Product Preview

Constant Voltage/ Constant Current Secondary-Side Controller

Description

The NCS1002 is a highly integrated solution for Switching Mode Power Supply (SMPS) applications requiring a dual control loop to perform Constant Voltage (CV) and Constant Current (CC) regulation. The NCS1002 integrates a 2.5 V voltage reference and two precision op amps. The voltage reference, along with Op Amp 1, is the core of the voltage control-loop. Op Amp 2 is an independent, uncommitted amplifier specifically designed for the current control. Key external components needed to complete the two control loops are: (a) A resistor divider that senses the output of the power supply (battery charger) and fixes the voltage regulation set point at the specified value. (b) A sense resistor that feeds the current sensing circuit with a voltage proportional to the DC output current. This resistor determines the current regulation set point and must be adequately rated in terms of power dissipation. The NCS1002 comes in a small 8-pin SOIC package and is ideal for space-shrunk applications such as battery chargers.

Features

- Low Input Offset Voltage: 0.5 mV, Typ
- Input Common-Mode Range includes Ground
- Low Quiescent Current: 300 μ A per Op Amp at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$
- Large Output Voltage Swing
- Wide Power Supply Range: 3 V to 32 V
- High ESD Protection: 2 kV
- These are Pb-Free Devices

Typical Applications

- Battery Chargers
- Switch Mode Power Supplies

This document contains information on a product under development. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice.



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MARKING DIAGRAMS



SOIC-8 D SUFFIX CASE 751



A = Assembly Location

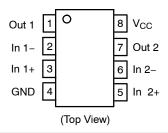
L = Wafer Lot Y = Year

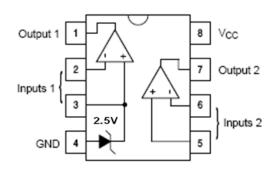
W = Work Week

= Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

PIN CONNECTIONS





ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 8 of this data sheet.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage (V _{CC} to GND)	V _{CC}	36	V
Differential Input Voltage	V _{id}	36	V
Input Voltage	Vi	-0.3 to +36	V
ESD Protection Voltage at Pin Human Body Model	V _{ESD}	2000	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	TJ	150	°C
Specification Temperature Range (T _{min} to T _{max})	T _A	-40 to +105	°C
Operating Free-Air Temperature Range	T _{oper}	-55 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Thermal Resistance	Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{ heta JA}$	175	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristics	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{CC}	Total Supply Current, excluding current in the Voltage Reference V_{CC} = 5 V, no load; $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$			0.3	0.4	mA
I _{CC}	Total Supply Current, excluding Current in the Volta load; $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$	ge Reference V _{CC} = 30 V, no			0.75	mA

