

## FEATURES

**Wide bandwidth: 1 MHz to 4 GHz**  
**80 dB dynamic range ( $\pm 3$  dB)**  
**Stability over temperature:  $< \pm 0.5$  dB**  
**Low noise measurement/controller output (VOUT)**  
**Pulse response time: 10 ns**  
**Small footprint package: 3 mm x 3 mm LFCSP**  
**Supply operation: 2.7 to 5.5 V at 30 mA**  
**Fabricated using high speed SiGe process**

## APPLICATIONS

**RF transmitter PA setpoint control and level monitoring**  
**Power monitoring in radiolink transmitters**  
**RSSI measurement in base stations, WLAN, WiMAX, radar**

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADL5513 is a demodulating logarithmic amplifier, capable of accurately converting an RF input signal to a corresponding decibel-scaled output. It employs the progressive compression technique over a cascaded amplifier chain, each stage of which is equipped with a detector cell. The device can be used in either measurement or controller modes. The ADL5513 maintains accurate log conformance for signals greater than 4 GHz. The input dynamic range is typically 80 dB (re: 50  $\Omega$ ) with error less than  $\pm 3$  dB. The ADL5513 has 10 ns response time which enables RF burst detection to a pulse rate of beyond 50 MHz. The device provides unprecedented logarithmic intercept stability vs. ambient temperature conditions. A supply of 2.7 V to 5.5 V is required to power the device. Current consumption is less than 30 mA, and decreases to TBD  $\mu$ A when the device is disabled.

The ADL5513 can be configured to provide a control voltage to a power amplifier or a measurement output from the VOUT

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

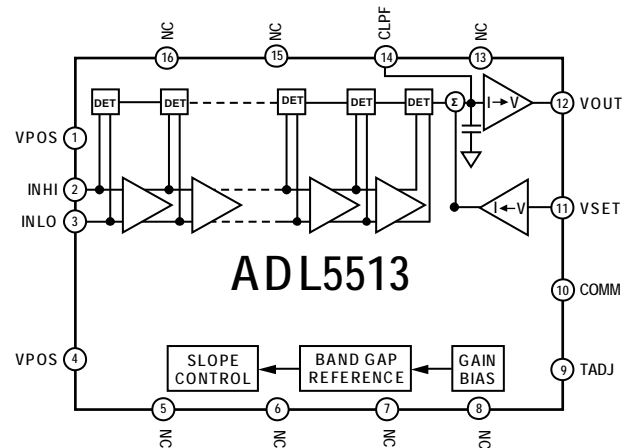


Figure 1.

pin. Because the output can be used for controller applications, special attention has been paid to minimize wideband noise. In this mode, the setpoint control voltage is applied to the VSET pin.

The feedback loop through an RF amplifier is closed via VOUT, the output of which regulates the amplifier's output to a magnitude corresponding to  $V_{SET}$ . The ADL5513 provides 0 V to  $(V_{POS} - 0.1$  V) output capability at the VOUT pin, suitable for controller applications. As a measurement device, VOUT is externally connected to VSET to produce an output voltage  $V_{OUT}$  that increases linear-in-dB with RF input signal amplitude.

The logarithmic slope is 20 mV/dB, determined by the VSET interface. The intercept is -95 dBm (re: 50  $\Omega$ , CW input, 900 MHz) using the INHI input. These parameters are very stable against supply and temperature variations.

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**REVISION HISTORY**

## SPECIFICATIONS

$V_S = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ , Pins INHI, INLO, ac-coupled, Single-ended drive, VOUT tied to VSET, Error referred to best-fit line (linear regression), unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

