BTS3405G

Smart Low-Side Power Switch HITFET

Automotive Power





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Smart Low-Side Power Switch HITFET

BTS3405G

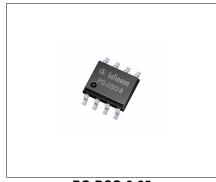




1 Overview

Features

- Low input current
- Compatible to standard Power MOSFET
- · Two channel concept saves PCB footprint
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)
- · AEC Qualified



PG-DSO-8-25

Description

The BTS3405G is a two channel low-side power switch in PG-DSO-8-25 package providing embedded protective functions. The device consists of two separate monolithic IC. Each with one N-channel power transistor and additional protection circuitry.

Table 1 Product Summary

Drain Voltage	V_{D}	42 V ¹⁾
Input Voltage	$V_{IN(max)}$	10 V
Maximum On-State Resistance at T_j = 150°C	$R_{DS(ON,hot\;max)}$	1.9 Ω
Nominal Load Current	$I_{Dnom(min)}$	350 mA
Drain Current	I_{D}	600 mA ²⁾
Single Clamping Energy	E_{AS}	65 mJ

- 1) Active clamped
- 2) Internally limited

Туре	Package	Marking
BTS3405G	PG-DSO-8-25	BTS3405G



Smart Low-Side Power Switch BTS3405G

Overview

Protective Functions

- Electrostatic discharge protection (ESD)
- Active clamp over voltage protection
- Thermal shutdown with auto restart
- Short circuit protection

Fault Information

- · Thermal shutdown
- · Short circuit

Applications

- · Designed for Relays driving in Automotive Applications
- · All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads
- Suitable for loads with peak currents
- · Replaces discrete circuits

Detailed Description

The device is able to switch all kind of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads, limited by $E_{\rm AS}$ and maximum current capabilities.

The BTS3405G offers ESD protection of each IN Pin in relation to the corresponding Source Pin.

The overtemperature protection is in order to prevent the device from overheating due to overload and/or bad cooling conditions. The temperature information is given by a temperature sensor in each of the two power MOSFET. During thermal shutdown the device tries to sink an increased input current at the corresponding IN pin to feedback the fault condition on this channel.

The BTS3405G has a thermal-auto-restart function, the regarding channel will turn on again after the measured temperature has dropped for the thermal hysteresis.

The over voltage protection is active during load-dump or inductive turn off conditions. The power MOSFET is turned on if the Drain-source voltage gets too high. This function is available without supply, means without voltage on the IN pins.



Block DiagramTerms

2 Block Diagram

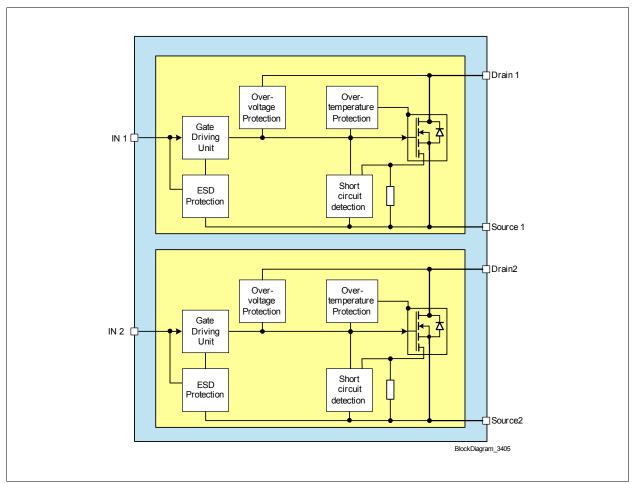


Figure 1 Block Diagram

2.1 Terms

Figure 2 shows all external terms used in this data sheet.

