

Features

- Single chip solution with only a few external components
- Stand-alone fixed-frequency transceiver operation modes
- Programmable multi-channel transceiver operation modes
- Low current consumption in active mode and very low standby current
- PLL-stabilized RF VCO (LO) with internal varactor diode
- Lock detection in programmable channel applications
- 3wire bus serial control interface
- FSK/ASK modulation selection
- FSK for digital data and FM for analog signal reception
- RSSI allows signal strength indication and ASK detection
- Switchable LNA gain for improved dynamic range
- Automatic PA turn-on after PLL lock
- FM possible with external varactor
- ASK modulation achieved by on/off keying
- AFC option for extended input frequency acceptance range
- Surface mount package LQFP32

Ordering Information

Part No. (Engineering Samples)	Temperature Code	Package Code
TH7120 (TH7120-03)	E (-40 °C to 85 °C)	NE (LQFP32)

Application Examples

- General bi-directional half duplex digital data transmission or analog signal transmission
- Low-power telemetry
- Alarm and security systems
- Keyless car and central locking
- Domotics
- Model control

Technical Data Overview

- Frequency range: 300 MHz to 930 MHz for programmable channel applications
- 315 MHz, 433 MHz, 868 MHz or 915 MHz fixed-frequency single-channel variants
- Power supply range: 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- Temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C
- Standby current: 50 nA
- Operating current: 6.0 mA in receive mode at low gain
- Operating current 9.0 mA in transmit mode at 0 dBm output power
- Adjustable output power range from -15 dBm to +6 dBm
- Sensitivity: -103 dBm at FSK with 150 kHz IF filter BW
- Sensitivity: -105 dBm at ASK with 150 kHz IF filter BW
- Maximum data rate for FSK and ASK: 60 kbit/s NRZ
- Maximum input level: -10 dBm at FSK and -20 dBm at ASK
- Input frequency acceptance: ± 50 kHz (with AFC option)
- Frequency deviation range: ± 5 kHz to ± 100 kHz
- Maximum analog modulation frequency: 20 kHz
- 3 MHz to 12 MHz crystal reference

General Description

The TH7120 is a single chip FSK/FM/ASK transceiver IC. It is designed to operate in low-power multi-channel programmable or single-channel stand-alone, half-duplex data transmission systems. It can be used for ISM, SRD or any other application operating in the frequency ranging of 300 MHz to 930 MHz.

The TH7120 transceiver IC consists of the following building blocks:

- Low-noise amplifier (LNA) for high-sensitivity RF signal reception with switchable gain
- Mixer (MIX) for RF-to-IF down-conversion
- IF amplifier (IFA) to amplify and limit the IF signal and for RSSI generation
- Phase-coincidence demodulator with external ceramic discriminator (FSK Demodulator)
- Operational amplifier, connected to demodulator output (OA1)
- Operational amplifier, integrator circuit at FSK-AFC mode (OA2)
- Control logic with 3wire bus serial control interface (SCI)
- Reference oscillator (RO) with external crystal
- Reference divider (R counter)
- Programmable divider (N/A counter)
- Phase-frequency detector (PFD)
- Charge pump (CP)
- Voltage control oscillator (VCO) with internal varactor
- Power amplifier (PA) with adjustable output power

The transceiver can be used either as a 3wire-bus-controlled programmable or as a stand-alone fixed-frequency device. After power up, the transceiver is set to fixed-frequency mode. In this mode, pins FS0/SDEN and FS1/LD must be connected to V_{EE} or V_{CC} in order to set the desired frequency of operation. The logic levels at pins FS0/SDEN and FS1/LD must not be changed after power up in order to remain in fixed-frequency mode.

Channel frequency	433.92 MHz	868.3 MHz	315.0 MHz	915.0 MHz
FS0/SDEN	1	0	1	0
FS1/LD	0	0	1	1

After the first logic level change at pin FS0/SDEN, the transceiver enters into programmable mode while pin FS1/LD is now a PLL lock detector output. In this mode, the user can set any PLL frequency or mode of operation by the SCI.

In the fixed-frequency mode, the user can set the transceiver to Standby, Receive, Transmit or Idle (only PLL synthesizer active) mode via control pins RE/SCLK and TE/SDTA.

Operation mode	Standby	Receive	Transmit	Idle
RE/SCLK	0	1	0	1
TE/SDTA	0	0	1	1

Block Diagram

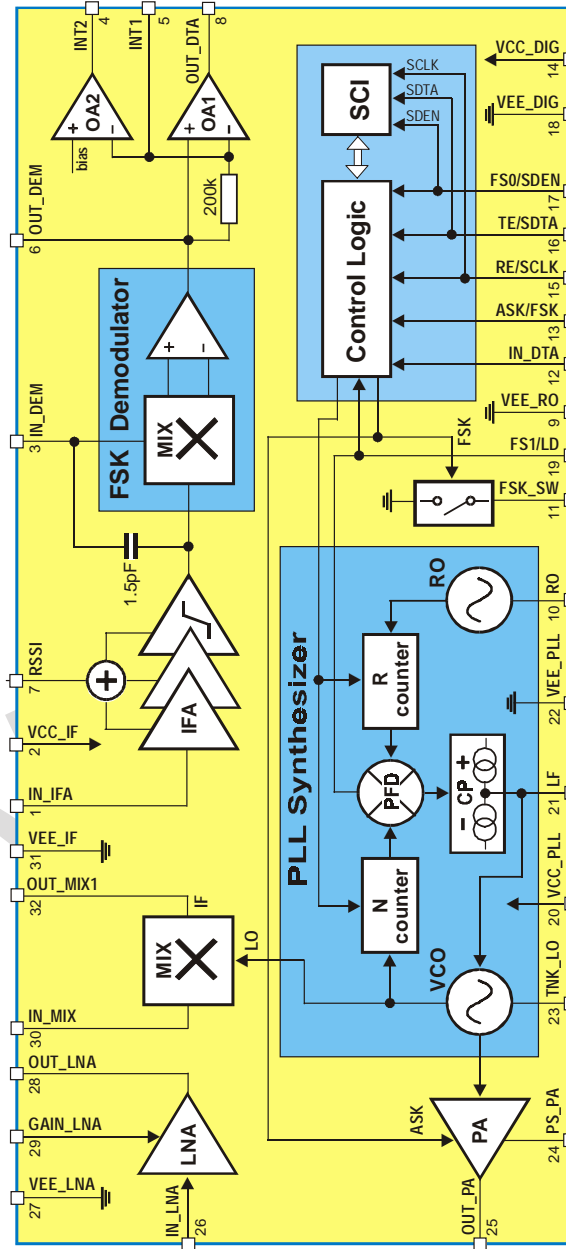
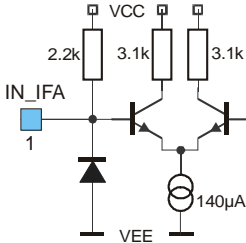
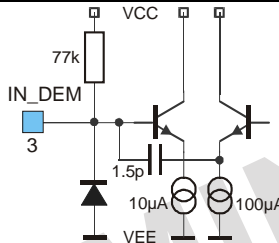
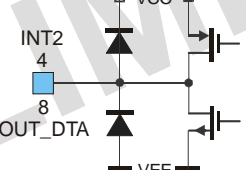
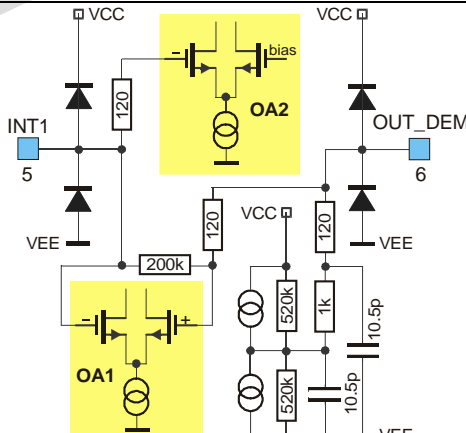
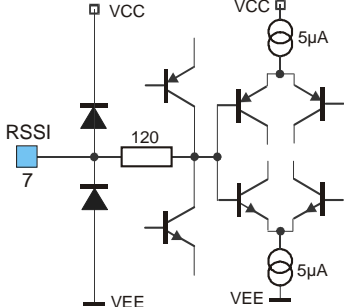
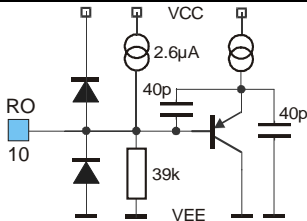
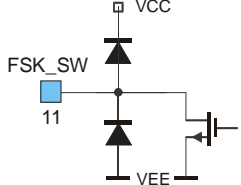
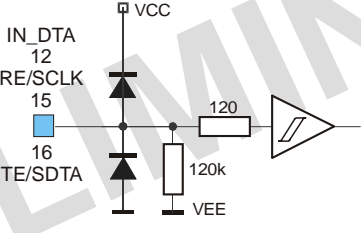
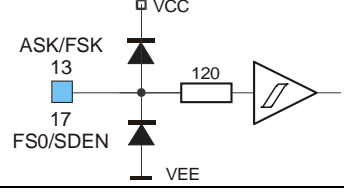
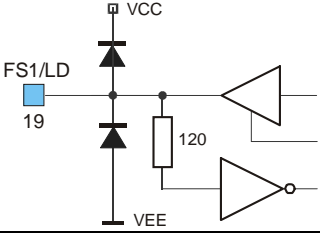