| Parameter                                | Conditions   | Min   | Typ         | Max | Unit               |
|--|--|-------|-------------|-----|--------------------|
| OVERALL FUNCTION                         |  |       |             |     |                    |
| Maximum Input Frequency                  |  | 0.001 |             | 4   | GHz                |
| 100 MHz                                  |  |       |             |     |                    |
| Output Voltage: High Power in            | $P_{IN} = -10\text{ dBm}$ ,  |       | 1.578       |     | V                  |
| Output Voltage: Low Power in             | $P_{IN} = -60\text{ dBm}$  |       | 0.589       |     | V                  |
| $\pm 3.0\text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  |       | 75          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 1.0\text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  |       | 67          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 0.5\text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ$  |       | 58          |     | dB                 |
| Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1.0\text{ dB}$ |  |       | 9           |     |                    |
| Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1.0\text{ dB}$ |  |       | -66         |     |                    |
| Deviation vs. Temperature                | Deviation from output at $25^\circ\text{C}$                                |       |             |     |                    |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -10\text{ dBm}$  |       | $\pm 0.421$ |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -30\text{ dBm}$  |       | $\pm 0.467$ |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -50\text{ dBm}$  |       | $\pm 0.496$ |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -10\text{ dBm}$ |       | $\pm 0.63$  |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -30\text{ dBm}$ |       | $\pm 0.696$ |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -50\text{ dBm}$ |       | $\pm 0.556$ |     | dB                 |
| Logarithmic Slope                        |  |       | 21          |     | mV/dB              |
| Logarithmic Intercept                    |  |       | -88.18      |     | dBm                |
| Input Impedance                          |  |       | 1500/TBD    |     | $\Omega/\text{pF}$ |
| 900 MHz                                  |  |       |             |     |                    |
| Output Voltage: High Power in            | $P_{IN} = -10\text{ dBm}$ ,  |       | 1.59        |     | V                  |
| Output Voltage: Low Power in             | $P_{IN} = -60\text{ dBm}$  |       | 0.59        |     | V                  |
| $\pm 3.0\text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  |       | 78          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 1.0\text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  |       | 71          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 0.5\text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ$  |       | 68          |     | dB                 |
| Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1.0\text{ dB}$ |  |       | 8           |     |                    |
| Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1.0\text{ dB}$ |  |       | -68         |     |                    |
| Deviation vs. Temperature                | Deviation from output at $25^\circ\text{C}$                                |       |             |     |                    |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -10\text{ dBm}$  |       | $\pm 0.45$  |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -30\text{ dBm}$  |       | $\pm 0.40$  |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -50\text{ dBm}$  |       | $\pm 0.515$ |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -10\text{ dBm}$ |       | $\pm 0.525$ |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -30\text{ dBm}$ |       | $\pm 0.62$  |     | dB                 |
|  | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -50\text{ dBm}$ |       | $\pm 0.67$  |     | dB                 |
| Logarithmic Slope                        |  |       | 21          |     | mV/dB              |
| Logarithmic Intercept                    |  |       | -89.07      |     | dBm                |
| Input Impedance                          |  |       | 1500/TBD    |     | $\Omega/\text{pF}$ |

| Parameter                         | Conditions   | Min | Typ         | Max | Unit               |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----|-------------|-----|--------------------|
| 1900 MHz                          |  |     |             |     |                    |
| Output Voltage: High Power in     | $P_{IN} = -10$ dBm   |     | 1.61        |     | V                  |
| Output Voltage: Low Power in      | $P_{IN} = -60$ dBm   |     | 0.6         |     | V                  |
| $\pm 3.0$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                              |     | 78          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 1.0$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                              |     | 71          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 0.5$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ$                                      |     | 68          |     | dB                 |
| Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1.0$ dB |  |     | 7           |     |                    |
| Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1.0$ dB |  |     | -64         |     |                    |
| Deviation vs. Temperature         | Deviation from output at $25^\circ\text{C}$                      |     |             |     |                    |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -10$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.46$  |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -30$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.515$ |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -50$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.66$  |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -10$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.41$  |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -30$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.73$  |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -50$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.785$ |     | dB                 |
| Logarithmic Slope                 |  |     | 21          |     | mV/dB              |
| Logarithmic Intercept             |  |     | -89.87      |     | dBm                |
| Input Impedance                   |  |     | 1500/TBD    |     | $\Omega/\text{pF}$ |
| 2140 MHz                          |  |     |             |     |                    |
| Output Voltage: High Power in     | $P_{IN} = -10$ dBm,  |     | 1.61        |     | V                  |
| Output Voltage: Low Power in      | $P_{IN} = -60$ dBm   |     | 0.61        |     | V                  |
| $\pm 3.0$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                              |     | 78          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 1.0$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                              |     | 70          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 0.5$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ$                                      |     | 66          |     | dB                 |
| Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1.0$ dB |  |     | 7           |     |                    |
| Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1.0$ dB |  |     | -63         |     |                    |
| Deviation vs. Temperature         | Deviation from output at $25^\circ\text{C}$                      |     |             |     |                    |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -10$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.43$  |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -30$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.497$ |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -50$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.598$ |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -10$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.635$ |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -30$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.727$ |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -50$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.676$ |     | dB                 |
| Logarithmic Slope                 |  |     | 21          |     | mV/dB              |
| Logarithmic Intercept             |  |     | -90.01      |     | dBm                |
| Input Impedance                   |  |     | 1500/TBD    |     | $\Omega/\text{pF}$ |
| 2600 MHz                          |  |     |             |     |                    |
| Output Voltage: High Power in     | $P_{IN} = -10$ dBm,  |     | 1.62        |     | V                  |
| Output Voltage: Low Power in      | $P_{IN} = -60$ dBm   |     | 0.61        |     | V                  |
| $\pm 3.0$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                              |     | 80          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 1.0$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                              |     | 74          |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 0.5$ dB Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ$                                      |     | 72          |     | dB                 |
| Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1.0$ dB |  |     | 7           |     |                    |
| Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1.0$ dB |  |     | -60         |     |                    |
| Deviation vs. Temperature         | Deviation from output at $25^\circ\text{C}$                      |     |             |     |                    |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -10$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.47$  |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -30$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.605$ |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -50$ dBm  |     | $\pm 0.715$ |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -10$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.575$ |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -30$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.8$   |     | dB                 |
|                                   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}; P_{IN} = -50$ dBm |     | $\pm 0.853$ |     | dB                 |
| Logarithmic Slope                 |  |     | 21          |     | mV/dB              |
| Logarithmic Intercept             |  |     | -90.56      |     | dBm                |
| Input Impedance                   |  |     | 1500/TBD    |     | $\Omega/\text{pF}$ |