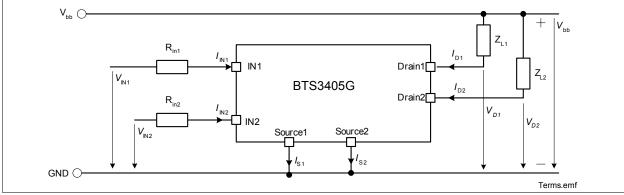


Figure 2 Terms



Pin ConfigurationPin Assignment BTS3405G

3 Pin Configuration

3.1 Pin Assignment BTS3405G

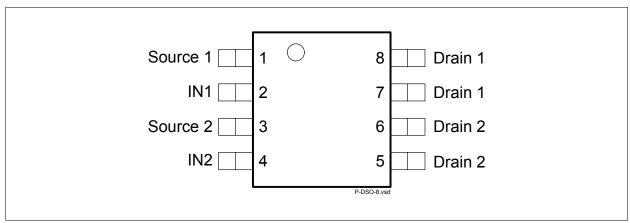


Figure 3 Pin Configuration PG-DSO-8-25

3.2 Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	Source1	Ground connection for channel 1
2	IN1	Input / Fault feedback for channel 1
3	Source2	Ground connection for channel 2
4	IN2	Input / Fault feedback for channel 2
5, 6	Drain2	Load connection channel 2
7, 8	Drain1	Load connection channel 1



General Product CharacteristicsAbsolute Maximum Ratings

4 General Product Characteristics

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

All parameters apply for both channels accordingly.

Absolute Maximum Ratings 1)

 $T_{\rm j}$ = -40 °C to +150 °C; all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified), all values valid for both channels

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Values	Unit	Test Conditions
			Min.	Max.		
Voltage	es	1				
4.1.1	Drain voltage	V_{D}	_	42	٧	$^{2)}$ $V_{\rm IN}$ = 0 V, $I_{\rm D}$ = 10 mA
4.1.2	Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.2	10	٧	_
4.1.3	Input Current	I_{IN}	self lir	nited	mA	-0.2 V < V _{IN} < 10 V
4.1.4			-2	2	mA	V _{IN} < -0.2 V
						or $V_{\rm IN}$ > 10 V
4.1.5	Drain Current	I_{D}	_	600	mA	$^{3)}$ $T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C
Energie	es			*		
4.1.6	Unclamped single pulse inductive energy	E_{AS}	0	65	mJ	$I_{\rm D}$ = 350 mA;
	single pulse					$V_{\rm bb}$ = 28 V;
						$T_{J(start)}$ = 85 °C
4.1.7	Unclamped single pulse inductive energy single pulse		_	30	mJ	$I_{\rm D}$ = 250 mA;
						$V_{\rm bb}$ = 28 V;
						$T_{\text{J(start)}}$ = 150 °C
4.1.8	Unclamped repetitive pulse inductive	E_{AR}	0	18	mJ	$I_{\rm D}$ = 200 mA;
	energy 1×10 ⁴ cycles					$V_{\rm bb} = 13.5 \text{V};$
						$T_{J(start)}$ = 150 °C
4.1.9	Unclamped repetitive pulse inductive		_	13	mJ	$I_{\rm D}$ = 170 mA;
	energy 1×10 ⁶ cycles					$V_{\rm bb} = 13.5 \text{ V};$
		_				$T_{\text{J(start)}} = 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$
4.1.10	Total Power Dissipation	P_{tot}	-	0.78	W	$^{4)}$ $T_{\rm a}$ = 85 °C
Tempe		1				
4.1.11	Operating temperature	T_{J}	-40	+150	°C	_
4.1.12	Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55	+150	°C	_
ESD Su	sceptibility			•		
4.1.13	Electrostatic discharge voltage 5)	V_{ESD}	-2	2	kV	IN Pin
						R = 1.5 k;
						C = 100 pF;
						T_{J} = 25 °C

- 1) Not subject to production test, specified by design.
- 2) Active clamped.
- 3) Internally limited.
- 4) Device mounted on PCB according EIA/JEDEC standard JESD51-7 (4-layer FR4, 76.2 mm × 114.3 mm with buried planes). PCB is mounted vertical without blown air.
- 5) ESD susceptibility HBM according to EIA/JESD 22-A 114B, section 4.

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General Product CharacteristicsThermal Resistance

4.2 Thermal Resistance

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol		Limit Val	Unit	Conditions	
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
4.2.1	Junction to Soldering Point	R_{thJC}	-	_	38	K/W	1) 2)
4.2.2	Junction to Ambient all channel ON	R_{thJA}	_	80	_	K/W	1) 2)

¹⁾ Not subject to production test, specified by design.

