

STRUCTURE

Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit

PRODUCT NAME

1ch DC/DC Converter Controller IC with Built-in Synchronous Rectifier

**TYPE** 

**BD9109FVM** 

**FEATURES** 

Output Voltage: 3.3V, Output Current: 0.8AHigh Efficiency and Fast Transient Response

# ○ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter                    | Symbol  | Limit                  | Unit |
|------------------------------|---------|------------------------|------|
| Vcc Voltage                  | Vcc     | -0.3~+7 * <sup>1</sup> | V    |
| PVcc Voltage                 | PVcc    | -0.3~+7 * <sup>1</sup> | ٧    |
| EN Voltage                   | EN      | -0.3~+7                | ٧    |
| SW · ITH Voltage             | SW, ITH | -0.3~+7                | ٧    |
| SW Output Current            | Isw     | 1.1 * <sup>1</sup>     | Α    |
| Power Dissipation 1          | Pd1     | 387.5 * <sup>2</sup>   | mW   |
| Power Dissipation 2          | Pd2     | 587.4 * <sup>3</sup>   | mW   |
| Operating Temperature Range  | Topr    | -25~+85                | Ĉ    |
| Storage Temperature Range    | Tstg    | -55~+150               | °    |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | Tjmax   | +150                   | °C   |

<sup>\*1</sup> Pd, ASO, and Tjmax=150°C should not be exceeded.

# OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta=-25~+85℃)

| Parameter                 | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max.  | Unit |
|---------------------------|--------|------|------|-------|------|
| Vcc Voltage               | Vcc    | 4.5  | 5.0  | 5.5   | V    |
| PVcc Voltage              | PVcc   | 4.5  | 5.0  | 5.5   | ٧    |
| EN Voltage                | EN     | 0    | -    | Vcc   | V    |
| SW Average Output Current | Isw    | -    | -    | 0.8*4 | Α    |

<sup>\*4</sup> Pd and ASO should not be exceeded.

The product described in this specification is a strategic product (and/or Service) subject to COCOM regulations.

The Japanese version of this document is the formal specification. This translated version is exclusively intended as a reference, and may only be used as an auxiliary aid in reading the formal version. If there are any differences between the Japanese and translated versions of this document, the formal version takes priority.

<sup>\*2</sup> Derating is 3.1mW /°C for temperatures above Ta=25°C.

<sup>\*3</sup> Derating is 4.7mW /°C for temperatures above Ta=25°C (when mounted on 70mm×70mm×1.6mm glass epoxy PCB).

It may not be exported without proper authorization from the government with jurisdiction.

This product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.

Status of this document

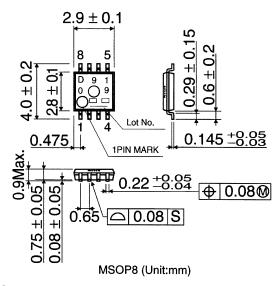


# ○ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C Vcc=PVcc=5V, EN=Vcc)

| Parameter                                 | Symbol | Limit |       | Unit  | Condition |                             |
|---|--------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Falametei                                 | Symbol | Min.  | Тур.  | Max.  | Unit      | Condition                   |
| Standby Current                           | ISTB   | -     | 0     | 10    | μA        | EN=GND                      |
| Bias Current                              | Icc    | -     | 250   | 400   | μA        |                             |
| EN Low Voltage                            | VENL   | -     | GND   | 0.8   | ٧         | Stand-by Mode               |
| EN High Voltage                           | VENH   | 2.0   | Vcc   | -     | ٧         | Active Mode                 |
| EN Input Current                          | len    | -     | 1     | 10    | μΑ        | VEN=5V                      |
| Oscillation Frequency                     | Fosc   | 0.8   | 1     | 1.2   | MHz       |                             |
| Pch FET ON Resistance*5                   | RONP   | •     | 0.35  | 0.60  | Ω         | PVcc=5V                     |
| Nch FET ON Resistance*5                   | Ronn   | -     | 0.25  | 0.50  | Ω         | PVcc=5V                     |
| Output Voltage                            | Vout   | 3.234 | 3.300 | 3.366 | V         |                             |
| ITH SINK Current                          | ITHSI  | 10    | 20    | -     | μΑ        | Vout =H                     |
| ITH Source Current                        | ITHSO  | 10    | 20    | -     | μΑ        | Vout =L                     |
| UVLO Threshold Voltage                    | Vuvlo1 | 3.6   | 3.8   | 4.0   | ٧         | Vcc=H→L                     |
| UVLO Release Voltage                      | Vuvlo2 | 3.65  | 3.9   | 4.2   | ٧         | Vcc=L→H                     |
| Soft Start Time                           | Tss    | 0.5   | 1     | 2     | ms        |                             |
| Timer Latch Time                          | TLATCH | 1     | 2     | 3     | ms        | SCP/TSD<br>Operational Mode |
| Output Short circuit<br>Threshold Voltage | VSCP   | -     | 2     | 2.7   | ٧         | Vout=H→L                    |