| Parameter                                 | Conditions   | Min | Typ          | Max | Unit               |
|---|--|-----|--------------|-----|--------------------|
| 3.6 GHz                                   |  |     |              |     |                    |
| Output Voltage: High Power in             | $P_{IN} = -10 \text{ dBm}$ ,   |     | 1.6          |     | V                  |
| Output Voltage: Low Power in              | $P_{IN} = -60 \text{ dBm}$   |     | 0.6          |     | V                  |
| $\pm 3.0 \text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  |     | 78           |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  |     | 71           |     | dB                 |
| $\pm 0.5 \text{ dB}$ Dynamic Range        | CW input, $T_A = +25^\circ$  |     | 66           |     | dB                 |
| Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ |  |     | 5            |     |                    |
| Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ |  |     | -66          |     |                    |
| Deviation vs. Temperature                 | Deviation from output at $25^\circ\text{C}$  |     |              |     |                    |
|   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -10 \text{ dBm}$                 |     | $\pm 0.64$   |     | dB                 |
|   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -30 \text{ dBm}$                 |     | $\pm 0.64$   |     | dB                 |
|   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -50 \text{ dBm}$                 |     | $\pm 0.62$   |     | dB                 |
|   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -10 \text{ dBm}$                |     | $\pm 0.856$  |     | dB                 |
|   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -30 \text{ dBm}$                |     | $\pm 0.926$  |     | dB                 |
|   | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ ; $P_{IN} = -50 \text{ dBm}$                |     | $\pm 0.937$  |     | dB                 |
| Logarithmic Slope                         |  |     | 21           |     | mV/dB              |
| Logarithmic Intercept                     |  |     | -90.57       |     | dBm                |
| Input Impedance                           |  |     | TBD          |     | $\Omega/\text{pF}$ |
| SETPOINT INPUT                            | Pin VSET   |     |              |     |                    |
| Voltage Range                             | Log conformance error $\leq 1 \text{ dB}$ Min  |     | TBD          |     | V                  |
|   | Log conformance error $\leq 1 \text{ dB}$ Max  |     | TBD          |     |                    |
| Current Limit Source/Sink                 | 1% change  |     | TBD          |     | mA                 |
| OUTPUT INTERFACE                          |  |     |              |     |                    |
| Rise Time                                 | Input level = no signal to $-10\text{dBm}$ , 10% to 90% $C_{LPF} = 10 \text{ pF}$          |     | 10           |     | nS                 |
| Fall Time                                 | Input level = no signal to $-10\text{dBm}$ , 10% to 90% $C_{LPF} = 10 \text{ pF}$          |     | 20           |     | nS                 |
| POWER SUPPLY INTERFACE                    | Pin VPOS   |     |              |     |                    |
| Supply Voltage                            |  | 2.7 | 5            | 5.5 | V                  |
| Quiescent Current                         | 25C RF in = $-55 \text{ dBm}$  |     | 30           |     | mA                 |
| Supply Current                            | When disabled  |     | TBD          |     | $\mu\text{A}$      |
| POWER-DOWN INTERFACE                      | Pin PWDN   |     |              |     |                    |
| Logic Level Threshold                     | Logic LO enables Logic HI disables   |     | VPOS - 0.7 V |     | V                  |
| Enable Time                               | PWDN LO to OUT at 100% final value,<br>$C_{LPF} = 10\text{pF}$ , RF in = $-10 \text{ dBm}$ |     | 143          |     | ns                 |
| Disable Time                              | PWDN HI to OUT at 10% final value,<br>$C_{LPF} = 10\text{pF}$ , RF in = $-10 \text{ dBm}$  |     | 100          |     | ns                 |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2.

| Parameter                                    | Rating                              |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage: $V_{POS}$                    | 5.5V                                |
| $V_{SET}$ Voltage                            | 0 V to $V_{POS}$                    |
| Input Power (Single-Ended, Re: 50 $\Omega$ ) | TBD dBm                             |
| Internal Power Dissipation                   | TBD W                               |
| $\theta_{JA}$                                | TBD $^{\circ}C/W$                   |
| Maximum Junction Temperature                 | TBD $^{\circ}C$                     |
| Operating Temperature Range                  | -40 $^{\circ}C$ to +125 $^{\circ}C$ |
| Storage Temperature Range                    | -65 $^{\circ}C$ to +150 $^{\circ}C$ |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering 60 sec)          | 260 $^{\circ}C$                     |

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### ESD CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although this product features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



## PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

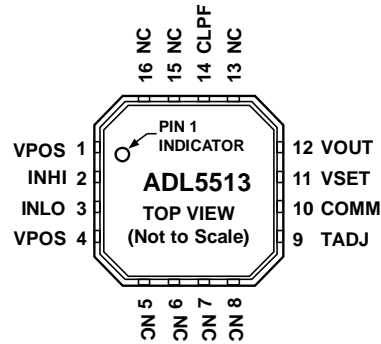


Figure 2.