Note: Stresses above the ones listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note: Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

4.2.1 Transient Thermal Impedance

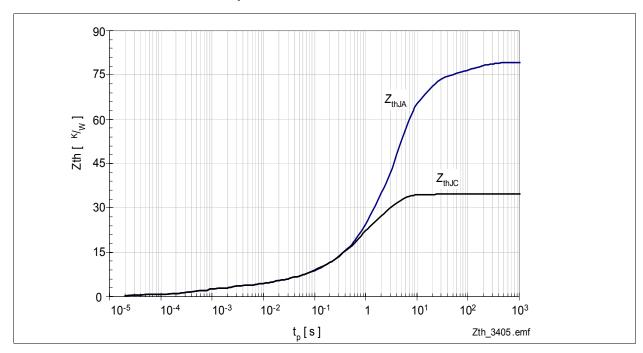


Figure 4 Typical Transient Thermal Impedance single pulse, $Z_{
m thJA}$ and $Z_{
m thJC}$

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²⁾ Device mounted on PCB according EIA/JEDEC standard JESD51-7 (4-layer FR4, 76.2 mm × 114.3 mm with buried planes). PCB is mounted vertical without blown air with 0.78W power dissipation generated in each channel on the DMOS.



General Product CharacteristicsThermal Resistance

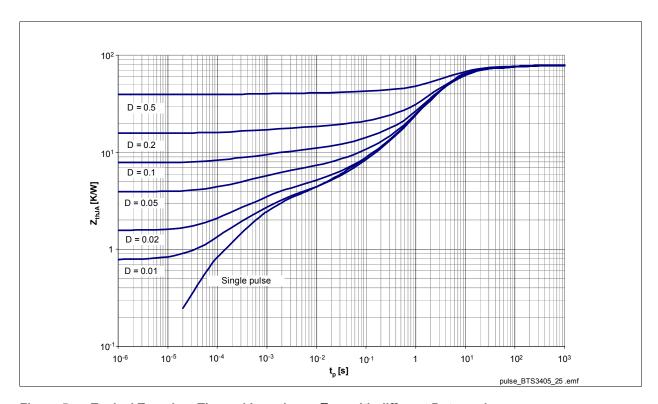


Figure 5 Typical Transient Thermal Impedance Z_{thJA} with different Duty cycles $Z_{thJA} = f(t_p)$, D = tp/T, $T_a = 25$ °C Device mounted on PCB according EIA/JEDEC standard JESD51-7 (4-layer FR4, 76.2 mm \times 114.3 mm with

Device mounted on PCB according EIA/JEDEC standard JESD51-7 (4-layer FR4, 76.2 mm × 114.3 mm with buried planes). PCB is mounted vertical without blown air with 0.78W power dissipation generated in each channel for single pulse on the DMOS



5 Block Description and Characteristics

5.1 Input and Power Stage

5.1.1 Input Circuit

Figure 6 shows the input circuit of the BTS3405G. The zener Diode protects the input circuit against ESD pulses. The internal circuitry is supplied by the input PIN. During normal operation the Input is connected to the Gate of the power MOSFET. During fault condition the device tries to sink the current I_{INlim} in order to give the fault information back to the driving circuit.

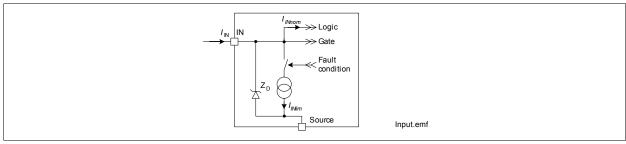


Figure 6 Input Circuit

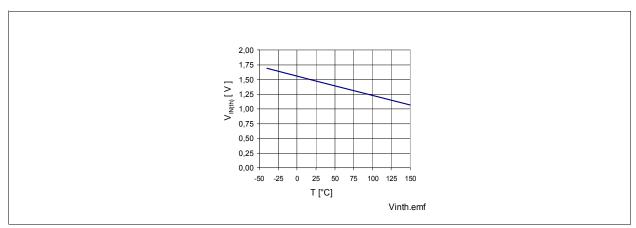


Figure 7 Typical Input Threshold Voltage V_{inth} = f(T_{J}); I_{D} = 50 μ A, V_{D} = V_{IN}