Figure 1: TH7120 block diagram

Pin Definition and Description

Pin No.	Name	I/O Type	Functional Schematic	Description
1	IN_IFA	input		IF amplifier input, approx. 2 kΩ single-ended
2	VCC_IF	supply		positive supply of LNA, MIX, IFA, FSK Demodulator, PA, OA1 and OA2
3	IN_DEM	analog I/O		IF amplifier output and demodulator input, connection to external ceramic discriminator
4	INT2	output		integrator output OA2
8	OUT_DTA	output		output OA1
5	INT1	input		inverting inputs OA1 and OA2
6	OUT_DEM	analog I/O		demodulator output and non-inverting input OA1
7	RSSI	output		RSSI output

Pin No.	Name	I/O Type	Functional Schematic	Description
9	VEE_RO	ground		ground of RO
10	RO	analog I/O		RO input, base of bipolar transistor
11	FSK_SW	analog I/O		FSK pulling pin, switch to ground or OPEN
12	IN_DTA	input		ASK/FSK modulation data input, pull down resistor 120kΩ
15	RE/SCLK	input		receiver enable input / clock input for the shift register, pull down resistor 120kΩ
16	TE/SDTA	input		transmitter enable input / serial data input, pull down resistor 120kΩ
13	ASK/FSK	input		ASK/FSK mode select input
17	FS0/SDEN	input		frequency select input / serial data enable input
14	VCC_DIG	supply		positive supply of serial port and control logic
18	VEE_DIG	ground		ground of serial port and control logic
19	FS1/LD	input		frequency select input / lock detector output
20	VCC_PLL	supply		positive supply of PLL frequency synthesizer
22	VEE_PLL	ground		ground of PLL frequency synthesizer

Pin No.	Name	I/O Type	Functional Schematic	Description
21	LF	analog I/O		charge pump output, connection to external loop filter
23	TNK_LO	analog I/O		VCO open-collector output, connection to external LC tank
24	PS_PA	analog I/O		power-setting input
25	OUT_PA	output		power amplifier open-collector output
27	VEE_LNA	ground		ground of LNA and PA
28	OUT_LNA	output		LNA open-collector output, connection to external LC tank at RF
26	IN_LNA	input		LNA input, approx. 50Ω single-ended
29	GAIN_LNA	input		LNA gain control input

Pin No.	Name	I/O Type	Functional Schematic	Description
30	IN_MIX	input		mixer input, approx. 200Ω single-ended
31	VEE_IF	ground		ground of IFA, Demodulator, OA1 and OA2
32	OUT_MIX	output		mixer output, approx. 330Ω single-ended

PRELIMINARY

Stand-Alone Fixed-Frequency Operation

After power up the transceiver is set to fixed-frequency mode. In this mode, pins FS0/SDEN and FS1/LD must be connected to V_{EE} or V_{CC} to set the desired frequency of operation. The logic levels at pins FS0/SDEN and FS1/LD must not be changed after power up in order to remain in fixed-frequency mode. The default settings of the control word bits in stand-alone mode are described in the frequency selection table.

Frequency Selection

Channel frequency	433.92 MHz	868.3 MHz	315 MHz	915 MHz
FS0/SDEN	1	0	1	0
FS1/LD	0	0	1	1
Reference oscillator frequency	7.1505 MHz			
R counter ratio in RX mode	16	16	18	30
PFD frequency in RX mode	446.91 kHz	446.91 kHz	397.25 kHz	238.35 kHz
N/A counter ratio in RX mode	947	1919	766	3794
VCO frequency in RX mode	423.22 MHz	857.60 MHz	304.30 MHz	904.30 MHz
RX frequency	433.92 MHz	868.30 MHz	315.00 MHz	915.00 MHz
R counter ratio in TX mode	16	16	18	30
PFD frequency in TX mode	446.91 kHz	446.91 kHz	397.25 kHz	238.35 kHz
N/A counter ratio in TX mode	971	1943	793	3839
VCO frequency in TX mode	433.92 MHz	868.30 MHz	315.00 MHz	915.00 MHz
TX frequency	433.92 MHz	868.30 MHz	315.00 MHz	915.00 MHz
IF frequency in RX mode	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz

Default Register Settings After Power-up

Bits	A-word symbols	Channel				B-word symbols	Channel			
		'00' 868.3 MHz	'01' 433.92 MHz	'10' 915.0 MHz	'11' 315.0 MHz		'00' 868.3 MHz	'01' 433.92 MHz	'10' 915.0 MHz	'11' 315.0 MHz
21	not used	0				not used	0			
20	DI_MODE	0				not used	0			
19	MODUL	0				EnDeIPLL	1			
18	HighCur	0				LNAHYST	1			
17	LOCK_MODE	0				EnAdj	0			
16	PA_AUTO	0				EnFM	0			
15	Pow1	1				Max2	1			
14	Pow0	1				Max1	1			
13	MIXG	1				Max0	1			
12	LNAG	1				Min2	0			
11	TE	0				Min1	1			
10	RE	0				Min0	1			
9	RR9	0	0	0	0	RT9	0	0	0	0
8	RR8	0	0	0	0	RT8	0	0	0	0
7	RR7	0	0	0	0	RT7	0	0	0	0
6	RR6	0	0	0	0	RT6	0	0	0	0
5	RR5	0	0	0	0	RT5	0	0	0	0
4	RR4	1	1	1	1	RT4	1	1	1	1
3	RR3	0	0	1	0	RT3	0	0	1	0
2	RR2	0	0	1	0	RT2	0	0	1	0
1	RR1	0	0	1	1	RT1	0	0	1	1
0	RR0	0	0	0	0	RT0	0	0	0	0