OP AMP 1 (OP AMP WITH NONINVERTING INPUT CONNECTED TO THE INTERNAL V_{ref}) (V $_{CC}$ = 5 V, T $_{A}$ = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Input Offset Voltage	T _A = 25°C			2.0	mV
	$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$			3.0	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift ($-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$)			7.0		μV/°C
Input Bias Current (Inverting Input Only) T _A = 25°C			20		nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain (V $_{CC}$ = 15 V, R $_{L}$ = 2 k Ω , V $_{ICM}$ = 0 V)			100		V/mV
Power Supply Rejection ($V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V to } 30 \text{ V, } V_{OUT}$	- = 2 V)	80	100		dB
Output Source Current (V_{CC} = 15 V, V_{OUT} = 2.0 V, V_{id} = 1 V)		20	40		mA
Short Circuit to GND (V _{CC} = 15 V)			40	60	mA
Output Current Sink (V _{id} = -1 V)	V _{CC} = +15 V, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V (Note 1)	1	10		mA
	V _{CC} = +15 V, V _{OUT} = 2 V	10	20		mA
Output Voltage Swing, High (V _{CC} = 30 V)	R _L = 2 kΩ, T _A = 25°C	26	27		V
	$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$	26			
	R _L = 10 kΩ, T _A = 25°C	27	28		
	$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$	27			
Output Voltage Swing, Low	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		5.0	50	mV
	$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$			50	1
Slew Rate (AV = +1, V_i = 0.5 V to 2 V, V_{CC} = 15 V, R_L = 2 k Ω , C_L = 100 pF)		0.2	0.4		V/μs
Gain Bandwidth Product (V_{CC} = 30 V, AV = +1, (Note 1) R _L = 2 k Ω , C _L = 100 pF, f = 100 kHz, V _{IN} = 10 mV _{PP})		0.5	0.9		MHz
Total Harmonic Distortion (f = 1 kHz, AV = 10, $R_L = 2 k\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 30 V$, $V_{OUT} = 2 V_{PP}$)			0.08		%
	Input Offset Voltage Drift ($-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$) Input Bias Current (Inverting Input Only) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Large Signal Voltage Gain ($V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V}$) Power Supply Rejection ($V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ to 30 V , $V_{OUT} = 2.0 \text{ V}$, $V_{id} = 1 \text{ V}$) Short Circuit to GND ($V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$) Output Current Sink ($V_{id} = -1 \text{ V}$) Output Voltage Swing, High ($V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$) Output Voltage Swing, Low Slew Rate ($AV = +1$, $V_i = 0.5 \text{ V}$ to 2 V , $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 100 \text{ p}$	Input Offset Voltage Drift ($-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$) Input Bias Current (Inverting Input Only) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Large Signal Voltage Gain ($V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V}$) Power Supply Rejection ($V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ to 30 V , $V_{OUT} = 2 \text{ V}$) Output Source Current ($V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.0 \text{ V}$, $V_{Id} = 1 \text{ V}$) Short Circuit to GND ($V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$) Output Current Sink ($V_{Id} = -1 \text{ V}$) Output Voltage Swing, High ($V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$) $V_{CC} = +15 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 0.2 \text{ V}$ (Note 1) $V_{CC} = +15 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2 \text{ V}$ Output Voltage Swing, High ($V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$) $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$ Slew Rate ($AV = +1$, $V_1 = 0.5 \text{ V}$ to 2 V , $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 100 \text{ pF}$, $V_{CC} = 100 \text{ pF}$, $V_{CC} = 100 \text{ pF}$, $V_{CC} = 100 \text{ C}$, $V_$	Input Offset Voltage Drift ($-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$) Input Bias Current (Inverting Input Only) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Large Signal Voltage Gain ($V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}, R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, V_{ICM} = 0 \text{ V}$) Power Supply Rejection ($V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ to $30 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 2 \text{ V}$) Output Source Current ($V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 2.0 \text{ V}, V_{Id} = 1 \text{ V}$) Short Circuit to GND ($V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$) Output Current Sink ($V_{Id} = -1 \text{ V}$) Output Current Sink ($V_{Id} = -1 \text{ V}$) $V_{CC} = +15 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 0.2 \text{ V} \text{ (Note 1)}$ $V_{CC} = +15 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 2 \text{ V} \text{ 10}$ Output Voltage Swing, High ($V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$) $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 26$ $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ Output Voltage Swing, Low $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}C \qquad 27$ $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C \qquad 27$		

OP AMP 2 (INDEPENDENT OP AMP) $(V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ unless otherwise noted})$

V _{IO}	Input Offset Voltage	T _A = 25°C		0.5	2.0	mV
		$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$			3.0	
DV _{IO}	Input Offset Voltage Drift ($-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$)			7.0		μV/°C
I _{IO}	Input Offset Current	T _A = 25°C		2.0	75	nA
		$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$			150	
Ι _Β	Input Bias Current	T _A = 25°C		20	150	nA
		$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$			200	
AVD	Large Signal Voltage Gain (V _{CC} = 15 V,	T _A = 25°C	50	100		V/mV
	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, V_{OUT} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 11.4 \text{ V})$	$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$	25			
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection (V _{CC} = 5 V to 30 V)		65	100		dB