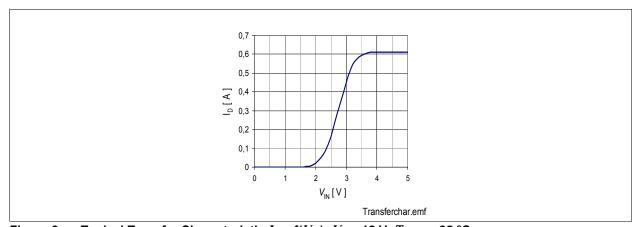


Figure 8 Typical Transfer Characteristic $I_{\rm D}$ = f($V_{\rm IN}$); $V_{\rm D}$ = 12 V, $T_{\rm Jstart}$ = 25 °C

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5.1.2 Failure Feedback

During failure condition the BTS3405G tries to sink a increased input current $I_{\rm INlim}$.

5.1.3 Output On-State Resistance

The on-state resistance depends on the junction temperature T_J . Figure 9 shows this dependancy for the typical on-state resistance $R_{\rm DS(on)}$.

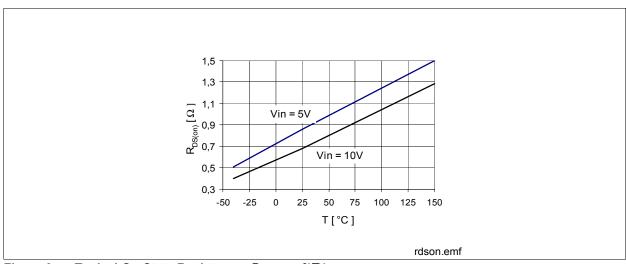
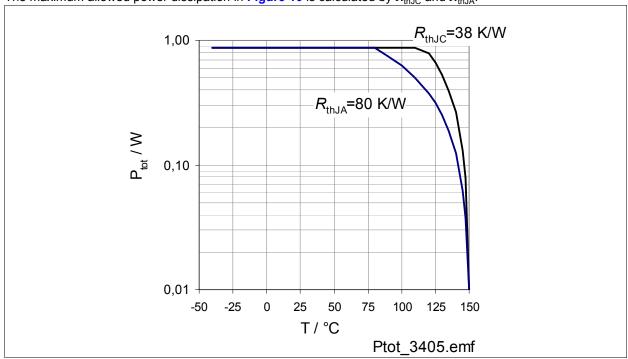


Figure 9 Typical On-State Resistance, $R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J)$

5.1.4 Power Dissipation





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Figure 10 Maximal Allowable Power Dissipation

5.1.5 Output Timing

A voltage signal at the input pin above the threshold voltage causes the power MOSFET to switch on with a dedicated slope which is optimized for low EMC emission. **Figure 11** shows the timing definition.

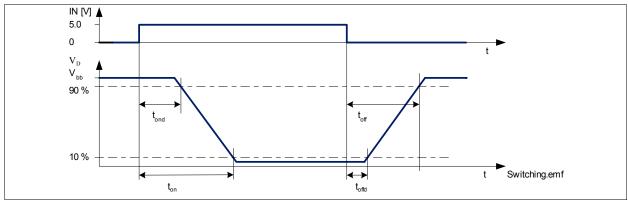


Figure 11 Definition of Power Output Timing for Resistive Load

5.1.6 Characteristics

Note: Characteristics show the deviation of parameter at given input voltage and junction temperature. Typical values show the typical parameters expected from manufacturing.

All voltages with respect to Source Pin unless otherwise stated.

