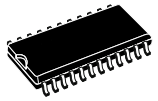
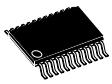
74LCX652

LOW VOLT. CMOS OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVER/REGISTER WITH 5 VOLT TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS(3-STATE)

- 5V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- HIGH SPEED:
  t_{PD} = 7.0 ns (MAX.) at V_{CC} = 3V
- POWER DOWN PROTECTION ON INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT IMPEDANCE:
  $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL}$ = 24mA (MIN) at V_{CC} = 3V
- PCI BUS LEVELS GUARANTEED AT 24 mA
- BALANCED PROPAGATION DELAYS:
  $t_{PLH} \cong t_{PHL}$
- OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE:
  V_{CC}(OPR) = 2.0V to 3.6V (1.5V Data Retention)
- PIN AND FUNCTION COMPATIBLE WITH 74 SERIES 652
- LATCH-UP PERFORMANCE EXCEEDS 500mA (JESD 17)
- ESD PERFORMANCE:
  HBM > 2000V (MIL STD 883 method 3015);
  MM > 200V



SOP



TSSOP

Table 1: Order Codes

PACKAGE	T & R
SOP	74LCX652RM13TR
TSSOP	74LCX652TTR

DESCRIPTION

The 74LCX652 is a low voltage CMOS OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVER AND REGISTER (3-STATE) fabricated with sub-micron silicon gate and double-layer metal wiring C^2MOS technology.

It is ideal for low power and high speed 3.3V applications; it can be interfaced to 5V signal environment for both inputs and outputs.

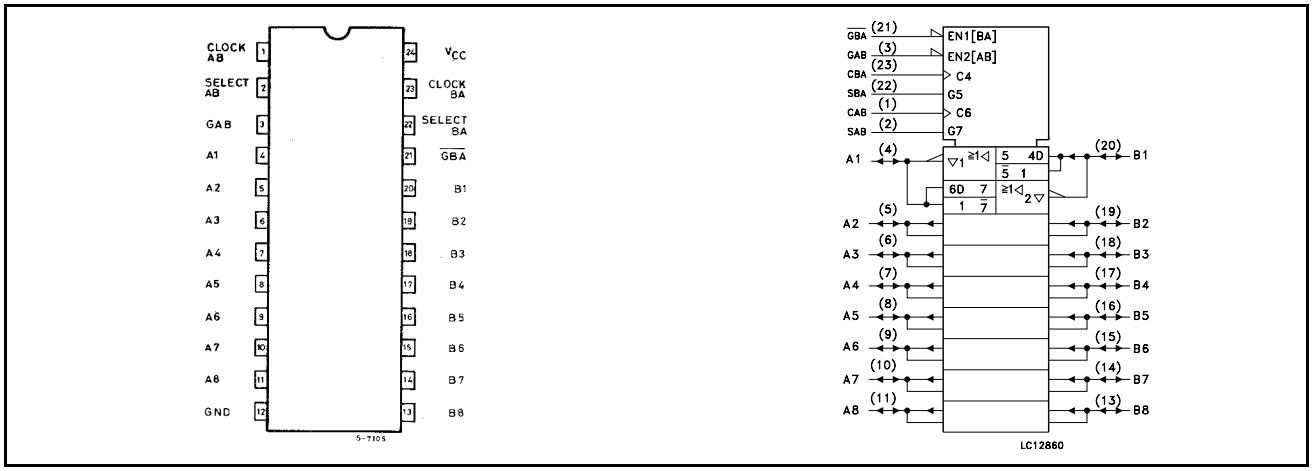
This device consists of bus transceiver circuits with 3 state, D-type flip-flops, and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the input bus or from the internal storage registers. Enable (GAB) and ($\overline{GBA}$) pins are provided to control the transceiver functions.

Select AB and Select BA control pins are provided to select whether real-time or stored data is transferred. A low input level selects real-time, and a high selects stored data.

Data on the A or B bus, or both, can be stored in the internal D flip-flop by low to high transitions at the appropriate clock pins (CAB or CBA) regardless of the select or enable control pins.

When select AB and select BA are in the real-time transfer mode, it is also possible to store data

Figure 1: Pin Connection And IEC Logic Symbols



without using the internal D-type flip-flops by simultaneously enabling GAB or GBA. In this configuration each output reinforces its input.
It has same speed performance at 3.3V than 5V AC/ACT family, combined with a lower power consumption.

All inputs and outputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge, giving them 2KV ESD immunity and transient excess voltage.

