



# **Audio Accessory IC Series**

# Ground Isolation Amplifier BA3121F



# Description

The BA3121F are ground isolation amplifiers developed for use in car audio applications. This IC efficiently eliminates problems caused by wiring resistance, and removes noise generated by the electrical devices used in automobiles. The capacitance values of the external capacitors required for the ICs are small, in order to allow compact and reliable set design.

#### Features

- 1) Large capacitors not required
- 2) High common-mode rejection ratio (57dB typ. at f = 1kHz)
- 3) Low noise ( $V_{NO} = 3.5 \mu Vrms Typ.$ )
- 4) Low distortion (THD = 0.002% Typ.)
- 5) Two channels.

# Applications

Car audio systems

# ● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter             | Symbol | Limits          | Unit       |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|------------|
| Power supply voltage  | Vcc    | 18              | V          |
| Power dissipation     | Pd     | 450*            | mW         |
| Operation temperature | Topr   | -30~+85         | င          |
| Storage temperature   | Tstg   | <b>−55∼+125</b> | $^{\circ}$ |

<sup>\*</sup> Reduced by 4.5mW in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

# ● Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter            | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| Power supply voltage | Vcc    | 4    | 12   | 18   | V    |

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# •Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C, VCC = 12V, f = 1kHz, Rg = 1.8kΩ)

| Parameter                   | Symbol          | Min. | Тур.  | Max. | Unit          | Conditions                                                |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------|-------|------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Quiescent current           | ΙQ              | 5.6  | 9.0   | 14.0 | mA            | V <sub>IN</sub> =0V <sub>rms</sub>                        |
| Output noise voltage        | $V_{NO}$        | I    | 3.5   | 8.0  | $\mu V_{rms}$ | BPF=20Hz-20kHz                                            |
| Voltage gain                | $G_V$           | -1.5 | -0.04 | 1.5  | dB            | $V_O = -10 dBm, R_g = 0 \Omega$                           |
| Maximum output voltage      | V <sub>OM</sub> | 1.8  | 2.0   | _    | $V_{rms}$     | THD=0.1%, Vcc=8V                                          |
| Total harmonic distortion   | THD             |      | 0.002 | 0.02 | %             | V <sub>O</sub> =0.7V <sub>rms</sub>                       |
| Common-mode rejection ratio | CMRR            | 41   | 57    | _    | dB            |                                                           |
| Common-made voltage         | V <sub>CM</sub> | 2.5  | 3.75  | _    | $V_{rms}$     | Vcc=8V,CMRR=40dB                                          |
| Ripple rejection ratio      | RR              | 72   | 80    | _    | dB            | $f_{RR}$ =100Hz, $V_{RR}$ =-10dBm,<br>$R_g$ =0 $\Omega$   |
| Channel separation          | cs              | _    | 82    | _    | dB            | $V_{IN}$ = -10dBm,<br>R <sub>g</sub> =1.8k $\Omega$ /OPEN |
| Slew rate                   | SR              | 1    | 2.0   | _    | V/μS          |                                                           |
| Input resistance            | R <sub>IN</sub> | 44   | 55    | 66   | kΩ            |                                                           |

Note: This IC is not designed to be radiation-resistant.