^{1.} Guaranteed by design and/or characterization.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Characteristics	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OP AMP 2	2 (INDEPENDENT OP AMP) (continued) ($V_{CC} = 5.0$	V, T _A = 25°C unless otherwise	noted)			•
V _{ICM}	Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 2) (V _{CC} = +30 V)	T _A = 25°C	0		V _{CC} - 1.5	V
		-40 ≤ T _A ≤ +105°C	0		V _{CC} - 2.0	
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 4)	0 to V _{CC} - 1.7 V, T _A = 25°C	70	85		dB
		$0 \text{ to V}_{CC} - 2.2 \text{ V} \\ -40 \le T_{A} \le +105^{\circ}\text{C}$	60			
I _{SOURCE}	Output Current Source (V _{CC} = 15 V, V _{OUT} = 2 V, V	' _{ID} = +1 V)	20	40		mA
IO	Short-Circuit to GND (V _{CC} = 15 V)			40	60	mA
I _{SINK}	Output Current Sink (V _{ID} = -1 V)	V _{CC} = +15 V, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V	1	10		mA
		V _{CC} = +15 V, V _{OUT} = 2 V	10	20		mA
V _{OH}	Output Voltage Swing, High $(V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V})$	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	26	27		V
		$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$	26]
		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	27	28]
		$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$	27]
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Swing, Low	R _L = 10 kΩ, T _A = 25°C		5.0	50	mV
		$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$			50	
SR	Slew Rate (AV = +1, V_i = 0.5 V to 3 V, V_{CC} = 15 V,	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 100 \text{ pF}$	0.2	0.4		V/μs
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product (V_{CC} = 30 V, AV = +1, R _L = 2 k Ω , C _L = 100 pF, f = 100 kHz, V _{IN} = 10 mV _{PP}) (Note 4)		0.5	0.9		MHz
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion (f = 1 kHz, AV = 10, $R_L = 2 k\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 30 V$, $V_{OUT} = 2 V_{PP}$)			0.08		%
e _{noise}	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage (f = 1 kHz, R_S = 100 Ω , V_{CC} = 30 V)			50		nV/√ Hz
VOLTAGE	REFERENCE					
I _K	Cathode Current			1 to 100		mA
			1			1

I_{K}	Cathode Current		1 to 100			mA
V _{ref}	Reference Voltage ($I_K = 1 \text{ mA}$) $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		2.49	2.5	2.51	V
		$-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}C$	2.48	2.5	2.52	
ΔV_{ref}	Reference Deviation over Temperature (V _{KA} = V _{ref} , I _K = 10 mA, $-40 \le T_A \le +105^{\circ}\text{C}$) (Note 4)			7.0	30	mV
I _{min}	Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation ($V_{KA} \ge 2.45 V_f$)			40	75	μΑ
I ZKA I	Dynamic Impedance (Note 3) (V _{KA} = V _{ref} , I _K = 1 mA to 100 mA, f < 1 kHz)			0.2	0.5	Ω

The input common–mode voltage of either input signal should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common–mode range is V_{CC} – 1.5 V. Both inputs can go to V_{CC} + 0.3 V without damage.
 The Dynamic Impedance is defined as I ZKA I = ΔV_{KA} / ΔI_K.
 Guaranteed by design and/or characterization.

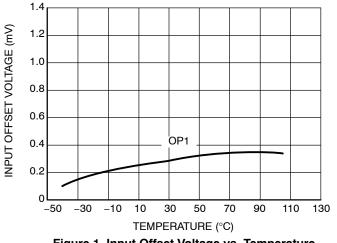


Figure 1. Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature

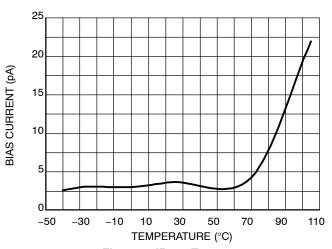


Figure 2. IB vs. Temperature

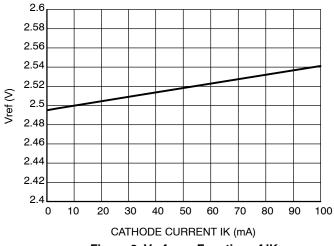


Figure 3. Vref as a Function of IK

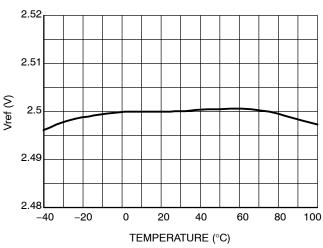


Figure 4. Vref Over Temperature

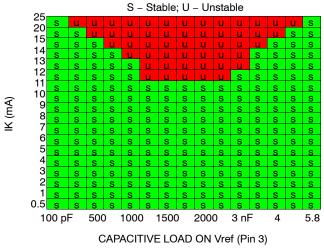


Figure 5. Region of Reference Stability vs. Capacitive Load (Pin 3)

