is driven High,  $V_{IH}$ , Write operations load either the value of the Refresh Configuration Register (RCR) or the Bus configuration register (BCR).

**V<sub>DDF</sub> Supply Voltage.** V<sub>DDF</sub> provides the power supply to the internal core of the Flash memory. It is the main power supply for all Flash memory operations (Read, Program and Erase).

 $V_{CCP}$  Supply Voltage.  $V_{CCP}$  provides the power supply to the internal core of the PSRAM device. It is the main power supply for all PSRAM operations

**V<sub>DDQ</sub> Supply Voltage.** V<sub>DDQ</sub> provides the power supply for the Flash and PSRAM I/O pins. This allows all Outputs to be powered independently of

the Flash and SRAM core power supplies,  $V_{DDF}$  and  $V_{CCP}$ .

**VPPF Program Supply Voltage.** VPPF is both a Flash control input and a Flash power supply pin. The two functions are selected by the voltage range applied to the pin.

If  $V_{PPF}$  is kept in a low voltage range (0V to  $V_{DDQ}$ )  $V_{PPF}$  is seen as a control input. In this case a voltage lower than  $V_{PPLK}$  gives an absolute protection against Program or Erase, while  $V_{PPF} > V_{PP1}$  enables these functions (see Tables 6 and 7, DC Characteristics for the relevant values).  $V_{PPF}$  is only sampled at the beginning of a Program or Erase; a change in its value after the operation has started does not have any effect and Program or Erase operations continue.

If V<sub>PPF</sub> is in the range of V<sub>PPH</sub> it acts as a power supply pin. In this condition V<sub>PPF</sub> must be stable until the Program/Erase algorithm is completed.

**V<sub>SS</sub> Ground.** V<sub>SS</sub> is the common ground reference for all voltage measurements in the Flash (core and I/O Buffers) and PSRAM chips. It must be connected to the system ground.

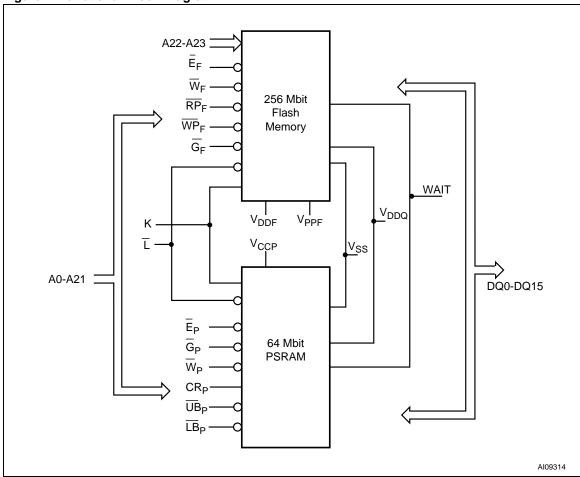
Note: Each Flash memory device in a system should have their supply voltage (V<sub>DDF</sub>) and the program supply voltage V<sub>PPF</sub> decoupled with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor close to the pin (high frequency, inherently low inductance capacitors should be as close as possible to the package). See Figure 6., AC Measurement Load Circuit. The PCB track widths should be sufficient to carry the required V<sub>PPF</sub> program and erase currents.

# **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The PSRAM and Flash memory components have separate power supplies but share the same grounds. They are distinguished by two Chip Enable inputs:  $\bar{E}_F$  for the Flash memory and  $\bar{E}_P$  for the PSRAM.

Recommended operating conditions do not allow more than one device to be active at a time. The most common example is simultaneous read operations on one of the Flash and the PSRAM which would result in a data bus contention. Therefore it is recommended to put the other devices in the high impedance state when reading the selected device.

Figure 4. Functional Block Diagram



**Table 2. Main Operating Modes** 

Operation	ĒF	G <sub>F</sub>	W <sub>F</sub>	L <sub>F</sub>	RP <sub>F</sub>	WAIT <sub>F</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>	Ε <sub>P</sub>	CR <sub>P</sub>	G <sub>P</sub>	W <sub>P</sub>	LB <sub>P</sub> ,UB <sub>P</sub>	DQ15-DQ0
Flash Read	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>IH</sub>							Flash Data Out
Flash Write	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>IH</sub>		ı	PSRAM	1 must l	oe disa	bled.	Flash Data In
Flash Address Latch	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>							Flash Data Out or Hi-Z (3)
Flash Output Disable	VIL	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	V <sub>IH</sub>							Hi-Z
Flash Standby	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	Х	Х	V <sub>IH</sub>	Hi-Z	Ar	ny PSR.	AM mo	de is al	lowed.	Hi-Z
Flash Reset	Х	Х	Х	Х	VIL	Hi-Z						Hi-Z
PSRAM Read							V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	PSRAM data out
PSRAM Write	Th	ne Flas	sh mer	nory mu	ust be d	disabled	$V_{IL}$	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	PSRAM data in
PSRAM Write Configuration Register		The Flash memory must be disabled					V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	PSRAM data in
PSRAM Standby		Any Flash mode is allowed.				and	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	Х	Х	Hi-Z
PSRAM Deep Power-Down		Ally	1 14511	mode i	s allow	eu.	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	Х	Х	Х	Hi-Z

