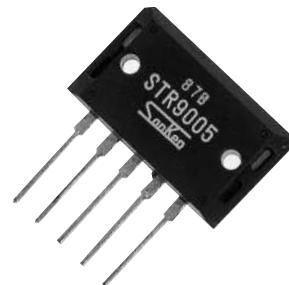


**STR9000 Series****5-Terminal, Low Dropout Voltage Dropper Type****■Features**

- 5-terminal regulator with two screw mount package
- Output current: 4.0A
- Low dropout voltage : $V_{DIF} \leq 1V$  (at  $I_o=4A$ )
- Fine adjustment of output voltage
- Output ON/OFF control
- Built-in foldback overcurrent protection circuits

**■Applications**

- For stabilization of the secondary stage of switching power supplies
- Electronic equipment

**■Absolute Maximum Ratings**

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings			Unit
		STR9005		STR9012/9015	
DC Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	25		30	V
DC Output Current	I <sub>O</sub>		4.0		V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D1</sub>	75(Tc=25°C)			W
	P <sub>D2</sub>	3.2(Without heatsink, stand-alone operation)			W
Junction Temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	-30 to +125			°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	T <sub>op</sub>	-20 to +100			°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-30 to +125			°C
Thermal Resistance (junction to case)	R <sub>th(j-c)</sub>	1.25			°C/W

