



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_s$	Supply Voltage (pin 13)	15	V
$V_5$	Voltage at Pin 5	- 1 to 15	V
$V_{10}$	Voltage at Pin 10	3	V
$V_{11}$	Voltage at Pin 11 (with load connected to $V_s$ )	8	V
$I_{11}, I_{12}$	Output Current	5	mA
$P_{tot}$	Total Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	800	mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	- 55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{op}$	Operating Temperature	0 to 70	$^\circ\text{C}$

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	100	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

## DC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_s$	Supply Voltage Range (pin 13)		10	12	15	V
$I_s$	Supply Current (pin 13)	$V_s = 12\text{ V}$		50		mA
$-I_{11}^{(1)}$	Output Current	$V_s = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{11} = 8\text{ V}$		1.6		mA
$V_{11}^{(2)}$	Output Voltage	$V_s = 12\text{ V}$ $R_5 = \infty$			4.5	V
		$R_5 = 0$	7			
$V_{12}^{(2)}$	Output Voltage	$V_s = 12\text{ V}$ $V_{11} = 5.5\text{ V}$		5.6		V
$\frac{\Delta V_{11}}{\Delta V_s}$	Output Voltage Drift	$V_s = 11\text{ to }14\text{ V}$		3.5		%

AC CHARACTERISTICS (refer to test circuit,  $V_s = 12\text{ V}$ ,  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

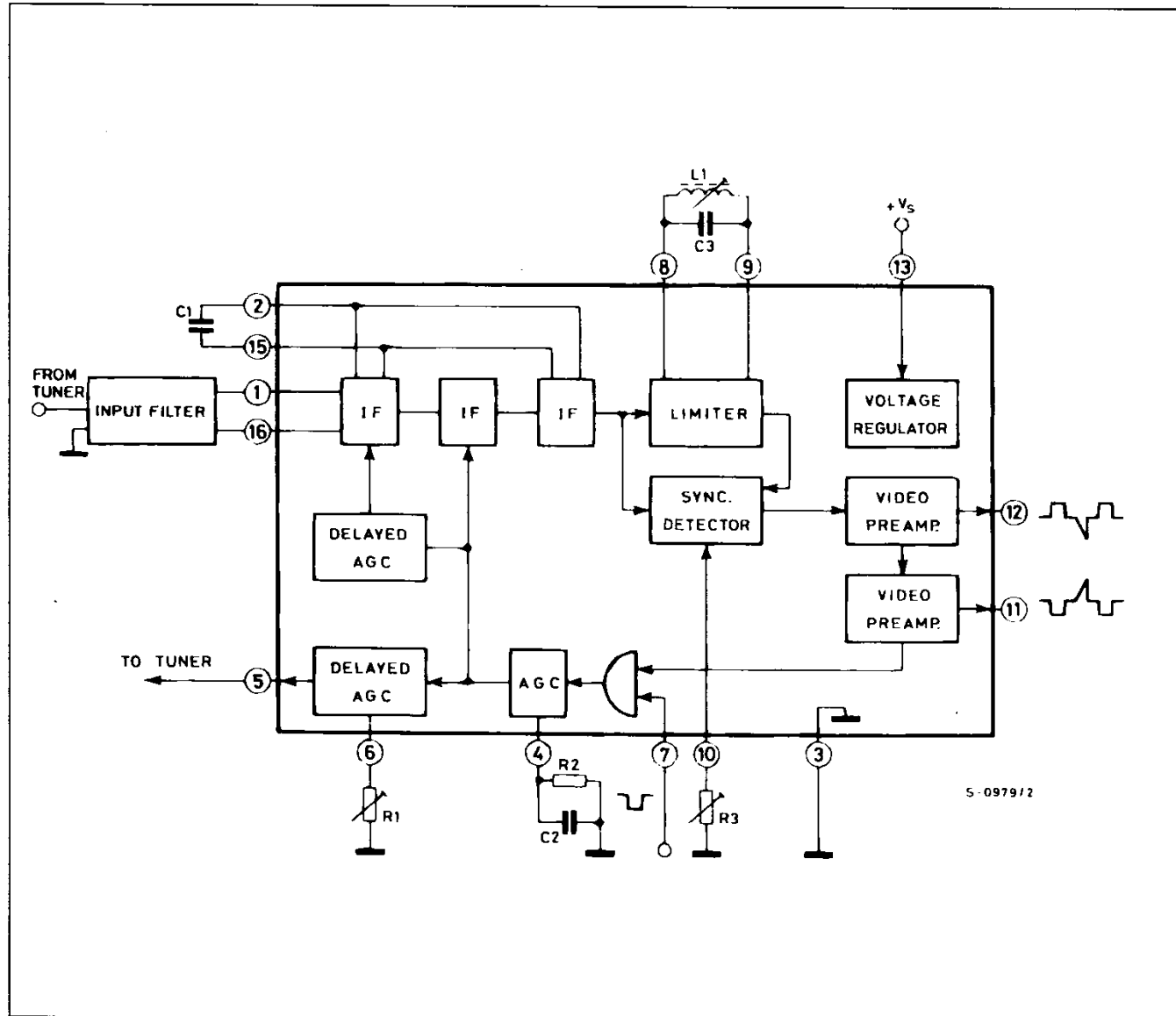
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_5^{(3)}$	Turner AGC Current	$V_7 = 0$ $R_4 = 2.5\text{ K}\Omega$ $f_0 = 38.9\text{ MHz}$	6	9.5		mA
$V_7$	AGC Gating Pulse Input Peak Voltage	$f = 15.6\text{ KHz}$	- 1.5		- 5	V