Electrical Characteristics: Input and Power Stage

 $T_{\rm j}$ = -40 °C to +150 °C , all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Val		nit Values		imit Values.		Test Conditions
			Min.	Min. Typ.	Max.				
Input		-1					·		
5.1.1	Nominal Input current	I_{INnom}	_	10	30	μΑ	$V_{\rm D}$ = 0 V; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 10 V		
5.1.2	Input current protection mode	I_{INlim}	_	100	150	μΑ	$V_{\rm IN}$ = 10 V; $T_{\rm J}$ = 150 °C		
5.1.3	Input threshold voltage	V_{INTH}	1.3	1.7	2.2	V	$V_{\rm D} = V_{\rm IN};$ $I_{\rm D} = 50~\mu{\rm A}$ $T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$		
5.1.4			8.0	_	_	٧	$V_{\rm D} = V_{\rm IN};$ $I_{\rm D} = 50~\mu{\rm A},~150~{\rm °C}$		

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Electrical Characteristics: Input and Power Stage (cont'd)

 $T_{\rm j}$ = -40 °C to +150 °C , all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Conditions
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Powe	r Stage		1			1	1
5.1.5	On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.9	_	Ω	$^{1)}$ $T_{\rm J}$ = 25 °C; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 5 V; $I_{\rm D}$ = 200mA
5.1.6			-	1.8	2.4	Ω	$T_{\rm J}$ = 150 °C; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 5 V; $I_{\rm D}$ = 200mA
5.1.7			-	0.7	_	Ω	$^{1)}$ $T_{\rm J}$ = 25 °C; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 10 V; $I_{\rm D}$ = 200mA
5.1.8			_	1.4	1.9	Ω	$I_{\rm J}$ = 150 °C; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 10 V; $I_{\rm D}$ = 200mA
5.1.9	Nominal load current for both channels ON	I_{Dnom}	350	400	_	mA	$T_{\rm J} < 150~{\rm ^{\circ}C};$ $T_{\rm A} = 105~{\rm ^{\circ}C^{2}};$ $V_{\rm IN} = 5~{\rm V}$
5.1.10	Zero input voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	_	-	5	μΑ	$V_{\rm DS}$ = 13.5 V; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 0 V; $T_{\rm J}$ = 150 °C
			_	2.5	6	μΑ	$V_{\rm DS}$ = 32 V; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 0 V; $T_{\rm J}$ = -40 °C to 85 °C
			_	4	7	μΑ	$V_{\rm DS}$ = 32 V; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 0 V; $T_{\rm J}$ = 150 °C



Electrical Characteristics: Input and Power Stage (cont'd)

 $T_{\rm j}$ = -40 °C to +150 °C , all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Lir	Limit Values		Unit	Test Conditions
	Min. Typ. Ma	Max.					
Switc	hing $V_{\rm bb}$ = 12 V, $R_{\rm L}$ = 82 Ω	,					
5.1.11	Turn-on time	$t_{\sf on}$	_	16	38	μs	$V_{\rm IN}$ = 10 V to 90% $I_{\rm D}$
5.1.12	Turn-off time	$t_{ m off}$	_	15	45	μs	$V_{\rm IN}$ = 0 V to 10% $I_{\rm D}$
5.1.13	Slew rate on	$\mathrm{d}V_{\mathrm{ds}}/\mathrm{d}t_{\mathrm{on}}$	_	2.5	9.3	V/μs	$50\% - 30\% V_{bb};$ $R_{L} = 82 Ω;$ $V_{IN} = 0 V to 10 V;$ $V_{bb} = 12 V$
5.1.14	Slew rate off	$\mathrm{d}V_{\mathrm{ds}}/\mathrm{d}t_{\mathrm{off}}$	-	6.0	18.2	V/μs	30% - 50% $V_{\rm bb}$; $R_{\rm L}$ = 82 Ω ; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 10 V to 0 V; $V_{\rm bb}$ = 12 V
Inver	se Diode						
5.1.15	Inverse Diode forward voltage	V_{D}	_	-1.0	-1.5	V	$I_{\rm D}$ = -1 A; $V_{\rm IN}$ = 0 V

¹⁾ Not subject to production test, calculated by $R_{\rm thJA}$ and $R_{\rm DS(on)}$.

²⁾ Device mounted on PCB according EIA/JEDEC standard JESD51-7 (4-layer FR4, 76.2 mm × 114.3 mm with buried planes). PCB is mounted vertical without blown air.



