

# $\mu$ A739 • $\mu$ A749 Dual Audio Operational Amplifier / Preamplifier

Linear Products

### Description

The  $\mu$ A739 and  $\mu$ A749 consist of two identical High-Gain Operational Amplifiers constructed on a single silicon chip using the Fairchild Planar epitaxial process. These 3-stage amplifiers use Class A PNP transistor output stages with uncommitted collectors. This enables a variety of loads to be employed for general purpose applications from dc to 10 MHz, where two high performance operational amplifiers are required. In addition, the outputs may be wired-OR for use as a dual comparator or they may function as diodes in low threshold rectifying circuits such as absolute value amplifiers, peak detectors, etc.

- SINGLE OR DUAL SUPPLY OPERATION
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- HIGH GAIN, 25,000 V/V
- LARGE COMMON MODE RANGE, +11 V, -13 V
- EXCELLENT GAIN STABILITY VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGE
- NO LATCH-UP
- OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTED

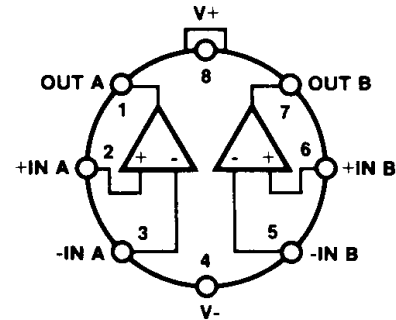
### Absolute Maximum Ratings

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Supply Voltage  |                 |
| ( $\mu$ A749, $\mu$ A749C, $\mu$ A739)                              | $\pm 18$ V      |
| ( $\mu$ A749D)  | $\pm 12$ V      |
| Internal Power Dissipation<br>(Note 1)                              |                 |
| Metal Package   | 500 mW          |
| DIP   | 650 mW          |
| Differential Input Voltage  | $\pm 5$ V       |
| Input Voltage (Note 2)  |                 |
| ( $\mu$ A749, $\mu$ A749C, $\mu$ A739)                              | $\pm 15$ V      |
| ( $\mu$ A749D)  | $\pm 12$ V      |
| Storage Temperature Range   |                 |
| Metal Package and<br>Ceramic DIP                                    | -65°C to +150°C |
| Molded DIP  | -55°C to +125°C |
| Operating Temperature Range   | 0°C to +70°C    |
| Pin Temperature   |                 |
| Metal Package, Ceramic DIP<br>(Soldering, 60 s)                     | 300°C           |
| Molded DIP (Soldering, 10 s)  | 260°C           |
| Output Short Circuit Duration,<br>$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3) | 30 seconds      |

### Notes

1. Rating applies to ambient temperatures up to 70°C. Above 70°C ambient derate linearly at 8.3 mW/°C for the Ceramic DIP.
2. For supply voltages less than  $\pm 15$  V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
3. Short circuit may be to ground or either supply.

### Connection Diagram 8-Pin Metal Package



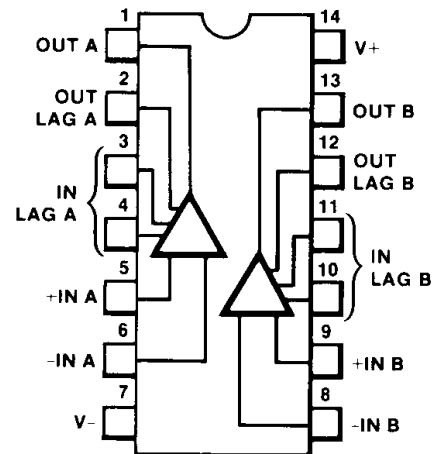
(Top View)

Pin 4 is connected to case.

### Order Information

| Type        | Package | Code | Part No.      |
|-------------|---------|------|---------------|
| $\mu$ A749D | Metal   | 5W   | $\mu$ A749DHC |

