

SSM3K316T

Power Management Switch Applications

High-Speed Switching Applications

- 1.8-V drive
- Low ON-resistance: $R_{on} = 131 \text{ m}\Omega$ (max) (@ $V_{GS} = 1.8 \text{ V}$)
 $R_{on} = 87 \text{ m}\Omega$ (max) (@ $V_{GS} = 2.5 \text{ V}$)
 $R_{on} = 65 \text{ m}\Omega$ (max) (@ $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$)
 $R_{on} = 53 \text{ m}\Omega$ (max) (@ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$)

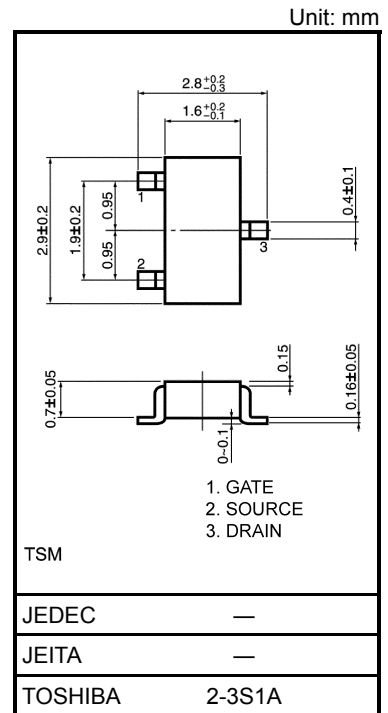
Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-source voltage	V_{DSS}	30	V
Gate-source voltage	V_{GSS}	± 12	V
Drain current	DC	I_D (Note 1)	4.0
	Pulse	I_{DP} (Note 1)	8.0
Drain power dissipation	P_D (Note 2)		700
		$t = 10\text{s}$	1250
Channel temperature	T_{ch}	150	°C
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-55 to 150	°C

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings. Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1: The Junction temperature should not exceed 150°C during use.

Note 2: Mounted on an FR4 board. (25.4 mm × 25.4 mm × 1.6 mm, Cu Pad: 645 mm²)



TSM

JEDEC	—
JEITA	—
TOSHIBA	2-3S1A

Weight: 10 mg (typ.)

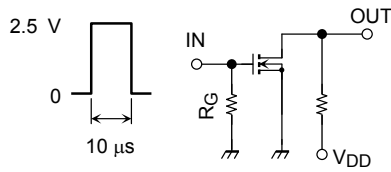
Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	30	—	—	V
	$V_{(BR)DSX}$	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = -12 \text{ V}$	18	—	—	V
Drain cutoff current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	—	—	1	μA
Gate leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 12 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 1	μA
Gate threshold voltage	V_{th}	$V_{DS} = 3 \text{ V}, I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$	0.4	—	1.0	V
Forward transfer admittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 3 \text{ V}, I_D = 2 \text{ A}$ (Note3)	3.8	7.7	—	S
Drain-source ON-resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ (Note3)	—	42	53	m Ω
		$I_D = 2.0 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ (Note3)	—	51	65	
		$I_D = 1.0 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ (Note3)	—	64	87	
		$I_D = 0.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ (Note3)	—	81	131	
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	270	—	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		—	56	—	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		—	47	—	
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_{DS} = 3.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4 \text{ V}$	—	4.3	—	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}		—	2.8	—	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		—	1.5	—	
Switching time	Turn-on time	$V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 2 \text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ to } 2.5 \text{ V}, R_G = 4.7 \Omega$	—	20	—	ns
	Turn-off time		t_{off}	—	31	
Drain-source forward voltage	V_{DSF}	$I_D = -4.0 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Note3)	—	-0.9	-1.2	V

Note3: Pulse test

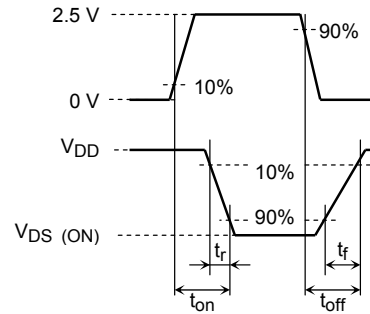
Switching Time Test Circuit

(a) Test Circuit



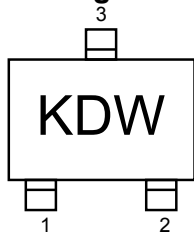
$V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_G = 4.7 \ \Omega$
 $D.U. \leq 1\%$
 $V_{IN}: t_r, t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$
 Common Source
 $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