Protection FunctionsThermal Protection

6 Protection Functions

The device provides embedded protection functions. Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operation.

6.1 Thermal Protection

The device is protected against over temperature due to overload and / or bad cooling conditions. To ensure this a temperature sensor located in the Power MOSFET is used.

The BTS3405G has a thermal auto-restart function. After the device has cooled down it will switch on again see **Figure 12**.

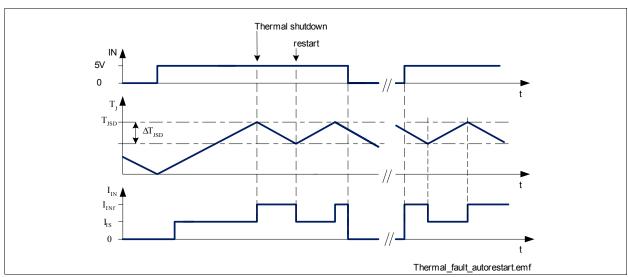


Figure 12 Error Signal via Input Current at Thermal Shutdown

6.2 Overvoltage Protection

When switching off inductive loads with low-side switches, the Drain-Source voltage $V_{\rm D}$ rises above battery potential, because the inductance intends to continue driving the current.

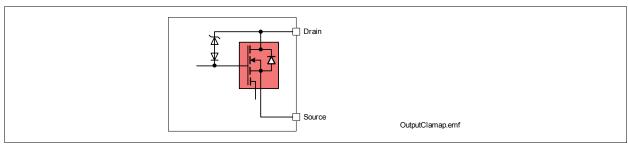


Figure 13 Output Clamp

The BTS3405G is equipped with a voltage clamp mechanism that keeps the Drain-Source voltage $V_{\rm D}$ at a certain level. See **Figure 13** and **Figure 14** for more details.



Protection FunctionsOvervoltage Protection

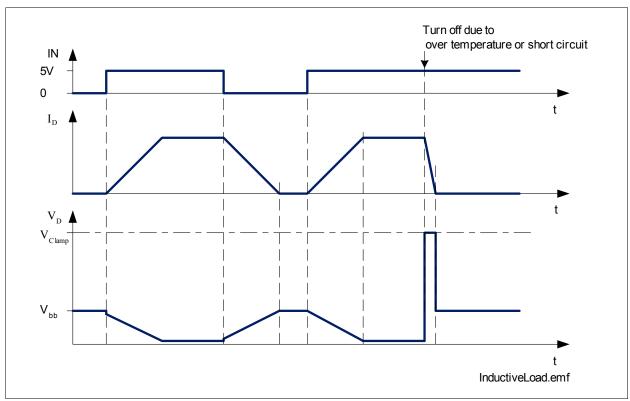


Figure 14 Switching an Inductance

While demagnetization of inductive loads, energy has to be dissipated in the BTS3405G. This energy can be calculated with following equation:

$$E = (V_{\text{bb}} + |V_{\text{out(CL)}}|) \cdot \left[\frac{|V_{\text{out(CL)}}|}{R_{\text{L}}} \cdot \ln\left(1 + \frac{R_{\text{L}} \cdot I_{\text{L}}}{|V_{\text{out(CL)}}|}\right) + I_{\text{L}} \right] \cdot \frac{L}{R_{\text{L}}}$$
(1)

Following equation simplifies under assumption of $R_{\rm L}$ = 0

$$E = \frac{1}{2}LI_{L}^{2} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{V_{bb}}{|V_{out(CL)} - V_{bb}|}\right)$$
 (2)



Protection FunctionsShort Circuit Protection

6.3 Short Circuit Protection

The condition short circuit is an overload condition of the device. If the current reaches the value of $I_{\rm lim}$ the device starts to limit the current. In the condition of current limitation the device heats up. If the thermal shutdown temperature is reached the device turns off. **Figure 15** shows this behavior. During the current limitation the input current is above $I_{\rm lnnom}$. During the time period $t_{\rm dlim}$, the current can be above $I_{\rm lim}$.