Bits	C-word symbols	Channel				B-word symbols	Channel			
		'00' 868.3 MHz	'01' 433.92 MHz	'10' 915.0 MHz	'11' 315.0 MHz		'00' 868.3 MHz	'01' 433.92 MHz	'10' 915.0 MHz	'11' 315.0 MHz
21	LNAGI_E	0				MODUL_CTR	0			
20	POLAR	0				LD_TM1	1			
19	High2	0	0	0	0	LD_TM0	0			
18	High1	1	1	1	1	ER_TM1	0			
17	UP	1	0	1	0	ER_TM0	0			
16	NR16	0	0	0	0	NT16	0	0	0	0
15	NR15	0	0	0	0	NT15	0	0	0	0
14	NR14	0	0	0	0	NT14	0	0	0	0
13	NR13	0	0	0	0	NT13	0	0	0	0
12	NR12	0	0	0	0	NT12	0	0	0	0
11	NR11	0	0	1	0	NT11	0	0	1	0
10	NR10	1	0	1	0	NT10	1	0	1	0
9	NR9	1	1	1	1	NT9	1	1	1	1
8	NR8	1	1	0	0	NT8	1	1	0	1
7	NR7	0	1	1	1	NT7	1	1	1	0
6	NR6	1	0	1	1	NT6	0	1	1	0
5	NR5	1	1	0	1	NT5	0	0	1	0
4	NR4	1	1	1	1	NT4	1	0	1	1
3	NR3	1	0	0	1	NT3	0	1	1	1
2	NR2	1	0	0	1	NT2	1	0	1	0
1	NR1	1	1	1	1	NT1	1	1	1	0
0	NR0	1	1	0	0	NT0	1	1	1	1

Programmable Channel Operation

Serial Control Interface Description

A 3-wire (SCLK, SDTA, SDEN) Serial Control Interface (SCI) is used to program the transceiver in multi-channel mode (see Fig. 2). At each rising edge of the SCLK signal, the logic value on the SDTA pin is written into a 24-bit shift register. The data stored in the shift register are loaded into one of the 4 appropriate latches on the rising edge of SDEN. The control words are 24 bits lengths: 2 address bits and 22 data bits. The first two bits (bit 23 and 22) are latch address bits. As additional leading bits are ignored, only the least significant 24 bits are serial-clocked into the shift register. The first incoming bit is the most significant bit (MSB). To program the transceiver in multi-channel application, four 24-bit words may be sent: A-word, B-word, C-word and D-word. If individual bits within a word have to be changed, then it is sufficient to program only the appropriate 24-bit word. The serial data input timing and the structure of the control words are illustrated in Fig. 2 and 3. Table REGISTER SETTINGS describes the function of each bit.

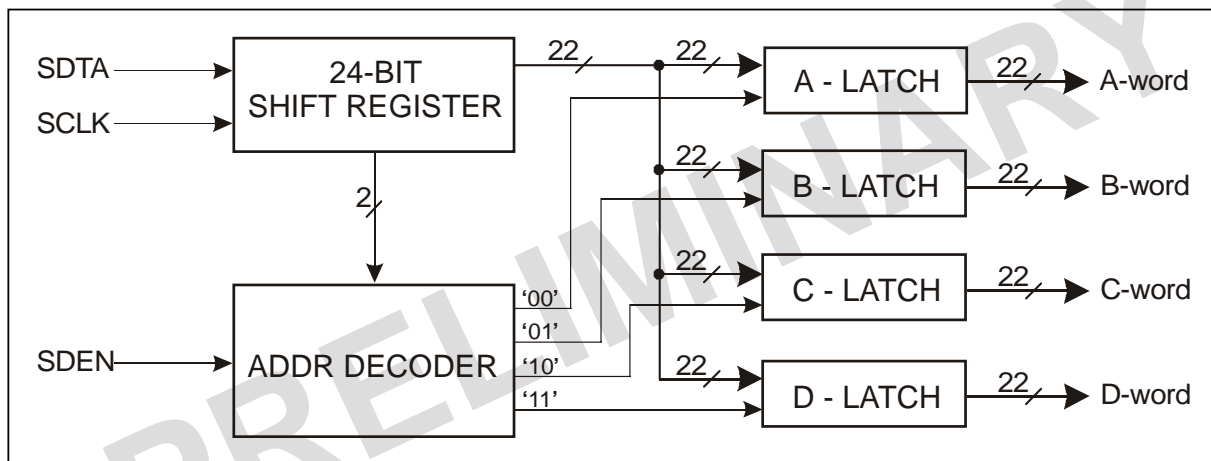


Figure 2: SCI block diagram

Due to the static CMOS design, the SCI consumes virtually no current and it can be programmed in active as well as in standby mode.

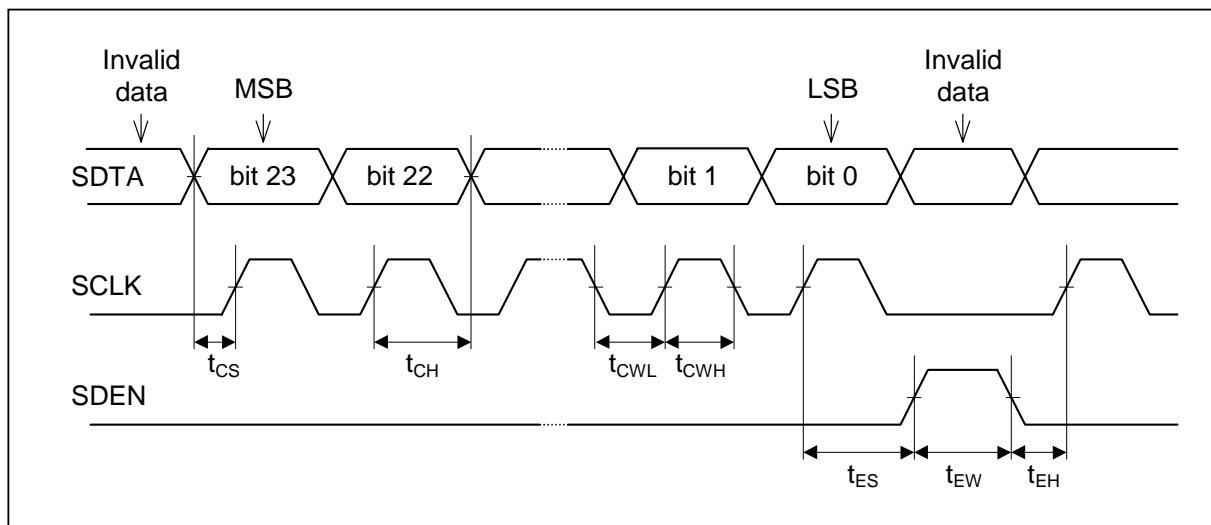


Figure 3: Serial data input timing

SCI Words

A-word

MSB																				LSB			
23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADDR		not used	DI_MODE	MODUL	HighCur	LOCK_MODE	PA_AUTO	Pow1	Pow0	MIXG	LNAG	TE	RE	RR9	RR8	RR7	RR6	RR5	RR4	RR3	RR2	RR1	RR0

B-word

MSB																				LSB			
23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADDR		not used	not used	EnDelPLL	LNAHYST	EnAdj	EnFm	Max2	Max1	Max0	Min2	Min1	Min0	RT9	RT8	RT7	RT6	RT5	RT4	RT3	RT2	RT1	RT0

