

May 1995 Revised February 2001

#### 74LCX157

# **Low Voltage Quad 2-Input Multiplexer** with 5V Tolerant Inputs

#### **General Description**

The LCX157 is a high-speed quad 2-input multiplexer. Four bits of data from two sources can be selected using the common Select and Enable inputs. The four outputs present the selected data in the true (noninverted) form. The LCX157 can also be used as a function generator.

The 74LCX157 is fabricated with advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining CMOS low power dissipation.

#### **Features**

- 5V tolerant inputs
- 2.3V-3.6V V<sub>CC</sub> specifications provided
- 5.8 ns  $t_{PD}$  max ( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ), 10  $\mu$ A  $I_{CC}$  max
- Power down high impedance inputs and outputs
- $\blacksquare$  ±24 mA output drive (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V)
- Implements patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 500 mA
- ESD performance:

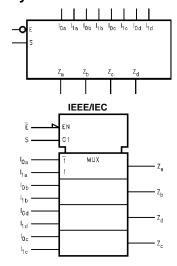
Human body model > 2000V Machine model > 200V

#### **Ordering Code:**

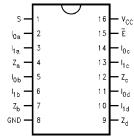
Order Number	Package Number	Package Description			
74LCX157M	M16A	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150 Narrow			
74LCX157SJ	M16D	16-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide			
74LCX157MTC	MTC16	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide			

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

#### **Logic Symbols**



#### **Connection Diagram**



#### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Names	Description
I <sub>0a</sub> -I <sub>0d</sub>	Source 0 Data Inputs
I <sub>1a</sub> -I <sub>1d</sub>	Source 1 Data Inputs
Ē	Enable Input
S	Select Input
Z <sub>a</sub> –Z <sub>d</sub>	Outputs

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DS012465

#### **Functional Description**

The LCX157 is a quad 2-input multiplexer. It selects four bits of data from two sources under the control of a common Select input (S). The Enable input ( $\overline{\rm E}$ ) is active-LOW. When  $\overline{\rm E}$  is HIGH, all of the outputs (Z) are forced LOW regardless of all other inputs. The LCX157 is the logic implementation of a 4-pole, 2-position switch where the position of the switch is determined by the logic levels supplied to the Select input. The logic equations for the outputs are shown below:

$$Z_a = \overline{E} \bullet (I_{1a} \bullet S + I_{0a} \bullet \overline{S})$$

$$Z_b = \overline{E} \cdot (I_{1b} \cdot S + I_{0b} \cdot \overline{S})$$

$$Z_c = \overline{E} \cdot (I_{1c} \cdot S + I_{0c} \cdot \overline{S})$$

$$Z_d = \overline{E} \cdot (I_{1d} \cdot S + I_{0d} \cdot \overline{S})$$

A common use of the LCX157 is the moving of data from two groups of registers to four common output busses. The particular register from which the data comes is determined by the state of the Select input. A less obvious use is as a function generator. The LCX157 can generate any four of the sixteen different functions of two variables with one variable common. This is useful for implementing gating functions

#### **Truth Table**

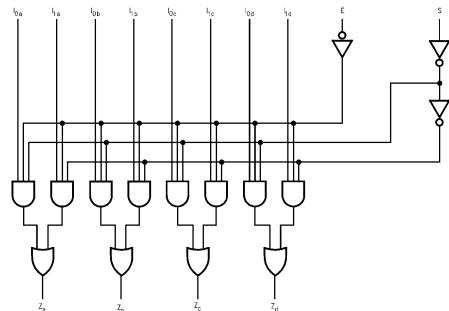
	In	Outputs		
Ē	S	I <sub>0</sub>	l <sub>1</sub>	Z
Н	Х	Х	Х	L
L	Н	X	L	L
L	Н	X	Н	Н
L	L	L	X	L
L	L	Н	X	Н

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

X = Immaterial

#### **Logic Diagram**



Please note that this diagram is provided only for the understanding of logic operations and should not be used to estimate propagation delays.

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(Note 1) Symbol Parameter Value Conditions Units ٧ -0.5 to +7.0 Supply Voltage $V_{CC}$ ٧ DC Input Voltage -0.5 to +7.0 $V_{I}$ DC Output Voltage Output in HIGH or LOW State (Note 2) ٧ Vo -0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ DC Input Diode Current -50 $V_I < GND$ mΑ $I_{\mathsf{IK}}$ DC Output Diode Current -50 Vo < GND Iok mΑ +50 $V_O > V_{CC}$ DC Output Source/Sink Current ±50 mΑ $I_{O}$ DC Supply Current per Supply Pin ±100 Icc mΑ DC Ground Current per Ground Pin ±100 mΑ $I_{GND}$ T<sub>STG</sub> Storage Temperature -65 to +150 °C

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions** (Note 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage Operat	ng 2.0	3.6	V
	Data Retent	on 1.5	3.6	v
VI	Input Voltage	0	5.5	V
Vo	Output Voltage HIGH or LOW St	ate 0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Current $V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.0V$		±24	
	$V_{CC} = 2.7V - 3.$	OV	±12	mA
	$V_{CC} = 2.3V - 2.00$	7V	±8	
T <sub>A</sub>	Free-Air Operating Temperature	-40	85	°C
Δt/ΔV	Input Edge Rate, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.8V – 2.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	0	10	ns/V

Note 1: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 2: I<sub>O</sub> Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Note 3: Unused inputs must be held HIGH or LOW. They may not float.

#### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub>	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		Units
		Conditions	(V)	Min	Max	Oillis
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7	1.7		V
			2.7 – 3.6	2.0		v
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7		0.7	V
			2.7 – 3.6		0.8	v
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	2.3 – 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3	1.8		
		$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.7	2.2		V
		$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.4		
		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 – 3.6		0.2	
		$I_{OH} = 8 \text{ mA}$	2.3		0.6	,
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7		0.4	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3.0		0.4	,
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0		0.55	,
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	$0 \le V_I \le 5.5V$	2.3 – 3.6		±5.0	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5V$	0		10	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	2.3 – 3.6		10	
		$3.6 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{I}} \leq 5.5 \text{V}$	2.3 – 3.6		±10	μΑ
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$	2.3 - 3.6		500	μΑ

#### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

		$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, R_L = 500\Omega$							
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$ $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		$V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$ $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$		Units	
	Farameter								
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	-	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$S \rightarrow Z_n$	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$\overline{E} \rightarrow Z_n$	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.0	1.5	8.4	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.5	5.8	1.5	6.3	1.5	7.0		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	$I_n \rightarrow Z_n$	1.5	5.8	1.5	6.3	1.5	7.0	ns	
toshl	Output to Output Skew		1.0						
toslh	(Note 4)		1.0					ns	

Note 4: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>). Parameter guaranteed by design.

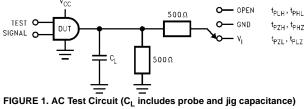
#### **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	v <sub>cc</sub> (v)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	Units
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OI</sub>	$C_{L} = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{V}, V_{II} = 0 \text{V}$	3.3	0.8	
VOLP		CL= 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	2.5	0.6	V
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	3.3	-0.8	V
		CL= 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	2.5	-0.6	v

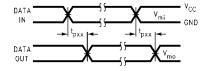
### Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC}$ = Open, $V_I$ = 0V or $V_{CC}$	7	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$	8	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$ , $f = 10$ MHz	25	pF

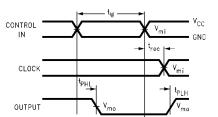
#### AC LOADING and WAVEFORMS Generic for LCX Family



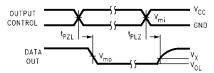
Test	Switch
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	6V at $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 $\pm$ 0.3V $V_{CC}$ x 2 at $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 $\pm$ 0.2V
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	GND



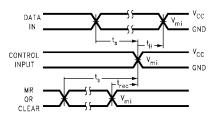
**Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions** 



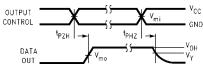
Propagation Delay. Pulse Width and t<sub>rec</sub> Waveforms



3-STATE Output Low Enable and Disable Times for Logic



Setup Time, Hold Time and Recovery Time for Logic



3-STATE Output High Enable and Disable Times for Logic

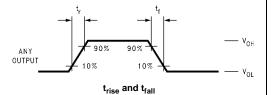
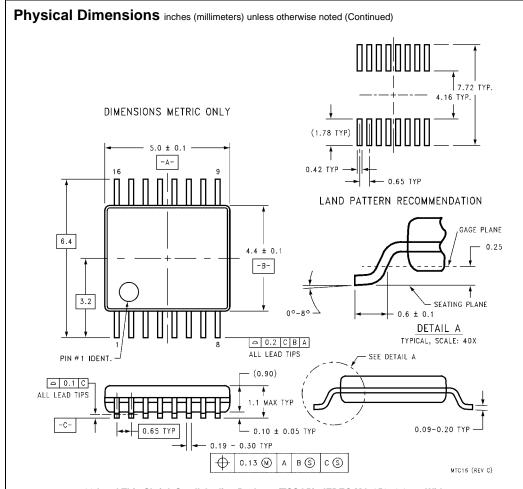


FIGURE 2. Waveforms (Input Characteristics; f = 1MHz,  $t_r = t_f = 3ns$ )

Symbol	V <sub>CC</sub>				
Cymbol	3.3V ± 0.3V	2.7V	2.5V ± 0.2V		
V <sub>mi</sub>	1.5V	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2		
V <sub>mo</sub>	1.5V	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2		
V <sub>x</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15V		
V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15V		

## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted $\frac{0.386 - 0.394}{(9.804 - 10.00)}$ 12 11 Å Å 0.228 - 0.244 (5.791 - 6.198) LEAD NO.1 $\frac{0.150 - 0.157}{(3.810 - 3.988)}$ $\frac{0.010 - 0.020}{(0.254 - 0.508)}$ $\frac{0.053 - 0.069}{(1.346 - 1.753)}$ 0.004 - 0.010 (0.102 - 0.254) 8° MAX TYP ALL LEADS SEATING PLANE 0.014 (0.356) 0.008 - 0.010 (0.203 - 0.254) TYP ALL LEADS - 0.014 - 0.020 TYP (0.356 - 0.508) 0.016 - 0.050 (0.406 - 1.270) TYP ALL LEADS (1.270) TYP 0.004 (0.102) All Lead TIPS 0.008 (0.203) TYP M16A (REV H) 16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150 Narrow Package Number M16A

Package Number M16D



16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide Package Number MTC16

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