

## Built-in Inrush Current Protection, 300mA High Speed LDO Voltage Regulator

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC6223 series is a high speed LDO regulator that features high accurate, low noise, high ripple rejection, low dropout and low power consumption. The series consists of a voltage reference, an error amplifier, a driver transistor, a current limiter, a phase compensation circuit, a thermal shutdown circuit and an inrush current protection circuit.

The CE function enables the circuit to be in stand-by mode by inputting low level signal. In the stand-by mode, the series enables the electric charge at the output capacitor  $C_L$  to be discharged via the internal switch, and as a result the  $V_{OUT}$  pin quickly returns to the  $V_{SS}$  level. The output stabilization capacitor  $C_L$  is also compatible with low ESR ceramic capacitors.

The output voltage is selectable in 0.05V increments within the range of 1.2V to 4.0V which fixed by laser trimming technologies. The over current protection circuit and the thermal shutdown circuit are built-in. These two protection circuits will operate when the output current reaches current limit level or the junction temperature reaches temperature limit level.

### APPLICATIONS

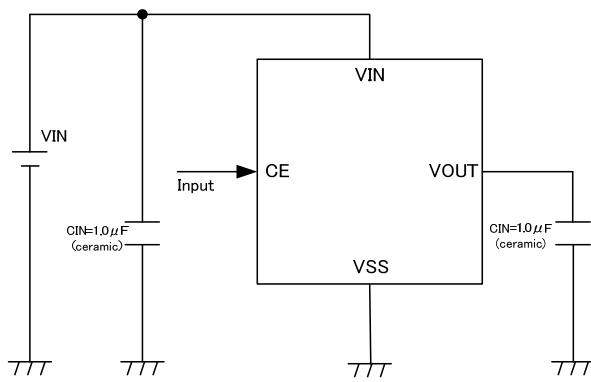
- Digital still cameras
- Cell phones
- Portable games
- Camera modules
- IC recorders
- Portable media players
- Bluetooth
- Wireless LAN
- Terrestrial digital TV tuners
- Cordless phones

### FEATURES

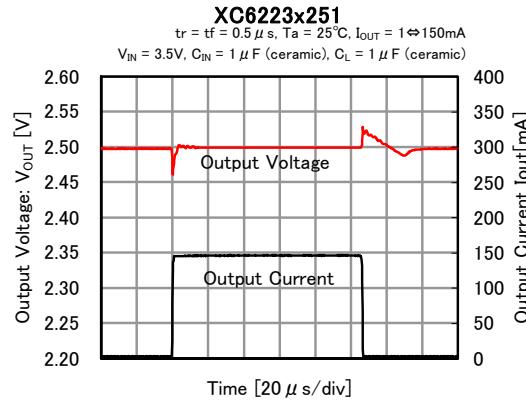
<b>Input Voltage Range</b>	: 1.6~5.5V
<b>Output Voltages</b>	: 2.0~4.0V (Accuracy $\pm 1\%$ )
	: 1.2~1.95V (Accuracy $\pm 20mV$ )
	: 0.05V increments
<b>Dropout Voltage</b>	: 200mV@ $I_{OUT}=300mA$ ( $V_{OUT}=3.0V$ )
<b>Low Power Consumption</b>	: 100 $\mu A$
<b>Stand-by Current</b>	: 0.1 $\mu A$
<b>High Ripple Rejection</b>	: 80dB@ $f=1kHz$
<b>Protection Circuits</b>	: Current Limit(400mA) Short Circuit Protection Over Heat Protection Inrush Current Protection
<b>Low ESR Capacitors</b>	: $C_{IN}=1.0 \mu F$ , $C_L=1.0 \mu F$
<b>CE Function</b>	: $C_L$ High Speed Discharge
<b>Small Packages</b>	: USPQ-4B03 * SSOT-24 SOT-25 SOT-89-5
<b>Environmentally Friendly</b>	: EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

\*USPQ-4B03 is under development.

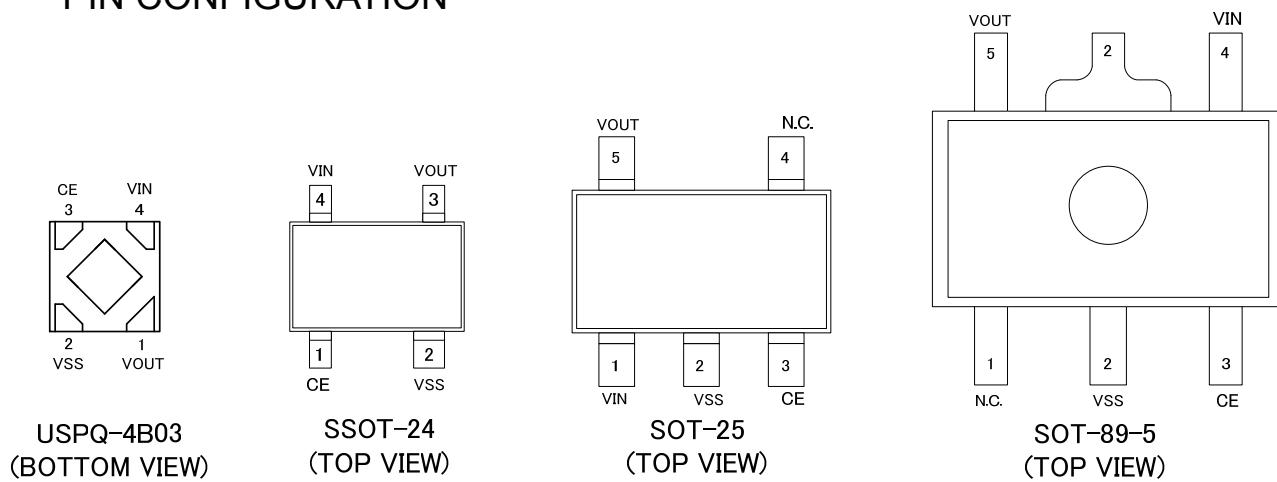
### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



## PIN CONFIGURATION



\*USPQ-4B03 is under development.

## PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN NUMBER				PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS
USPQ-4B03	SSOT-24	SOT-25	SOT-89-5		
4	4	1	4	V <sub>IN</sub>	Power Input
1	3	5	5	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output
2	2	2	2	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
3	1	3	3	CE	ON/OFF Control
-	-	4	1	NC	No Connection

## PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

Ordering Information  
XC6223 - (\*)

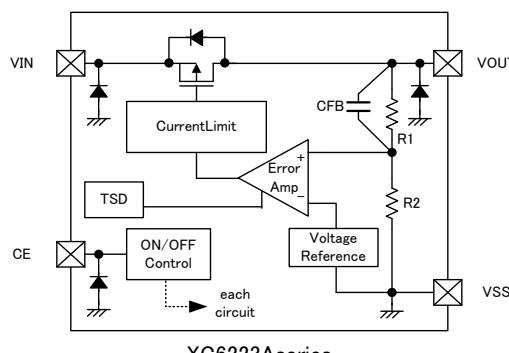
DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		
①	Type of Regulator (All CE logic is high active)		Inrush current protection	CE Pull-Down	C <sub>L</sub> discharge
		A	NO	NO	NO
		B	NO	NO	YES
		C	NO	YES (1M TYP built-in)*	NO
		D	NO	YES (1M TYP built-in)*	YES
		E	YES	NO	NO
		F	YES	NO	YES
		G	YES	YES (1M TYP built-in)*	NO
②③	Output Voltage	12~40	ex.) 2.80V	=2, =8,	=please see down below.
④	Output Accuracy	1	± 1% accuracy and output voltage {x.x0V} (the 2 <sup>nd</sup> decimal place is "0")		
		B	± 1% accuracy and output voltage {x.x5V} (the 2 <sup>nd</sup> decimal place is "5")		
⑤⑥-⑦	Packages Taping Type <sup>(*)</sup>	9R-G	USPQ-4B03 *under development		
		NR-G	SSOT-24		
		MR-G	SOT-25		
		PR-G	SOT-89-5		

\* CE Pin with Pull-down resistance

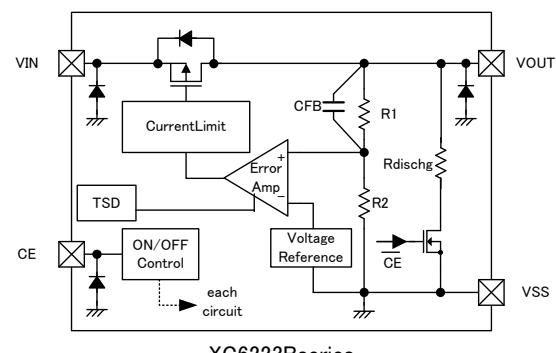
(\*) The "-G" suffix indicates that the products are Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully RoHS compliant.

(\*) The device orientation is fixed in its embossed tape pocket. For reverse orientation, please contact your local Torex sales office or representative. (Standard orientation: R-, Reverse orientation: L- )

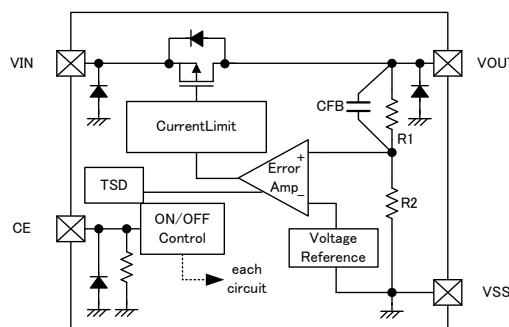
## BLOCK DIAGRAMS



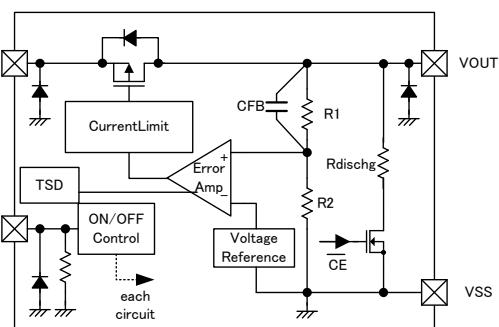
XC6223Aseries



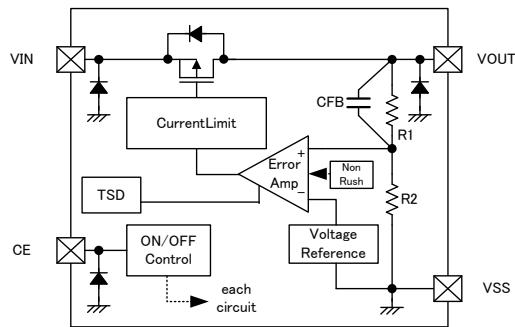
XC6223Bseries



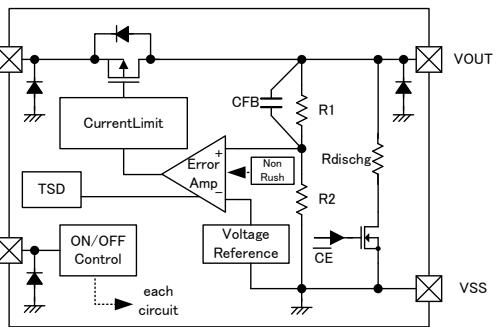
XC6223Cseries



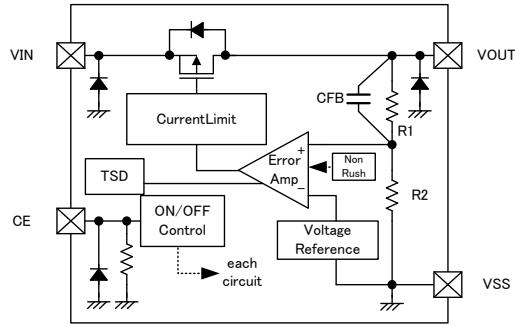
XC6223Dseries



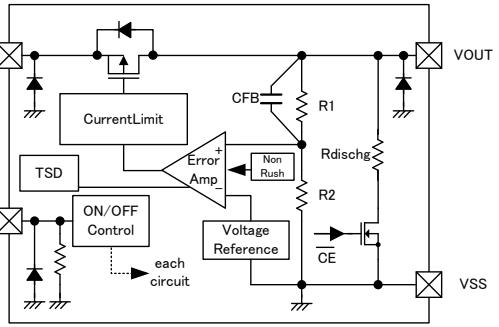
XC6223Eseries



XC6223Fseries



XC6223Gseries



XC6223Hseries

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$		$V_{SS}-0.3 \sim +7.0$	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$		500 (*1)	mA
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$		$V_{SS}-0.3 \sim V_{IN}+0.3$	V
CE Input Voltage	$V_{CE}$		$V_{SS}-0.3 \sim +7.0$	V
Power Dissipation	USPQ4 *	Pd	120	mW
	SSOT-24		150	
	SOT-25		500 (PCB mounted) (*2)	
	SOT-89-5		250	
			600 (PCB mounted) (*2)	
			500	
			1300 (PCB mounted) (*2)	
Operating Temperature Range	Topr		-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg		-55 ~ +125	°C

\*USPQ-4B03 is under development.