### Connection Diagram 14-Pin DIP

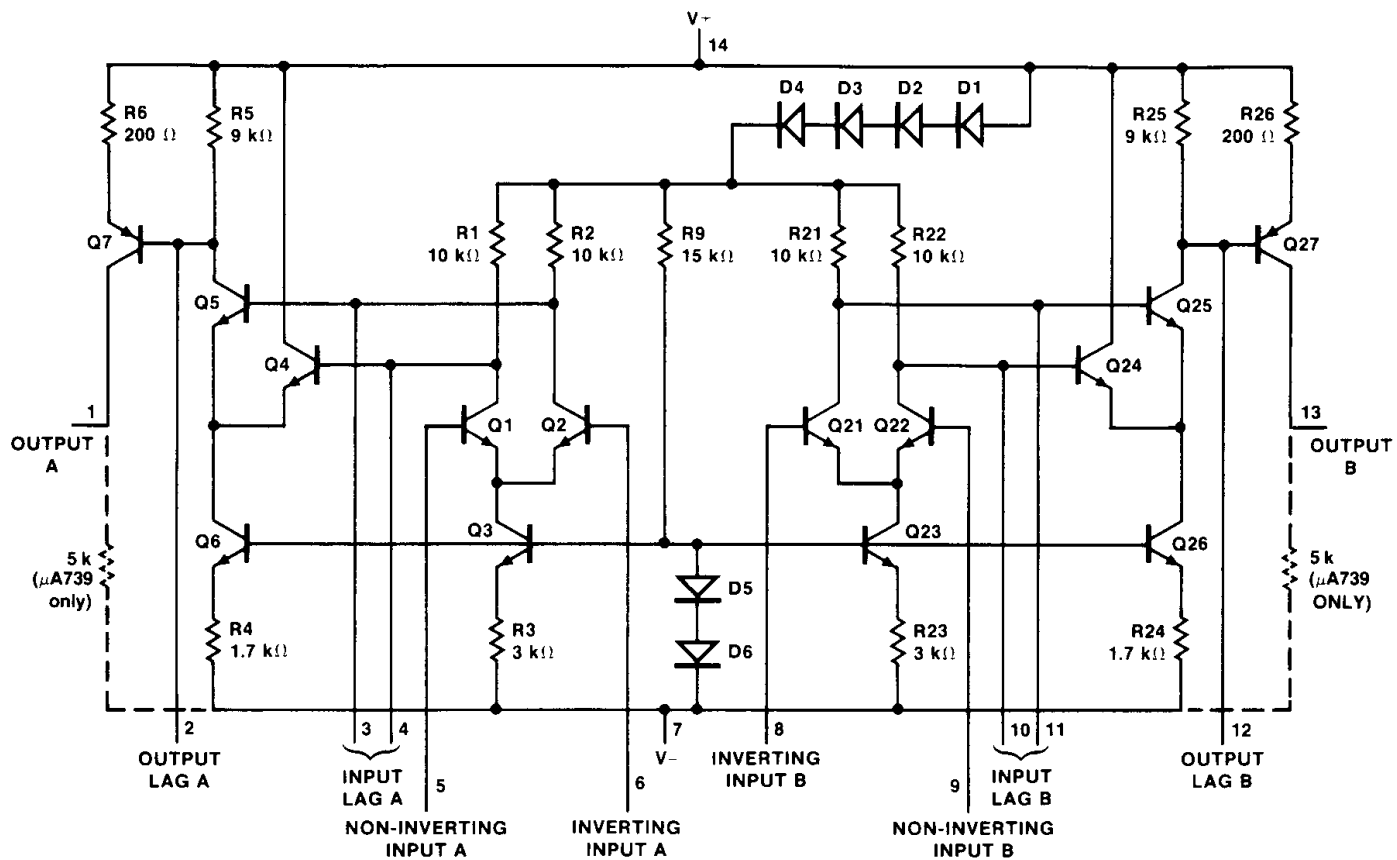


(Top View)

### Order Information

| Type        | Package     | Code | Part No.     |
|-------------|-------------|------|--------------|
| $\mu$ A739C | Ceramic DIP | 6A   | $\mu$ A739DC |
| $\mu$ A739C | Molded DIP  | 9A   | $\mu$ A739PC |
| $\mu$ A749C | Ceramic DIP | 6A   | $\mu$ A749DC |
| $\mu$ A749C | Molded DIP  | 9A   | $\mu$ A749PC |

Equivalent Circuit



4

Pin numbers for DIP only.

μA749C, μA749D and μA739E

**Electrical Characteristics**  $V_+ = \pm 15\text{ V}$ ,  $R_L = 5\text{ k}\Omega$  to Pin 7,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

| Characteristic  | Condition  |
|---|--|
| Input Offset Voltage  | $R_S = 200\ \Omega$  |
| Input Offset Current  |  |
| Input Bias Current  |  |
| Input Resistance  |  |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain   | $V_{OUT} = \pm 10\text{ V}$  |
| Positive Output Voltage Swing   |  |
| Negative Output Voltage Swing   |  |
| Output Resistance   | $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$   |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio   | $R_S = 200\ \Omega$ , $V_{IN} = +11.5\text{ V to } -13.5\text{ V}$     |
| Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio  | $R_S = 200\ \Omega$  |
| Input Voltage Range   |  |
| Internal Power Dissipation  | $V_{OUT} = 0$  |
| Supply Current  | $V_{OUT} = 0$  |
| Broadband Noise Figure  | $R_S = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ , $BW = 10\text{ Hz to } 10\text{ kHz}$      |
| Turn On Delay (See Figure 3)  | Open Loop, $V_{IN} = \pm 20\text{ mV}$                                 |
| Turn Off Delay (See Figure 3)   | Open Loop, $V_{IN} = \pm 20\text{ mV}$                                 |
| Slew Rate (unity gain) (See Figure 2)   | $C_1 = 0.02\ \mu\text{F}$ , $R_1 = 33\ \Omega$ , $C_2 = 10\ \text{pF}$ |
| Channel Separation (See Figure 4)   | $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 10\text{ kHz}$                         |
| The following specifications apply for $V_+ = \pm 4.0\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to Pin 7, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$      |  |
| Input Offset Voltage  | $R_S = 200\ \Omega$  |
| Input Offset Current  |  |
| Input Bias Current  |  |
| Supply Current  | $V_{OUT} = 0$  |
| Internal Power Dissipation  | $V_{OUT} = 0$  |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain   | $V_{OUT} = \pm 2.0\text{ V}$   |
| Positive Output Voltage Swing   |  |
| Negative Output Voltage Swing   |  |
| The following specifications apply for $T_A = T_{HIGH}$ to $T_{LOW}$ , $V_S = \pm 15\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 5\text{ k}\Omega$ to Pin 7. |  |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain   | $V_{OUT} = \pm 10\text{ V}$ , $T_A = \text{HIGH}$                      |
|   | $V_{OUT} = \pm 10\text{ V}$ , $T_A = \text{LOW}$                       |
| Positive Output Voltage Swing   |  |
| Negative Output Voltage Swing   |  |
| Input Offset Voltage  | $R_S = 200\ \Omega$  |
| Input Offset Current  | $T_A = \text{HIGH}$  |
|   | $T_A = \text{LOW}$   |
| Input Bias Current  | $T_A = \text{HIGH}$  |
|   | $T_A = \text{LOW}$   |
| Input Offset Voltage Drift  | $R_S = 200\ \Omega$ , $+25^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq \text{HIGH}$    |
|   | $R_S = 200\ \Omega$ , $\text{LOW} \leq T_A \leq +25^\circ\text{C}$     |