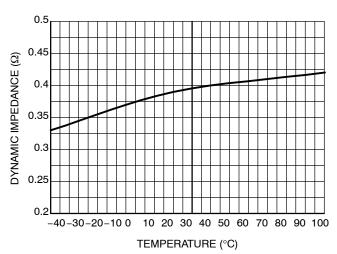
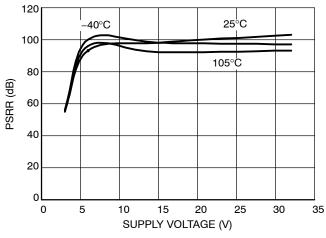


Figure 6. Ref Dynamic Impedance vs.
Temperature



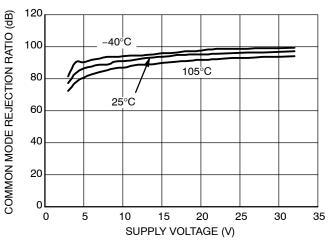


Figure 7. NCS1002 PSRR vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 8. NCS1002 CMRR vs. Supply Voltage

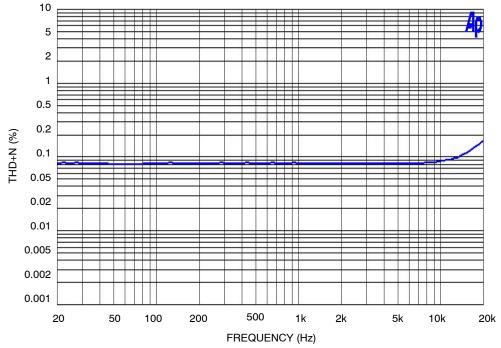


Figure 9. THD+N

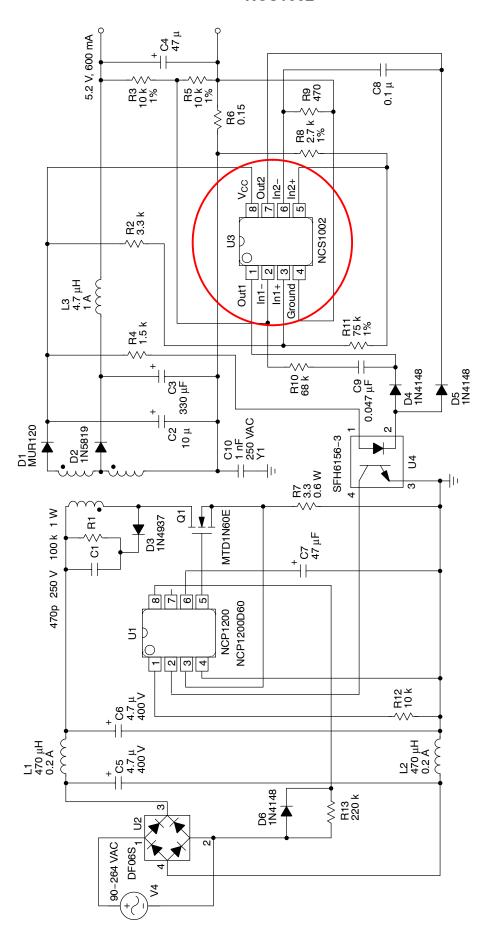


Figure 1. AC Adapter Application

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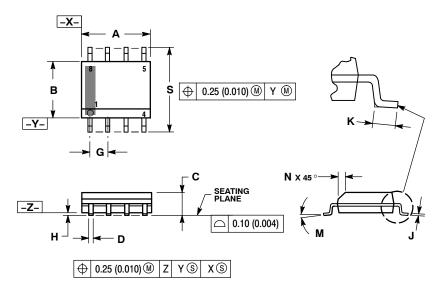
ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
NCS1002DR2G	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-8 NB CASE 751-07 ISSUE AJ



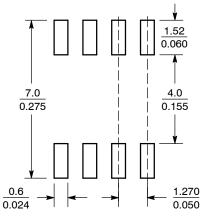
NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER
 ANSI Y14.5M. 1982.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- 3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
- MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006)
 PER SIDE.
- PER SIDE.

 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
 6. 751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751-07.

	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
С	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
D	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020
G	1.27	7 BSC	0.05	0 BSC
Н	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
7	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
М	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



SCALE 6:1 $\left(\frac{\text{mm}}{\text{inches}}\right)$

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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