Figure 2: Input And Output Equivalent Circuit

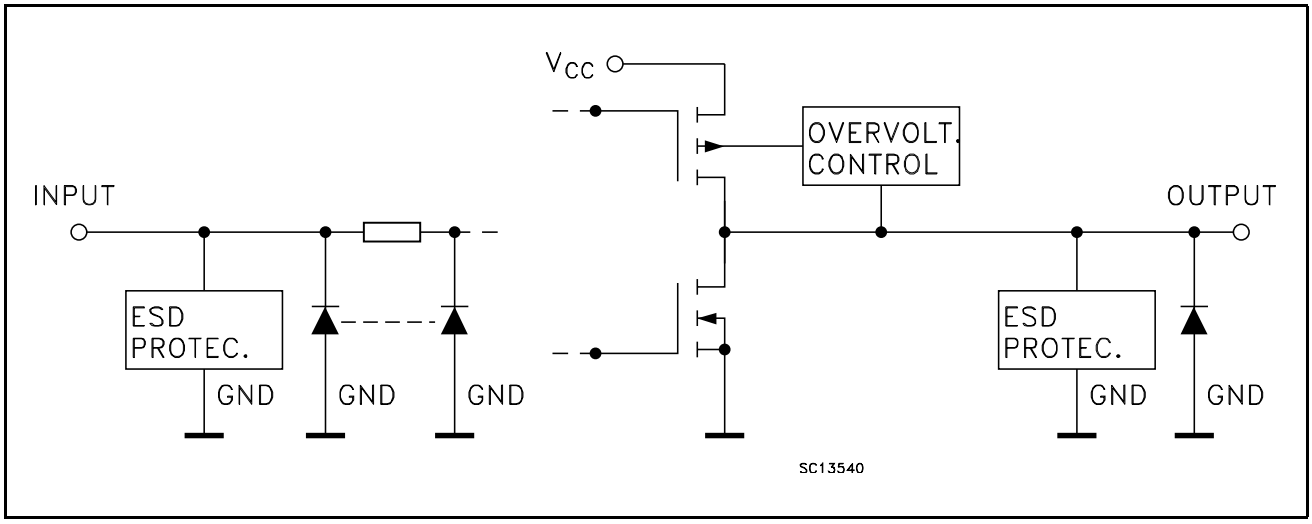


Table 2: Pin Description

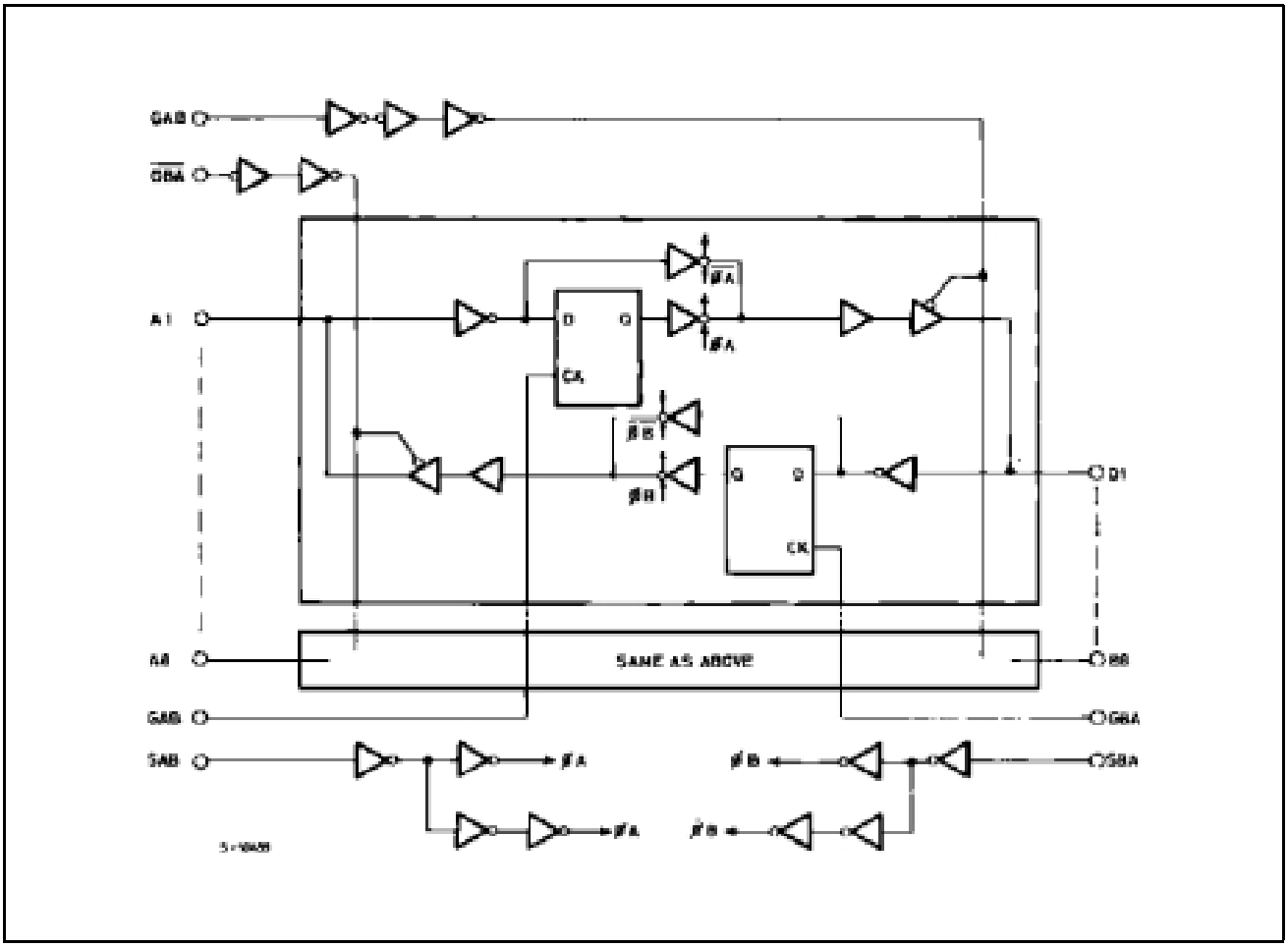
PIN N°	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	CLOCK AB (CAB)	A to B Clock Input (LOW to HIGH, Edge-Triggered)
2	SELECT AB (SAB)	Select A to B Source Input
3	GAB	Direction Control Input
4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	A1 to A8	A Data Inputs/Outputs
20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13	B1 to B8	B Data Inputs/Outputs
21	$\overline{GBA}$	Output Enable Input (Active LOW)
22	SELECT BA (SBA)	Select B to A Source Input
23	CLOCK BA (CBA)	B to A Clock Input (LOW to HIGH, Edge Triggered)
12	GND	Ground (0V)
24	V_{CC}	Positive Supply Voltage

Table 3: Truth Table

GAB	$\overline{GBA}$	CAB	CBA	SAB	SBA	A	B	FUNCTION
L	H					INPUTS	INPUTS	Both the A bus and the B bus are inputs
		X	X	X	X	Z	Z	The Output functions of the A and B bus are disabled
		⌐	⌐	X	X	INPUTS	INPUTS	Both the A and B bus are used for inputs to the internal flip-flops. Data at the bus will be stored on low to high transition of the clock inputs.
L	L					OUTPUTS	INPUTS	The A bus are outputs and the B bus are inputs
		X*	X	X	L	L	L	The data at the B bus are displayed at the A bus
						H	H	
		X*	⌐	X	L	L	L	The data at the B bus are displayed at the A bus. The data of the B bus are stored to internal flip-flop on low to high transition of the clock pulse
						H	H	
		X*	X	X	H	Qn	X	The data stored to the internal flip-flop are displayed at the A bus.
		X*	⌐	X	H	L	L	The data at the B bus are stored to the internal flip-flop on low to high transition of the clock pulse. The states of the internal flip-flops output directly to the A bus.
						H	H	
H	H					INPUTS	OUTPUTS	The A bus are inputs and the B bus are outputs.
		X	X*	L	X	L	L	The data at the A bus are displayed at the B bus
						H	H	
		⌐	X*	L	X	L	L	The data at the A bus are displayed at the B bus. The data of the A bus are stored to the internal flip-flop on low to high transition of the clock pulse.
						H	H	
		X	X*	H	X	X	Qn	The data stored to the internal flip-flops are displayed at the B bus
		⌐	X*	H	X	L	L	The data at the A bus are stored to the internal flip-flop on low to high transition of the clock pulse. The states of the internal flip-flops output directly to the B bus.
			X*	H	X	H	H	
H	L					OUTPUTS	OUTPUTS	Both the A bus and the B bus are outputs
		X	X	H	H	Qn	Qn	The data stored to the internal flip-flops are displayed at the A and B bus respectively.

X : Don't Care
Z : High Impedance
Qn : The data stored to the internal flip-flops by most recent low to high transition of the clock inputs
* : The data at the A and B bus will be stored to the internal flip-flops on every low to high transition of the clock inputs.