C-word

MSB																				LSB			
23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADDR		LNAG_E	POLAR	High2	High1	UP	NR16	NR15	NR14	NR13	NR12	NR11	NR10	NR9	NR8	NR7	NR6	NR5	NR4	NR3	NR2	NR1	NR0

D-word

MSB																				LSB			
23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADDR		MODUL_CTR	LD_TM1	LD_TM0	ER_TM1	ER_TM0	NT16	NT15	NT14	NT13	NT12	NT11	NT10	NT9	NT8	NT7	NT6	NT5	NT4	NT3	NT2	NT1	NT0

Register Settings

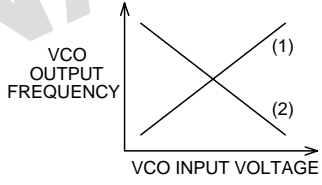
A-word

Symbol	Bits	No.	Description
Software button			
RR9:RR0	[9:0]	10	Reference divider ratio in RX mode
RR9:RR0			
TE:RE	[11:10]	2	Select active mode at programmable-channel application:
OPMODE			'00' Standby mode '11' Idle mode '10' Transmit mode '01' Receive mode
LNAG	[12]	1	Select LNA gain at internal gain control:
LNAGAIN			'0' low LNA gain '1' high LNA gain
MIXG	[13]	1	Select mixer conversion gain at programmable-channel application:
MIXGAIN			'0' low gain '1' high gain
Pow1:Pow0	[15:14]	2	Select output power at programmable-channel application:
TXPOWER			'00' $P_{max} - 20 \text{ dBm}$ '01' $P_{max} - 12 \text{ dBm}$ '10' $P_{max} - 6 \text{ dBm}$ '11' P_{max}
PA_AUTO	[16]	1	Disable automatic PA turn-on after PLL lock:
PA_AUTO			'0' enabled '1' disabled
LOCK_MODE	[17]	1	Select PFD output analyse mode of lock detecting:
LOCK_MODE			'0' before lock only '1' before and after lock.
HighCur	[18]	1	Select Charge Pump output current:
CPCUR			'0' $\pm 260 \mu\text{A}$ '1' $\pm 1300 \mu\text{A}$
MODUL	[19]	1	Select modulation mode at internal modulation control:
ASK/FSK			'0' ASK '1' FSK
DI_MODE	[20]	1	Select mode for input data:
DI_MODE			'0' normal '0' for space at ASK or f_{min} at FSK, '1' for mark at ASK or f_{max} at FSK '1' inverse '1' for space at ASK or f_{min} at FSK, '0' for mark at ASK or f_{max} at FSK
not used	[21]	1	'X'

B-word

Symbol	Bits	No.	Description
Software button			
RT9:RT0	[9:0]	10	Reference divider ratio in TX mode
RT9:RT0			
Min2:Min0	[12:10]	3	Select minimum value of RO active current:
ROMIN			'000' 0 μ A
			'001' 50 μ A
			'010' 100 μ A
			'011' 150 μ A
			'100' 200 μ A
			'101' 250 μ A
			'110' 300 μ A
			'111' 350 μ A
Max2:Max0	[15:13]	3	Select maximum value of RO active current:
ROMAX			'000' 0 μ A (RO is off)
			'001' 50 μ A
			'010' 100 μ A
			'011' 150 μ A
			'100' 200 μ A
			'101' 250 μ A
			'110' 300 μ A
			'111' 350 μ A
EnFm	[16]	1	Test bit. Forced '0' for correct functioning.
EnAdj	[17]	1	Test bit. Forced '0' for correct functioning.
LNAHYST	[18]	1	Enable LNA hysteresis:
LNAHYST			'1' disabled
			'0' enabled
EnDelPLL	[19]	1	Enable delayed start of the PLL:
EnDelPLL			'1' disabled
			'0' enabled.
not used	[20]	1	'X'
not used	[21]	1	'X'

C-word

Symbol	Bits	No.	Description	
Software button				
NR16:NR0	[16:0]	17	Feedback divider ratio in RX mode	
NR16:NR0				
UP	[17]	1	Select frequency band:	
BAND			'1'	up to 500 MHz
			'0'	500 to 1000MHz
High2:High1	[19:18]	2	Select VCO active current:	
VCOCUR			'00'	low current (250 μ A)
			'01'	standard current (350 μ A)
			'10'	high1 current (450 μ A)
			'11'	high2 current (550 μ A)
POLAR	[20]	1	Select Phase Detector polarity:	
PFDPOL			'1'	positive (1)
			'0'	negative (2)
				
LNAGI_E	[21]	1	Select LNA gain control mode:	
LNACTRL			'0'	external LNA gain control
			'1'	internal LNA gain control

D-word

Symbol	Bits	No.	Description
Software button			
NT16:NT0 NT16:NT0	[16:0]	17	Feedback divider ratio in TX mode
ER_TM1:ER_TM0 ER_TM1:ER_TM0	[18:17]	2	Select maximum enabled PFD output error for lock detecting (in reference frequency clocks): '00' 2 clocks '01' 4 clocks '10' 8 clocks '11' 16 clocks
LD_TM1:LD_TM0 LD_TM1:LD_TM0	[20:19]	2	Select minimum number of PFD reference frequency clocks before lock detecting: '00' 4 clocks '01' 16 clocks '10' 64 clocks '11' 256 clocks
MODUL_CTR MODCTRL	[21]	1	Select mode of modulation control: '0' external modulation control '1' internal modulation control

Technical Data

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition / Note	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{cc}		0	7.0	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}		- 0.3	$V_{cc}+0.3$	V
Input current	I_{IN}		-1	1	mA
Input RF level	P_{imax}	no damage		10	dBm
Storage temperature	T_{STG}		-40	+125	°C
Electrostatic discharge	V_{ESD1}	human body model, 1)	-1.0	+1.0	kV
Electrostatic discharge	V_{ESD2}	human body model, 2)	TBD	TBD	kV

- 1) pins IN_DTA, ASK/FSK, RE/SCLK; TE/SDTA, FS0/SDEN, FS1/LD
 2) all pins, except IN_DTA, ASK/FSK, RE/SCLK; TE/SDTA, FS0/SDEN, FS1/LD

Normal Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{cc}		2.5	5.5	V
Operating temperature	T_a		-40	+85	°C
Carrier frequency	f_c		300	930	MHz
VCO frequency	f_{VCO}		300	930	MHz
RO frequency	f_{RO}		3	12	MHz
Frequency deviation	Δf	at FM or FSK	± 5	± 120	kHz
FSK data rate	R_{FSK}	NRZ		60	kbit/s
FM bandwidth	f_m			20	kHz
ASK data rate	R_{ASK}	NRZ		60	kbit/s

DC Characteristics

all parameters under normal operating conditions, unless otherwise stated;
 typical values at $T_a = 23\text{ °C}$ and $V_{cc} = 3\text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Standby current	I_{SBY}	TE/SDTA=0, RE/SCLK=0		50	100	nA
Idle current	I_{IDLE}	TE/SDTA=1, RE/SCLK=1 @ $f_i = 433.92\text{ MHz}$		2.5	3.2	mA
Total supply current in receive mode at low gain	I_{RX_low}	TE/SDTA=0, RE/SCLK=1 $V_{GAIN_LNA} > 1.4\text{ V}$ @ $f_i = 433.92\text{ MHz}$		6.0	8.0	mA
Total supply current in receive mode at high gain	I_{RX_high}	TE/SDTA=0, RE/SCLK=1 $V_{GAIN_LNA} < 0.8\text{ V}$ @ $f_i = 433.92\text{ MHz}$		7.0	9.0	mA
Total supply current in transmit mode at 0 dBm power	I_{TX_0}	TE/SDTA=1, RE/SCLK=0 ASK/FSK=1 @ $f_i = 433.92\text{ MHz}$, @ $P_o = 0\text{ dBm}$		9.0	11.5	mA