Table 3. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No.                | Mnemonic       | Description  |
|------------------------|----------------|--|
| 1, 4                   | VPOS           | Positive supply Voltage (VPOS), 2.7 V to 5.5 V   |
| 2                      | INHI           | RF input. AC –coupled RF input.  |
| 3                      | INLO           | RF common for INHI. AC- coupled RF common.   |
| 10                     | COMM           | Device Common.   |
| 9                      | TADJ           | Temperature Compensation Adjustment. Frequency Dependant Temperature Compensation is set by connecting a ground referenced resistor to this pin.   |
| 11                     | VSET           | Setpoint Input for Operation in Controller Mode. To operate in RSSI mode short VSET to VOUT.   |
| 12                     | VOUT           | Logarithmic/ Error Output.   |
| 5, 6, 7, 8, 13, 15, 16 | NC             | No Connect. These pins may be left open or soldered to a low impedance ground plane.   |
| 14                     | CLPF           | Loop Filter Capacitor. In measurement mode, this capacitor sets the pulse response time and video bandwidth.<br>In controller mode, the capacitance on this node sets the response time of the error amplifier/integrator. |
|                        | Exposed Paddle | Internally connected to COMM; solder to a low impedance ground plane.  |

### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{POS} = 5\text{ V}$ ;  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $-40^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted. Black:  $+25^\circ\text{C}$ , Blue:  $-40^\circ\text{C}$ , Red:  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ , Orange:  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ . Error is calculated by using the best-fit line between  $P_{IN} = -40\text{ dBm}$  and  $P_{IN} = -10\text{ dBm}$  at the specified input frequency, unless otherwise noted.

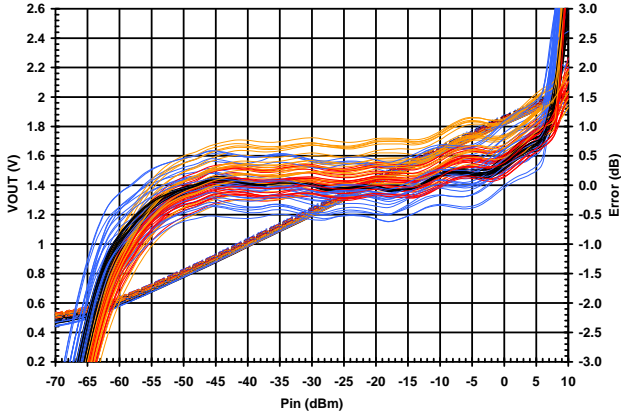


Figure 3  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 100 MHz, Multiple Devices,  $V_{TADJ} = 1.0\text{ V}$

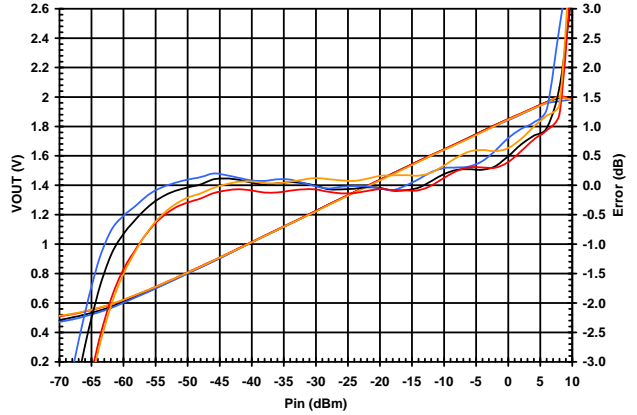


Figure 6  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 100 MHz,  $V_{TADJ} = 1.0\text{ V}$

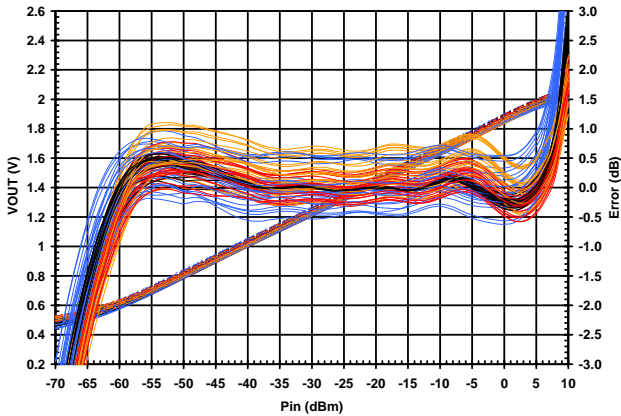


Figure 4  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 900 MHz, Multiple Devices,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.975\text{ V}$