**■Electrical Characteristics**

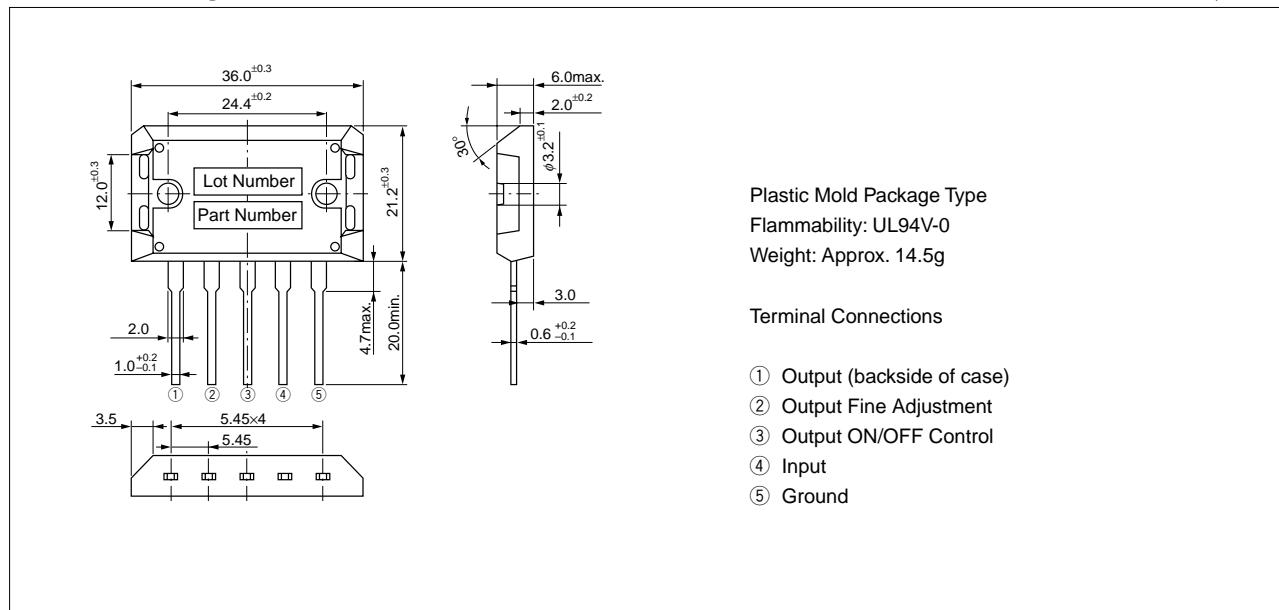
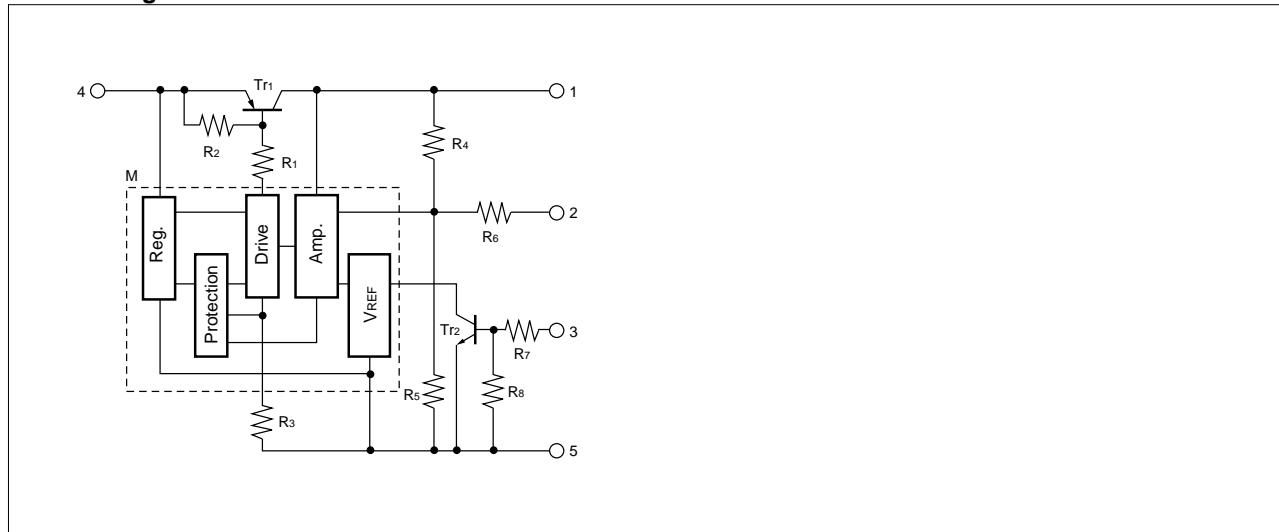
(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings								Unit		
		STR9005			STR9012			STR9015				
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.		
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	6		15	13		25	16		25	V	
Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	4.9	5.0	5.1	11.8	12.0	12.2	14.8	15.0	15.2	V	
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =8V, I <sub>O</sub> =2.0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =16V, I <sub>O</sub> =2.0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =2.0A				
Dropout Voltage	V <sub>DIF</sub>			0.5			0.5			0.5	V	
	Conditions	I <sub>O</sub> =2.0A										
	Conditions			1.0			1.0			1.0		
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>OLINE</sub>		10	30		30	80		50	100	mV	
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =6 to 15V, I <sub>O</sub> =2.0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =13 to 25V, I <sub>O</sub> =2.0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =16 to 25V, I <sub>O</sub> =2.0A				
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>OLOAD</sub>		40	100		80	200		100	200	mV	
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =8V, I <sub>O</sub> =0 to 3.0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =16V, I <sub>O</sub> =0 to 3.0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =0 to 3.0A				
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔV <sub>O/ΔT<sub>a</sub></sub>		±0.5			±1.5			±1.5		mV/°C	
Ripple Rejection	R <sub>REJ</sub>		54			54			54		dB	
	Conditions	f=100 to 120Hz										
Overcurrent Protection	I <sub>S1</sub>	4.1			4.1			4.1			A	
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =8V			V <sub>IN</sub> =16V			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V				
Starting Current	I <sub>S2</sub>										A	
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =8V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =16V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A				
Output ON/OFF Control Voltage (Voltage between terminal No.3 and 5)	V <sub>O(ON)</sub>			0.6			0.6			0.6	V	
	V <sub>O(OFF)</sub>	2.0			2.0			2.0				
Voltage with Output Off	V <sub>O</sub>			0.5			0.5			0.5	V	
	Conditions	V <sub>IN</sub> =8V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =15V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A			V <sub>IN</sub> =20V, I <sub>O</sub> =0A				