Figure 3: Logic Diagram



This logic diagram has not be used to estimate propagation delays

Figure 4: Timing Chart

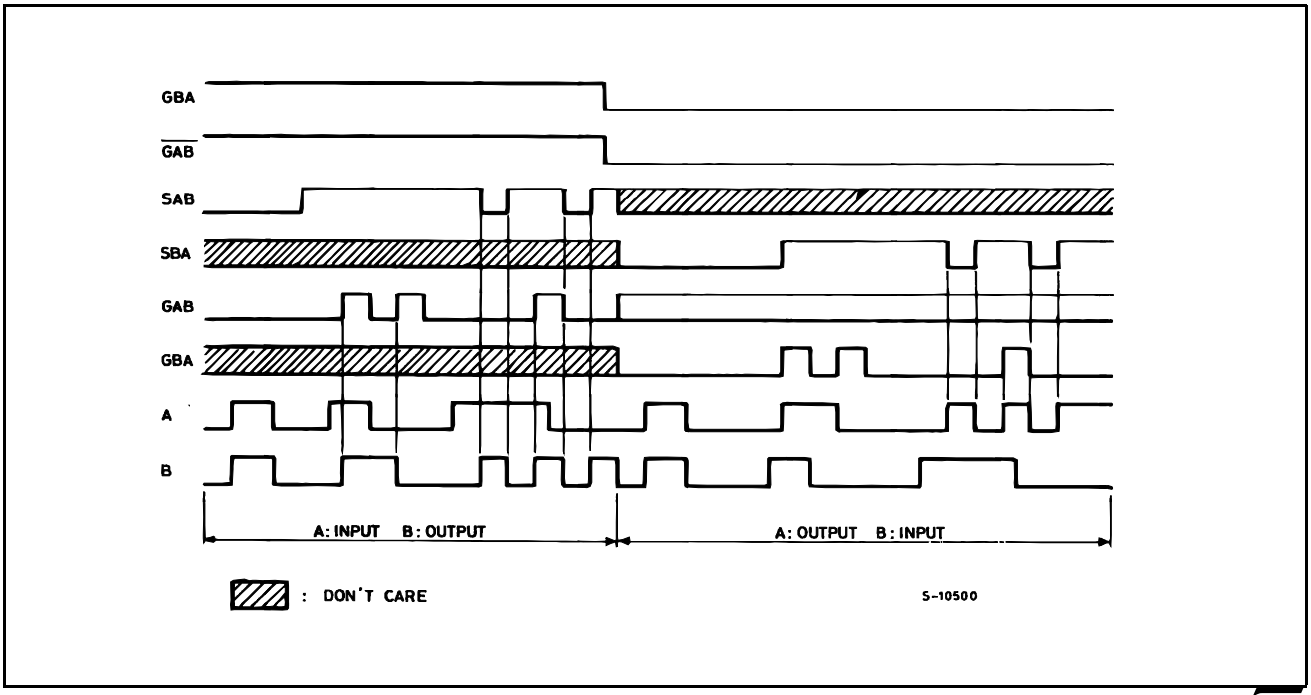


Table 4: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0	V
V_I	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0	V
V_O	DC Output Voltage (OFF State)	-0.5 to +7.0	V
V_O	DC Output Voltage (High or Low State) (note 1)	-0.5 to V_{CC} + 0.5	V
I_{IK}	DC Input Diode Current	- 50	mA
I_{OK}	DC Output Diode Current (note 2)	- 50	mA
I_O	DC Output Current	± 50	mA
I_{CC}	DC Supply Current per Supply Pin	± 100	mA
I_{GND}	DC Ground Current per Supply Pin	± 100	mA
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
T_L	Lead Temperature (10 sec)	300	°C

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied
1) I_O absolute maximum rating must be observed
2) V_O < GND

Table 5: Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage (note 1)	2.0 to 3.6	V
V_I	Input Voltage	0 to 5.5	V
V_O	Output Voltage (OFF State)	0 to 5.5	V
V_O	Output Voltage (High or Low State)	0 to V_{CC}	V
I_{OH}, I_{OL}	High or Low Level Output Current (V_{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6V)	± 24	mA
I_{OH}, I_{OL}	High or Low Level Output Current (V_{CC} = 2.7V)	± 12	mA
T_{op}	Operating Temperature	-55 to 125	°C
dt/dv	Input Rise and Fall Time (note 2)	0 to 10	ns/V

1) Truth Table guaranteed: 1.5V to 3.6V
2) V_{IN} from 0.8V to 2V at V_{CC} = 3.0V

Table 6: DC Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Value				Unit
		V_{CC} (V)		-40 to 85 °C		-55 to 125 °C		
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V_{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	2.7 to 3.6		2.0		2.0		V
V_{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage				0.8		0.8	V
V_{OH}	High Level Output Voltage	2.7 to 3.6	I_O=-100 µA	V_{CC}-0.2		V_{CC}-0.2		V
		2.7	I_O=-12 mA	2.2		2.2		
		3.0	I_O=-18 mA	2.4		2.4		
			I_O=-24 mA	2.2		2.2		
V_{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage	2.7 to 3.6	I_O=100 µA		0.2		0.2	V
		2.7	I_O=12 mA		0.4		0.4	
		3.0	I_O=16 mA		0.4		0.4	
			I_O=24 mA		0.55		0.55	
I_I	Input Leakage Current	2.7 to 3.6	V_I = 0 to 5.5V		± 5		± 5	µA
I_{off}	Power Off Leakage Current	0	V_I or V_O = 5.5V		10		10	µA
I_{OZ}	High Impedance Output Leakage Current	2.7 to 3.6	V_I = V_{IH} or V_{IL} V_O = 0 to V_{CC}		± 5		± 5	µA
I_{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	2.7 to 3.6	V_I = V_{CC} or GND		10		10	µA
			V_I or V_O= 3.6 to 5.5V		± 10		± 10	
ΔI_{CC}	I_{CC} incr. per Input	2.7 to 3.6	V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V		500		500	µA

Table 7: Dynamic Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Value			Unit
		V_{CC} (V)		T_A = 25 °C			
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OLP}	Dynamic Low Level Quiet Output (note 1)	3.3	C_L = 50pF V_{IL} = 0V, V_{IH} = 3.3V		0.8		V
V_{OLV}					-0.8		

1) Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH to LOW or LOW to HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