(\*1) :  $I_{OUT} = P_d / (V_{IN}-V_{OUT})$

(\*2) : The power dissipation figure shown is PCB mounted. Please refer to page 25 ~ 27 for details.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

● XC6223A/B/C/D/E/F/G/H Series

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUITS	
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ ( <sup>①</sup> )	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.0V, V_{CE}=V_{IN}, V_{OUT}=10mA$	$V_{OUT(T)} \times 0.99$	$V_{OUT(T)}$ ( <sup>②</sup> )	$V_{OUT(T)} \times 1.01$	V	<sup>①</sup>	
		$V_{OUT} < 2.0V, V_{CE}=V_{IN}, V_{OUT}=10mA$	$V_{OUT(T)} - 20mV$ ( <sup>③</sup> )	$V_{OUT(T)}$	$V_{OUT(T)} + 20mV$ ( <sup>③</sup> )	V		
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT MAX}$	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}$	300	-	-	mA	<sup>①</sup>	
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}, 0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 300mA$	-	25	45	mV	<sup>①</sup>	
Dropout Voltage	$V_{dif}$ ( <sup>④</sup> )	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}, I_{OUT}=300mA$		E-1			mV	<sup>①</sup>
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}$	-	100	220	$\mu A$	<sup>②</sup>	
Stand-by Current	$I_{STBY}$	$V_{CE}=V_{SS}$	-	0.01	0.4	$\mu A$	<sup>②</sup>	
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/(\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT})$	$V_{OUT(T)} + 0.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5V$ $V_{CE}=V_{IN}, I_{OUT}=50mA$	-	0.01	0.1	%/V	<sup>①</sup>	
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-	1.6	-	5.5	V	<sup>①</sup>	
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\Delta V_{OUT}/(\Delta T_a \cdot V_{OUT})$	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}, I_{OUT}=10mA$ $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_a \leq 85^{\circ}C$	-	$\pm 100$	-	ppm / °C	<sup>①</sup>	
Ripple Rejection Rate	PSRR	$V_{OUT(T)} < 2.5V$ $V_{IN}=3.0V+0.5VppAC$ $V_{CE}=V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V$ $I_{OUT}=30mA, f=1kHz$	-	80	-	dB	<sup>③</sup>	
		$V_{OUT(T)} \geq 2.5V$ $V_{IN}=[V_{OUT(T)}+1.0] + 0.5Vp-pAC$ $V_{CE}=V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V$ $I_{OUT}=30mA, f=1kHz$						
Current Limit	$I_{LIM}$	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}$	310	400	-	mA	<sup>①</sup>	
Short Current	$I_{SHORT}$	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}, V_{OUT}=V_{SS}$	-	50	-	mA	<sup>①</sup>	
CE High Level Voltage	$V_{CEH}$	-	1.0	-	5.5	V	<sup>④</sup>	
CE Low Level Voltage	$V_{CEL}$	-	-	-	0.3	V		
CE High Level Current (A/B/E/F Type)	$I_{CEH}$	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}=5.5V$	-0.1	-	0.1	$\mu A$	<sup>④</sup>	
CE High Level Current (C/D/G/H Type)	$I_{CEH}$	$V_{CE}=V_{IN}=5.5V$	3.0	5.5	9.0	$\mu A$	<sup>④</sup>	
CE Low Level Current	$I_{CEL}$	$V_{CE}=V_{SS}$	-0.1	-	0.1	$\mu A$	<sup>④</sup>	
CL Discharge Resistance (Only B/D/F/H Type)	$R_{DCHG}$	$V_{IN}=5.5V, V_{OUT}=2.0V, V_{CE}=V_{SS}$	-	300	-	$\Omega$	<sup>①</sup>	
Inrush Current (Only E/F/G/H Type)	$I_{rush}$	$V_{IN}=V_{CE}=5.5V$	-	150	-	mA	<sup>⑤</sup>	
TSD Detect Temperature	$T_{TSD}$	Junction Temperature	-	150	-	°C	<sup>①</sup>	
TSD Release Temperature	$T_{TSR}$	Junction Temperature	-	120	-	°C		
Hysteresis Width	$T_{TSD} - T_{TSR}$	Junction Temperature	-	30	-	°C		

## NOTE:

\*1:  $V_{OUT(E)}$ : Effective output voltage(i.e. the output voltage when " $V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V$ " is provided at the  $V_{IN}$  pin while maintaining a certain  $I_{OUT}$  value.)\*2:  $V_{OUT(T)}$ : Nominal output voltage\*3: The standard output voltage is specified in  $V_{OUT(T)} \pm 20mV$  where  $V_{OUT(T)} < 2.0V$ .\*4:  $V_{dif} = \{V_{IN1} * 5\} - \{V_{OUT1} * 6\}$  ( $V_{IN1} \geq 1.6V$ )\*5:  $V_{IN1}$ =The input voltage when  $V_{OUT1}$  appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.\*6:  $V_{OUT1}$ =A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized  $I_{OUT} \{V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V\}$  is input\*7: Unless otherwise stated regarding input voltage conditions,  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(T)} + 1.0V$ .

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Voltage Chart 1

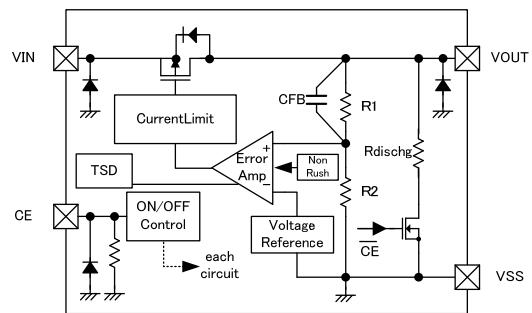
SYMBOL PARAMETER	E-0		E-1	
NOMINAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)		DROPOUT VOLTAGE (mV)	
$V_{OUT(T)}$	$V_{OUT(E)}$		$V_{dif}$	
	MIN	MAX	TYP	MAX
1.200	1.180	1.220	480	630
1.250	1.230	1.270		
1.300	1.280	1.320	440	480
1.350	1.330	1.370		
1.400	1.380	1.420	420	460
1.450	1.430	1.470		
1.500	1.480	1.520		
1.550	1.530	1.570		
1.600	1.580	1.620	400	440
1.650	1.630	1.670		
1.700	1.680	1.720		
1.750	1.730	1.770		
1.800	1.780	1.820	300	410
1.850	1.830	1.870		
1.900	1.880	1.920		
1.950	1.930	1.970		
2.000	1.980	2.020	270	380
2.050	2.030	2.071		
2.100	2.079	2.121		
2.150	2.129	2.172		
2.200	2.178	2.222		
2.250	2.228	2.273		
2.300	2.277	2.323		
2.350	2.327	2.374		
2.400	2.376	2.424		
2.450	2.426	2.475		
2.500	2.475	2.525	240	350
2.550	2.525	2.576		
2.600	2.574	2.626		
2.650	2.624	2.677		
2.700	2.673	2.727		
2.750	2.723	2.778		

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Voltage Chart2

PARAMETER NOMINAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	E-0		E-1	
	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)		DROPOUT VOLTAGE (mV)	
V <sub>OUT(T)</sub>	V <sub>OUT(E)</sub>		V <sub>dif</sub>	
	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
2.800	2.772	2.828	240	350
2.850	2.822	2.879		
2.900	2.871	2.929		
2.950	2.921	2.980		
3.000	2.970	3.030		
3.050	3.020	3.081		
3.100	3.069	3.131		
3.150	3.119	3.182		
3.200	3.168	3.232		
3.250	3.218	3.283		
3.300	3.267	3.333		
3.350	3.317	3.384		
3.400	3.366	3.434		
3.450	3.415	3.484		
3.500	3.465	3.535	200	305
3.550	3.514	3.585		
3.600	3.564	3.636		
3.650	3.613	3.686		
3.700	3.663	3.737		
3.750	3.712	3.787		
3.800	3.762	3.838		
3.850	3.811	3.888		
3.900	3.861	3.939		
3.950	3.910	3.989		
4.000	3.960	4.040		

## OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION



The voltage divided by resistors R1 & R2 is compared with the internal reference voltage by the error amplifier. The P-channel MOSFET which is connected to the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin is then driven by the subsequent output signal. The output voltage at the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin is controlled and stabilized by a system of negative feedback. The current limit circuit and short circuit protection operate in relation to the level of output current and heat dissipation. Further, the IC's internal circuitry can be shutdown via the CE pin signal.

### <Low ESR Capacitor>

The XC6223 series needs an output capacitor C<sub>L</sub> for phase compensation. In order to ensure the stable phase compensation, please place an output capacitor of 1.0  $\mu$ F or bigger at the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin and V<sub>SS</sub> pin as close as possible. For a stable power input, please connect an input capacitor (C<sub>IN</sub>) of 1.0  $\mu$ F between the V<sub>IN</sub> pin and the V<sub>SS</sub> pin.

### <Current Limiter, Short-Circuit Protection>

The protection circuit operates as a combination of an output current limiter and fold-back short circuit protection. When load current reaches the current limit level, the output voltage drops. As a result, the load current starts to reduce with showing fold-back curve. The output current finally falls at the level of 50mA when the output pin is short-circuited.

### <CE Pin>

The IC's internal circuitry can be shutdown via the signal from the CE pin. In shutdown mode, the XC6223B/D/F/H series enables the electric charge at the output capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>) to be discharged via the internal auto-discharge switch, and as a result the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin quickly returns to the V<sub>SS</sub> level. When the CE pin is open, the output voltage becomes undefined state in the XC6223A/B/E/F series because of a high active and no pull-down. On the other hand, the XC6223C/D/G/H series has a pull-down resistor at the CE pin inside, so that the CE pin input current flows.

### <Thermal Shutdown>

The over heat protection circuit is built-in with the XC6223 series. When the junction temperature of the IC reaches the temperature limit level (150 °C TYP.), the thermal shutdown circuit operates and the driver transistor will be turned off. The IC resumes its operation when the thermal shutdown function is released as a result of the junction temperature drops to the release point.

### <Inrush Current Protection>

The inrush current protection circuit is built in the XC6223 series.

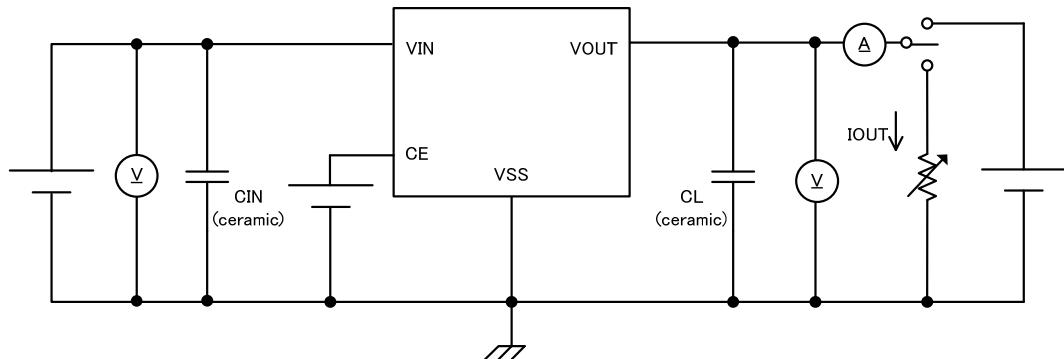
When the IC starts to operate, the protection circuit limits the inrush current from V<sub>IN</sub> to V<sub>OUT</sub> to charge C<sub>L</sub> capacitor. This function is built in the XC6223E/F/G/H series.