<sup>\*5</sup> Design Guarantee (Outgoing inspection is not performed on all products)





○PIN No. • PIN NAME

| PIN No. | PIN Name |
|---------|----------|
| 1       | Vout     |
| 2       | ITH      |
| 3       | EN       |
| 4       | GND      |
| 5       | PGND     |
| 6       | SW       |
| 7       | PVcc     |
| 8       | Vcc      |

EN, VREF Input Current Current Comp Sense/ Protect Output SLOPE Gm Amp © 000 Isw Driver osc Logic 10 μF UVLO Soft Start TSD PGND SCP GND # ∏TH \$ 30kΩ ∏ 330pF

Vout

**OBLOCK DIAGRAM • APPLICATION CIRCUIT** 

REV.A



#### ONOTES FOR USE

### (1) Absolute maximum rating

Although the quality of this IC is rigorously controlled and will function properly in normal operating conditions, the IC may be destroyed when applied voltage or operating temperature exceeds its absolute maximum rating. Because short mode or open mode cannot be specified when the IC is destroyed, it is important to take physical safety measures such as fusing if a special mode in excess of absolute rating limits is to be implemented.

#### (2) GND potential

Make sure the potential for the GND pin is always kept at the minimum, regardless of the operating mode. In addition, verify that the GND voltage is lower than the potential of all terminals except SW, PGND and GND in all conditions, including electric transient events.

#### (3) Thermal design

Do not exceed the power dissipation (Pd) of the package specification rating under actual operation. Provide sufficient margin in the thermal design to account for the Pd expected in actual use.

#### (4) Short-circuits between pins and incorrect mounting position

When mounting the IC onto the set PCB, be extremely careful about the orientation and position of the IC. The IC may be destroyed if it is incorrectly positioned for mounting. Do not short-circuit between pins, or between a pin and the power supply or ground terminal. Note that introducing foreign matter in these paths will cause shorts and may damage the IC.

#### (5) Operation in strong electromagnetic fields

Use in strong electromagnetic fields may cause malfunctions. Use extreme caution with electromagnetic fields.

#### (6) ASO (Area of Safe Operation)

Do not exceed the maximum ASO parameter or the absolute maximum ratings of the output driver.

# (7) TSD (Thermal Shutdown) circuit

This product is provided with a built-in thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit, which is activated when the IC chip temperature rises to the threshold value. In this case, TSD automatically latches output OFF. Output is restored when the EN block is activated again, or when UVLO is deactivated. Note that the TSD circuit is provided for the exclusive purpose shutting down the IC in the presence of extreme heat, and is not designed to protect the IC per se or guarantee performance when or after extreme heat conditions occur. Therefore, do not operate the IC with the expectation of continued use or subsequent operation once the TSD is activated.

### (8) GND wiring pattern

When both a small-signal GND and high current GND are present, single-point grounding (at the standard point on the circuit set board) is recommended. This will separate the small-signal and high current patterns, and serves to ensure that the high current flow and wire impedance will not change the small-signal GND voltage. In the same way, care must be taken to avoid wiring pattern fluctuations in any connected external component GND.

# (9) Operation in supply voltage range

Circuit functionality is guaranteed within the operating ambient temperature, as long as the operation is within the supply voltage range. The standard electrical characteristics cannot be guaranteed.

However, any variation in these values will be small, as long as the operation is within the supply voltage range.

(10) The application schematic presented above is an example of recommended circuit layout. Although the circuit example is sound, actual circuit characteristics should be checked carefully before use. Be sure to allow sufficient margins to accommodate variations between external devices and this IC when employing the depicted circuit with other circuit constants modified. Both static and transient characteristics should be considered in establishing these margins. When switching noise is substantial and may impact the system, a low pass filter should be inserted between the Vcc and PVcc pins, and a Schottky barrier diode established between the SW and PGND pins.



# (11) Overcurrent protection circuit/Output short protection circuit

The overcurrent protection circuit is built into output, and functions as the current limit.

Note that if the protection circuit operates more than a specified time period (when the output short-circuit protection circuit detects a load short or other similar state) the output will be latched OFF.

Output is restored when the EN block is activated again, or when UVLO is deactivated. Although the protection circuits effectively prevent IC destruction under fault conditions, they should not be employed continuously.

# (12) Selection of inductor

Please use an inductor with a series resistance element (DCR) under  $0.2\Omega$ . Note that use of a high DCR inductor will cause an inductor loss, resulting in decreased voltage output. Should this condition continue for a specified period (soft start time + timer latch time), output short circuit protection will be activated and output will be latched OFF. When using an inductor over  $0.2\Omega$ , be careful to ensure adequate margins for variation between eternal devices and this IC, including transient as well as static characteristics.

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ROHM

Appendix1-Rev1.1



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