AC System Characteristics of the Receiver Part

all parameters under normal operating conditions, unless otherwise stated; all parameters based on test circuits for FSK (Fig. 4 to 5), FM and ASK (Fig. 6 to 7), respectively; RF at 433.92 MHz

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input sensitivity – FSK	P_{min_FSK}	$B_{IF} = 150\text{kHz}$ $\Delta f = \pm 50 \text{ kHz (FSK/FM)}$ $BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$		-103		dBm
Input sensitivity – ASK	P_{min_ASK}	$B_{IF} = 150\text{kHz}$ $BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$		-105		dBm
Maximum input signal – FSK/FM at low gain	$P_{max_FSK_1}$	$BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $V_{GAIN_LNA} > 1.4 \text{ V}$		10		dBm
Maximum input signal – FSK/FM at high gain	$P_{max_FSK_0}$	$BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $V_{GAIN_LNA} < 0.8 \text{ V}$		-10		dBm
Maximum input signal – ASK at low gain	$P_{max_ASK_1}$	$BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $V_{GAIN_LNA} > 1.4 \text{ V}$		-20		dBm
Maximum input signal – ASK at high gain	$P_{max_ASK_0}$	$BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $V_{GAIN_LNA} < 0.8 \text{ V}$		0		dBm
Image rejection	ΔP_{imag}			TBD		dB
Blocking immunity	ΔP_{block}	$\Delta f_{block} > \pm 2\text{MHz}$, note 1		TBD		dB
Start-up time – FSK/FM	T_{FSK}	TE/SDTA=0, RE/SCLK=1 valid data at output			1	ms
Start-up time – ASK	T_{ASK}	depends on ASK detector time constant and start-up mode, valid data at output			$T_{FSK} + 200K \cdot C6$	ms
Spurious emission	P_{spur}				-70	dBm

Notes: 1. desired signal with FSK/FM or ASK modulation, CW blocking signal

AC System Characteristics of the Transmitter Part

all parameters under normal operating conditions, unless otherwise stated;
typical values at $T_a = 23 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{cc} = 3 \text{ V}$;

TE/SDTA=1, RE/SCLK=0, ASK/FSK=1, RPS \geq 15 k Ω , $f_c = 433.92 \text{ MHz}$, test circuit shown in Fig. 4 to 7

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output power	P_o	CW mode	4	6	8	dBm
FSK deviation	Δf_{FSK}	depends on C_{x1} , C_{x2} and crystal parameter	± 5	± 50	± 100	kHz
Data rate FSK	R_{FSK}			60		kbit/s
FM deviation	Δf_{FM}	adjustable with varactor and V_{FM}		± 6		kHz
Modulation frequency FM	f_{mod}			5		kHz
Data rate ASK	R_{ASK}			60		kbit/s
PLL spurs emission	P_{spur}	at all f_c and nominal P_o			-36	dBm
Harmonic emission	P_{harm}	at all f_c and power steps		-	-36	dBm
VCO gain	K_{VCO}			35		MHz/V
Charge pump current	I_{CP}			260		μA
Start-up time	T_{TX}	from "standby" to "transmit" mode			1	ms

Output Power Selection

typical values at $T_a = 23\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{cc} = 3\text{ V}$:

TE/SDTA = 1, RE/SCLK = 0, ASK/FSK = 1, $f_c = 433.92\text{ MHz}$, CW mode

RPS / $k\Omega$	$\geq 15\text{ k}$	6.8 k	3.3 k	1.0 k
I_{CC} / mA	TBD	9.0	TBD	TBD
P_O / dBm	6	0	-6	-15
P_{harm} / dBm	≤ -36	≤ -36	≤ -36	≤ -36

Serial Control Interface

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Data to clock set up time	t_{CS}		150		ns
Data to clock hold time	t_{CH}		50		ns
Clock pulse width high	t_{CWH}		100		ns
Clock pulse width low	t_{CWL}		100		ns
Clock to load enable set up time	t_{ES}		100		

Crystal Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Crystal frequency	f_{crystal}	fundamental mode, AT	3	12	MHz
Load capacitance	C_{load}		10	15	pF
Static capacitance	C_0			7	pF
Motional resistance	R_m			70	Ω