## NOTES ON USE

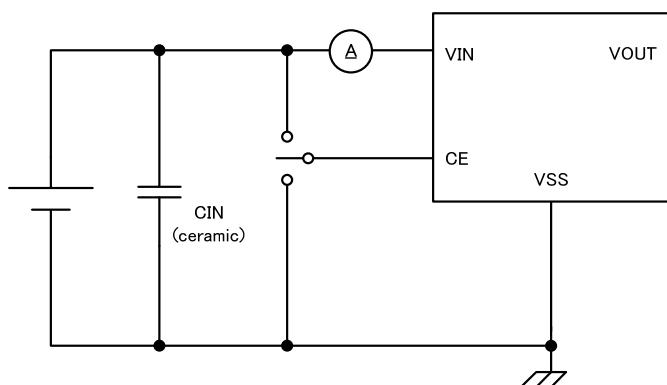
- 1 . Please use this IC within the stated absolute maximum ratings.  
The IC is liable to malfunction should the ratings be exceeded.
- 2 . Where wiring impedance is high, operations may become unstable due to the noise and/or phase lag depending on output current. Please strengthen VIN and Vss wiring in particular.
3. The input capacitor  $C_{IN}$  and the output capacitor  $C_L$  should be placed to the IC as close as possible with a shorter wiring.
4. The IC is controlled with constant current start-up. Start-up sequence control is requested to draw a load current after rising up the output voltage.

## TEST CIRCUITS

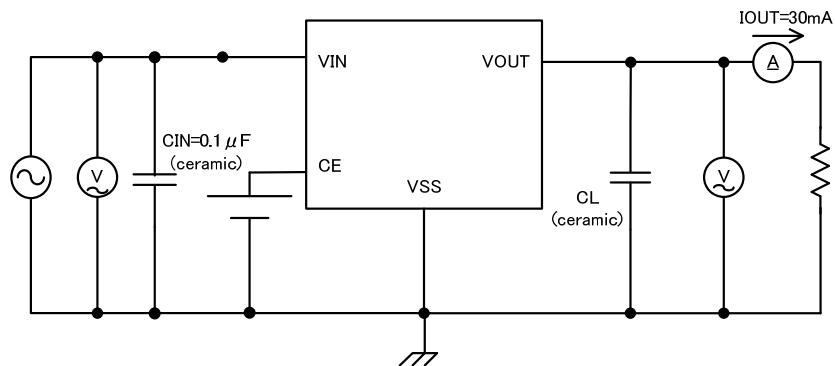
Circuit



Circuit

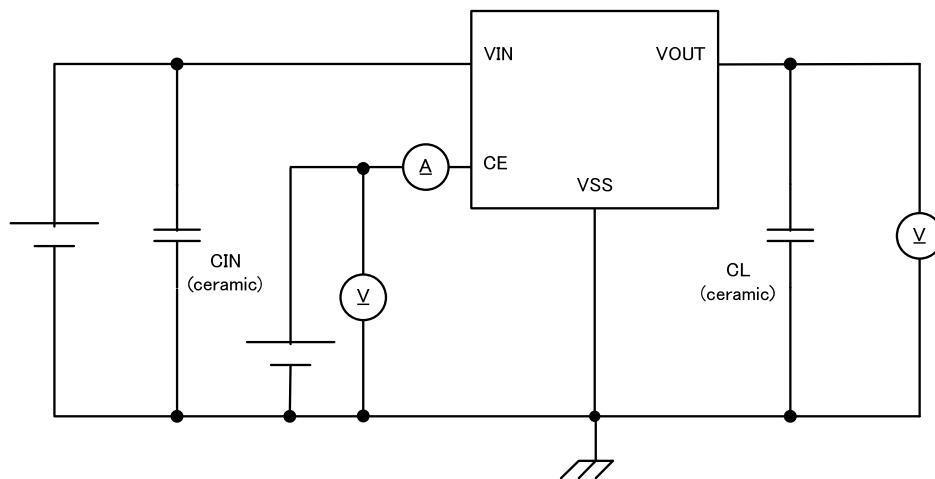


Circuit

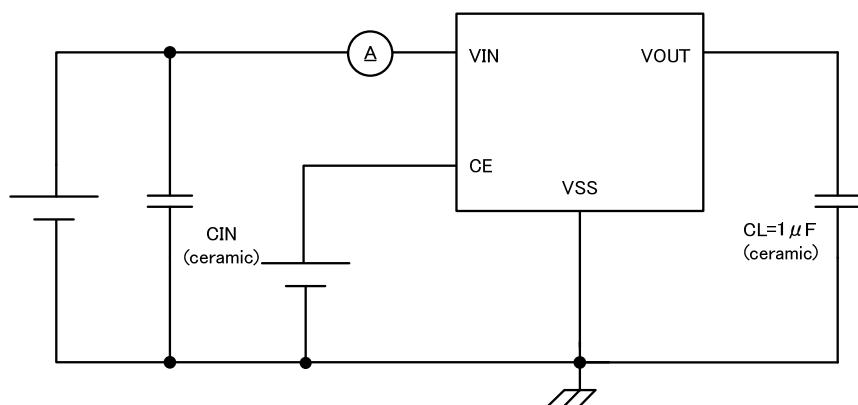


## TEST CIRCUITS (Continued)

Circuit



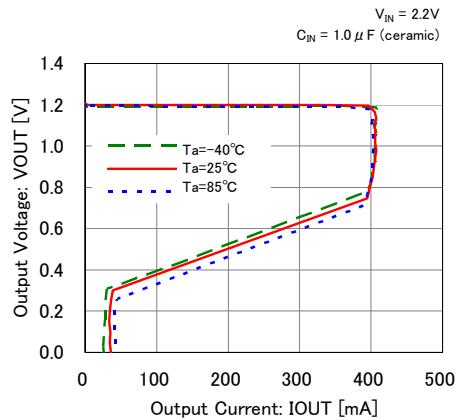
Circuit



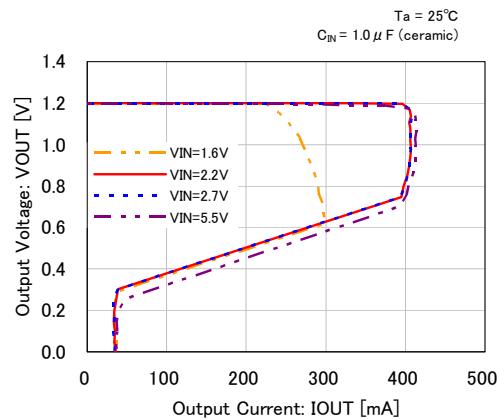
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

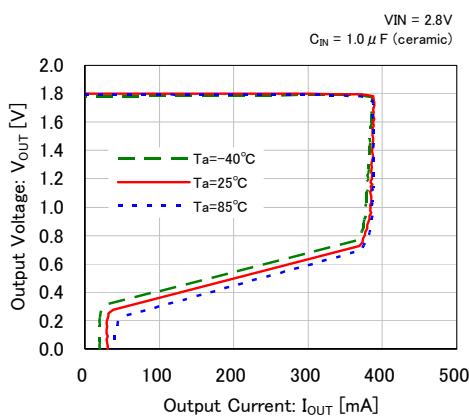
**XC6223x121**



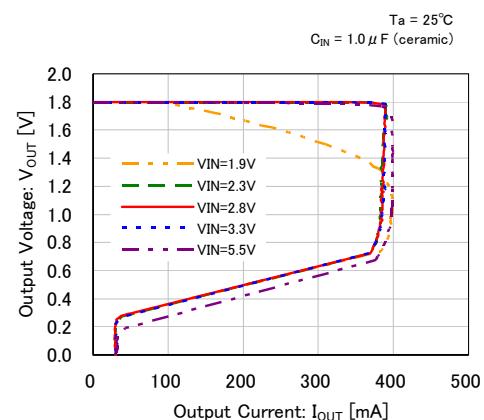
**XC6223x121**



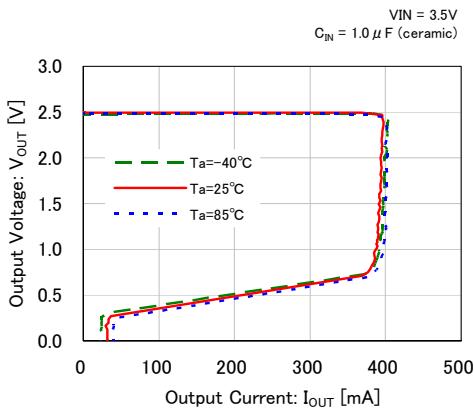
**XC6223x181**



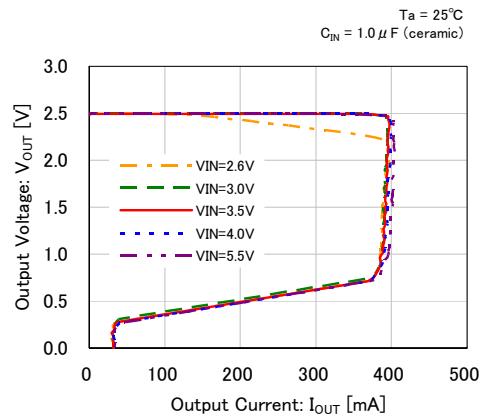
**XC6223x181**



**XC6223x251**

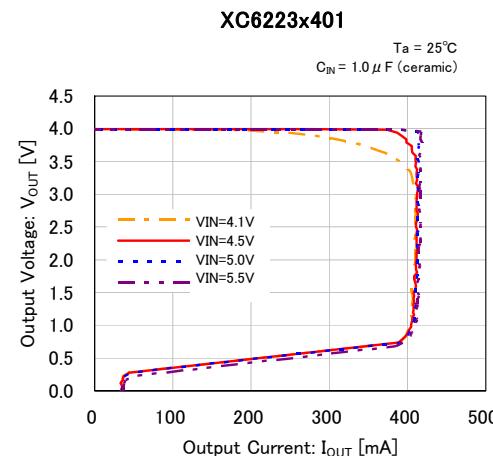
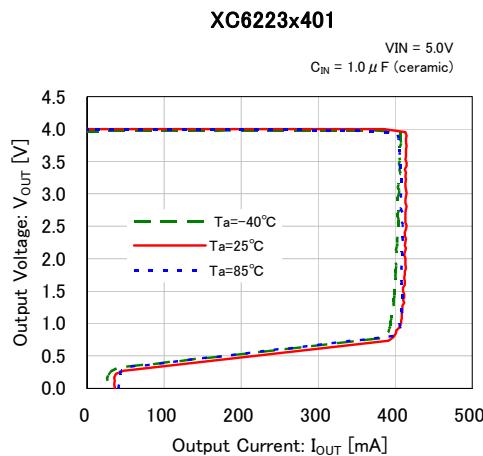