(b) V_{IN}

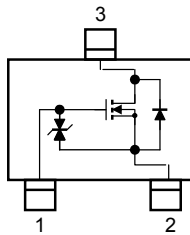


(c) V_{OUT}

Marking



Equivalent Circuit (top view)



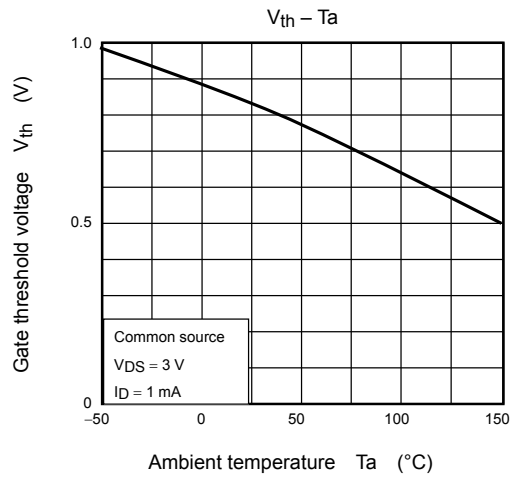
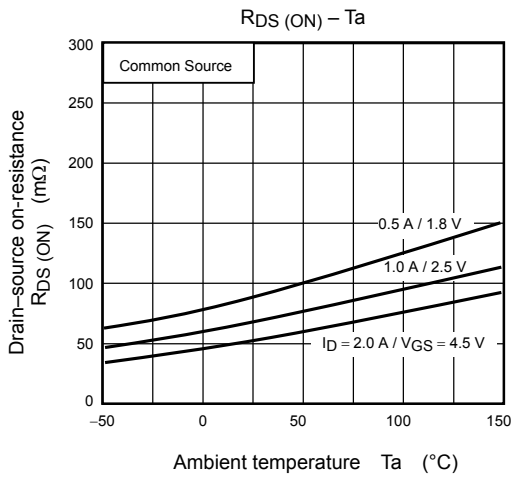
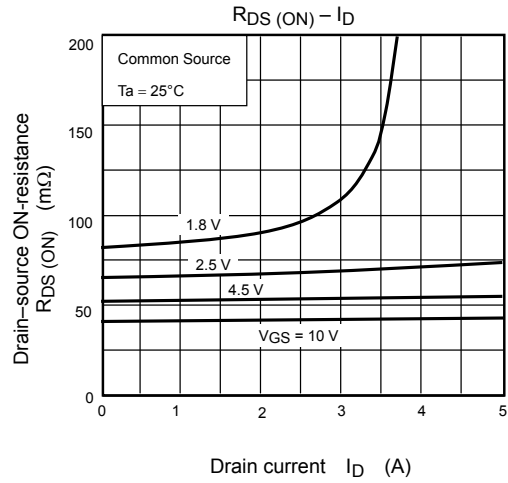
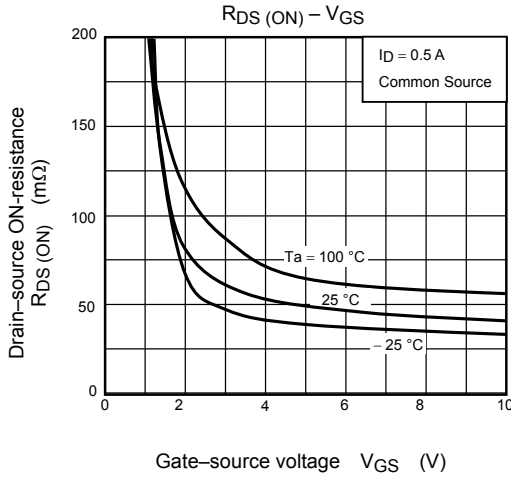
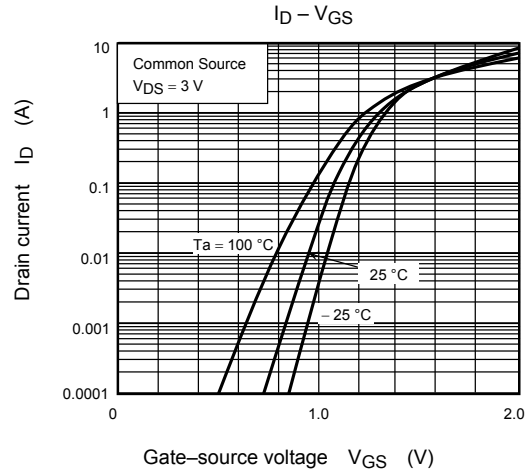
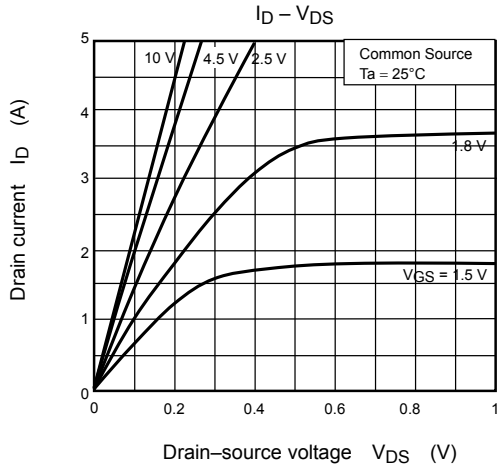
Usage Considerations