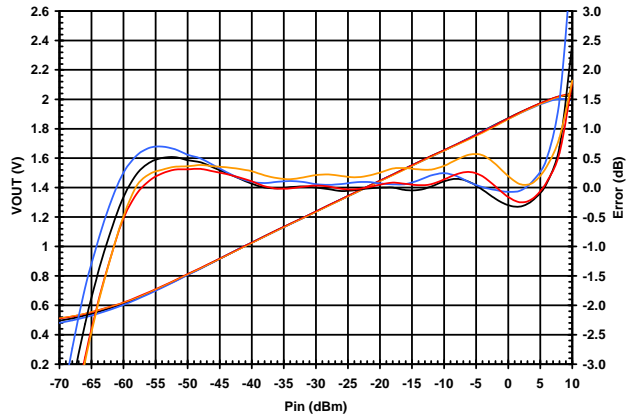


Figure 7  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 900 MHz,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.975\text{ V}$

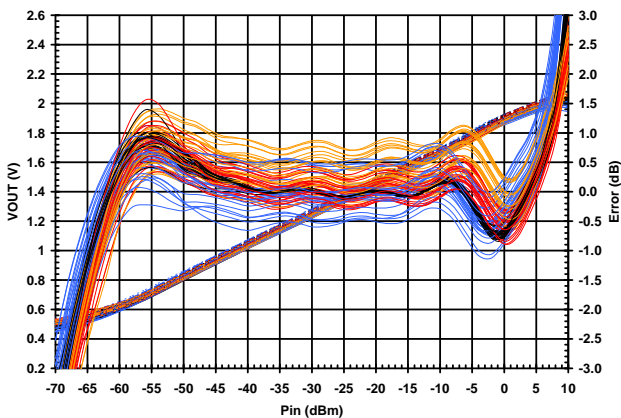


Figure 5  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 1900 MHz, Multiple Devices,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.925\text{ V}$

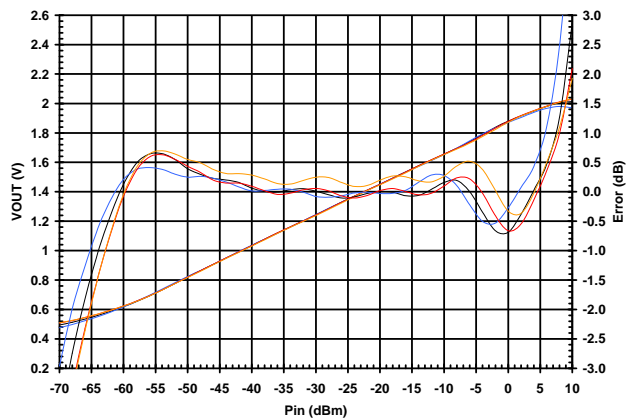


Figure 8  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 1900 MHz,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.925\text{ V}$



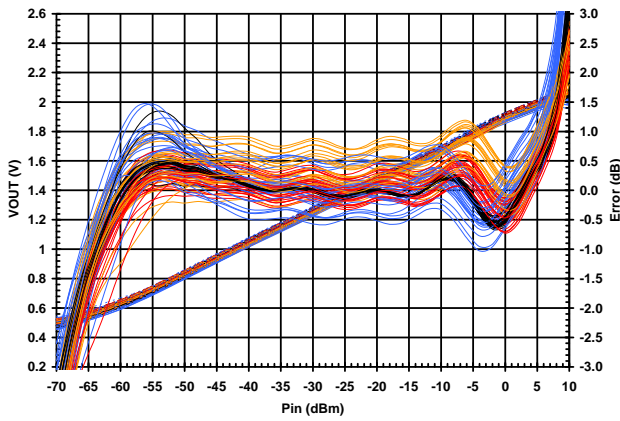


Figure 9.  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 2140 MHz, Multiple Devices,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.925\text{ V}$

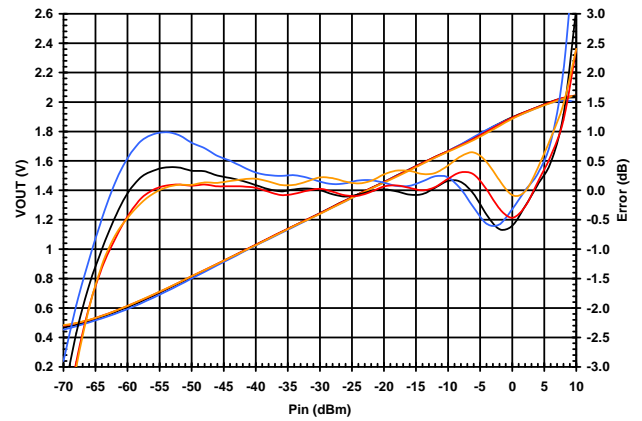


Figure 12.  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 2140 MHz,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.925\text{ V}$

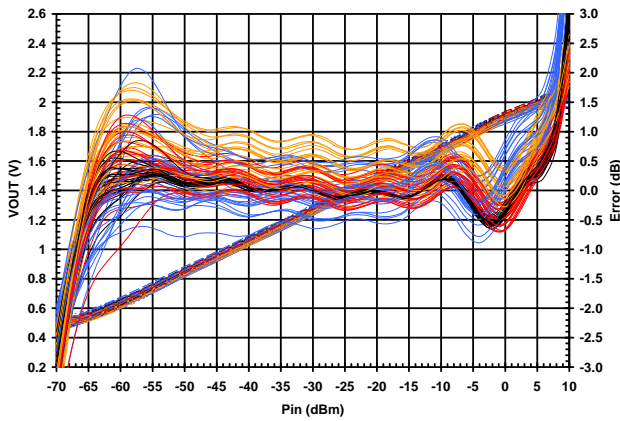


Figure 10.  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 2600 MHz, Multiple Devices,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.9\text{ V}$