Note: 1. X = Don't care.
2. L<sub>F</sub> can be tied to V<sub>IH</sub> if the valid address has been previously latched.
3. Depends on G<sub>F</sub>.
4. WAIT signal polarity is configured using the Set Configuration Register command. See the M30L0R8000T0 datasheet for details.

# **FLASH MEMORY DEVICES**

The M36L0R8060T0 and M36L0R8060B0 contain a 256 Mbit Flash memory. For detailed information on how to use the device, refer to the

M30L0R8000(T/B)0 datasheet which is available from your local STMicroelectronics distributor.

# **PSRAM DEVICE**

The M36L0R8060T0 and M36L0R8060B0 contain a 64Mbit PSRAM. For detailed information on how to use the device, see the M69KR096A datasheet

which is available from your local STMicroelectronics distributor.

# **MAXIMUM RATING**

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not im-

plied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality documents

**Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Symbol	Parameter	Va	Unit	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient Operating Temperature	-25	85	℃
T <sub>BIAS</sub>	Temperature Under Bias	-25	85	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65	125	°C
T <sub>LEAD</sub>	Lead Temperature during Soldering		(1)	℃
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input or Output Voltage	-0.5	2.75	V
V <sub>DDF</sub> , V <sub>DDQ</sub> , V <sub>CCP</sub>	Core and Input/Output Supply Voltages	-0.2	2.45	V
V <sub>PPF</sub>	Flash Program Voltage	-0.2	10	V
Io	Output Short Circuit Current		100	mA
tvppfh	Time for V <sub>PPF</sub> at V <sub>PPFH</sub>		100	hours

Note: 1. Compliant with the JEDEC Std J-STD-020B (for small body, Sn-Pb or Pb assembly), the ST ECOPACK® 7191395 specification, and the European directive on Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) 2002/95/EU.

# DC AND AC PARAMETERS

This section summarizes the operating measurement conditions, and the DC and AC characteristics of the device. The parameters in the DC and AC characteristics Tables that follow, are derived from tests performed under the Measurement

Conditions summarized in Table 4., Operating and AC Measurement Conditions. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their circuit match the operating conditions when relying on the quoted parameters.

**Table 4. Operating and AC Measurement Conditions** 

Parameter	Flash I	Memory	PSF	RAM	Unit
Farameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	- Ollit
V <sub>DDF</sub> Supply Voltage	1.7	1.95	_	-	V
V <sub>CCP</sub> Supply Voltage	-	_	1.7	1.95	V
V <sub>DDQ</sub> Supply Voltage	1.7	1.95	1.7	1.95	V
V <sub>PPF</sub> Supply Voltage (Factory environment)	8.5	9.5	_	-	V
V <sub>PPF</sub> Supply Voltage (Application environment)	-0.4	V <sub>DDQ</sub> +0.4	_	-	V
Ambient Operating Temperature	-25	85	-25	85	°C
Load Capacitance (C <sub>L</sub> )	3	30	3	30	pF
Output Circuit Resistors (R <sub>1</sub> , R <sub>2</sub> )	10	6.7	16	6.7	kΩ
Input Rise and Fall Times		5			ns
Input Pulse Voltages	0 to	$V_{DDQ}$	0 to	$V_{DDQ}$	V
Input and Output Timing Ref. Voltages	V <sub>DI</sub>	<sub>DQ</sub> /2	V <sub>DI</sub>	V	

Figure 5. AC Measurement I/O Waveform

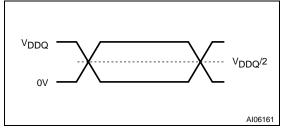
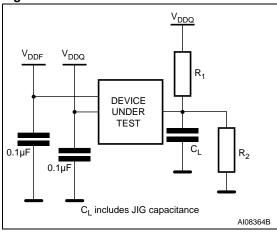


Figure 6. AC Measurement Load Circuit



**Table 5. Device Capacitance** 

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Test Condition		Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0V$		14	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		18	pF

Note: Sampled only, not 100% tested.