| μA749C |        |     | μA749D V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 6 V<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 10 K |        |      | μA739C |        |      | Units |
|--------|--------|-----|---|--------|------|--------|--------|------|-------|
| Min    | Typ    | Max | Min   | Typ    | Max  | Min    | Typ    | Max  |       |
|        | 1.0    | 6.0 |   | 1.0    | 10   |        | 1.0    | 6.0  | mV    |
|        | 50     | 750 |   | 50     | 600  |        | 50     | 1000 | nA    |
|        | 0.3    | 1.5 |   | 0.3    | 1.5  |        | 0.3    | 2.0  | μA    |
| 50     | 150    |     | 50  | 150    |      | 37     | 150    |      | kΩ    |
| 15,000 | 50,000 |     | 10,000  | 20,000 |      | 6,500  | 20,000 |      | V/V   |
| +12    | +13    |     | +4.5  | +5.0   |      | +12    | +13    |      | V     |
| -14    | -15    |     | -5.5  | -6.0   |      | -14    | -15    |      | V     |
|        | 5.0    |     |   | 10     |      |        | 5.0    |      | kΩ    |
| 70     | 90     |     | 70  | 90     |      | 70     | 90     |      | dB    |
|        | 50     | 350 |   | 50     | 100  |        | 50     |      | μV/V  |
| -13    |        | +11 | -4  |        | +2.5 | -10    |        | +11  | V     |
|        | 180    | 330 |   |        |      |        |        |      | mW    |
|        | 9.0    | 14  | 2.0   | 3.0    | 4.5  |        | 9.0    | 14   | mA    |
|        | 2.5    |     |   | 2.5    |      |        | 2.0    |      | dB    |
|        | .2     |     |   | .2     |      |        | .2     |      | μs    |
|        | .3     |     |   | .3     |      |        | .3     |      | μs    |
|        | 1.0    |     |   | 1.0    |      |        | 1.0    |      | V/μs  |
|        | 140    |     |   | 140    |      |        | 140    |      | dB    |
|        |        | 6.0 |   |        |      |        | 1.0    | 6.0  | mV    |
|        | 50     | 600 |   |        |      |        | 50     | 1000 | nA    |
|        | .3     | 1.5 |   |        |      |        | 300    |      | μA    |
|        | 2.5    |     |   |        |      |        | 2.5    |      | mA    |
|        | 20     |     |   |        |      |        | 20     |      | mW    |
| 15,000 | 60,000 |     |   |        |      | 2,500  | 15,000 |      | V/V   |
| +2.5   | +2.8   |     |   |        |      | +2.5   | +2.8   |      | V     |
| -3.6   | -4.0   |     |   |        |      | -3.6   | -4.0   |      | V     |
| 8,000  | 40,000 |     |   |        |      |        |        |      | V/V   |
| 15,000 | 50,000 |     |   |        |      |        |        |      | V/V   |
| +12    | +13    |     |   |        |      |        |        |      | V     |
| -14    | -15    |     |   |        |      |        |        |      | V     |
|        | 1.0    | 9.0 |   |        |      |        |        |      | mV    |
|        | .05    | 1.5 |   |        |      |        |        |      | μA    |
|        | .05    | 1.5 |   |        |      |        |        |      | μA    |
|        | .3     | 3.0 |   |        |      |        |        |      | μA    |
|        | .3     | 3.0 |   |        |      |        |        |      | μA    |
|        | 3.0    |     |   |        |      |        |        |      | μV/°C |
|        | 3.0    |     |   |        |      |        |        |      | μV/°C |

4

$\mu A749C, \mu A749D$  and  $\mu A739C$

Electrical Characteristics (Cont.)  $V_+ = \pm 15 V, R_L = 5 k\Omega$  to Pin 7,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise specified

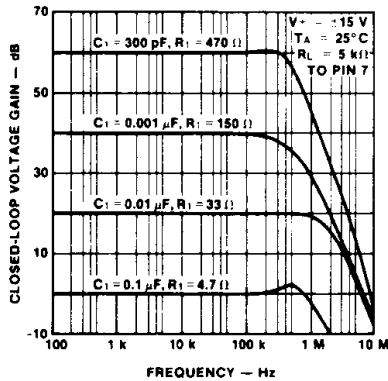
| Characteristics            | Condition                       |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Input Offset Current Drift | $+25^\circ C \leq T_A$          |
|                            | $LOW \leq T_A \leq +25^\circ C$ |
| Input Bias Current Drift   | $LOW \leq T_A \leq HIGH$        |
| Supply Current             | $V_{OUT} = 0, T_A = HIGH$       |
|                            | $V_{OUT} = 0, T_A = LOW$        |
| Internal Power Dissipation | $V_{OUT} = 0, T_A = HIGH$       |
|                            | $V_{OUT} = 0, T_A = LOW$        |

The following specifications apply for  $T_{HIGH}$  to  $T_{LOW}, V_S = \pm 4.5 V, R_L = 10 k\Omega$  to Pin 7.