Fixed-Frequency FSK Application Circuit

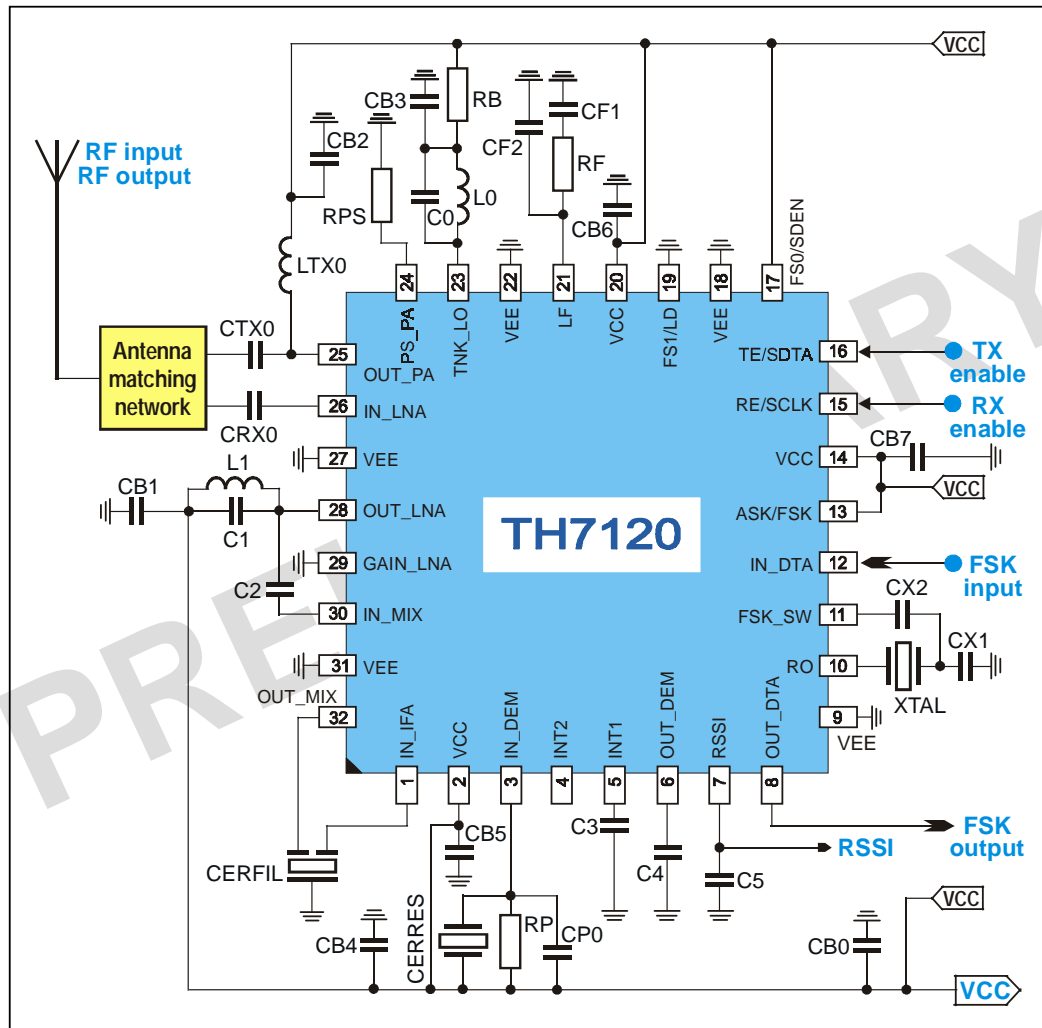


Figure 5: Test circuit for fixed-frequency FSK operation at 433 MHz

FSK test circuit component list to Fig. 4 and Fig. 5

Part	Size	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Tolerance	Description
C0	0805	0.68 pF	±5%	VCO tank capacitor
C1	0603	6.8 pF	±5%	LNA output tank capacitor
C2	0603	1 pF	±5%	MIX input matching capacitor
C3	0805	10 nF	±10%	data slicer capacitor
C4	0805	100 pF	±10%	demodulator output low-pass capacitor, depending on data rate
C5	0805	330 pF	±10%	RSSI output low pass capacitor
CB0	0805	100 nF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB1 to CB4	0805 0603	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB5	0603	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB6	0603	10 nF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB7	0603	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CF1	0805	390 pF	±5%	loop filter capacitor
CF2	0805	150 pF	±5%	loop filter capacitor
CX1	0805	18 pF	±5%	RO capacitor
CX2	0805	68 pF	±5%	RO capacitor for FSK ($\Delta f = \pm 20$ kHz)
CP0	0805	10 - 12 pF	±5%	CERRES parallel capacitor
CRX0	0603	100 pF	±5%	RX coupling capacitor
CTX0	0603	100 pF	±5%	TX coupling capacitor
RB	0805	10 Ω	±10%	blocking resistor for VCC
RP	0805	3.9 k Ω	±5%	CERFIL parallel resistor
RF	0805	47 k Ω	±5%	loop filter resistor
RPS	0805	82 k Ω	±5%	power-select resistor, only required at fixed-frequency operation
L0	0805	18 nH	±5%	VCO tank inductor
L1	0603	15 nH	±5%	LNA output tank inductor
LTX0	0805	150 nH	±5%	TX impedance matching inductor
XTAL	HC49-SMD	7.1505 MHz	±30ppm calibr. ±30ppm temp.	fundamental-mode crystal, $C_{load} = 10$ pF to 15pF, $C_{0, max} = 7$ pF, $R_{m, max} = 70 \Omega$
CERFIL	Leaded type	SFE10.7MFP @ $B_{IF2} = 40$ kHz	TBD	ceramic filter from Murata
	SMD type	SFECV10.7MJS-A @ $B_{IF2} = 150$ kHz	±40 kHz	ceramic filter from Murata
CERRES	SMD type	CDACV10.7MG18-A		ceramic demodulator tank from Murata

Notes:

- NIP – not in place, may be used optionally
- Antenna matching network according to Evaluation Board Description EVB7120