**XC6223x251**

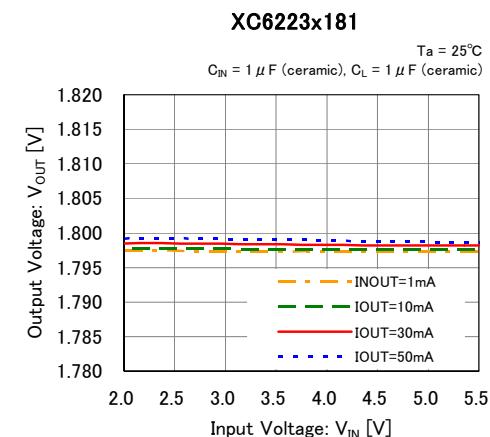
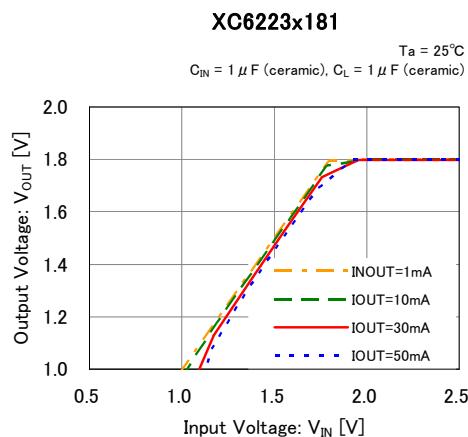
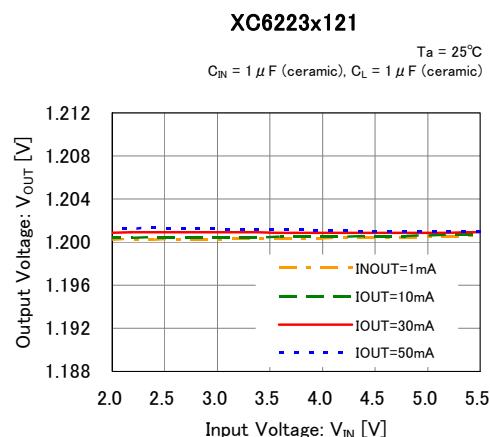
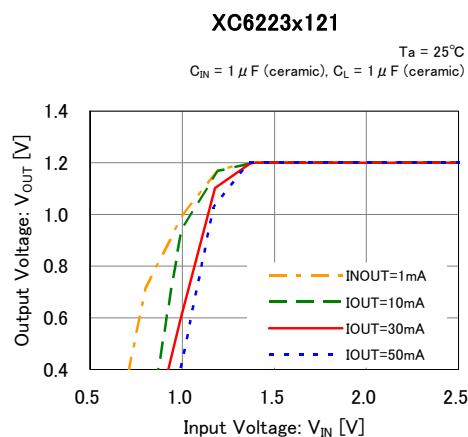


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current (Continued)



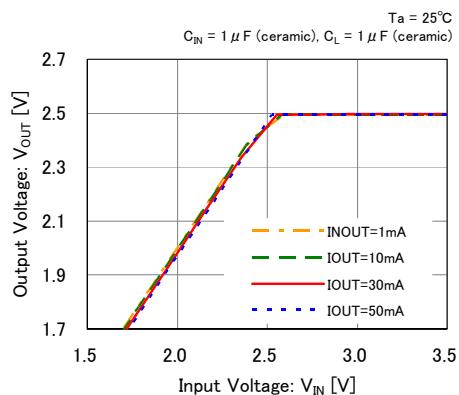
### (2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage



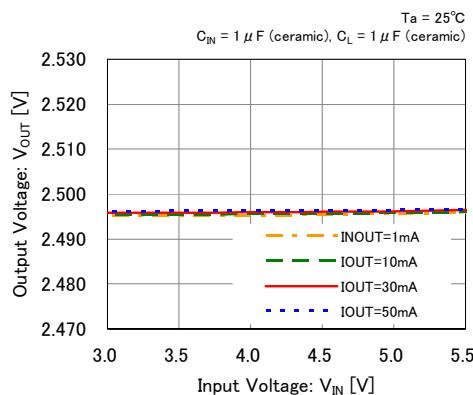
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (Continued)

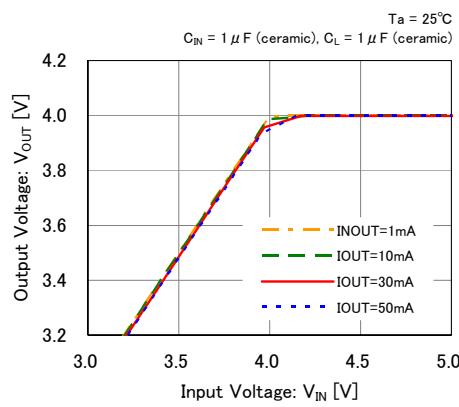
**XC6223x251**



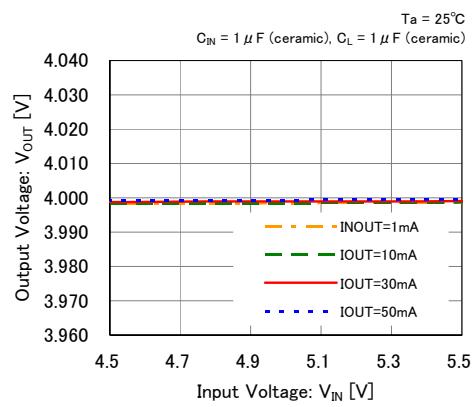
**XC6223x251**



**XC6223x401**

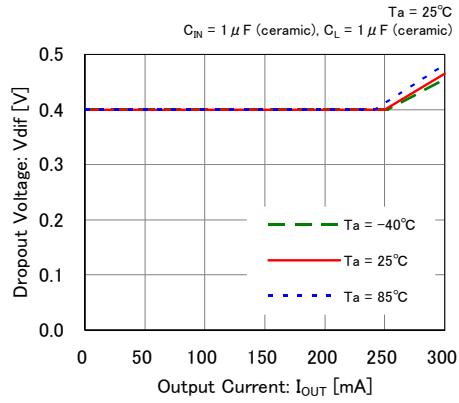


**XC6223x401**

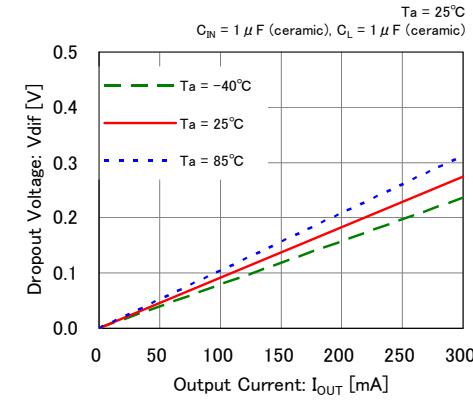


### (3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

**XC6223x121**

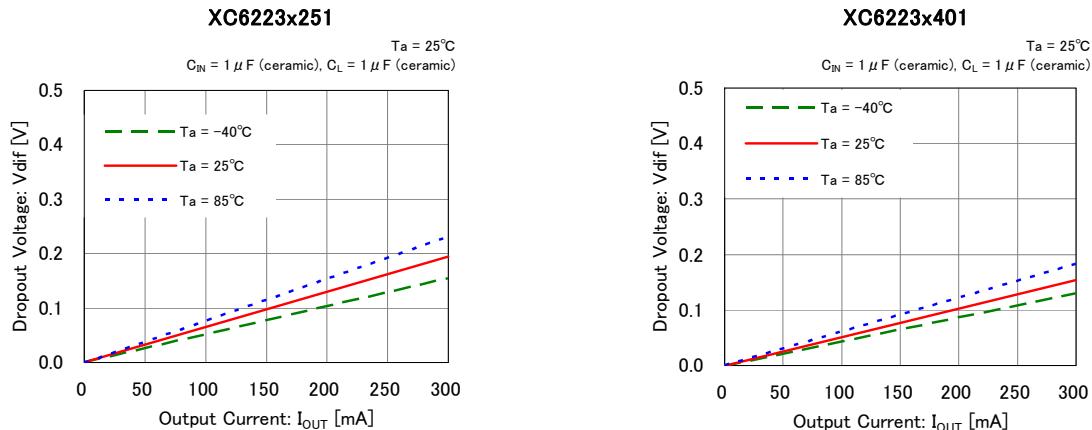


**XC6223x181**

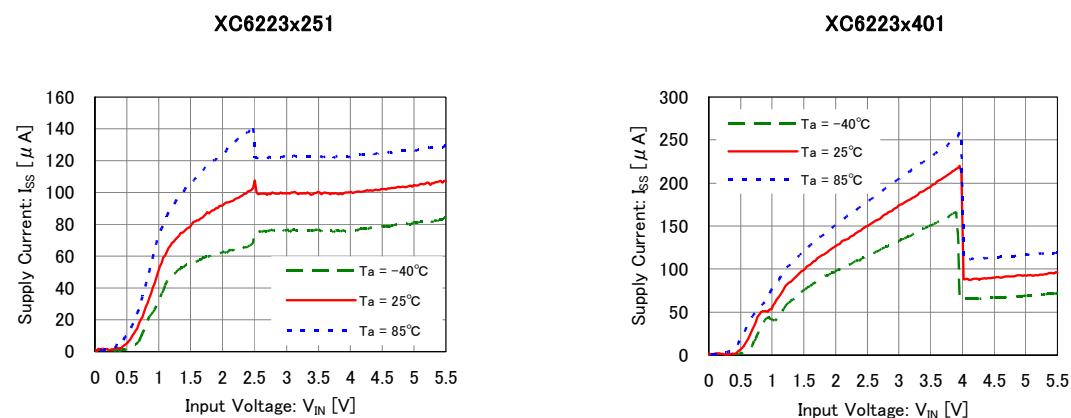
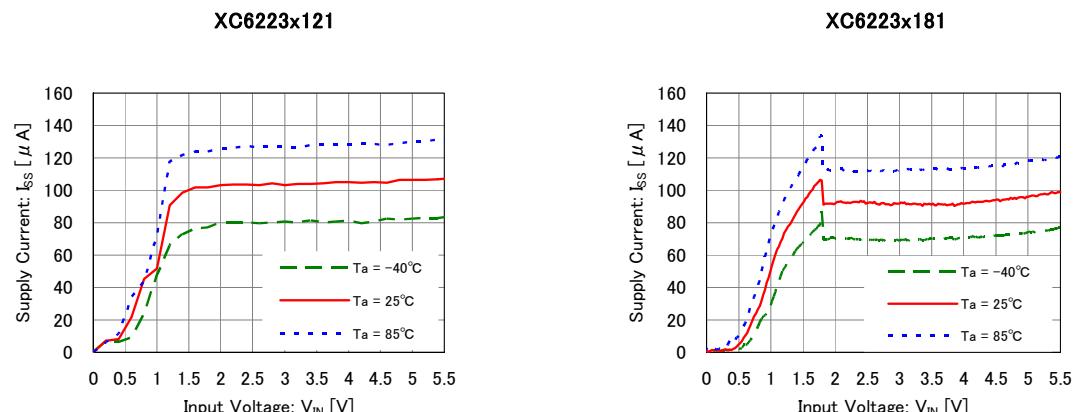


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current (Continued)

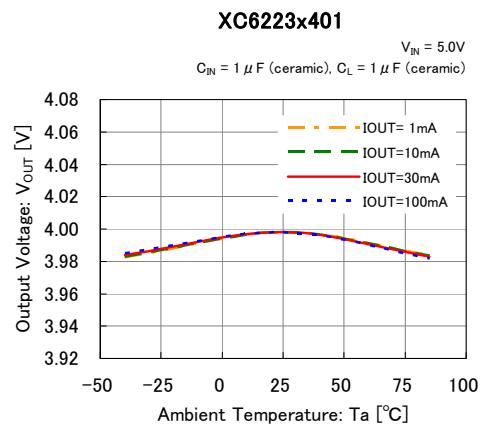
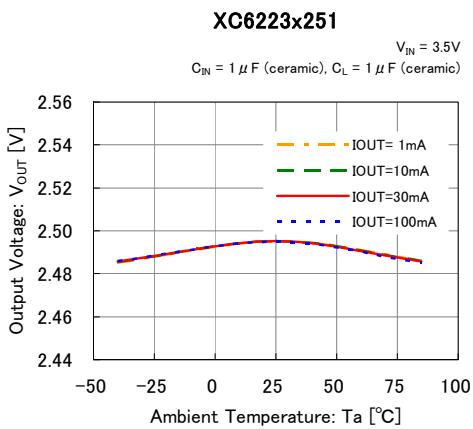
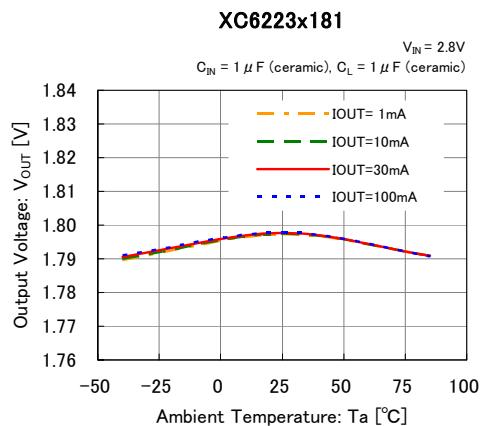
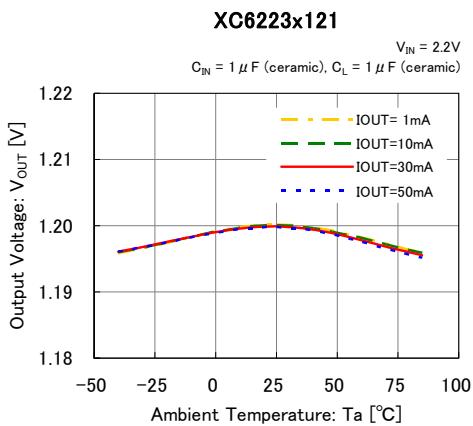