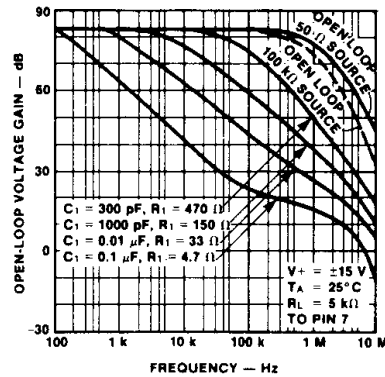
|                               |                              |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Input Offset Voltage          | $R_S = 200 \Omega$           |
| Input Offset Current          |                              |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain     | $V_{OUT} = \pm 2.0 V, T_A =$ |
|                               | $V_{OUT} = \pm 2.0 V, T_A =$ |
| Positive Output Voltage Swing |                              |
| Negative Output Voltage Swing |                              |

Typical Performance Curves for  $\mu A749C$  and  $\mu A739C$

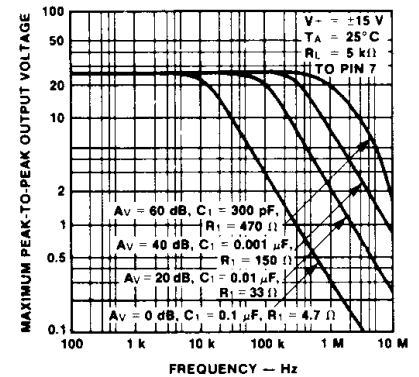
Closed Loop Gain as a Function of Frequency



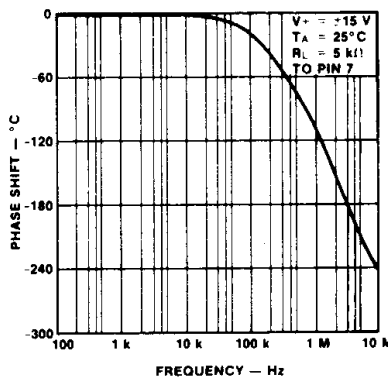
Open Loop Frequency Response Using Recommended Compensation Networks



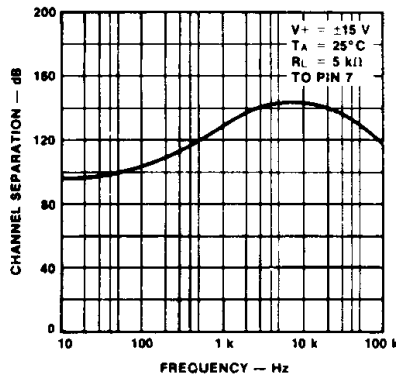
Output Capability as a Function of Frequency and Compensation



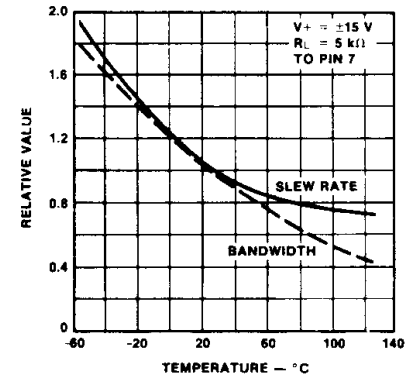
Open Loop Phase Shift Without Compensation



Channel Separation as a Function of Frequency



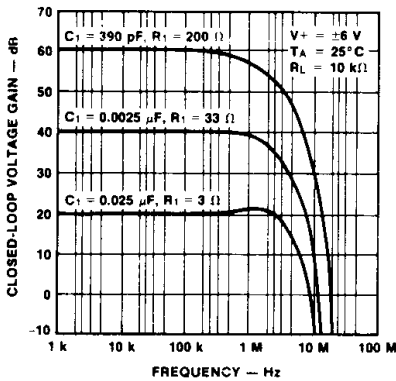
Change of AC Characteristics With Temperature



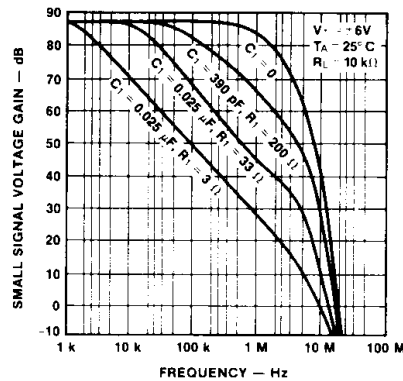
| μA749C |      |       | μA749D $V_{CC} = \pm 6 V$<br>$R_L = 10 K$ |     |     | μA739C |     |     | Units |
|--------|------|-------|---|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-------|
| Min    | Typ  | Max   | Min                                       | Typ | Max | Min    | Typ | Max |       |
|        | .5   |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | nA/°C |
|        | 2.0  |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | nA/°C |
|        | 4.0  |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | nA/°C |
|        | 10   |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | mA    |
|        | 10   |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | mA    |
|        | 100  |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | mW    |
|        | 200  |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | mW    |
|        | 1.5  | 7.0   |   |     |     |        |     |     | mV    |
|        | 50   | 1,000 |   |     |     |        |     |     | nA    |
| 8,000  |      |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | V/V   |
| 15,000 |      |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | V/V   |
| +2.5   | +2.8 |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | V     |
| -3.6   | -4.0 |       |   |     |     |        |     |     | V     |

Typical Performance Curves for μA749D

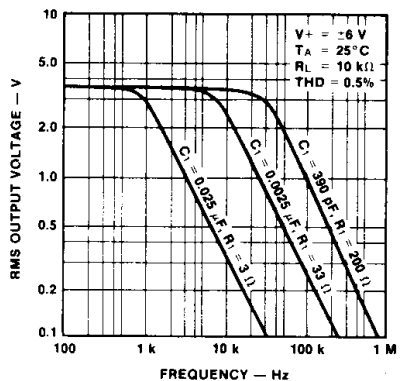
Closed Loop Gain as a Function of Frequency



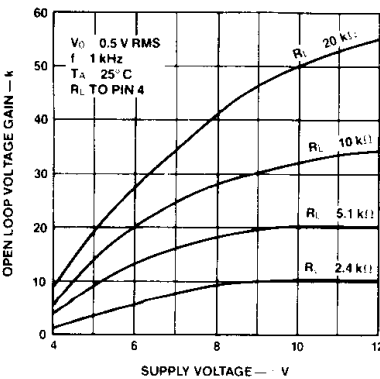
Open Loop Frequency Response Using Recommended Compensation Networks