Table 8: AC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition				Value				Unit
		V_{CC} (V)	C_L (pF)	R_L (Ω)	$t_s = t_r$ (ns)	-40 to 85 °C		-55 to 125 °C		
						Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (CAB or CBA to An or Bn)	2.7	50	500	2.5	1.5	9.5	1.5	9.5	ns
		3.0 to 3.6				1.5	8.5	1.5	8.5	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (An to Bn or Bn to An)	2.7	50	500	2.5	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.0	ns
		3.0 to 3.6				1.5	7.0	1.5	7.0	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (SAB or SBA to An or Bn)	2.7	50	500	2.5	1.5	9.5	1.5	9.5	ns
		3.0 to 3.6				1.5	8.5	1.5	8.5	
t_{PZL} t_{PZH}	Output Enable Time (GAB, GBA to An or Bn)	2.7	50	500	2.5	1.5	9.5	1.5	9.5	ns
		3.0 to 3.6				1.5	8.5	1.5	8.5	
t_{PLZ} t_{PHZ}	Output Disable Time (GAB, GBA to An or Bn)	2.7	50	500	2.5	1.5	9.5	1.5	9.5	ns
		3.0 to 3.6				1.5	8.5	1.5	8.5	
t_S	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW level Data to CAB, CBA	2.7	50	500	2.5	2.5		2.5		ns
		3.0 to 3.6				2.5		2.5		
t_h	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW level Data to CAB, CBA	2.7	50	500	2.5	1.5		1.5		ns
		3.0 to 3.6				1.5		1.5		
t_W	CAB, CBA Pulse Width, HIGH or LOW	2.7	50	500	2.5	4.0		4.0		ns
		3.0 to 3.6				3.3		3.3		
f_{MAX}	Clock Pulse Frequency	3.0 to 3.6	50	500	2.5	150		150		MHz
t_{OSLH} t_{OSHL}	Output To Output Skew Time (note1, 2)	3.0 to 3.6	50	500	2.5		1.0		1.0	ns

1) Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two outputs of the same device switching in the same direction, either HIGH or LOW ($t_{OSLH} = |t_{PLHm} - t_{PLHn}|$, $t_{OSHL} = |t_{PHLm} - t_{PHLn}|$)

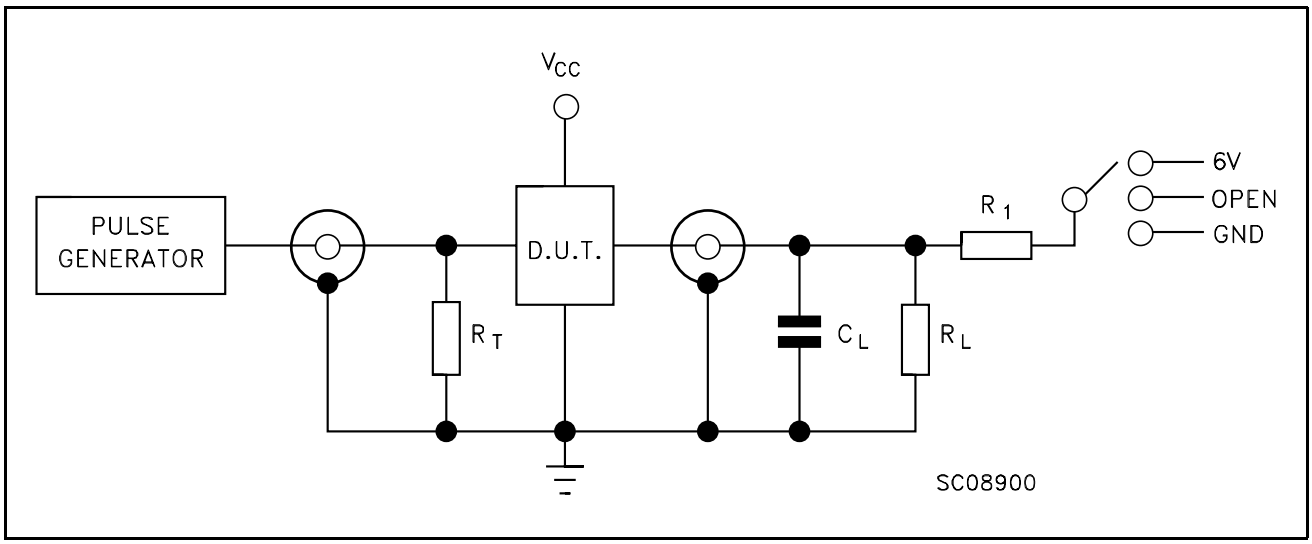
2) Parameter guaranteed by design

Table 9: Capacitive Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Value			Unit
		V_{CC} (V)		T_A = 25 °C			
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	3.3	V_{IN} = 0 to V_{CC}		6		pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O Capacitance	3.3	V_{IN} = 0 to V_{CC}		10		pF
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance (note 1)	3.3	f_{IN} = 10MHz V_{IN} = 0 or V_{CC}		36		pF

1) C_{PD} is defined as the value of the IC's internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load. (Refer to Test Circuit). Average operating current can be obtained by the following equation. $I_{CC(opr)} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC} \times f_{IN} + I_{CC}/8$ (per circuit)

Figure 5: Test Circuit



TEST	SWITCH
t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	Open
t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}	6V
t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}	GND

C_L = 50 pF or equivalent (includes jig and probe capacitance)
R_L = R1 = 500Ω or equivalent
R_T = Z_{OUT} of pulse generator (typically 50Ω)

Figure 6: Waveform - Propagation Delay Times (f=1MHz; 50% duty cycle)