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_i^{(4)}$	Input Sensitivity	$V_7 = 0$ $f_o = 38.9$ MHz $V_{11} = 3.3$ V Peak to Peak	100	150	220	$\mu$ V
$\Delta V_i$	AGC Range	$V_7 = 0$ $\Delta V_o = 1$ dB $f_o = 38.9$ MHz $V_{11} = 3.3$ V Peak to Peak	50	60		dB
$V_o$	Peak to Peak Output Voltage at Pin 11	$V_7 = 0$ $V_{11} = -5.5$ V $f_o = 38.9$ MHz $V_i = \text{See Note (5)}$	3.3	3.5	3.7	V
$\Delta V_o$	Video Output Variation Over the AGC Range (0 to 5.5 MHz)	$V_7 = 0$ $\Delta V_i = 50$ dB $V_{11} = 3.3$ V Peak to Peak $f_o = 38.9$ MHz $f_m = 0$ to 5.5 MHz		1	2	dB
$V_{11}, V_{12}$	Sound IF a Video Output (5.5 MHz)	$V_7 = 0$ $V_i = \text{See Note (5)}$ $f_o$ (vision) = 38.9 MHz $f_o$ (sound) = 33.4 MHz	30			mV
	Differential Error of the Output Voltage (B & W)	$V_7 = 0$ $f_o = 38.9$ MHz $V_{11} = 3.3$ V Peak to Peak			15	%
$V_{11}, V_{12}$	Video Carrier and Video Carrier 2nd Harmonic Leakage at Video Outputs	$V_7 = 0$ $V_i = \text{See Note (5)}$ $f_o = 38.9$ MHz		15		mV
$V_{11}, V_{12}$	Video Carrier Leakage at Video Outputs			5		mV
B	Frequency Response (-3 dB)		8	10		MHz
$d_{im}$	Intermodulation Products at Video Outputs		$V_7 = 0$ $V_i = \text{See Note (5)}$ $f_o$ (vision) = 38.9 MHz $f_o$ (sound) = 33.4 MHz $f_o$ (chroma) = 35.5 MHz		-50	-40
$R_i$	Input Resistance (between pins 1 and 16)	$V_7 = 0$		1.4		K $\Omega$
$C_i$	Input Capacitance (between pins 1 and 16)	$V_i = \text{See Note (5)}$ $f_o = 38.9$ MHz		2		pF