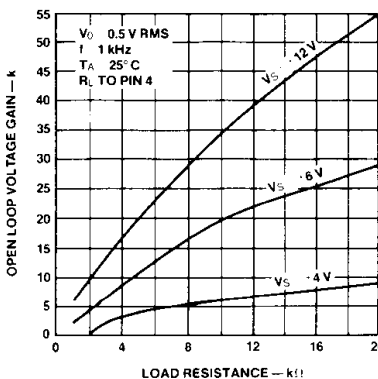
Output Voltage Swing as a Function of Frequency for Various Compensation Networks



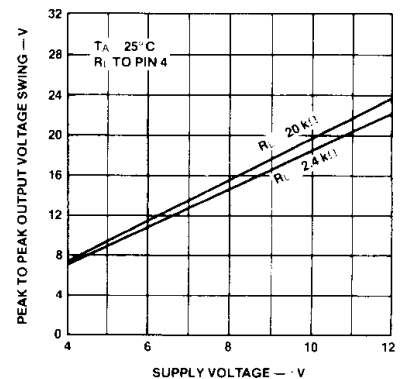
Open Loop Voltage Gain As a Function of Supply Voltage



Open Loop Voltage Gain As a Function of Load Resistance

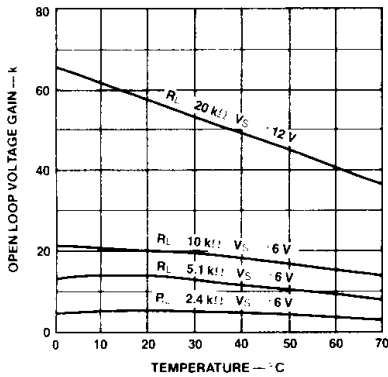


Typical Output Voltage As a Function of Supply Voltage

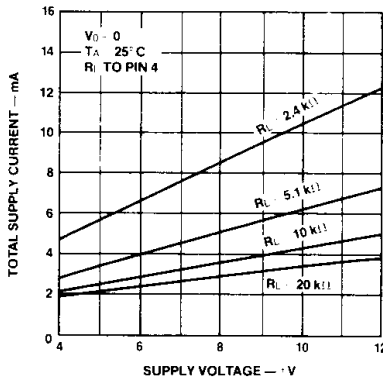


Typical Performance Curves for  $\mu A749D$  (Cont.)

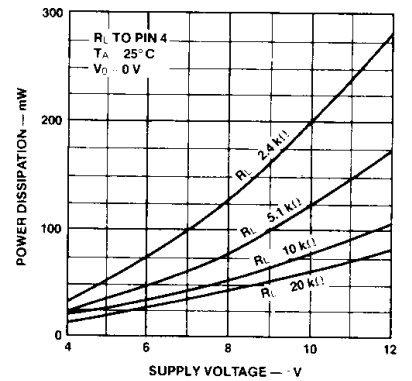
Open Loop Gain As a Function of Temperature



Total Supply Current As a Function of Supply Voltage

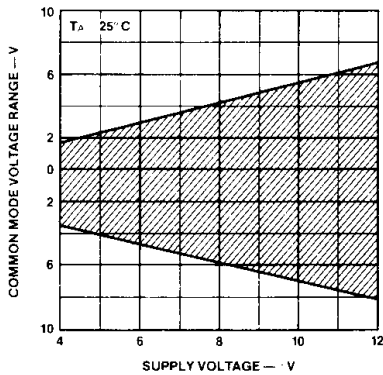


Total Power Dissipation As a Function of Supply Voltage and Load

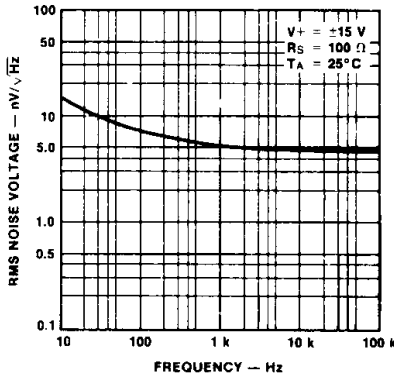


Typical Performance Curves for  $\mu A749$  and  $\mu A749C$

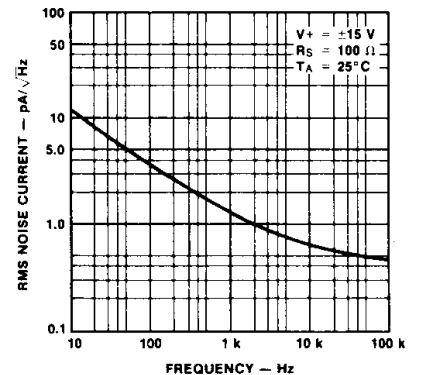
Common Mode Range As a Function of Supply Voltage



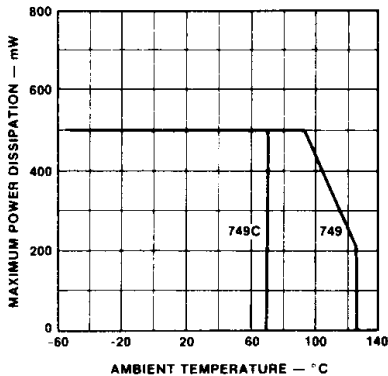
Input Noise Voltage as a Function of Frequency



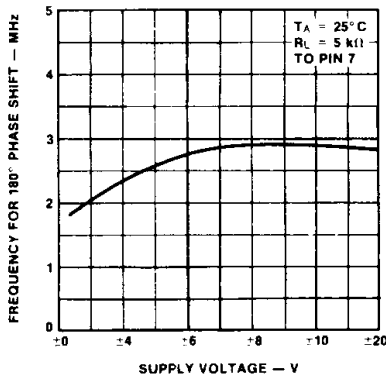
Input Noise Current as a Function of Frequency