**Table 6. Flash Memory DC Characteristics - Currents** 

Symbol	Parameter Test Condition			Max	Unit
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{DDQ}$		±1	μΑ
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{DDQ}$		±1	μΑ
	Supply Current Asynchronous Read (f=5MHz)	$\overline{E}_F = V_{IL}, \overline{G}_F = V_{IH}$	13	15	mA
		4 Word	16	18	mA
$I_{DD1}$	Supply Current	8 Word	18	20	mA
	Synchronous Read (f=54MHz)	16 Word	23	25	mA
		Continuous	25	27	mA
I <sub>DD2</sub>	Supply Current (Reset)	$\overline{RP}_F = V_{SS} \pm 0.2V$	50	110	μΑ
I <sub>DD3</sub>	Supply Current (Standby)	$\overline{E}_F = V_{DDF} \pm 0.2V$	50	110	μΑ
I <sub>DD4</sub>	Supply Current (Automatic Standby)	$\overline{E}_F = V_{IL}, \overline{G}_F = V_{IH}$	50	110	μΑ
	Cupply Current (Dragram)	V <sub>PPF</sub> = V <sub>PPH</sub>	8	15	mA
. (1)	Supply Current (Program)	V <sub>PPF</sub> = V <sub>DDF</sub>	10	20	mA
I <sub>DD5</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Supply Current (Erase)	V <sub>PPF</sub> = V <sub>PPH</sub>	8	15	mA
	Supply Current (Erase)	V <sub>PPF</sub> = V <sub>DDF</sub>	10	20	mA
I <sub>DD6</sub> (1,2)	Supply Current	Program/Erase in one Bank, Asynchronous Read in another Bank	23	35	mA
IDD6 (1,2)	(Dual Operations)	Program/Erase in one Bank, Synchronous Read (Continuous f=54MHz) in another Bank	35	47	mA
I <sub>DD7</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Supply Current Program/ Erase Suspended (Standby)	$\overline{E}_F = V_{DDF} \pm 0.2V$	50	110	μA
	V <sub>PPF</sub> Supply Current (Program)	V <sub>PPF</sub> = V <sub>PPH</sub>	2	5	mA
. (1)	VPPF Supply Current (Frogram)	V <sub>PPF</sub> = V <sub>DDF</sub>	0.2	5	μΑ
I <sub>PP1</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>PPF</sub> Supply Current (Erase)	V <sub>PPF</sub> = V <sub>PPH</sub>	2	5	mA
	VPPF Supply Current (Etase)	V <sub>PPF</sub> = V <sub>DDF</sub>	0.2	5	μΑ
I <sub>PP2</sub>	V <sub>PPF</sub> Supply Current (Read)	V <sub>PPF</sub> ≤ V <sub>DDF</sub>	0.2	5	μΑ
I <sub>PP3</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>PPF</sub> Supply Current (Standby)	V <sub>PPF</sub> ≤ V <sub>DDF</sub>	0.2	5	μΑ

Note: 1. Sampled only, not 100% tested.
2. V<sub>DDF</sub> Dual Operation current is the sum of read and program or erase currents.
3. The total standby current should be calculates as the sum of the Flash memory standby current plus the PSRAM standby current.

Table 7. Flash Memory DC Characteristics - Voltages

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage		0		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		V <sub>DDQ</sub> -0.4		V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.4	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = 100\mu A$			0.1	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100\mu A$	V <sub>DDQ</sub> -0.1			V
V <sub>PP1</sub>	V <sub>PPF</sub> Program Voltage-Logic	Program, Erase	1.1	1.8	3.3	V
V <sub>PPH</sub>	V <sub>PPF</sub> Program Voltage Factory	Program, Erase	8.5	9.0	9.5	V
V <sub>PPLK</sub>	Program or Erase Lockout				0.4	V
V <sub>LKO</sub>	V <sub>DDF</sub> Lock Voltage		1			V
V <sub>RPH</sub>	RP <sub>F</sub> pin Extended High Voltage				3.3	V

#### **Table 8. PSRAM DC Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit
I <sub>CC1</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Operating Current: Asynchronous Random		70ns			25	mA
1001	Read/Write		85ns			20	mA
I <sub>CC1P</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Operating Current:		70ns			15	mA
ICCIP	Asynchronous Page Read		85ns			12	mA
	Operating Current:		104MHz			35	mA
I <sub>CC2</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Initial Access, Burst Read/Write	V <sub>CCP</sub> =V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ,	80MHz			35	mA
	Buist Read/Wille	$\overline{E}_P = V_IL, \\ I_OUT = 0mA$	66MHz			30	mA
		1001 – 011174	104MHz			20	mA
	ICC3R <sup>(1)</sup> Operating Current: Continuous Burst Read		80MHz			18	mA
			66MHz			15	mA
	On a setting Output		104MHz			35	mA
I <sub>CC3W</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Operating Current: Continuous Burst Write		80MHz			35	mA
			66MHz			30	mA
I <sub>SB</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> Standby Current	$V_{CCP} = V_{DDQ}$ or 0V, $\overline{E}_{F}$	$\rho = V_{IL}$			100	μΑ
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CCP}$				1	μΑ
I <sub>LO</sub> <sup>2</sup>	Output Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CCI}$	<b>&gt;</b>			1	μΑ
I <sub>ZZ</sub>	Deep-Power Down Current	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}^4$			10		μΑ
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage			1.4		V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.2	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage			-0.2		0.4	٧
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.2$ mA		0.8V <sub>DDQ</sub>			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = 0.2 \text{mA}$				0.2V <sub>DDQ</sub>	V