(4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

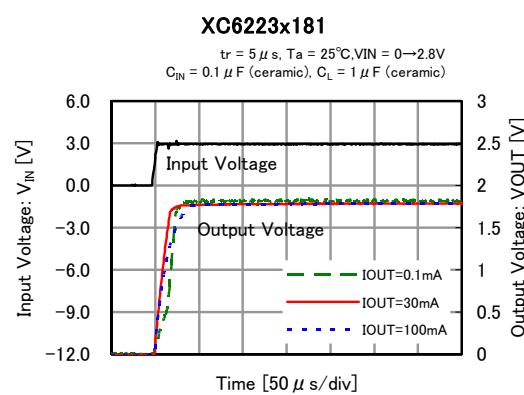
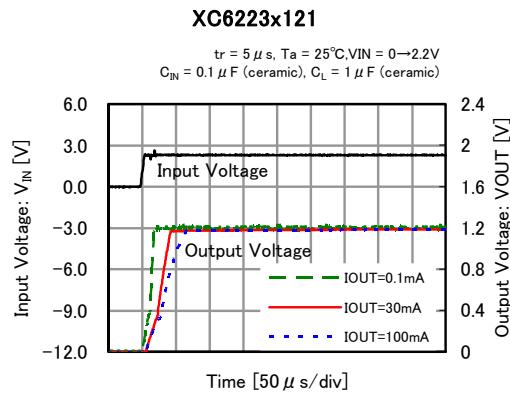


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



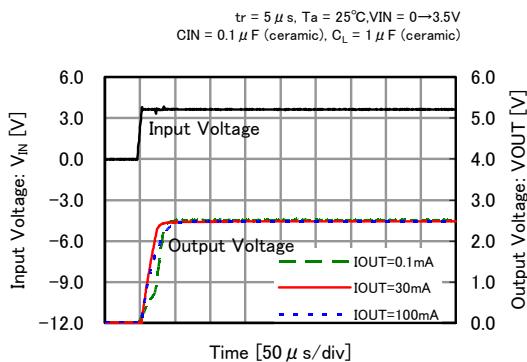
(6) Rising Response Time



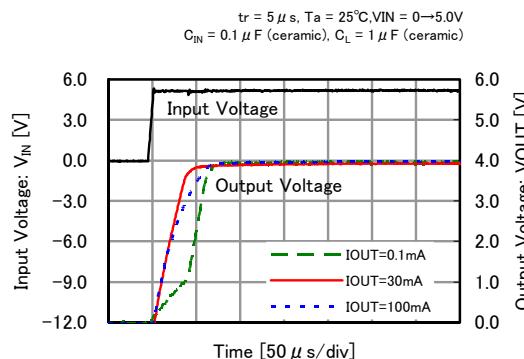
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (6) Rising Response Time (Continued)

**XC6223x251**

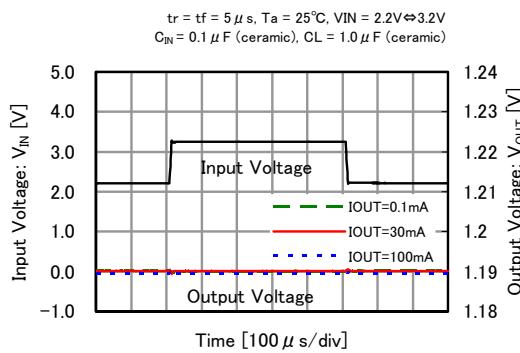


**XC6223x401**

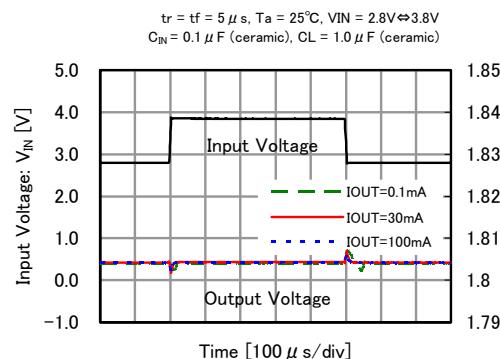


### (7) Input Transient Response

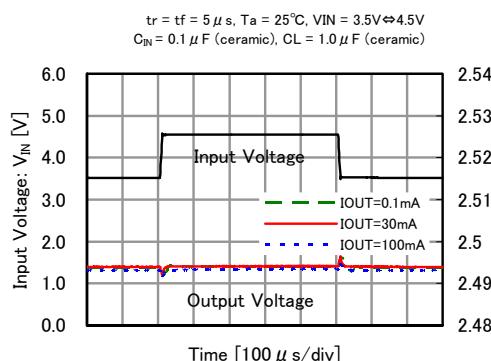
**XC6223x121**



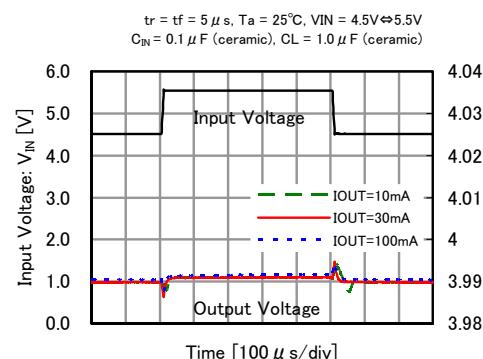
**XC6223x181**



**XC6223x251**

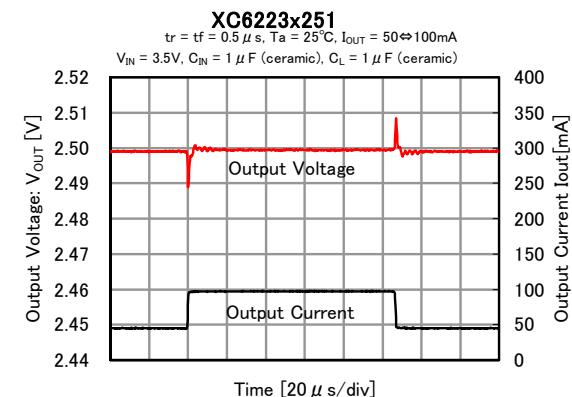
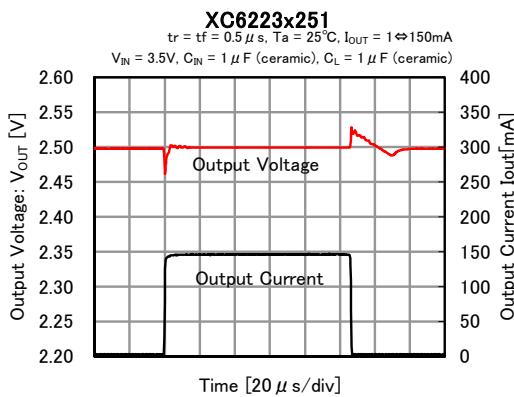
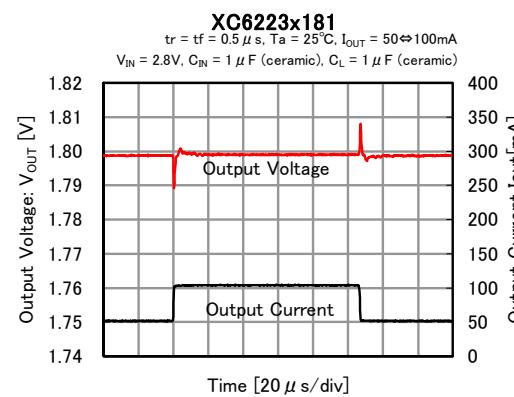
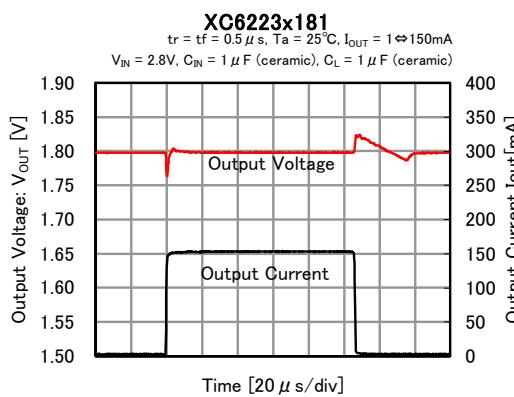
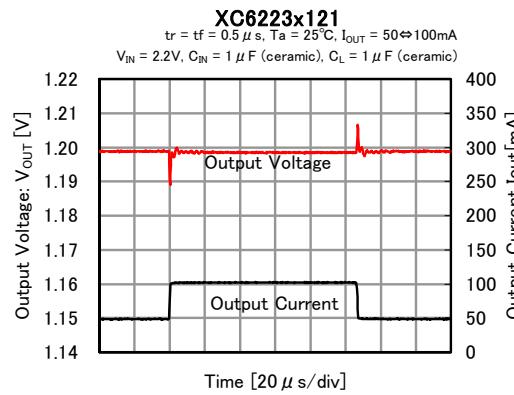
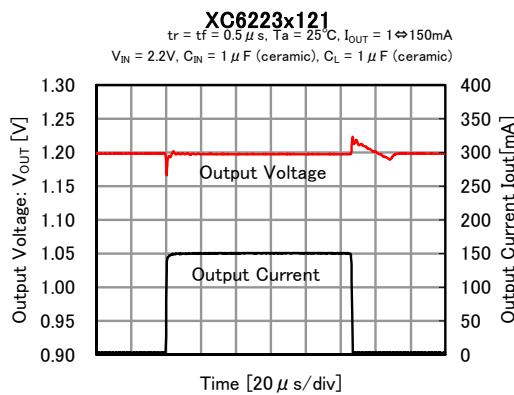


**XC6223x401**



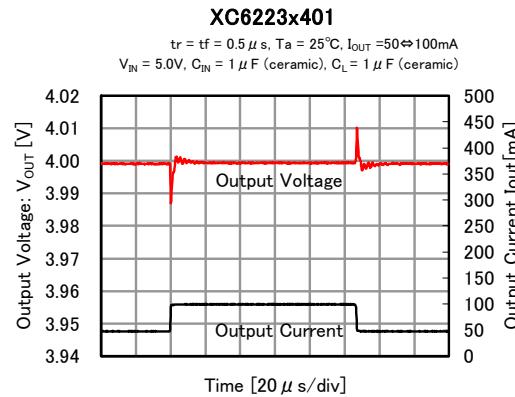
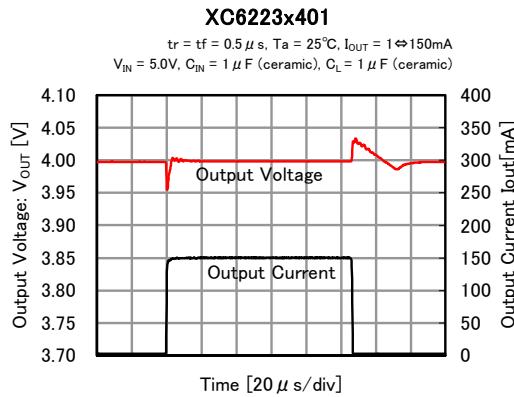
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(8) Load Transient Response ( $t_r=t_f=0.5 \mu s$ )