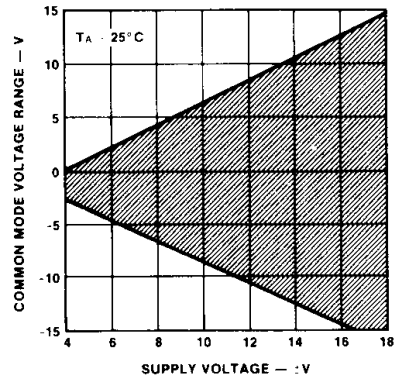
Absolute Maximum Power Dissipation as a Function of Temperature



Open Loop 180° Phase Shift Frequency as a Function of Supply Voltage

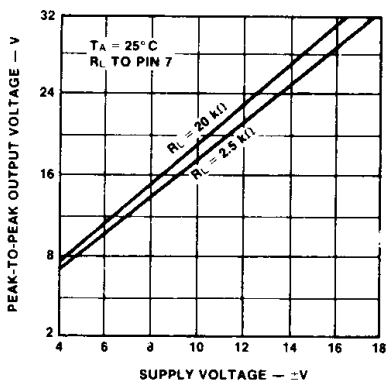


Common Mode Range as a Function of Supply Voltage

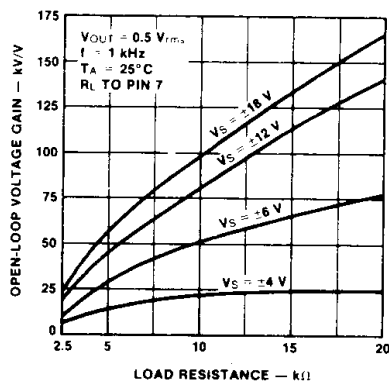


Typical Performance Curves for  $\mu A749$  and  $\mu A749C$  (Cont.)

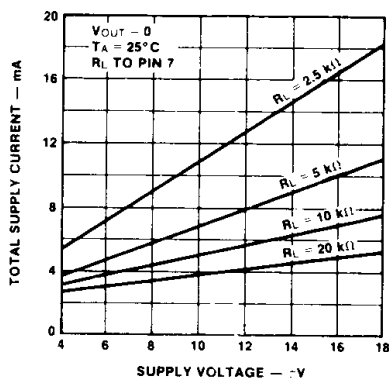
Typical Output Voltage as a Function of Supply Voltage



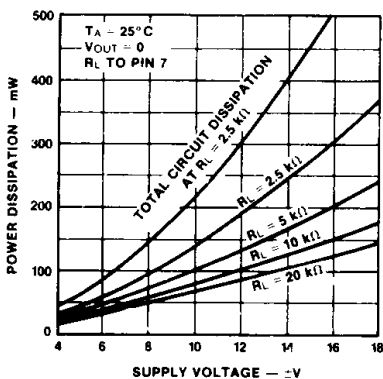
Open Loop Voltage Gain as a Function of Load Resistance



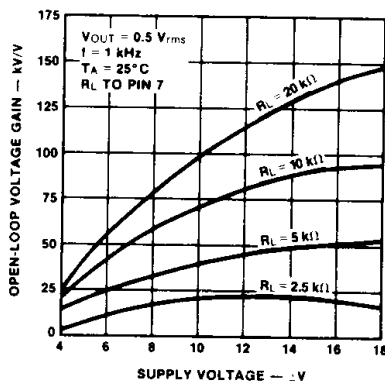
Total Supply Current as a Function of Supply Voltage



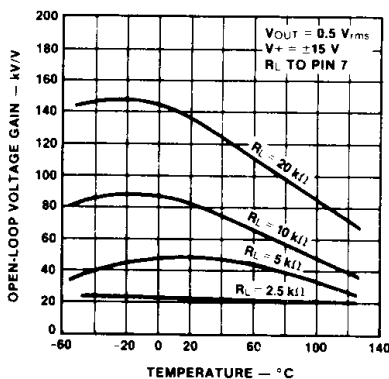
Total Power Dissipation as a Function of Supply Voltage and Load



Open Loop Voltage Gain as a Function of Supply Voltage

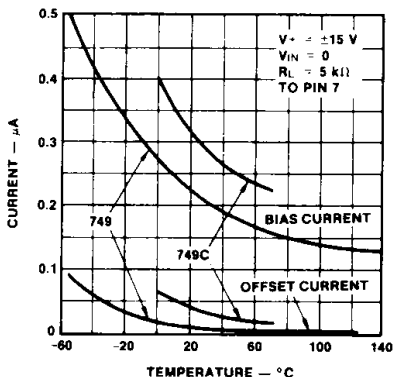


Open Loop Gain as a Function of Temperature

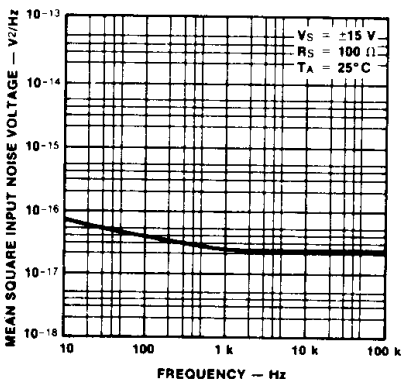


Typical Performance Curves for  $\mu A739C$

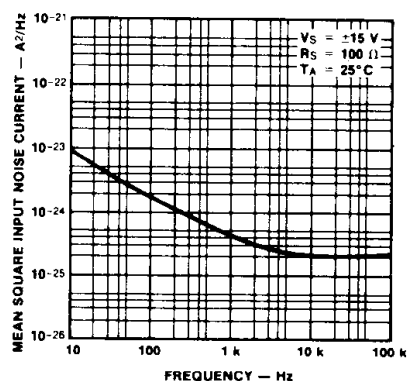
Input Offset Current and Bias Current as Functions of Temperature