Programmable Channel ASK Application Circuit

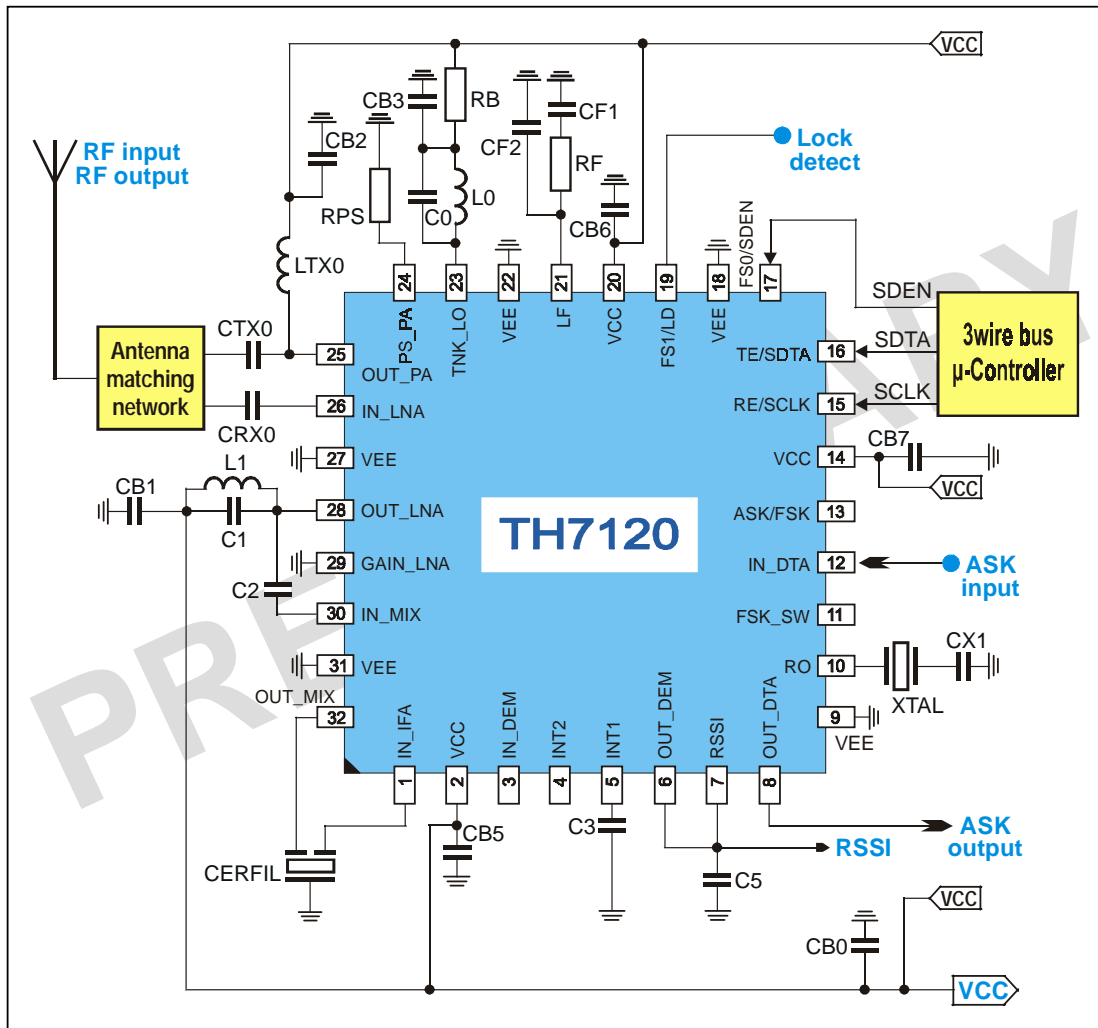


Figure 6: Test circuit for programmable channel ASK operation

Fixed-Frequency ASK Application Circuit

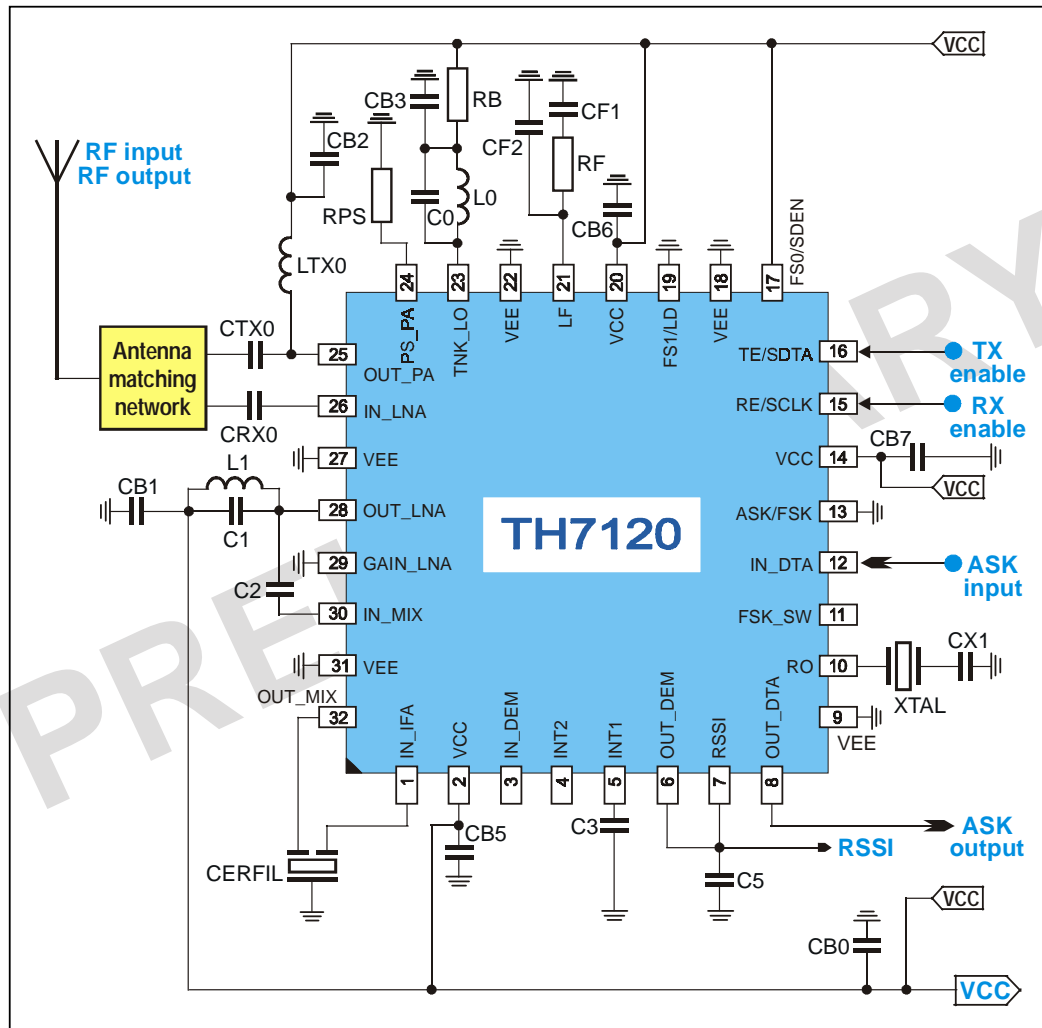


Figure 7: Test circuit for fixed-frequency ASK operation at 433 MHz

ASK test circuit component list to Fig. 6 and Fig. 7

Part	Size	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Tolerance	Description
C0	0805	NIP	±5%	VCO tank capacitor
C1	0603	6.8 pF	±5%	LNA output tank capacitor
C2	0603	1 pF	±5%	MIX input matching capacitor
C3	0805	10 nF	±10%	data slicer capacitor
C5	0805	330 pF	±10%	RSSI output low pass capacitor
CB0	0805	100 nF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB1 to CB3	0805 0603	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB5	0603	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB6	0603	10 nF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB7	0603	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CF1	0805	1.5 nF	±5%	loop filter capacitor
CF2	0805	150 pF	±5%	loop filter capacitor
CX1	0805	27 pF	±5%	RO capacitor
CRX0	0603	100 pF	±5%	RX coupling capacitor
CTX0	0603	100 pF	±5%	TX coupling capacitor
RB	0805	10 Ω	±10%	blocking resistor for VCC
RF	0805	47 kΩ	±5%	loop filter resistor
RPS	0805	15 kΩ	±5%	power-select resistor, only required at fixed-frequency operation
L0	0805	18 nH	±5%	VCO tank inductor
L1	0603	15 nH	±5%	LNA output tank inductor
LTX0	0805	150 nH	±5%	TX impedance matching inductor
XTAL	HC49-SMD	7.1505 MHz	±30ppm calibr. ±30ppm temp.	fundamental-mode crystal, $C_{load} = 10$ pF to 15pF, $C_{0, max} = 7$ pF, $R_{m, max} = 70$ Ω
CERFIL	Leaded type	SFE10.7MFP @ $B_{IF2} = 40$ kHz	TBD	ceramic filter from Murata
	SMD type	SFECV10.7MJS-A @ $B_{IF2} = 150$ kHz	±40 kHz	ceramic filter from Murata

Notes:

- NIP – not in place, may be used optionally
- Antenna matching network according to Evaluation Board Description EVB7120