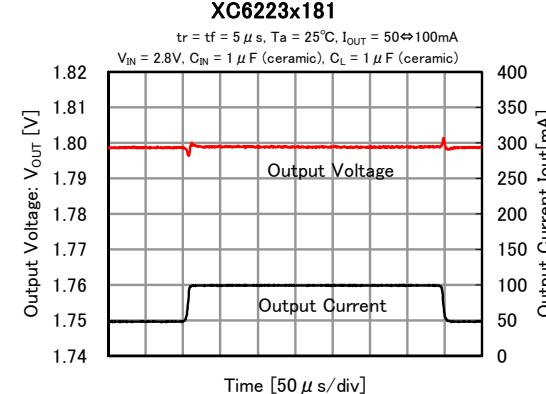
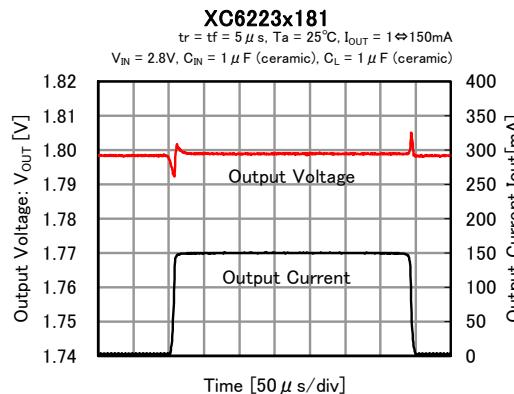
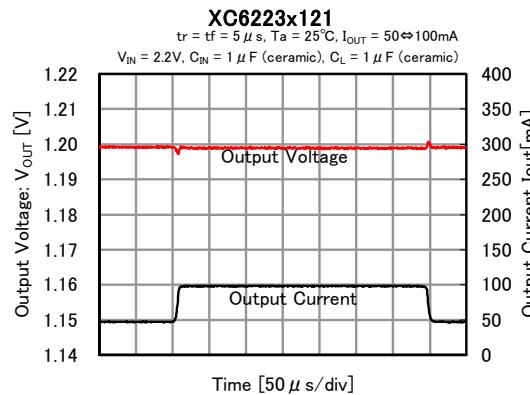
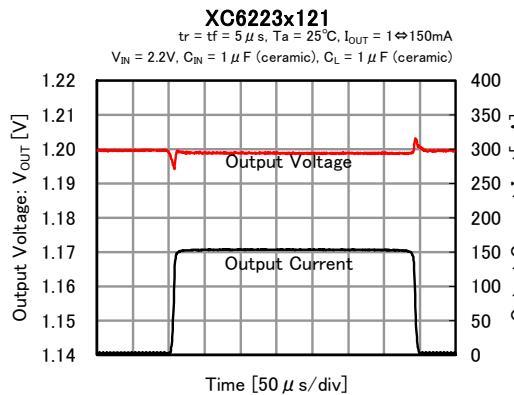


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(8) Load Transient Response ( $tr= tf = 0.5 \mu s$ ) (Continued)

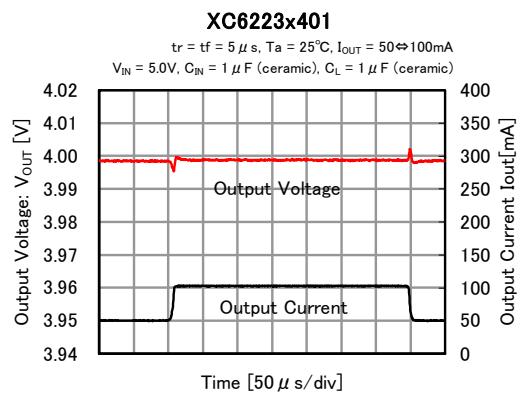
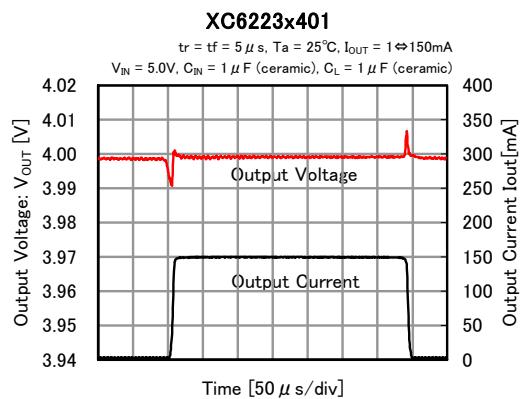
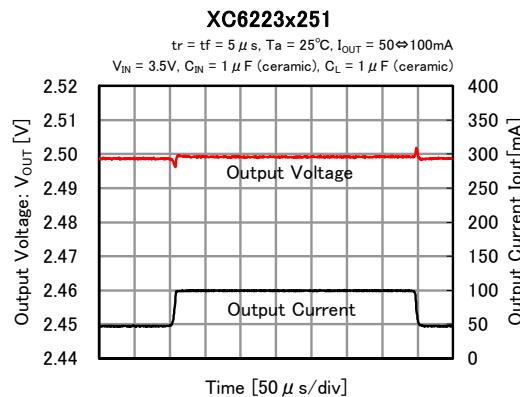
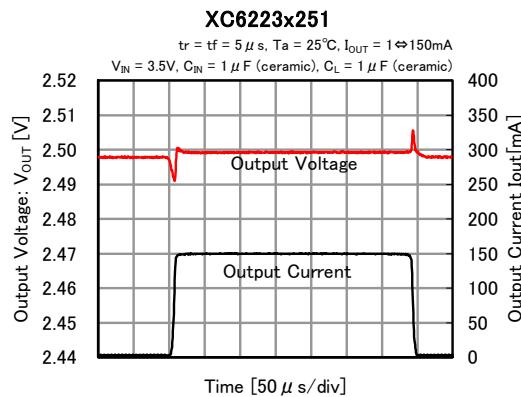


(8) Load Transient Response ( $tr= tf = 5 \mu s$ ) (Continued)

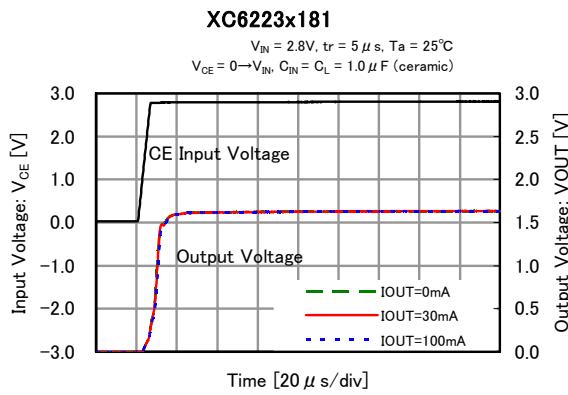
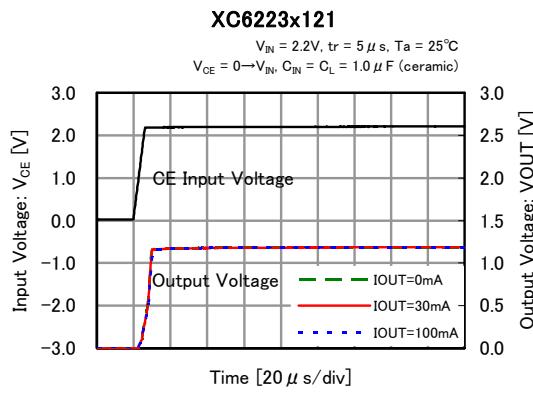


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(8) Load Transient Response ( $t_r=t_f=5 \mu s$ ) (Continued)

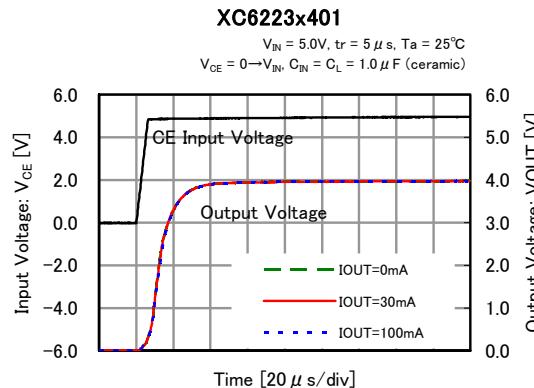
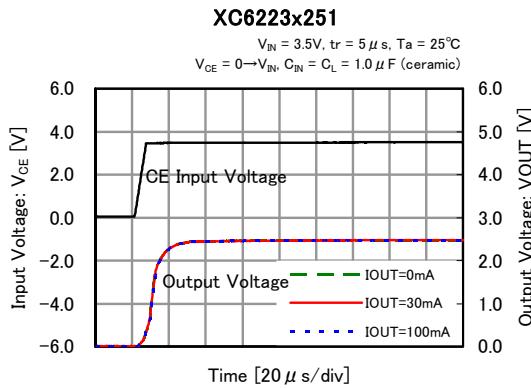


(9) CE Rising Response Time (A,B,C,D Type)

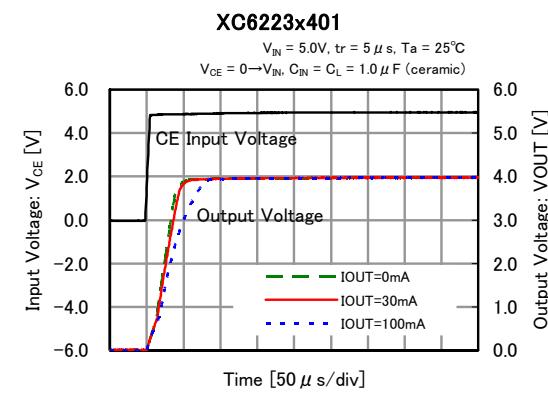
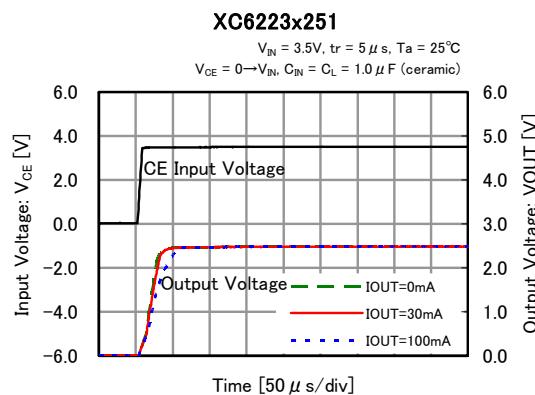
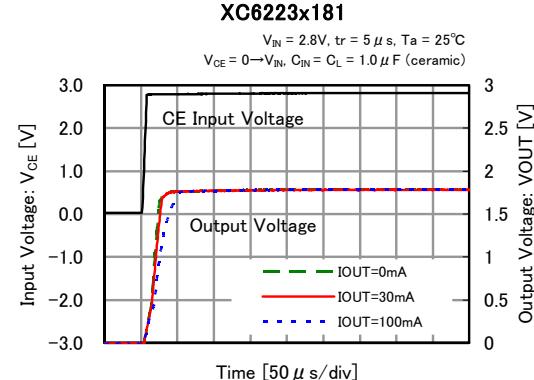
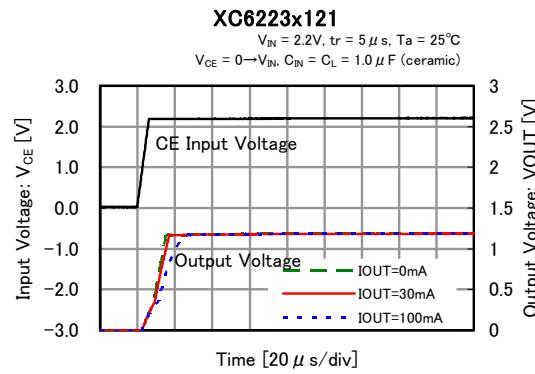


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(9) CE Rising Response Time (A,B,C,D Type) (Continued)