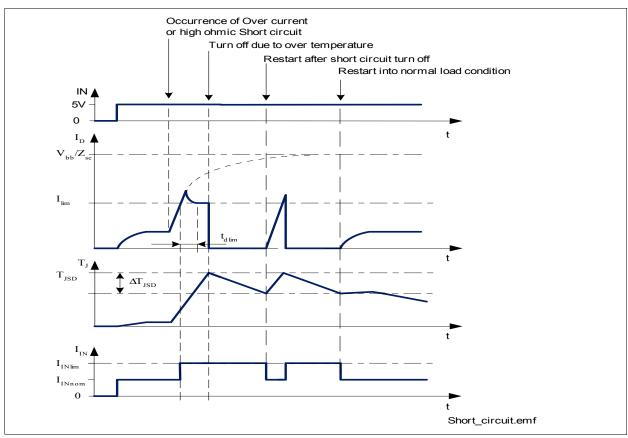


Figure 15 Short Circuit Behavior of BTS3405G

As the device is a low side switch it can be assumed that the Source to Ground path has a neglectable low impedance and resistance. Therefore all impedance and resistance in the load path during short circuit is merged into Zsc.



Protection FunctionsCharacteristics

6.4 Characteristics

Note: Characteristics show the deviation of parameter at given input voltage and junction temperature. Typical values show the typical parameters expected from manufacturing.

Electrical Characteristics: Protection Functions

 $T_{\rm j}$ = -40 °C to +150 °C; all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified), all values valid for both channels

Pos.	Parameter	Symbol	Liı	mit Val	ues	Unit	Test Conditions
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Thern	nal Protection			1	1		
6.4.1	Thermal shut down junction temperature	T_{JSD}	150	175 ¹⁾	_	°C	_
6.4.2	Thermal hysteresis	ΔT_{JSD}	-	10	_	K	1)
Overv	oltage Protection	*	-	*	*	-	
6.4.3	Drain clamp voltage	V_{Clamp}	42	_	55	V	$V_{\rm IN}$ = 0 V; $I_{\rm D}$ = 10 mA;
Curre	nt Limitation and Short Circuit Protectio	n	•				
6.4.4	Current limitation	I_{lim}	0.6	0.9	1.2	A	V_{IN} = 10 V; V_{DS} = 12 V; t_{measure} = 4 × t_{dlim} T_{J} = 25 °C ¹⁾
			0.3	-	-		<i>T</i> _J = 150 °C
			_	_	1.4		$T_{\rm J}$ = -40 °C ¹⁾
6.4.5	Current limitation delay time	$t_{\sf dlim}$	-	_	50	μs	1)

¹⁾ Not subject to production test, specified by design.



Package Outlines BTS3405G

7 Package Outlines BTS3405G

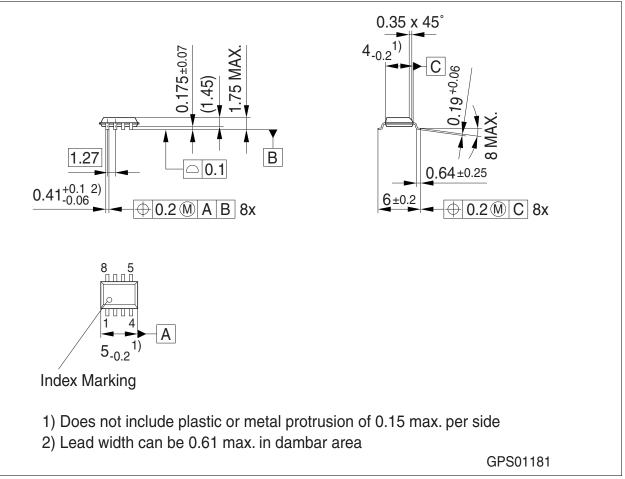


Figure 16 PG-DSO-8-25 (Plastic Dual Small Outline Package)

Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).

Dimensions in mm



Smart Low-Side Power Switch BTS3405G

Revision History

8 Revision History

Version	Date	Changes
Rev. 1.0	2007-12-06	released data sheet

Edition 2007-12-06

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