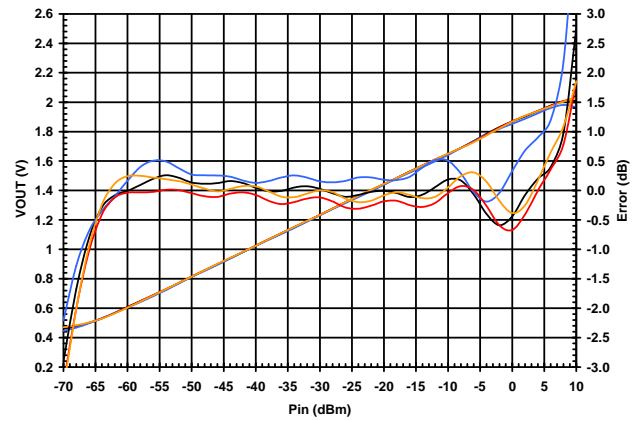


Figure 13.  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 2600 MHz,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.9\text{ V}$

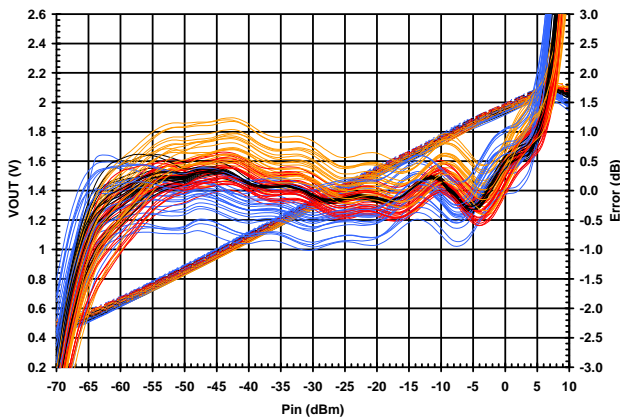


Figure 11.  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 3600 MHz, Multiple Devices,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.9\text{ V}$

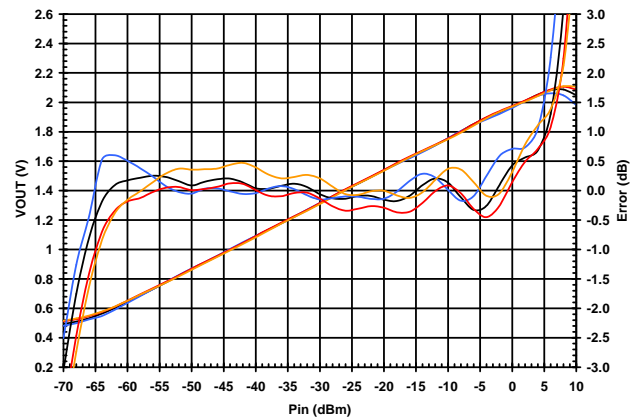


Figure 14.  $V_{OUT}$  and Log Conformance vs. Input Amplitude at 3600 MHz,  $V_{TADJ} = 0.9\text{ V}$