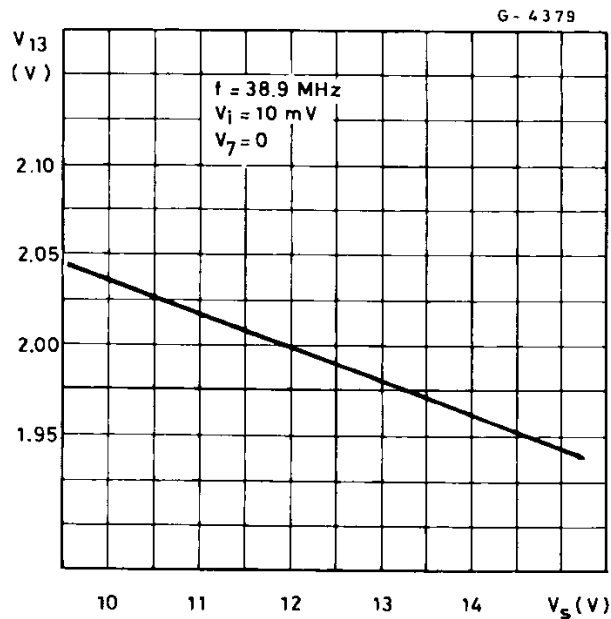
- Notes :**
1. Current flowing out from pin 11 with the load connected to  $V = 8$  V.
  2.  $V_{11}$  and  $V_{12}$  are adjustable simultaneously by means of the resistance, or by a variable voltage  $\leq 0.6$  V, connected between pin 10 and ground.
  3. Measured with an input voltage 10 dB higher than the  $V_i$  at which the tuner AGC current starts.
  4. RMS values of the unmodulated video carrier (modulation down).
  5. The input voltage  $V_i$  can have any value within the AGC range.

BLOCK DIAGRAM





**Figure 4 :** Output Black Level vs. Supply Voltage.



### APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TDA440S enables very compact IF amplifiers to be designed and provides the performance demanded by high quality receivers.

The input tuning-trapping circuitry and the detector network can be aligned independently with respect to each other.

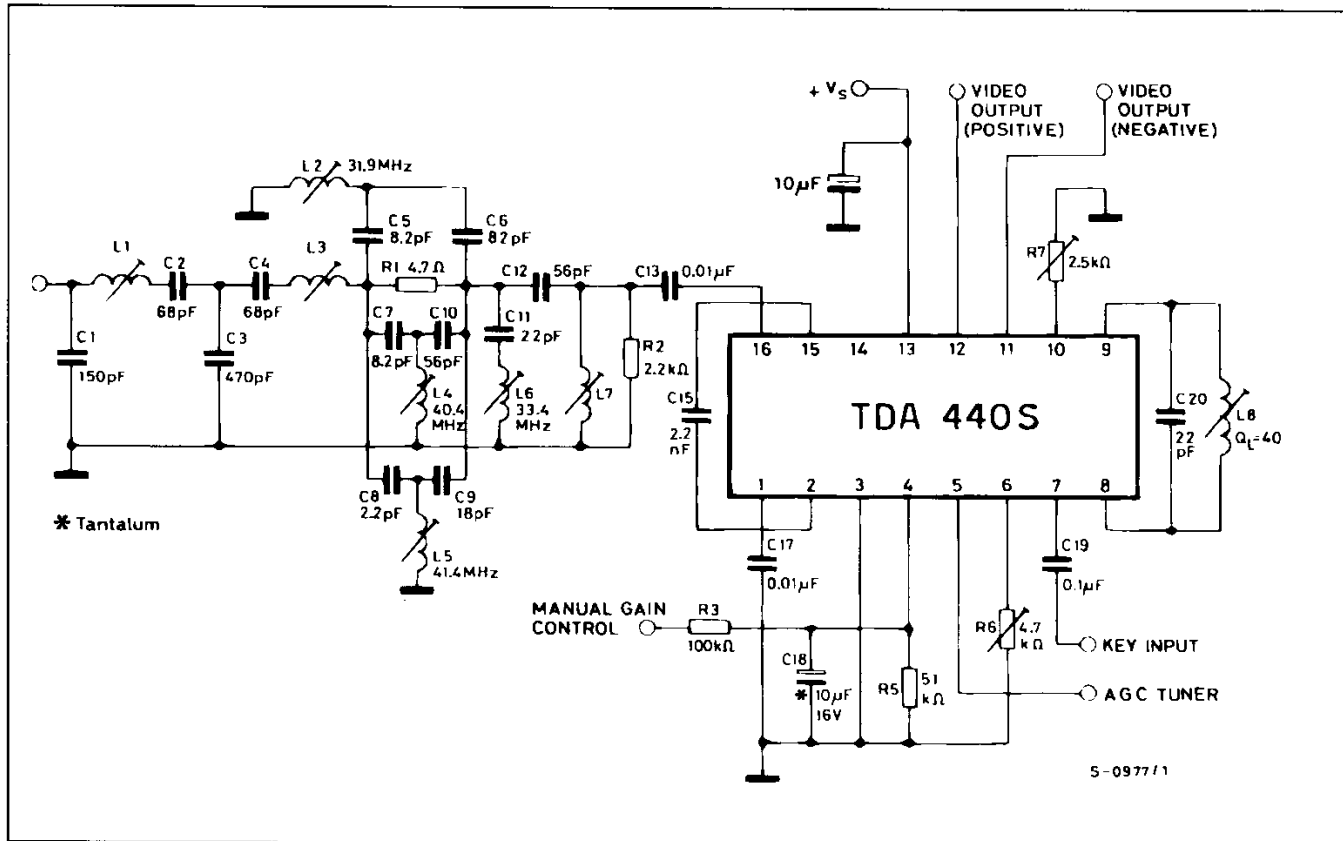
The value of Q for the parallel tuned circuit between pin 8 and 9 is not critical, although the higher it is, the better is the chroma-sound beat rejection, but the tuning is more critical. Values of Q from 30 to 50 give good rejection with non-critical tuning.