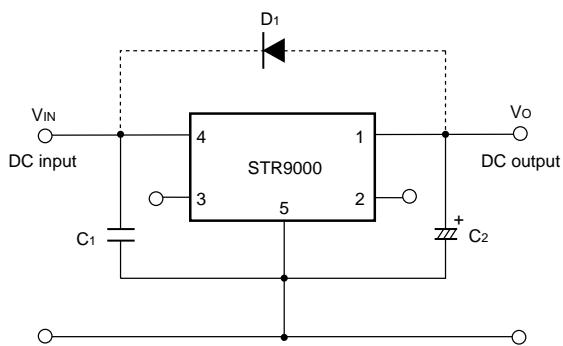
\*Output is turned on when voltage between terminal No.3 and 5 is less than 0.6V, and turned off if more than 2.0V.

**■Outline Drawing**

(unit:mm)

**■Block Diagram**

## ■Standard External Circuit

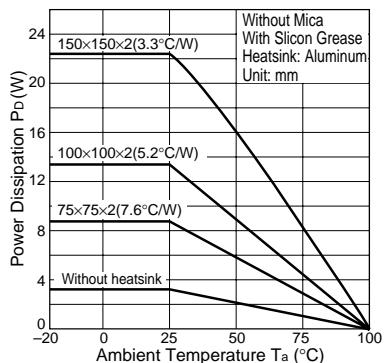


C<sub>1</sub>: Oscillation prevention capacitor (approx. 0.33μF)  
Connection to terminal No.4 must be made as short as possible.  
C<sub>2</sub>: Output capacitor (47 to 100μF)  
Connection to terminal No.1 must be made as short as possible.  
D<sub>1</sub>: Protection diode (RM1Z)  
Required for protection against reverse biasing of input and output.

Note 1: Prevention of oscillation at low temperatures  
At low temperatures, oscillation may occur unless an output capacitor with good tanδ is used. Be sure to connect a tantalum capacitor (approx. 10μF) in parallel with output capacitor C<sub>2</sub>.

Note 2: An isolation type diode is provided from input to ground and also from output to ground. These may be destroyed if the device is reverse biased. In this case, use a diode with low V<sub>F</sub> to protect them.

## ■Ta-Pd Characteristics

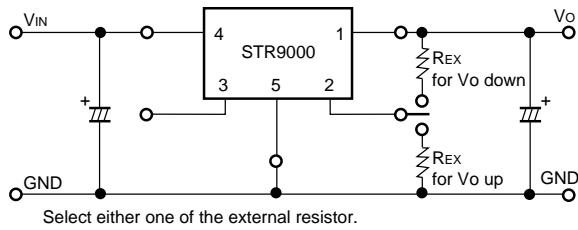


## External Variable Output Voltage Circuit

### 1. Variable output voltage with a single external resistor

The output voltage of the STR9000 series may be decreased by inserting a resistor between terminals No.1 (output terminal) and No.2 (output fine adjustment terminals). Alternatively, the output voltage may be increased by inserting a resistor between terminals No.2 and No.5 (ground terminal).