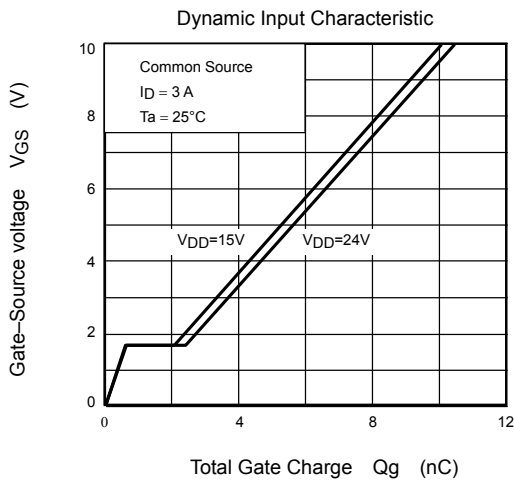
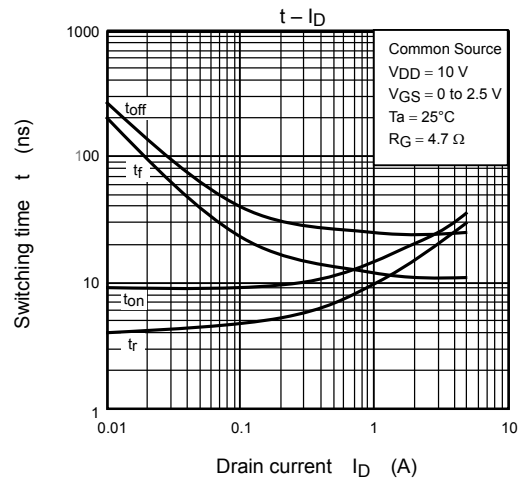
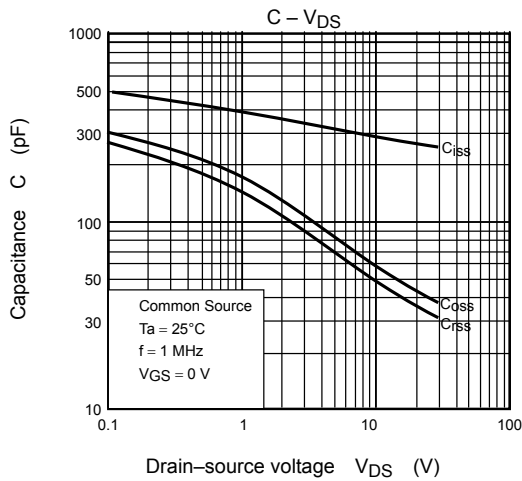
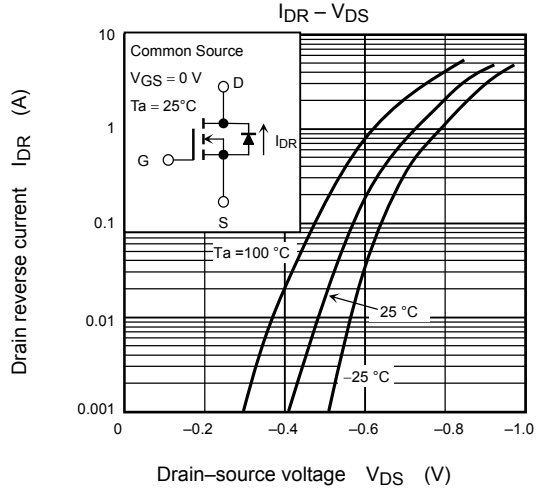
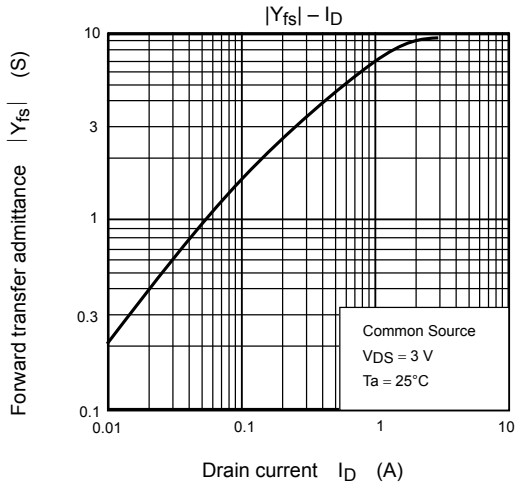
Let V_{th} be the voltage applied between gate and source that causes the drain current (I_D) to be below 1 mA for the SSM3K316T). Then, for normal switching operation, $V_{GS(on)}$ must be higher than V_{th} , and $V_{GS(off)}$ must be lower than V_{th} . This relationship can be expressed as: $V_{GS(off)} < V_{th} < V_{GS(on)}$.