## EVALUATION BOARD CONFIGURATION OPTIONS

Table 4. Evaluation Board Configuration Options

| Component                  | Function   | Default Value   |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| C1, C2, R1                 | <p>Input Interface.</p> <p>The 52.3 <math>\Omega</math> resistor in Position R1 combines with the internal input impedance of the ADL5513 to give a broadband input impedance of about 50 <math>\Omega</math>. C1 and C2 are dc-blocking capacitors. A reactive impedance match can be implemented by replacing R1 with an inductor and C1 and C2 with appropriately valued capacitors.</p>  | <p>R1 = 52.3 <math>\Omega</math> (Size 0402)</p> <p>C1 = 47 nF (Size 0402)</p> <p>C2 = 47 nF (Size 0402)</p>  |
| C3, C4, C5, C6, R11, R12   | <p>Power Supply Decoupling</p> <p>The nominal supply decoupling consists of a 100 pF filter capacitor placed physically close to the ADL5513 and a 0.1 <math>\mu</math>F capacitor placed nearer to the power supply input pin. If additional isolation from the power supply is required, a small resistance maybe installed in between the power supply and the ADL5513. (R11, R12)</p>  | <p>C3 = 0.1 <math>\mu</math>F (Size 0402)</p> <p>C4 = 100 pF (Size 0402)</p> <p>C5 = 100 pF (Size 0402)</p> <p>C6 = 0.1 <math>\mu</math>F (Size 0402)</p> <p>R11 = 0 <math>\Omega</math> (Size 0402)</p> <p>R12 = 0 <math>\Omega</math> (Size 0402)</p> |
| C7                         | <p>Filter Capacitor</p> <p>The low-pass corner frequency of the circuit that drives the VOUT pin can be lowered by placing a capacitor between CLPF and ground. Increasing this capacitor increases the overall rise/fall time of the ADL5513 for pulsed input signals.</p>  | <p>C7= 1000 pF (Size 0402)</p>  |
| R2, R3 R4, R5, R10, RL, CL | <p>Output Interface—Measurement Mode.</p> <p>In measurement mode, a portion of the output voltage is fed back to the VSET pin via R4. The magnitude of the slope of the VOUT output voltage response can be increased by reducing the portion of V<sub>OUT</sub> that is fed back to VSET. R3 can be used as a back-terminating resistor or as part of a single-pole, low-pass filter.</p>   | <p>R2 = open (Size 0402)</p> <p>R3 = 1 k<math>\Omega</math> (Size 0402)</p> <p>R4 = 0 <math>\Omega</math> (Size 0402)</p> <p>R5 = open (Size 0402)</p> <p>R10 = open (Size 0402)</p> <p>RL = CL = open (Size 0402)</p>                                  |
| R4, R5, R10                | <p>Output Interface—Controller Mode.</p> <p>In this mode, R4 must be open. In controller mode, the ADL5513 can control the gain of an external component. A setpoint voltage is applied to Pin VSET, the value of which corresponds to the desired RF input signal level applied to the ADL5513 RF input. A sample of the RF output signal from this variable gain component is selected, typically via a directional coupler, and applied to ADL5513 RF input. The voltage at the VOUT pin is applied to the gain control of the variable gain element. A control voltage is applied to the VSET pin. The magnitude of the control voltage can optionally be attenuated via the voltage divider comprising R4 and R5, or a capacitor can be installed in Position R5 to form a low-pass filter along with R4.</p> | <p>R4 = open (Size 0402)</p> <p>R5 = open (Size 0402)</p> <p>R10 = 0 <math>\Omega</math> (Size 0402)</p>  |
| R6, R7, R8, R9             | <p>Temperature Compensation Interface.</p> <p>A voltage source can be used to optimize the temperature performance for various input frequencies. The pads for R8/R9 can be used for a voltage divider from the VPOS node to set the T<sub>ADJ</sub> voltage at different frequencies. The ADL5513 may be disabled by by applying a voltage of V<sub>POS</sub> -0.7 V to this node.</p>  | <p>R6 = open (Size 0402)</p> <p>R7= 0 <math>\Omega</math> (Size 0402)</p> <p>R8 = open (Size 0402)</p> <p>R9 = open <math>\Omega</math> (Size 0402)</p>   |
| VPOS, GND                  | Supply and Ground Connections  | Not Applicable  |