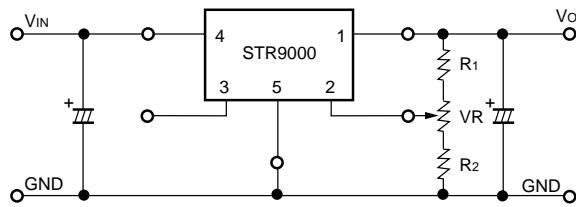
#### <Standard External Circuit>



### 2. Fine adjustment of output voltage

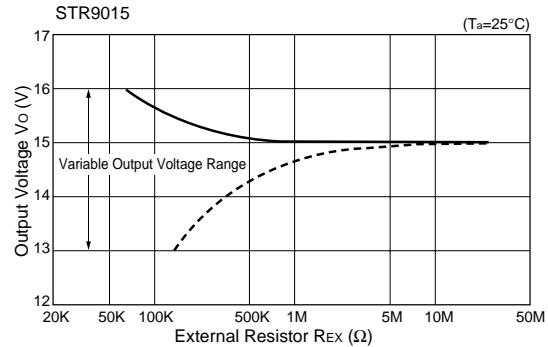
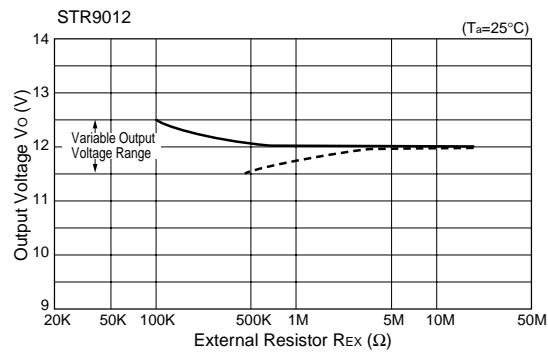
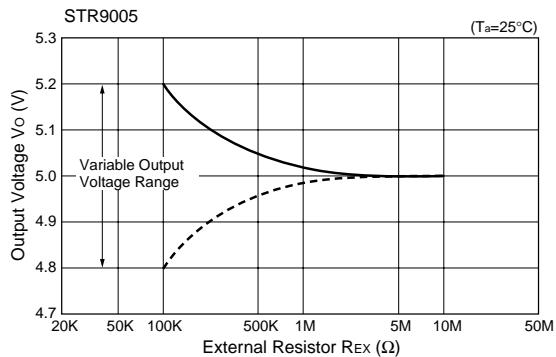
The output voltage may be finely adjusted by using terminals No.1, No.2 and No. 5 as shown in the following connections.

#### <Standard External Circuit>



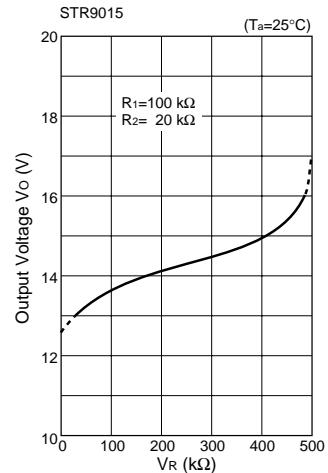
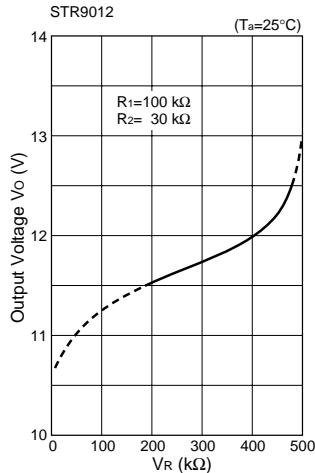
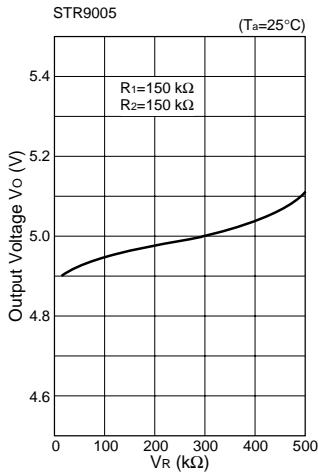
Note: The fine adjustment range of output voltage for the STR9000 series is  $\pm 0.5V$  max for STR9012 and  $+1.0V/-2.0V$  max for STR9015. Adjustment exceeding these values may cause start-up errors.

### ① Typical Characteristics of Variable Output Voltage



— : Insertion of resistor between terminals No. 2 and No. 5  
--- : Insertion of resistor between terminals No. 2 and No. 1

### ② Typical Characteristics of Fine Output Voltage Adjustment



■Typical Characteristics

( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