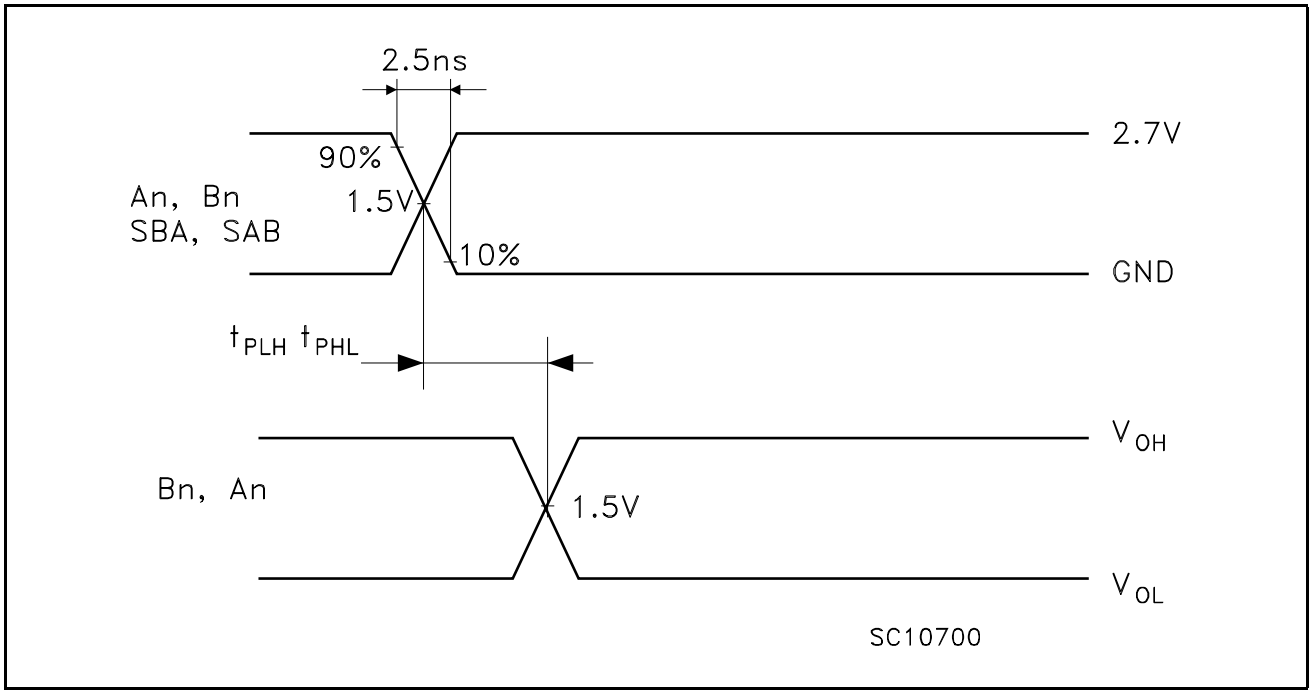


Figure 7: Waveform - Output Enable And Disable Time (f=1MHz; 50% duty cycle)

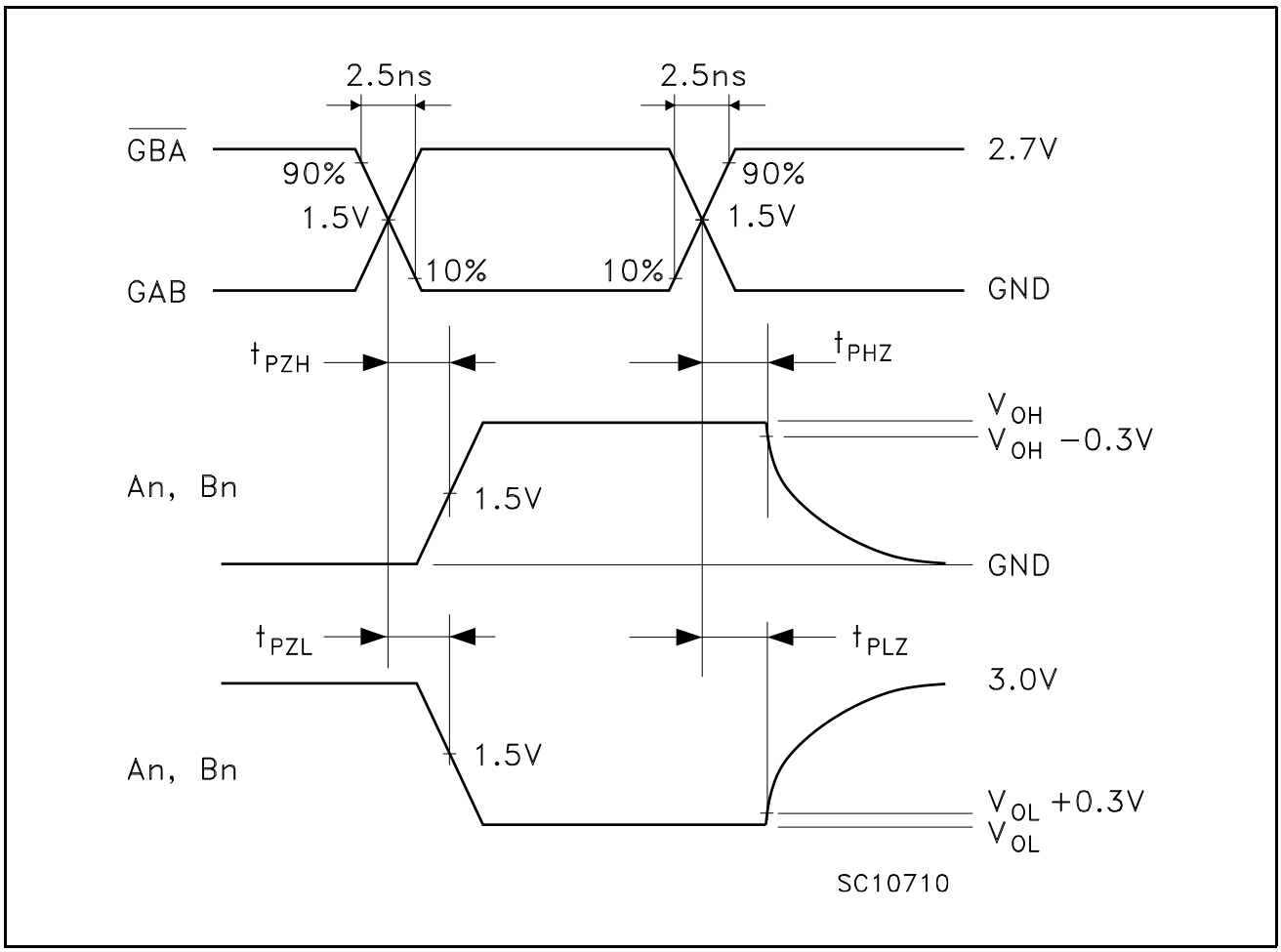


Figure 8: Waveform - Setup And Hold Time, Maximum CK Frequency (f=1MHz; 50% duty cycle)