4. Operating Temperature is +25°C.

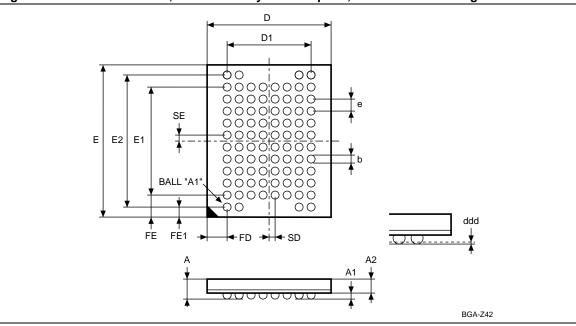
Note: 1. This parameter is specified with the outputs disabled to avoid external loading effects. The user must add the current required to drive the output capacitance expected in the actual system.

2. This device assumes a Standby mode if the chip is disabled (Ep High). It also automatically goes into Standby mode whenever all input signals are quiescent (not toggling), regardless of the state of E. In order to achieve low standby current, all inputs must be driven to either  $V_{DDQ}$  or  $V_{SS}$ .

<sup>3.</sup> ISB(Max) values are measured with RCR2 to RCR0 bits set to '000' (full array refresh) and RCR6 to RCR5 bits set to '11' (temperature compensated refresh threshold at +85°C).

# **PACKAGE MECHANICAL**

Figure 7. TFBGA88 8x10mm, 8x10 ball array - 0.8mm pitch, Bottom View Package Outline



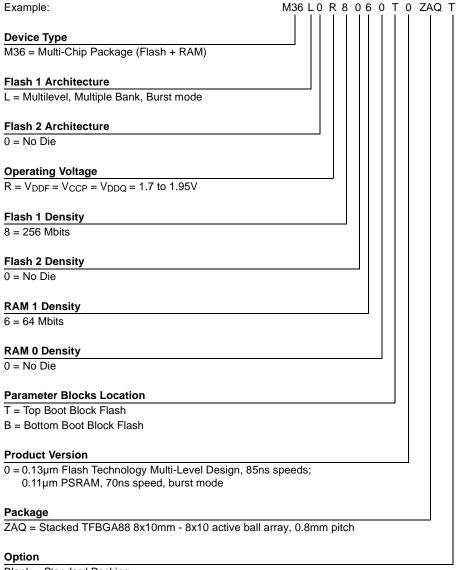
Note: Drawing is not to scale.

Table 9. Stacked TFBGA88 8x10mm - 8x10 active ball array, 0.8mm pitch, Package Data

Complete	millimeters				inches	
Symbol	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Max
А			1.200			0.0472
A1		0.200			0.0079	
A2	0.850			0.0335		
b	0.350	0.300	0.400	0.0138	0.0118	0.0157
D	8.000	7.900	8.100	0.3150	0.3110	0.3189
D1	5.600			0.2205		
ddd			0.100			0.0039
Е	10.000	9.900	10.100	0.3937	0.3898	0.3976
E1	7.200			0.2835		
E2	8.800			0.3465		
е	0.800	-	-	0.0315	-	_
FD	1.200			0.0472		
FE	1.400			0.0551		
FE1	0.600			0.0236		
SD	0.400			0.0157		
SE	0.400			0.0157		

#### **PART NUMBERING**

#### **Table 10. Ordering Information Scheme**



Blank = Standard Packing

T = Tape & Reel Packing

E = Lead-free and RoHS Standard packing

F = Lead-free and RoHS Tape & Reel packing

Devices are shipped from the factory with the memory content bits erased to '1'. For a list of available options (Speed, Package, etc.) or for further information on any aspect of this device, please contact the ST-Microelectronics Sales Office nearest to you.

# **REVISION HISTORY**

**Table 11. Document Revision History** 

Date	Version	Revision Details
29-Jan-2004	0.1	First Issue
09-Dec-2004	1.0	TFBGA88 package fully compliant with the ST ECOPACK specification.  Document status promoted from Target Specification to Preliminary Data.  Flash memory and PSRAM data updated to the version 0.3 of the M30L0R8000x0 and to the version 3.0 of the M69KR096A datasheet.

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**47/**