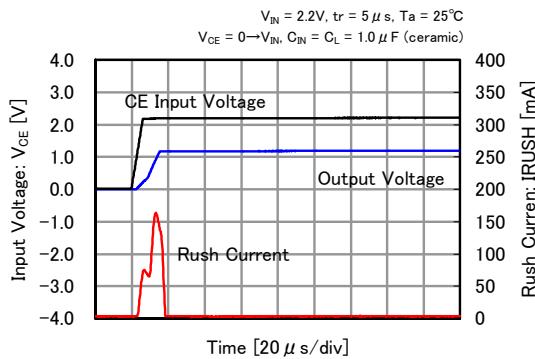
(9) CE Rising Response Time (E,F,G,H Type) (Continued)



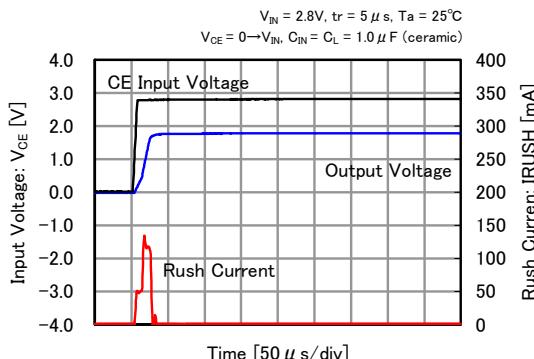
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(10) Inrush Current Response Time (E,F,G,H Type)

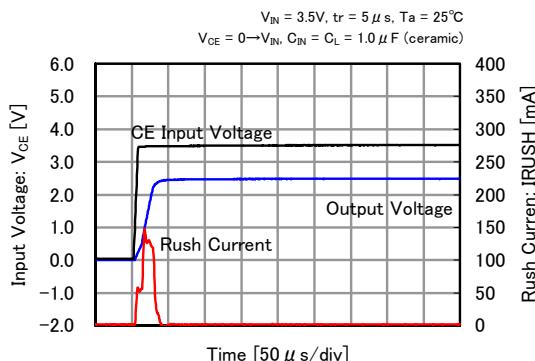
**XC6223x121**



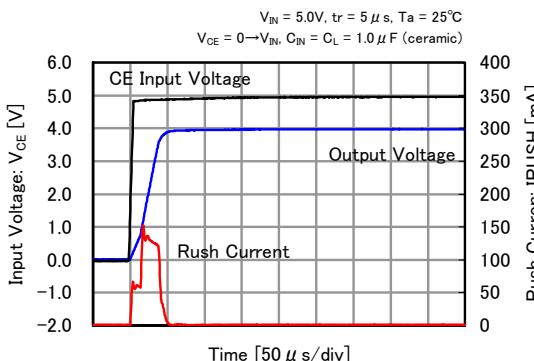
**XC6223x181**



**XC6223x251**



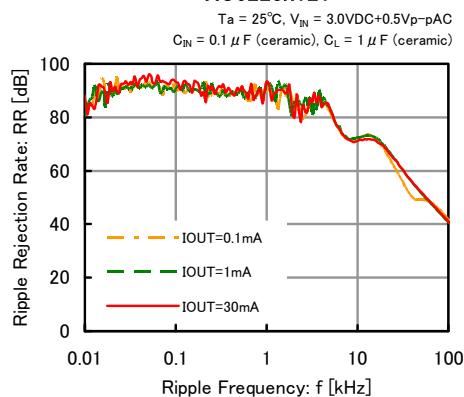
**XC6223x401**



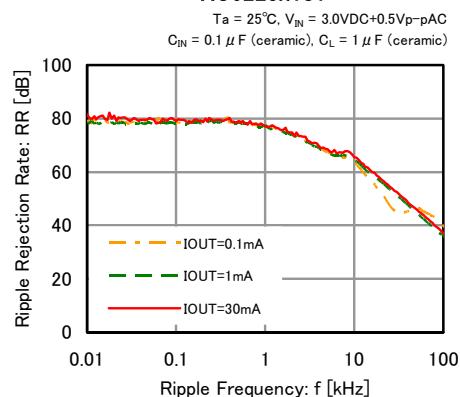
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (11) Ripple Rejection Rate

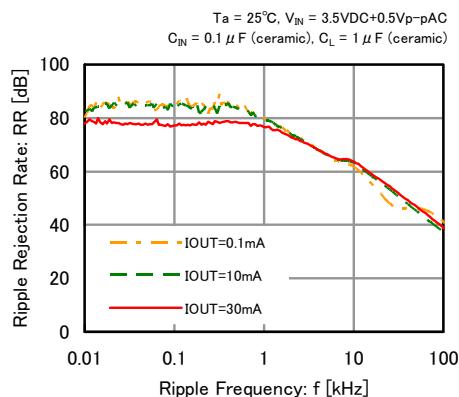
**XC6223x121**



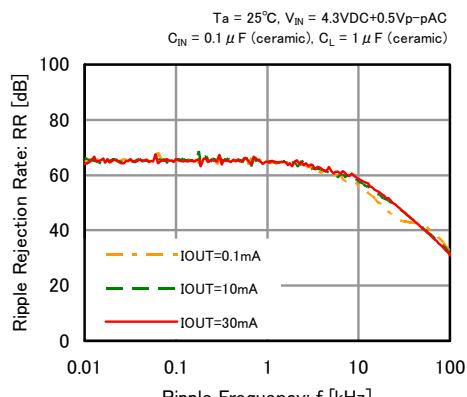
**XC6223x181**



**XC6223x251**

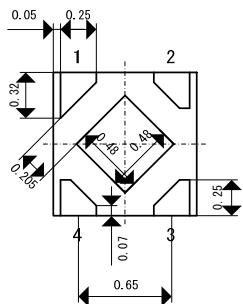
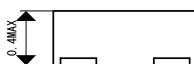
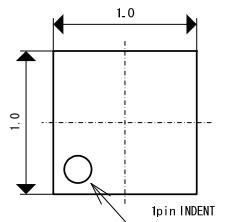


**XC6223x331**



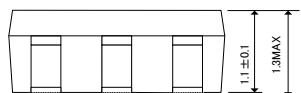
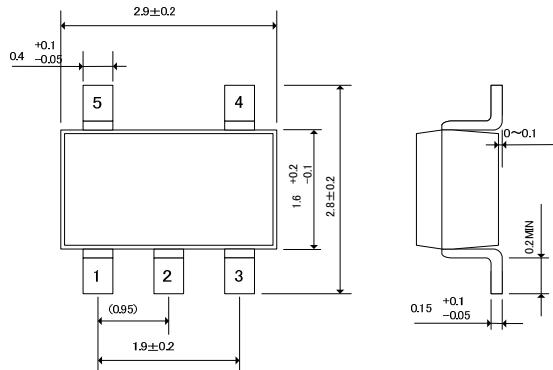
## PACKAGING INFORMATION

USPQ-4B03(preliminary) \*USPQ-4B03 is under development.  
(unit : mm)

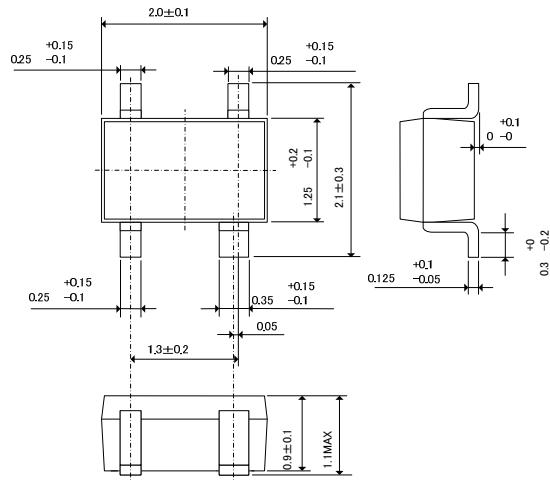


SOT-25

(unit : mm)

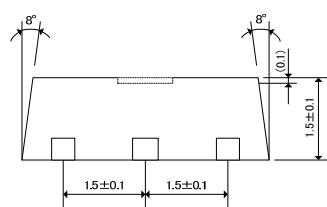
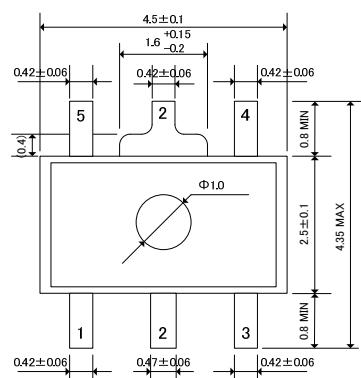


SSOT-24  
(unit : mm)



SOT-89-5

(unit : mm)



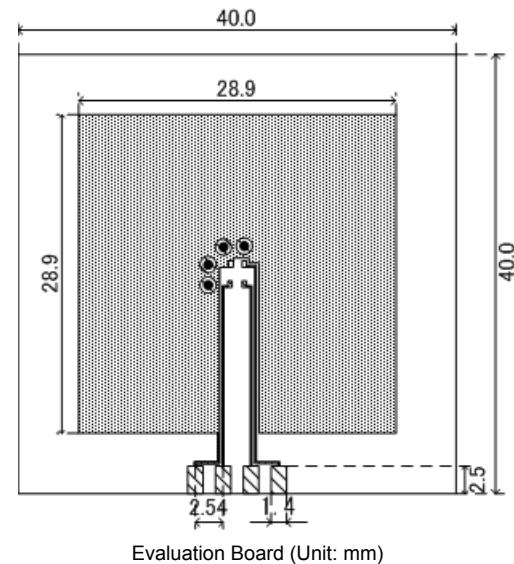
## PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

## SSOT-24 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SSOT-24 is shown in this page.  
 The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.  
 Please use this data as one of reference data taken in the described condition.

## 1. Measurement Condition (Reference data)

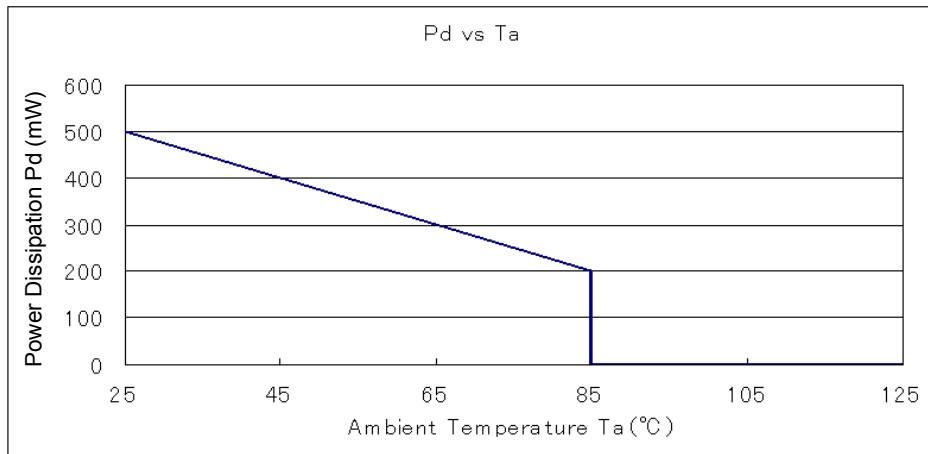
Condition: Mount on a board  
 Ambient: Natural convection  
 Soldering: Lead (Pb) free  
 Board: Dimensions 40 x 40 mm (1600 mm<sup>2</sup> in one side)  
     Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area  
     In top and back faces  
     Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces  
 Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)  
 Thickness: 1.6 mm  
 Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter



## 2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient temperature

Board Mount ( $T_j$  max = 125 °C)

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation $P_d$ (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)
25	500	200.00
85	200	



## PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

## SOT-25 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SOT-25 is shown in this page.

The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.  
Please use this data as one of reference data taken in the described condition.