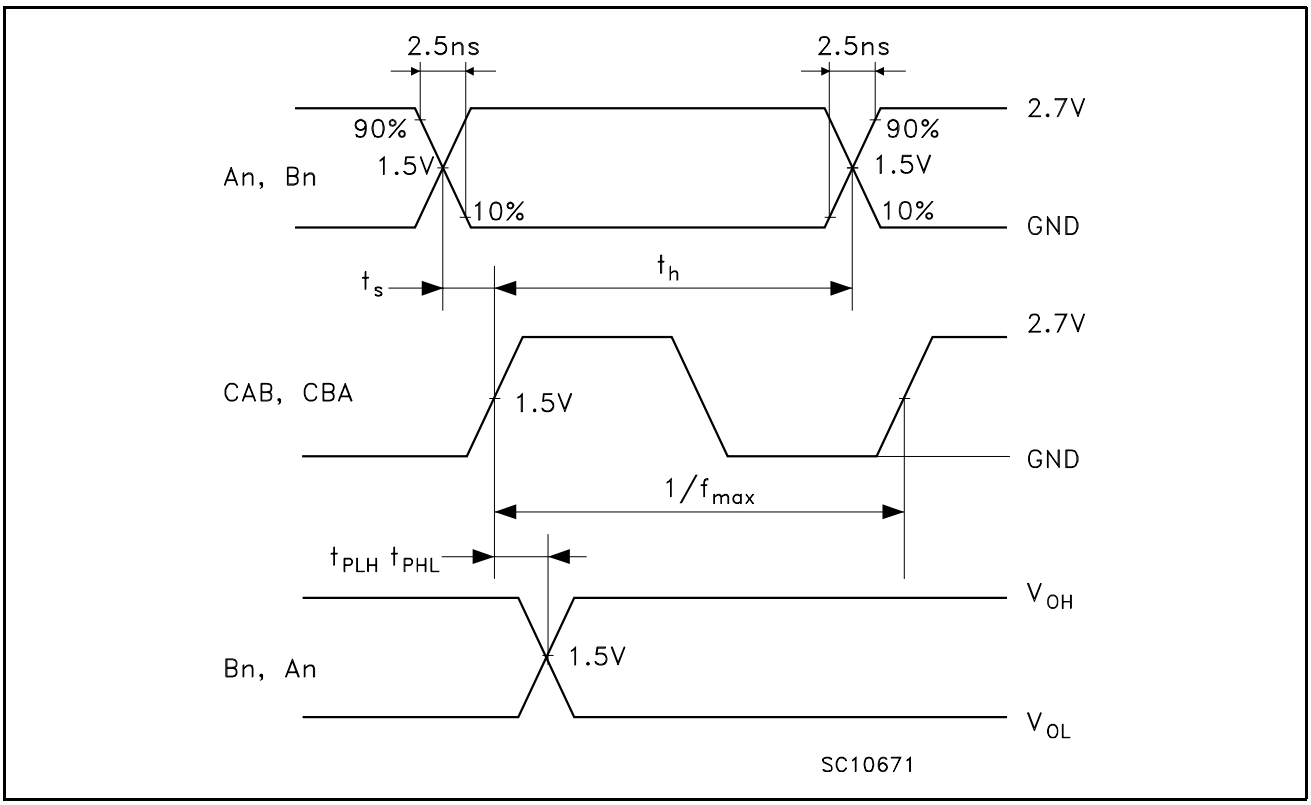
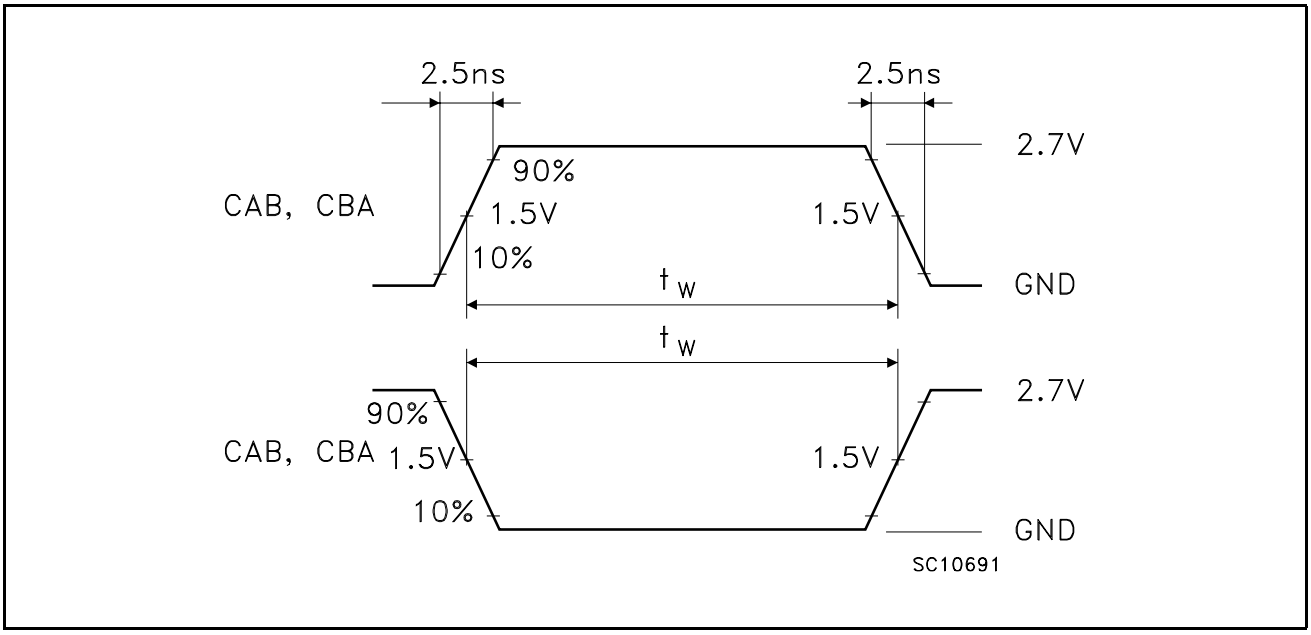
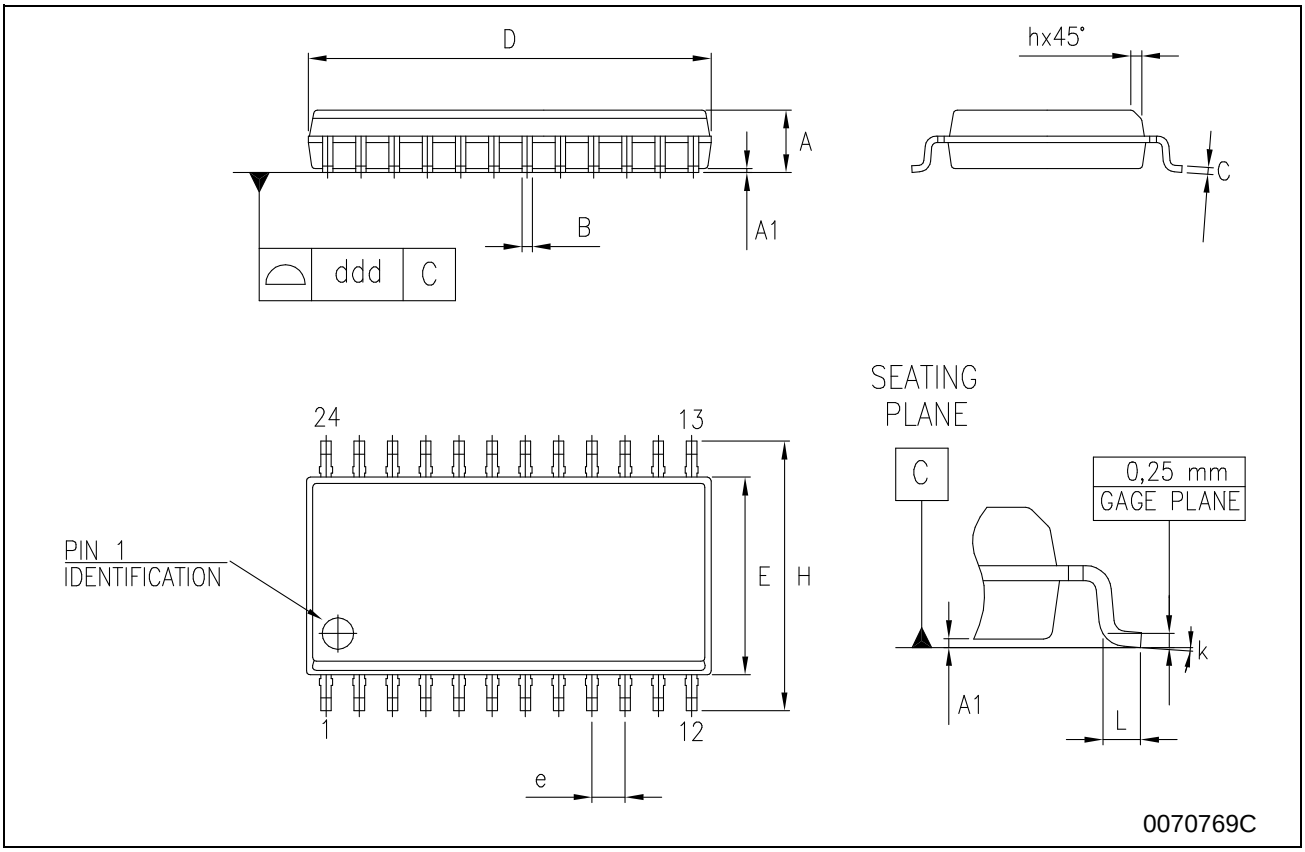