#### •Electrical characteristics curves

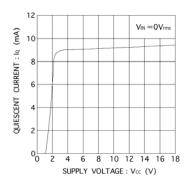


Fig.1 Quiescent current vs. power supply voltage

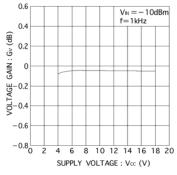


Fig.4 Voltage gain vs. power supply voltage

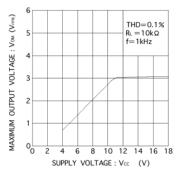


Fig.2 Maximum output voltage vs. power supply voltage

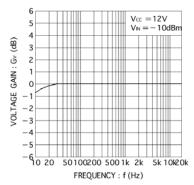


Fig.5 Voltage gain vs. frequency

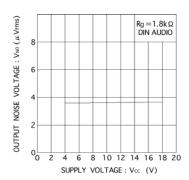


Fig.3 Output noise voltage vs. power supply voltage

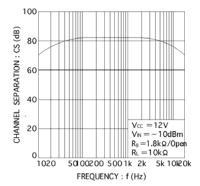


Fig.6 Channel separation vs. frequency

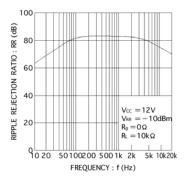


Fig.7 Ripple rejection ratio vs. frequency

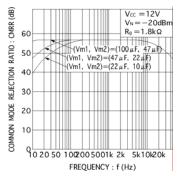


Fig.10 Common-mode rejection ratio vs. frequency

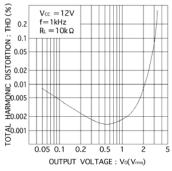


Fig.8 Total harmonic distortion vs. output voltage

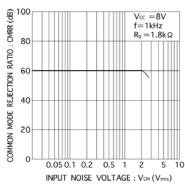


Fig.11Common-mode rejection ration vs. input voltage

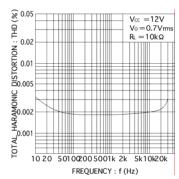


Fig.9 Total harmonic distortion vs. frequency

# Measurement circuits

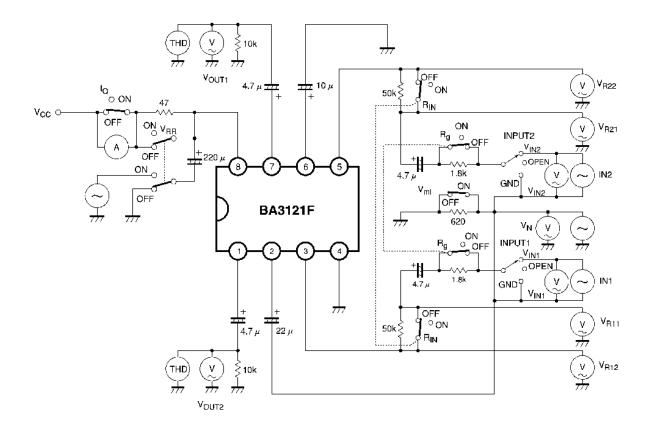


Fig.12

# ●Block diaglam

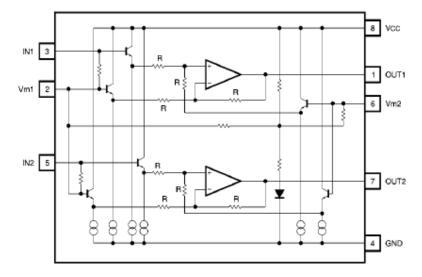


Fig.13

#### Circuit operation

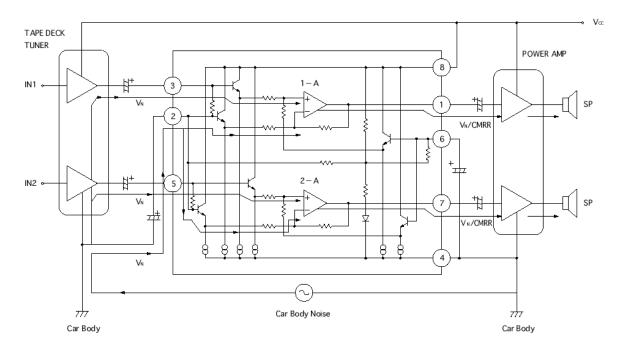


Fig.14 Flow of noise in car audio systems

Car audio systems are earthed to the car body, and for this reason, electrical noise generated by the car electrics can enter the power amplifier input via the chassis, and become audible.

The BA3121F makes use of the common-mode rejection characteristics of an operational amplifier to eliminate this noise. Without the BA3121F, noise enters the power amplifier input directly. When used, the CMMR of operational amplifiers 1-A and 2-A eliminates the noise.