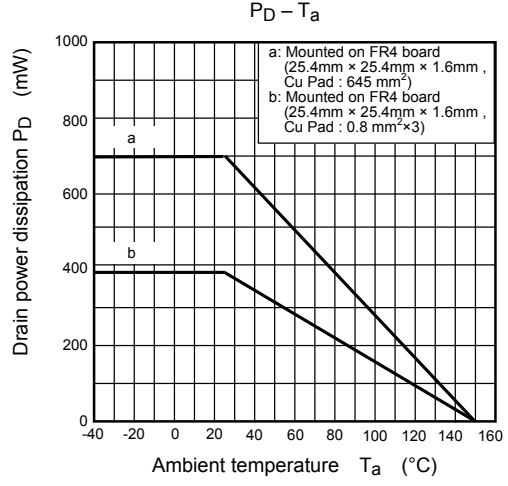
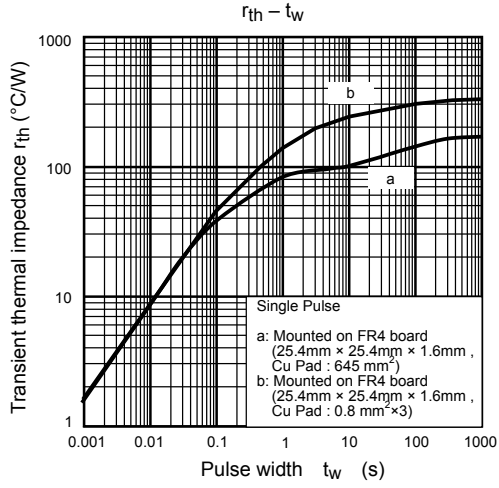
Take this into consideration when using the device.

Handling Precaution

When handling individual devices that are not yet mounted on a circuit board, make sure that the environment is protected against electrostatic discharge. Operators should wear antistatic clothing, and containers and other objects that come into direct contact with devices should be made of antistatic materials.







RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

20070701-EN GENERAL

- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.
- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.
In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc.
- The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury ("Unintended Usage"). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in his document shall be made at the customer's own risk.
- The products described in this document shall not be used or embedded to any downstream products of which manufacture, use and/or sale are prohibited under any applicable laws and regulations.
- Please contact your sales representative for product-by-product details in this document regarding RoHS compatibility. Please use these products in this document in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances. Toshiba assumes no liability for damage or losses occurring as a result of noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.