Figure 9: Waveform - Pulse Width (f=1MHz; 50% duty cycle)



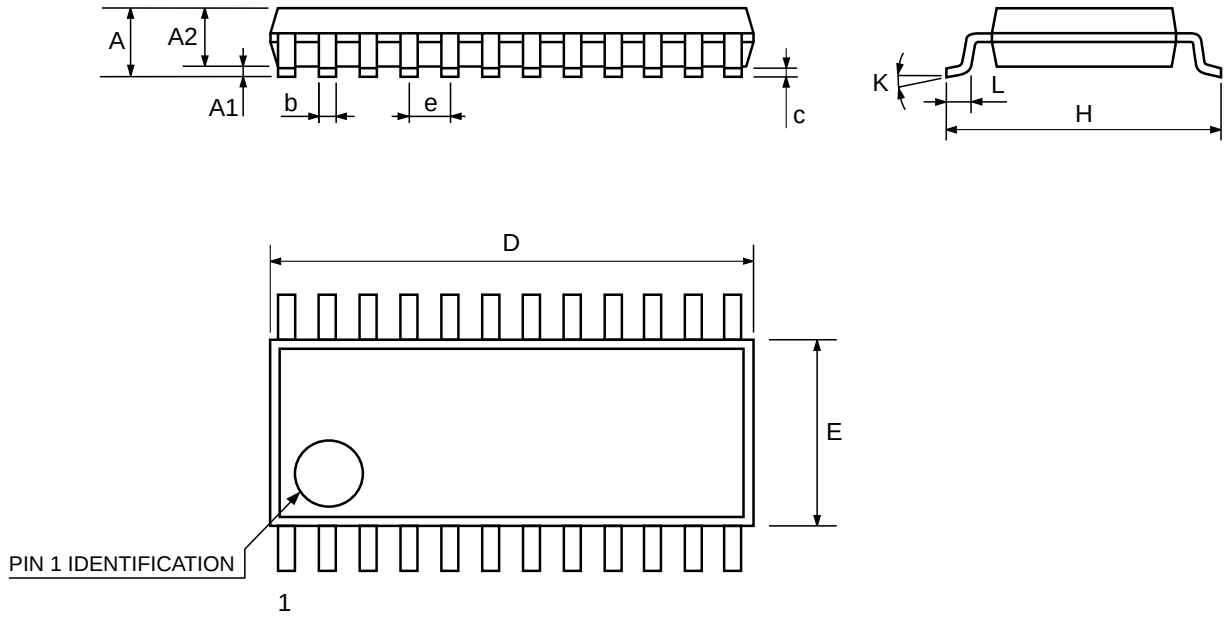
SO-24 MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	2.35		2.65	0.093		0.104
A1	0.1		0.30	0.004		0.012
B	0.33		0.51	0.013		0.020
C	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.013
D	15.20		15.60	0.598		0.614
E	7.4		7.6	0.291		0.299
e		1.27			0.050	
H	10.00		10.65	0.394		0.419
h	0.25		0.75	0.010		0.030
L	0.4		1.27	0.016		0.050
k	0°		8°	0°		8°
ddd			0.100			0.004



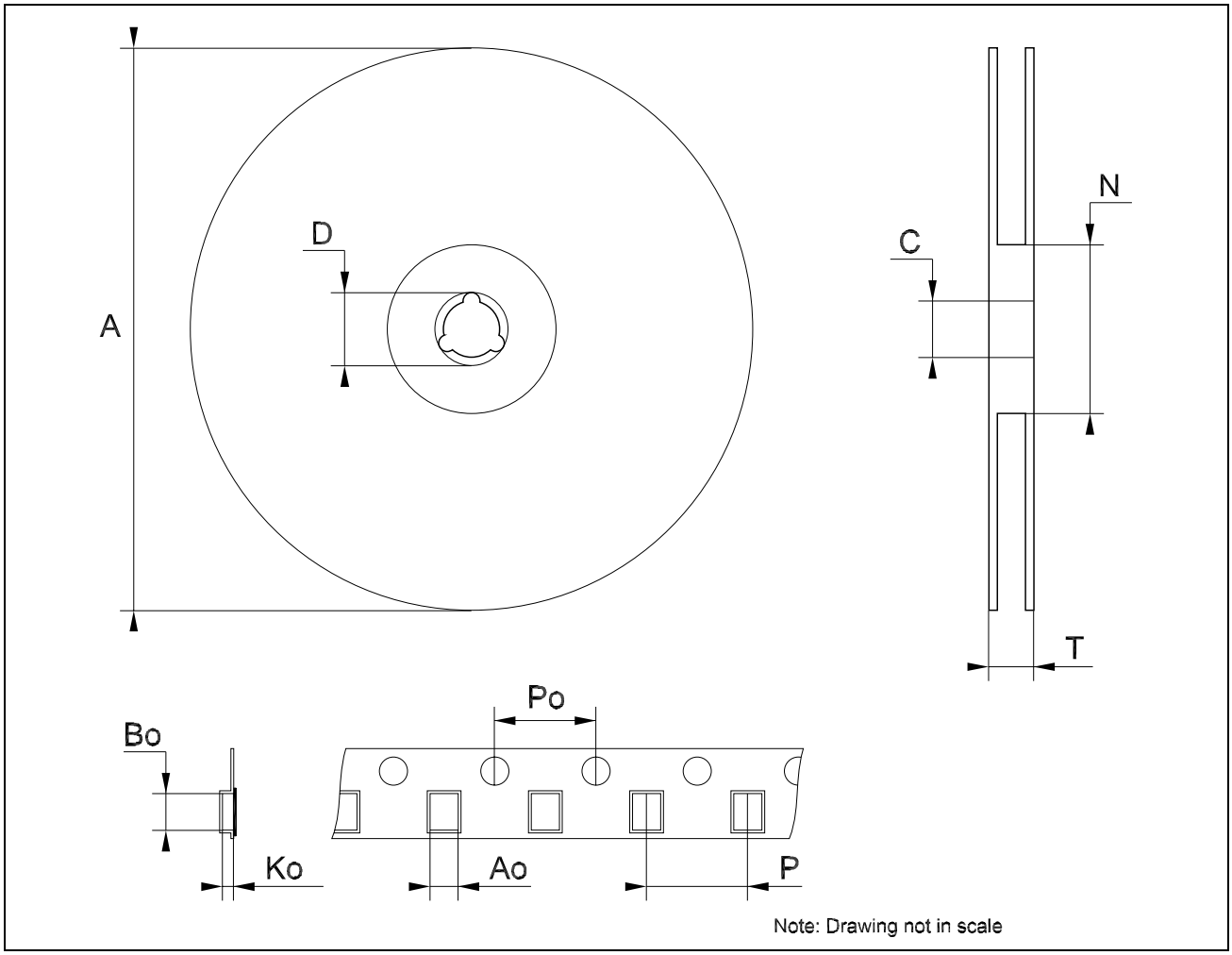
TSSOP24 MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			1.1			0.043
A1	0.05		0.15	0.002		0.006
A2		0.9			0.035	
b	0.19		0.30	0.0075		0.0118
c	0.09		0.20	0.0035		0.0079
D	7.7		7.9	0.303		0.311
E	4.3		4.5	0.169		0.177
e		0.65 BSC			0.0256 BSC	
H	6.25		6.5	0.246		0.256
K	0°		8°	0°		8°
L	0.50		0.70	0.020		0.028