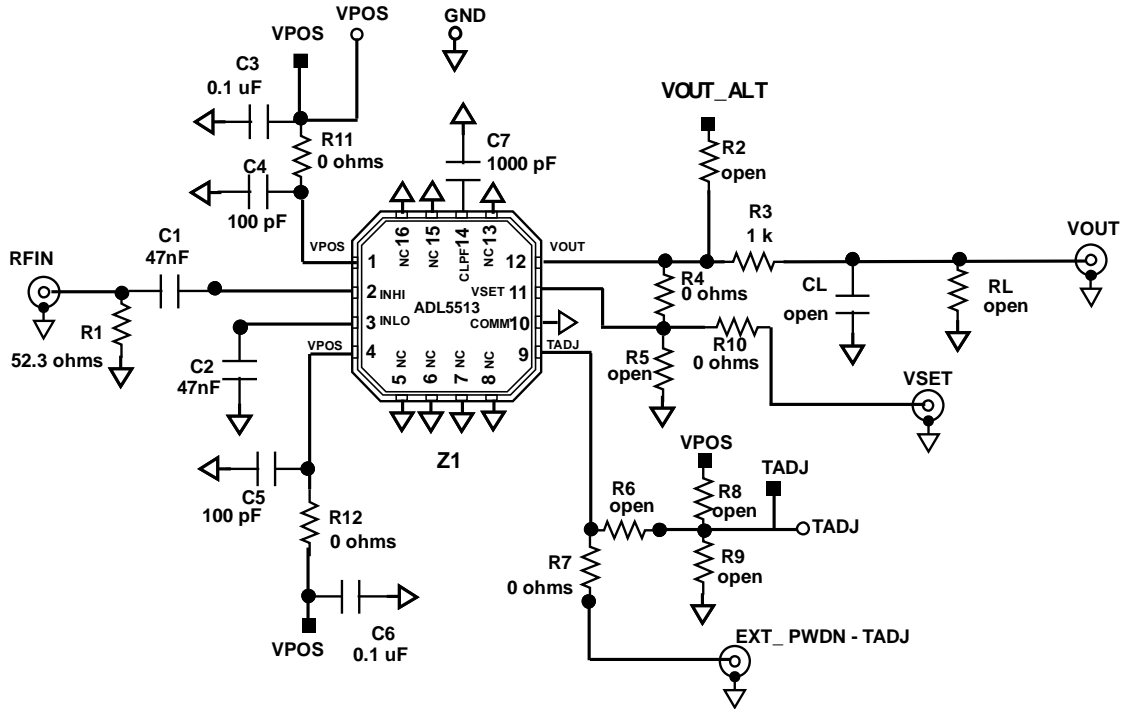


Figure 15. Evaluation Board Schematic

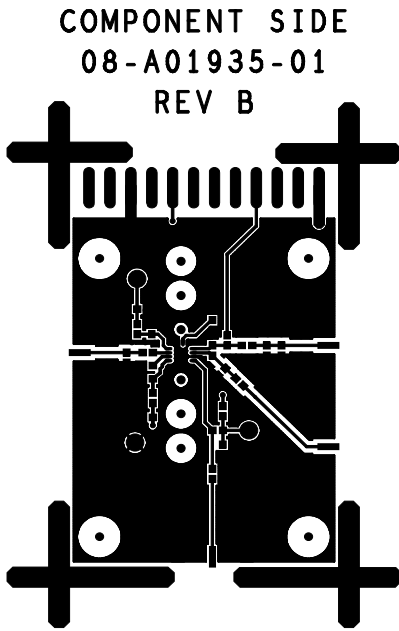


Figure 16. Component Side Layout

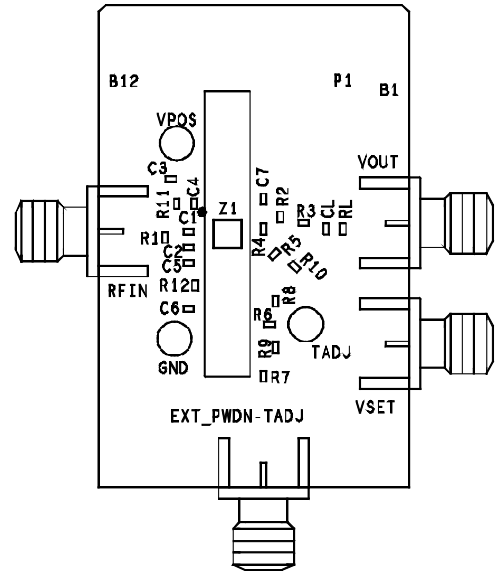
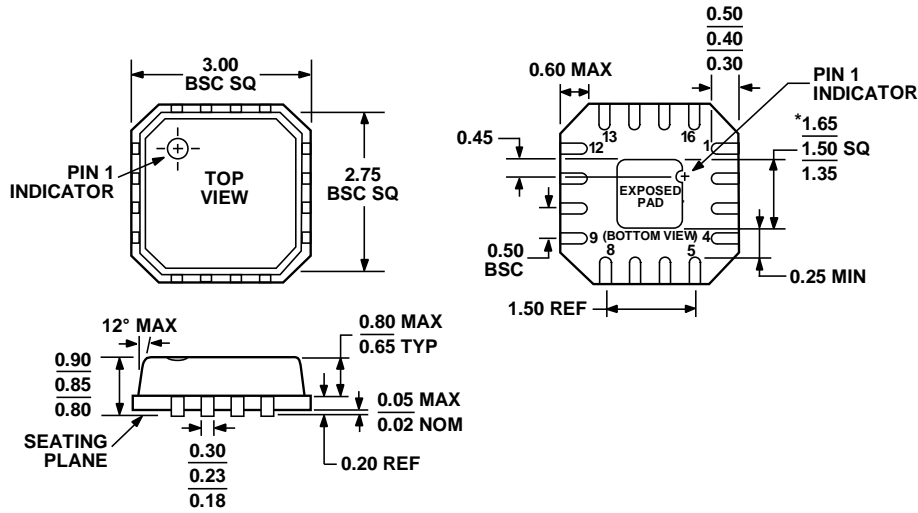


Figure 17. Component Side Silkscreen

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



16-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP\_VQ]  
 3 x 3 mm Body, Very Thin Quad  
 (CP-16-3)  
 Dimensions shown in millimeters



\*COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-220-VEED-2 EXCEPT FOR EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION.

Figure 18. -Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP\_VQ]  
 3 mm x 3 mm Body, Very Thin, Dual Lead  
 (CP-16-3)  
 Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model                          | Temperature Range | Package Description           | Package Option | Branding |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------|
| ADL5513-ACPZ-R7 <sup>1</sup>   | -40°C to +125°C   | 16-Lead LFCSP_VQ, Reel        | CP-16-3        | TBD      |
| ADL5513-ACPZ-R2 <sup>1</sup>   | -40°C to +125°C   | 16-Lead LFCSP_VQ, Reel        | CP-16-3        | TBD      |
| ADL5513-ACPZ-WP <sup>1,2</sup> | -40°C to +125°C   | 16-Lead LFCSP_VQ, Waffle Pack | CP-16-3        | TBD      |
| ADL5513-EVALZ <sup>1</sup>     |                   | Evaluation Board              |                |          |

<sup>1</sup> Z = RoHS Compliant Part.  
<sup>2</sup> WP = waffle pack