The LC circuit between pins 8 and 9 is tuned to the vision carrier thus appreciably attenuating the side-

bands. Hence a small amount of signal can be removed whose amplitude is almost constant over the whole working range of the AGC and it can be used to drive an AFC circuit.

The black level at the output is very stable against variations of  $V_s$  and of temperature : this enables the contrast control to be kept simple. The AGC is of the gated type and can take the top of the synchronism or the black level (back porch) as its reference : when the latter is used, the output black level is particularly stable.

Figure 5 : Typical Application Circuit.



L1 = 0.42  $\mu$ H – Qo = 110 – 6 turns  $\theta$  = 0.22 mm (close wound)  
 L2, L3, L7 = 0.3  $\mu$ H – Qo = 110 – 5.5 turns  $\theta$  = 0.22 mm (close wound)  
 L4 = 0.22  $\mu$ H – Qo = 110 – 4.5 turns  $\theta$  = 0.22 mm (close wound)  
 L5, L6 = 1  $\mu$ H – Qo = 110 – 10 turns  $\theta$  = 0.22 mm (close wound)  
 L8 = 1.2  $\mu$ H – Qo = 110 – 10 turns  $\theta$  = 0.22 mm (close wound)  
 L1 to L7 : coil former BR27/P, core GW 4 x 0.5 x 13 F 100 Neosid, Screening can BR 10/ST.

### Typical Performances of the Fig. 5 Circuit.

Frequency response (fo vision = 38.9 MHz, fo sound = 33.4 MHz) standard CCIR

Sound carrier attenuation	28	dB
31.9 MHz trap attenuation	$\geq 60$	dB
40.4 MHz trap attenuation	$\geq 56$	dB
41.4 MHz trap attenuation	$\geq 44$	dB
AGC range	55	dB
Overall gain including IF filter and trap circuits (note 1)	86	dB

Intermodulation products over the whole AGC range (note 2) – 55 dB

- Notes :
1. The gain is measured at video output 3.3V peak to peak and is defined as peak to peak output voltage to RMS input voltage (modulation down).
  2. Measured at 1.07 MHz, vision carrier level = 0 dB, chroma carrier level = – 6 dB, sound carrier level = – 6 dB.

Figure 6 : Overall Frequency Response of the Fig. 5 Circuit.