Tape & Reel SO-24 MECHANICAL DATA

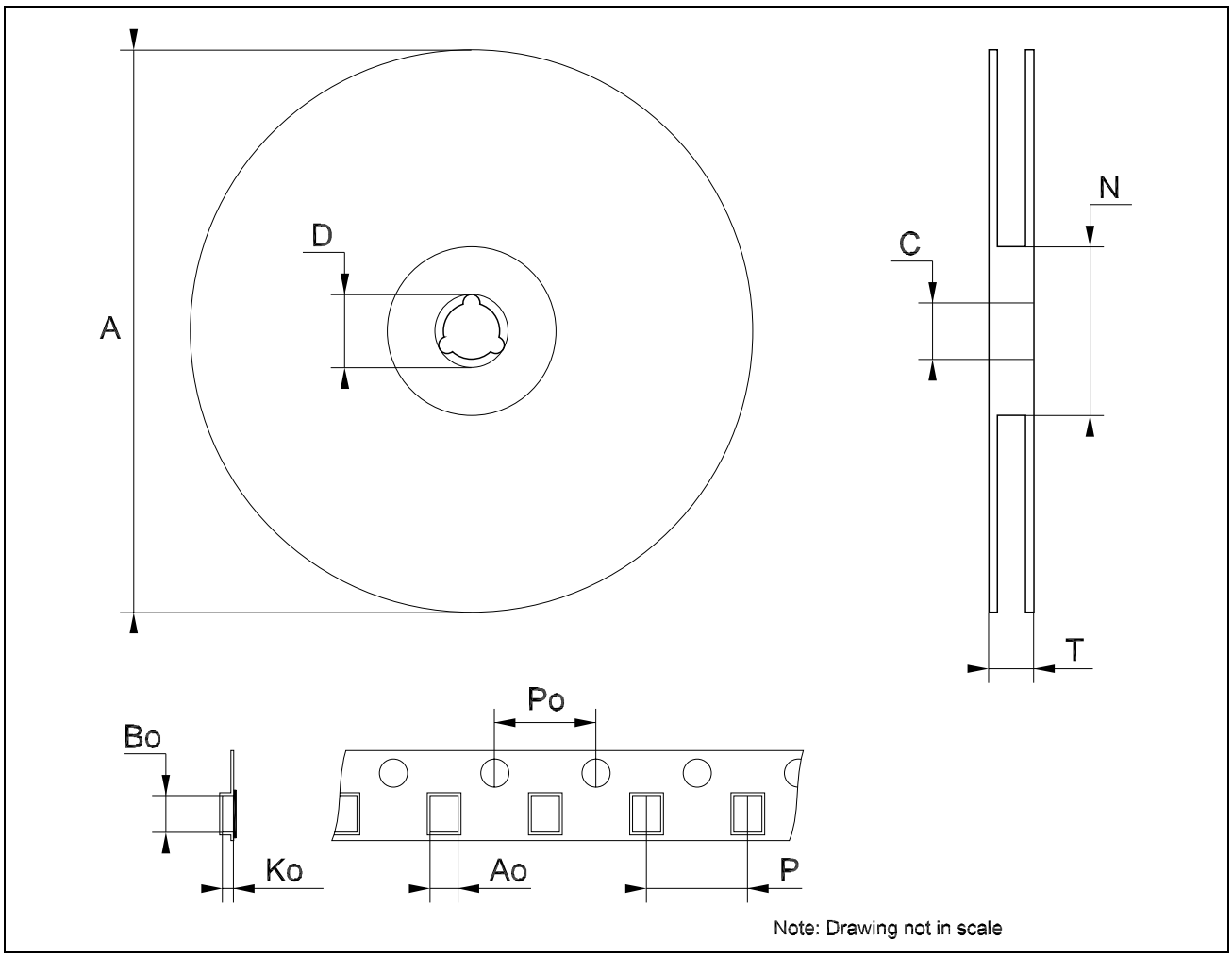
DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			330			12.992
C	12.8		13.2	0.504		0.519
D	20.2			0.795		
N	60			2.362		
T			30.4			1.197
Ao	10.8		11.0	0.425		0.433
Bo	15.7		15.9	0.618		0.626
Ko	2.9		3.1	0.114		0.122
Po	3.9		4.1	0.153		0.161
P	11.9		12.1	0.468		0.476



Note: Drawing not in scale

Tape & Reel TSSOP24 MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			330			12.992
C	12.8		13.2	0.504		0.519
D	20.2			0.795		
N	60			2.362		
T			22.4			0.882
Ao	6.8		7	0.268		0.276
Bo	8.2		8.4	0.323		0.331
Ko	1.7		1.9	0.067		0.075
Po	3.9		4.1	0.153		0.161
P	11.9		12.1	0.468		0.476



Note: Drawing not in scale

Table 10: Revision History

Date	Revision	Description of Changes
15-Sep-2004	6	Ordering Codes Revision - pag. 1.