## 1. Measurement Condition (Reference data)

Condition: Mount on a board

Ambient: Natural convection

Soldering: Lead (Pb) free

Board: Dimensions 40 x 40 mm (1600 mm<sup>2</sup> in one side)

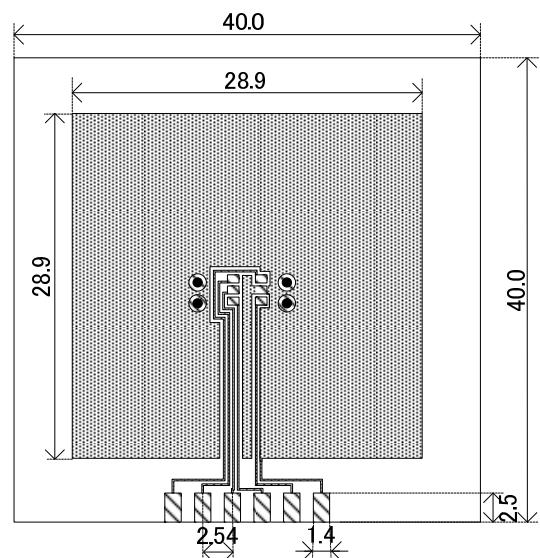
Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area  
In top and back faces

Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces  
(Board of SOT-26 is used.)

Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)

Thickness: 1.6 mm

Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter

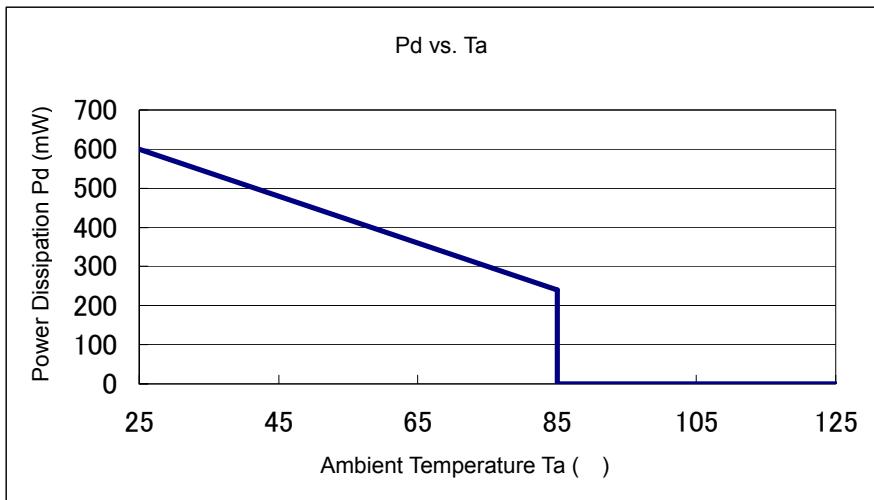


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

## 2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient temperature

Board Mount ( $T_j$  max = 125 °C)

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)
25	600	166.67
85	240	



## PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

## SOT-89-5 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SOT-89-5 is shown in this page.

The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.

Please use this data as one of reference data taken in the described condition.

## 1. Measurement Condition (Reference data)

Condition: Mount on a board

Ambient: Natural convection

Soldering: Lead (Pb) free

Board: Dimensions 40 x 40 mm (1600 mm<sup>2</sup> in one side)

Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area

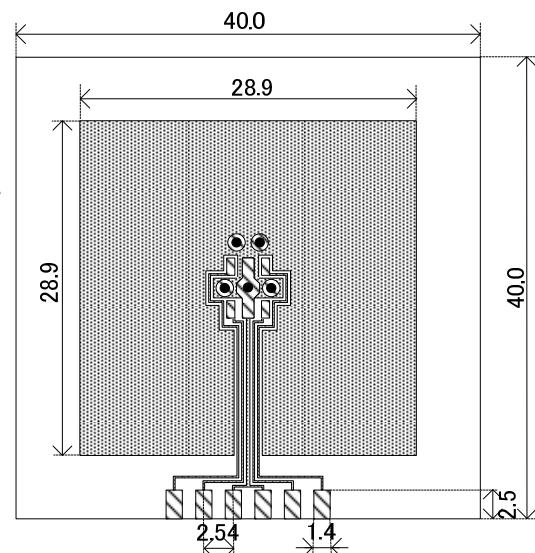
In top and back faces

Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces

Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)

Thickness: 1.6 mm

Through-hole: 5 x 0.8 Diameter

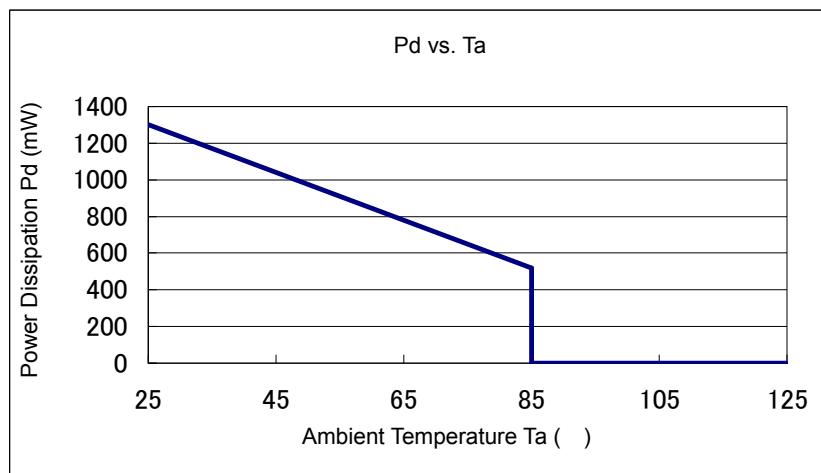


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

## 2. Power Dissipation vs. Operating temperature

Board Mount ( $T_j$  max = 125  $^{\circ}$ C)

Ambient Temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C)	Power Dissipation $P_d$ (mW)	Thermal Resistance ( $^{\circ}$ C/W)
25	1300	76.92
85	520	



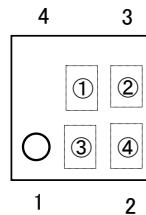
# XC6223 Series

## MARKING RULE

●USPQ-4B03 \*USPQ-4B03 is under development.

represents type of regulator and output voltage range.

MARK			PRODUCT SERIES
OUTPUT VOLTAGE 0.1V INCREMENTS		OUTPUT VOLTAGE 0.05V INCREMENTS	
VOLTAGE=1.2~3.9V	VOLTAGE =4.0V	VOLTAGE =1.25~3.95V	
0	H	8	XC6223A*****
1		9	XC6223B*****
2		A	XC6223C*****
3		B	XC6223D*****
4		C	XC6223E*****
5		D	XC6223F*****
6		E	XC6223G*****
7		F	XC6223H*****



USPQ-4B03  
(TOP VIEW)

represents output voltage.

VOLTAGE=1.2 ~ 3.95[V]

MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)
0	-	-	F 2.50 2.55
1	-	-	H 2.60 2.65
2	1.20	1.25	K 2.70 2.75
3	1.30	1.35	L 2.80 2.85
4	1.40	1.45	M 2.90 2.95
5	1.50	1.55	N 3.00 3.05
6	1.60	1.65	P 3.10 3.15
7	1.70	1.75	R 3.20 3.25
8	1.80	1.85	S 3.30 3.35
9	1.90	1.95	T 3.40 3.45
A	2.00	2.05	U 3.50 3.55
B	2.10	2.15	V 3.60 3.65
C	2.20	2.25	X 3.70 3.75
D	2.30	2.35	Y 3.80 3.85
E	2.40	2.45	Z 3.90 3.95

VOLTAGE=4.0[V]

PRODUCT SERIES	MARK
XC6223A*****	0
XC6223B*****	1
XC6223C*****	2
XC6223D*****	3
XC6223E*****	4
XC6223F*****	5
XC6223G*****	6
XC6223H*****	7

③④ represents production lot number.

01 to 09, 0A to 0Z, 11 to 9Z, A1 to A9, AA to Z9, ZA to ZZ in order.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excepted)

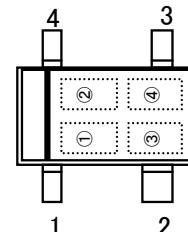
\*No character inversion used.

## MARKING RULE (Continued)

### ●SSOT-24 (with bar)

represents type of regulator and output voltage range.

MARK			PRODUCT SERIES
OUTPUT VOLTAGE 0.1V INCREMENTS		OUTPUT VOLTAGE 0.05V INCREMENTS	
VOLTAGE =1.2~2.9V	VOLTAGE =3.0~4.0V	VOLTAGE =1.25~3.95V	
B	3	8	XC6223A*****
C	5	9	XC6223B*****
D	7	S	XC6223C*****
E	A	T	XC6223D*****
K	F	U	XC6223E*****
L	H	V	XC6223F*****
M	P	X	XC6223G*****
N	Z	Y	XC6223H*****



SSOT-24(with bar)  
(TOP VIEW)

represents output voltage.

MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)				MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)			
0	-	-	-	-	F	2.50	3.20	-	2.55
1	-	-	-	-	H	2.60	3.30	-	2.65
2	1.20	-	-	1.25	K	2.70	3.40	-	2.75
3	1.30	-	-	1.35	L	2.80	3.50	-	2.85
4	1.40	-	-	1.45	M	2.90	3.60	-	2.95
5	1.50	-	-	1.55	N	-	-	-	3.05
6	1.60	-	-	1.65	P	-	3.70	-	3.15
7	1.70	-	-	1.75	R	-	3.80	-	3.25
8	1.80	-	-	1.85	S	-	3.90	-	3.35
9	1.90	-	-	1.95	T	-	4.00	-	3.45
A	2.00	-	-	2.05	U	-	-	-	3.55
B	2.10	-	-	2.15	V	-	-	-	3.65
C	2.20	-	-	2.25	X	-	-	-	3.75
D	2.30	3.00	-	2.35	Y	-	-	-	3.85
E	2.40	3.10	-	2.45	Z	-	-	-	3.95

③④ represents production lot number.

01 to 09, 0A to 0Z, 11 to 9Z, A1 to A9, AA to Z9, ZA to ZZ in order.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excepted)

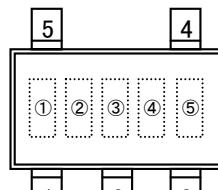
\*No character inversion used.

## MARKING RULE (Continued)

● SOT-25, SOT-89-5

represents product series

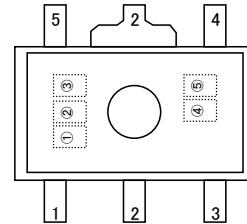
MARK	PRODUCT SERIES
9	XC6223*****



SOT-25  
(TOP VIEW)

represents type of regulator.

MARK			PRODUCT SERIES
OUTPUT VOLTAGE 0.1V INCREMENTS		OUTPUT VOLTAGE 0.05V INCREMENTS	
VOLTAGE =1.2~3.9V	VOLTAGE =4.0V	VOLTAGE =1.25~3.95V	
C	D	E	XC6223A*****
F	H	K	XC6223B*****
L	M	N	XC6223C*****
P	R	S	XC6223D*****
T	U	V	XC6223E*****
X	Y	Z	XC6223F*****
0	1	2	XC6223G*****
3	4	5	XC6223H*****



SOT-89-5  
(TOP VIEW)

represents output voltage.

MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)			MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)		
0	-	4.00	-	F	2.50	-	2.55
1	-	-	-	H	2.60	-	2.65
2	1.20	-	1.25	K	2.70	-	2.75
3	1.30	-	1.35	L	2.80	-	2.85
4	1.40	-	1.45	M	2.90	-	2.95
5	1.50	-	1.55	N	3.00	-	3.05
6	1.60	-	1.65	P	3.10	-	3.15
7	1.70	-	1.75	R	3.20	-	3.25
8	1.80	-	1.85	S	3.30	-	3.35
9	1.90	-	1.95	T	3.40	-	3.45
A	2.00	-	2.05	U	3.50	-	3.55
B	2.10	-	2.15	V	3.60	-	3.65
C	2.20	-	2.25	X	3.70	-	3.75
D	2.30	-	2.35	Y	3.80	-	3.85
E	2.40	-	2.45	Z	3.90	-	3.95

④⑤ represents production lot number.

01 to 09, 0A to 0Z, 11 to 9Z, A1 to A9, AA to Z9, ZA to ZZ in order.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excepted)

\*No character inversion used.

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