Programmable Channel FSK Application Circuit with AFC

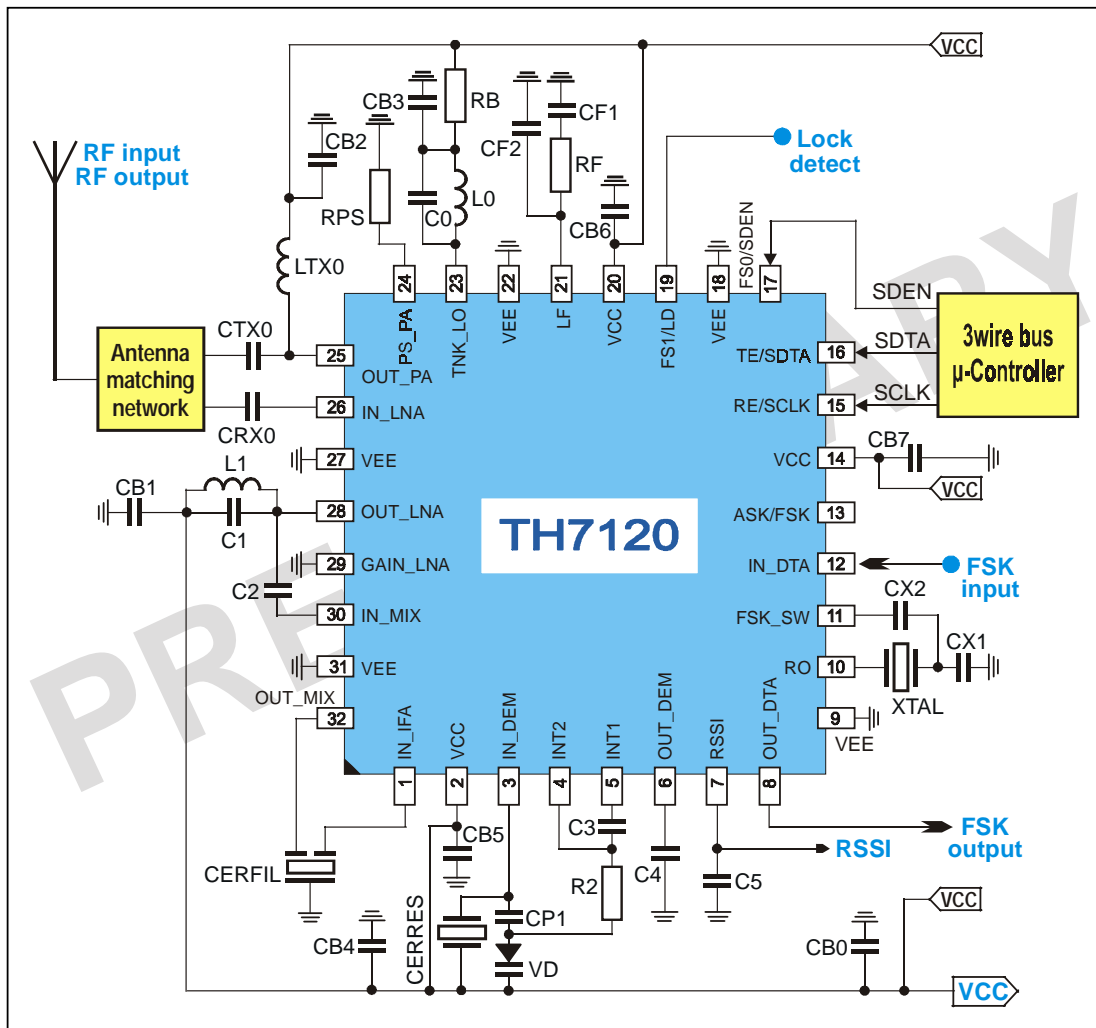


Figure 8: Test circuit for programmable channel FSK operation with AFC

Circuit Features

- ❑ Automatic Frequency Control (AFC)
- ❑ Increases input frequency acceptance range up to $RF_{nom} \pm 50$ kHz
- ❑ Compensation of calibration tolerances of ceramic resonator
- ❑ Compensation of temperature tolerances of ceramic resonator

Fixed-Frequency FSK Application Circuit with AFC

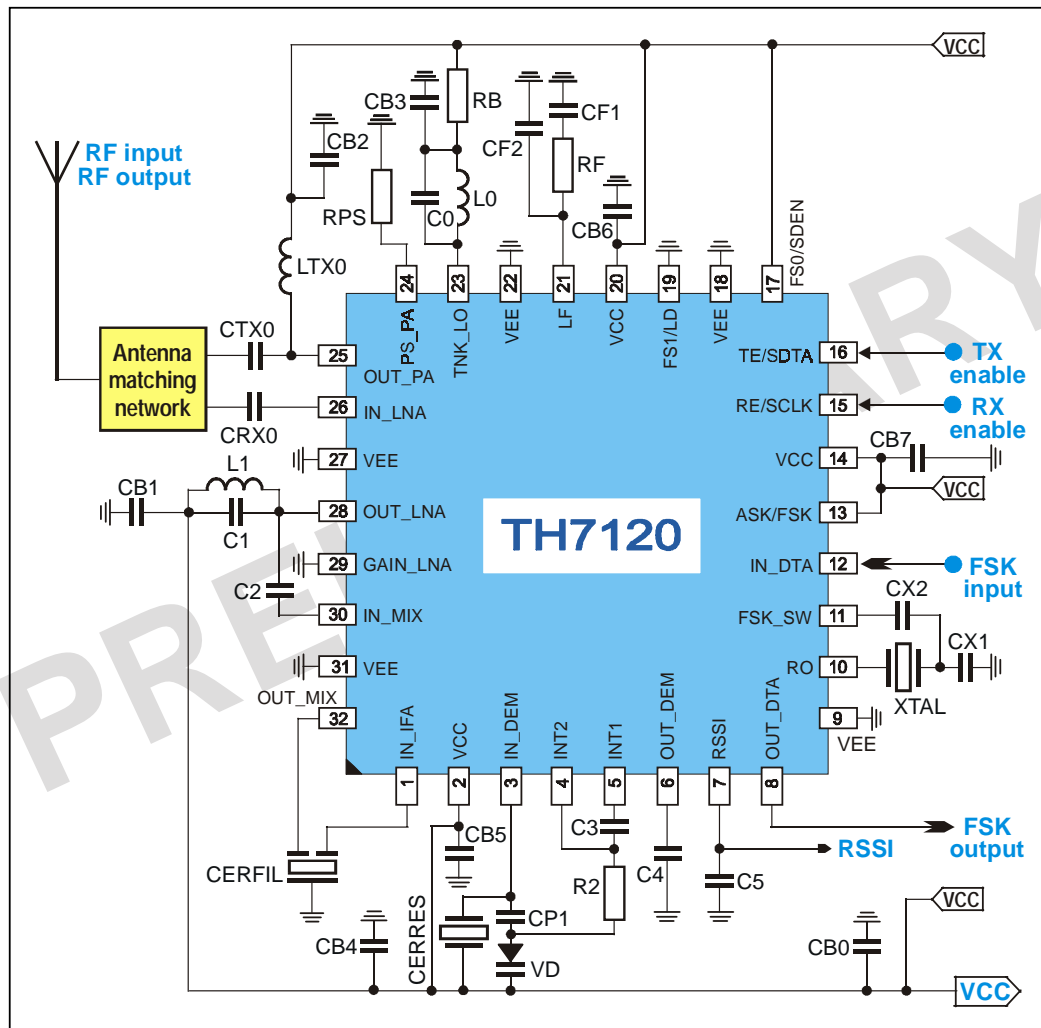


Figure 9: Test circuit for fixed-frequency FSK operation at 433 MHz with AFC

Circuit Features

- ❑ Automatic Frequency Control (AFC)
- ❑ Increases input frequency acceptance range up to $RF_{nom} \pm 50$ kHz
- ❑ Compensation of calibration tolerances of ceramic resonator
- ❑ Compensation of temperature tolerances of ceramic resonator

Package Dimensions

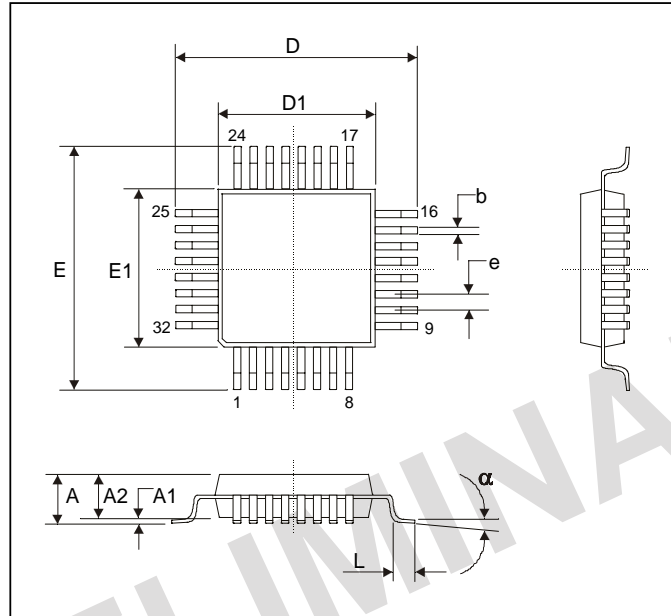


Fig. 7: LQFP32 (Low Quad Flat Package)

All Dimension in mm, coplanarity < 0.1mm									
	E1, D1	A	A1	A2	e	b	L	E, D	α
min	7.00	1.60	0.05	1.35	0.8	0.30	0.45	9.00	0°
max			0.15	1.45		0.45	0.75		7°
All Dimension in inch, coplanarity < 0.004"									
	E1, D1	A	A1	A2	e	b	L	E, D	α
min	0.276	0.630	0.002	0.053	0.031	0.012	0.018	0.354	0°
max			0.006	0.057		0.018	0.030		7°

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