Principles of noise elimination:

To obtain the output voltage (eo)

$$\begin{aligned} V_{i} &= \frac{R_{4}}{\left(R_{3} + R_{4}\right)} \cdot e_{2} \\ e_{0} &= -\frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}} e_{1} + \frac{R_{1} + R_{2}}{R_{1}} \cdot V_{i} \end{aligned}$$

From ① and ②

$$\begin{split} e_0 &= - \; \frac{R_2}{R_1} \; \; e_1 + \; \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1} \; \; \cdot \; \frac{R_4}{(R_3 + R_4)} \; \cdot \; e_2 \\ &= - \; \frac{R_2}{R_1} \; \; \cdot \; \; (e_1 - e_2) \; + \; \frac{R_1 R_4 - R_2 R_3}{R_1 \; \; (R_3 + R_4)} \; \cdot \; e_2 \end{split}$$

Ideally, if  $R_1R_4=R_2R_3$ , and  $e_1=e_2$ , the noise voltage will become zero. However, due to mismatching between the resistors, difference in the noise voltages ( $e_1$  and  $e_2$ ), and tolerances in the operational amplifier, a noise voltage exists.

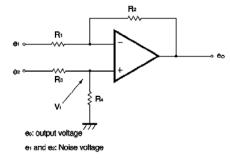


Fig.15 The principle of noise rejection

With the BA3121F, the elimination level of the noise is expressed

as: CMMR =  $20\log (e_0/e_1)(e_1 = e_1 = e_2)$ 

Therefore, CMRR  $\geq$  41dB can be guaranteed.

#### Applications

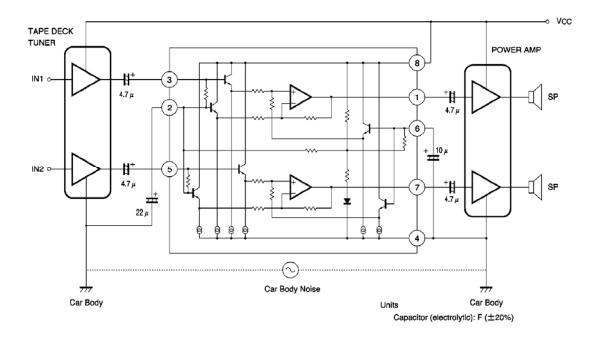


Fig.16

#### Cautions on use

#### (1) Numbers and data in entries

Numbers and data in entries are representative design values and are not guaranteed values of the items.

#### (2) Example application circuit

Although ROHM is confident that the example application circuit reflects the best possible recommendations, be sure to verify circuit characteristics for your particular application. Modification of constants for other externally connected circuits may cause variations in both static and transient characteristics for external components as well as this Rohm IC. Allow for sufficient margins when determining circuit constants.

## (3) Absolute maximum ratings

Use of the IC in excess of absolute maximum ratings, such as the applied voltage or operating temperature range (Topr), may result in IC damage. Assumptions should not be made regarding the state of the IC (short mode or open mode) when such damage is suffered. A physical safety measure, such as a fuse, should be implemented when using the IC at times where the absolute maximum ratings may be exceeded.

# (4) GND potential

Ensure a minimum GND pin potential in all operating conditions. Make sure that no pins are at a voltage below the GND at any time, regardless of whether it is a transient signal or not.

# (5) Thermal design

Perform thermal design, in which there are adequate margins, by taking into account the power dissipation (Pd) in actual states of use.

## (6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

Pay attention to the assembly direction of the ICs. Wrong mounting direction or shorts between terminals, GND, or other components on the circuits, can damage the IC.

# (7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

Using the ICs in a strong electromagnetic field can cause operation malfunction.

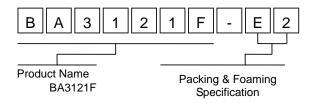
#### (8) Ripple removal characteristics

The capacitors of pin 2 (Vm<sub>1</sub>), and pin 6 (Vm<sub>2</sub>) should maintain a ratio of 2:1 for ripple removal characteristics. Maintaining this ratio will not cause the ripple removal rate to reduce significantly, even if the capacitance reduces to half.

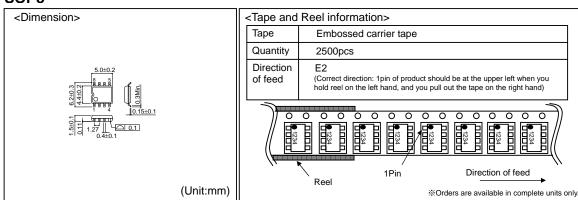
#### (9) CMRR

Setting the capacitor to the double or half will change the CMRR to a low range of +6dB or -6dB (Fig. 10).

#### Order model name selection



# SOP8



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