Input Noise Voltage as a Function of Frequency



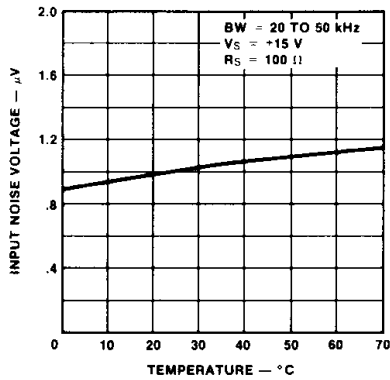
Input Noise Current as a Function of Frequency



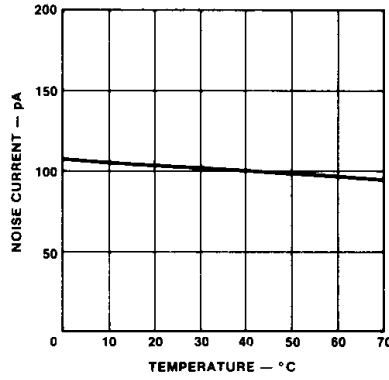


Typical Performance Curves for  $\mu A739C$  (Cont.)

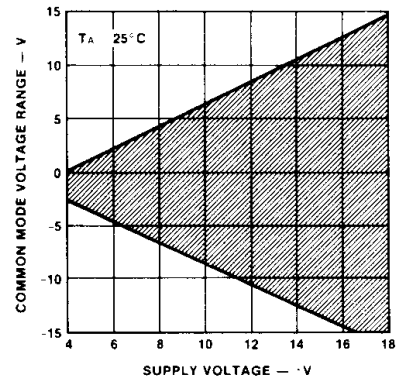
Wide Band Input Noise Voltage as a Function of Temperature



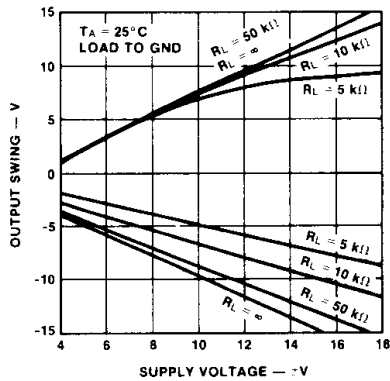
Wide Band Input Noise Current as a Function of Temperature



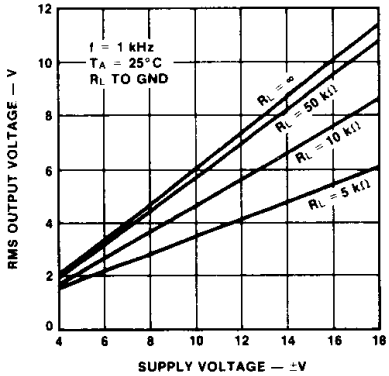
Common Mode Range as a Function of Supply Voltage



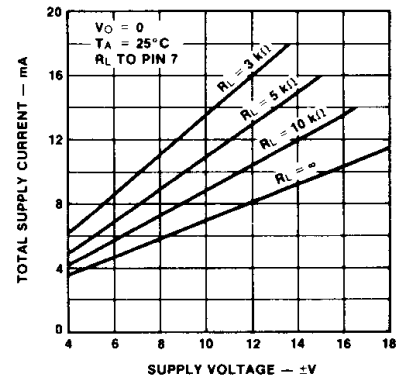
Typical Output Voltage as a Function of Supply Voltage



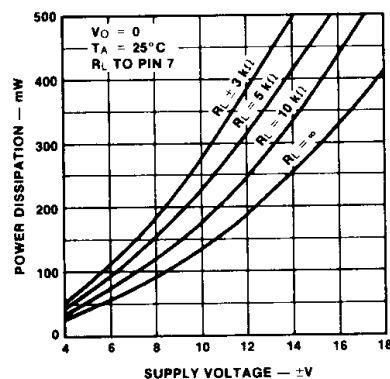
Output Capability as a Function of Supply Voltage



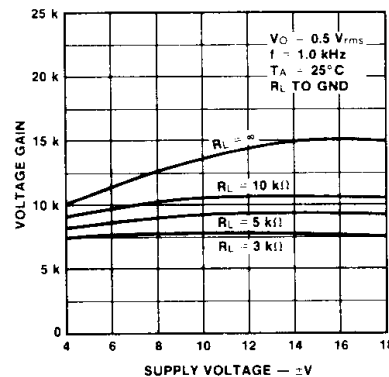
Total Supply Current as a Function of Supply Voltage



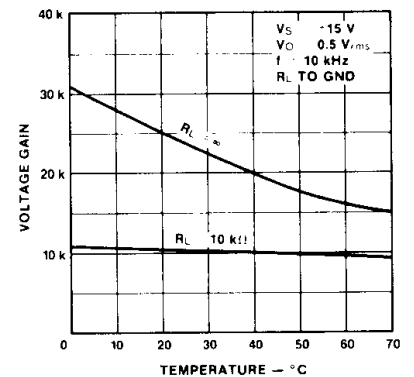
Total Power Dissipation as a Function of Supply Voltage and Load



Open Loop Voltage Gain as a Function of Supply Voltage

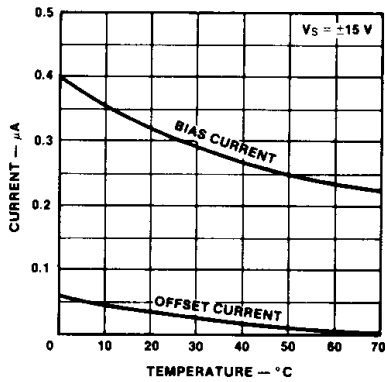


Open Loop Gain as a Function of Temperature



Typical Performance Curves for  $\mu$ A739C (Cont.)

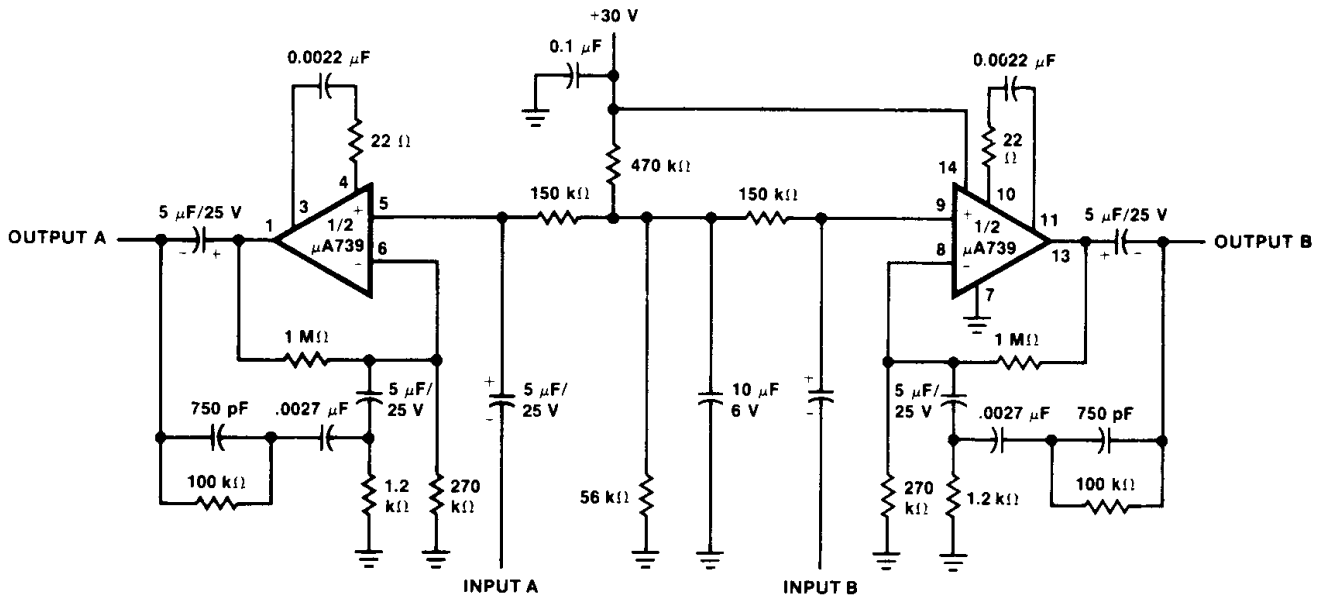
Input Offset Current and Bias Current as a Function of Temperature



Typical Applications

Stereo Phono Preamplifier — RIAA Equalized

4

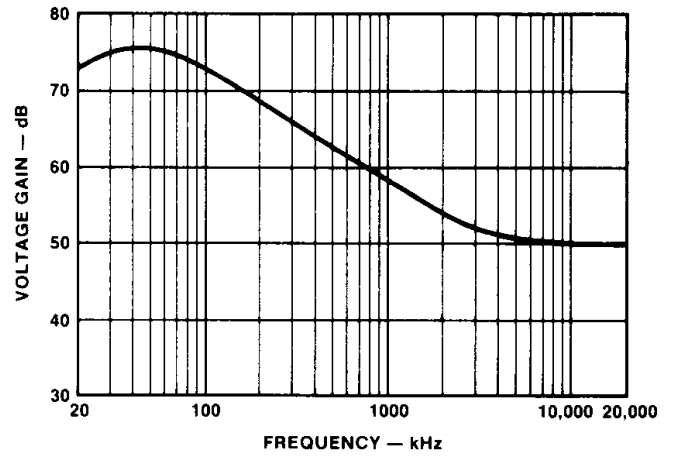
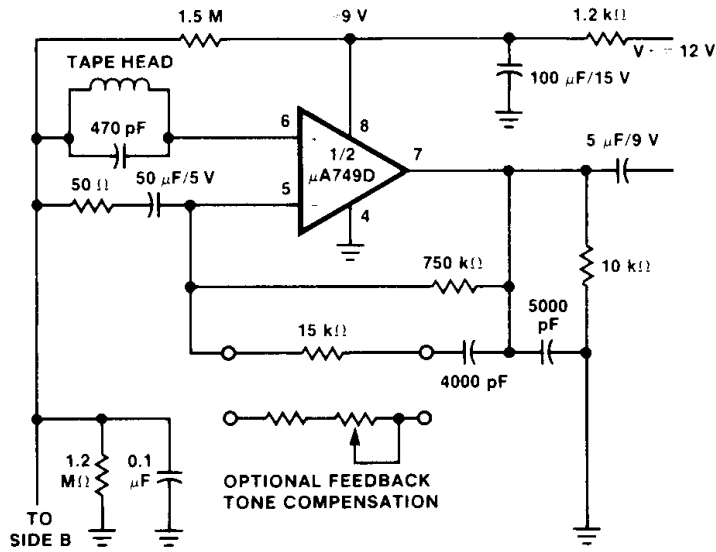


Typical Performance

- Gain 40 dB at 1 kHz, RIAA equalized
- Input overload point, 80 mV rms
- Noise Level, 2  $\mu$ V referred to input
- Signal to noise ratio, 74 dB below 10 mW
- Channel separation @ 1 kHz, 80 dB

Typical Applications (Cont.)

Stereo Tape Preamp



Typical Performance

|                      |           |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Gain at 1 kHz        | 60 dB     |
| Output Voltage Swing | 2.8 V rms |
| Power Consumption    | 30 mW     |