PRELIMINARY

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SC14402 Complete Baseband Processor for DECT Handsets



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General Description

Preliminary document version 1.5.

The SC14402 is a 3.0 Volt CMOS chip optimized to handle all the audio, signal and data processing needed within a DECT handset. An ADPCM transcoder, a very low power CODEC and Analog Frontend is integrated. Direct connections towards microphone and a (dynamical) loudspeaker are provided.

The SC14402 is designed such that it is compatible with many radio interfaces.

A dedicated TDMA controller handles all physical layer slot formats and radio control.

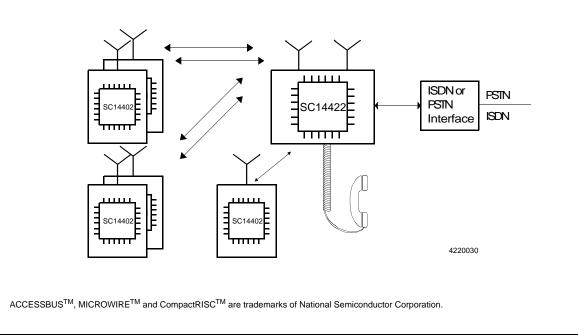
National Semiconductors standard CompactRISCTM CR16A 16 bit microcontroller with external ROM takes care of all the higher protocol stack.

Features

System Diagram

Integrated DECT Baseband transceiver optimized for GAP handsets according to ETS 300 175-2, 175-3 & 175-8.

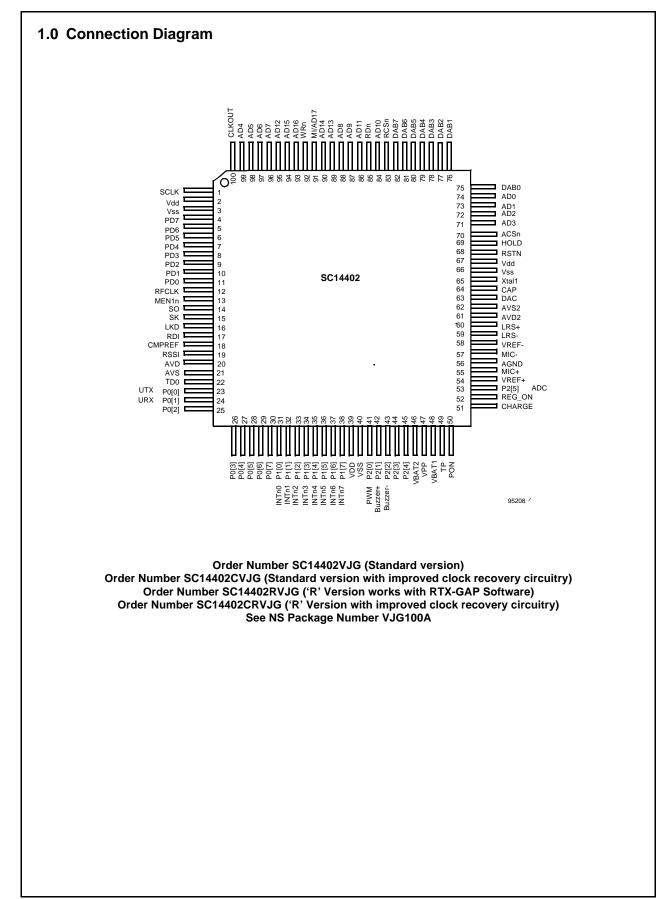
- 2.95 to 3.6 Volt operating voltage.
- Very low power in active and paging mode.
- Max 5V battery input.
- Embedded 16 bit CompactRISCTM Micro Controller. (CR16A) with programmable clock speeds.
- ACCESSBUS[™] or MICROWIRE[™] interfaces can be handled.
- 4 kByte on-chip Data Memory.
- One full duplex ADPCM transcoder.
- On-chip 14-bit linear CODEC.
- 8 upto 38 dB gain differential microphone input buffer.
- 100 Ω loudspeaker driver.
- Software controlled gain on audio input and output.
- On-chip gaussian Modulator.
- Peak hold ADC for RSSI measurement.
 Three general purpose inputs can be multiplexed on an 8 bit ADC with selectable ranges.
- Advanced battery management unit
- On board dedicated TDMA instruction co-processor (DiP).
- Eight programmable control signals for radio front end.
- Serial interface to control radio front end circuitry.
- Full support of all data formats.



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2.0 Pin Description

Table 1: Pin Description

PIN NAME		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
SCLK	1	5	OUTPUT (slope controlled). CR16A bus interface System CLocK output.
Vdd	2		Digital supply voltage
Vss	3		Digital ground.
PD ₇₀	4-11	5	TRI-STATE OUTPUT. Power Down pins 7 to 0. PD7,6 have 12 mA drive.
RFCLK	12	5b	OUTPUT (Slope controlled). 10 MHz clock output. Logic '0' after reset or when dis- abled.
MEN1n	13	5	OUTPUT. Load Enable. Can be synchronized to LKD input
SO	14	1	TRI-STATE OUTPUT. Serial data output.
SK	15	5	OUTPUT. Serial interface clock: 1.152 MHz
LKD	16	1	INPUT. LocK Detect input for synchronisation purposes.
RDI	17	analog	INPUT. Received Data. It is programmable to invert this input.
CMPREF	18	analog	INPUT. Comparator reference level. Internally a six bit DAC can be connected to this pin to compensate for DC offsets.
RSSI	19	analog	INPUT. 6-bit ADC input with peak hold circuitry. Activated on PD0 = low. If PD0 = high the RSSI input will be discharged to ground.
AVD	20		Analog supply voltage
AVS	21		Analog ground
TDO	22	5/analog	TRI-STATE OUTPUT. Transmit Data. Can be programmed to be inverted.
P0[0] or UTX	23	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. UART data output.
P0[1] or URX	24	3	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull down resistor. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. UART data input.
P0[2]	25	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be switched to ADPCM/CODEC testpoints.
P0[3]	26	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit.Can be switched to ADPCM/CODEC testpoints.
P0[4]	27	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be switched to ADPCM/CODEC testpoints.
P0[5]	28	3	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull down resistor. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be switched to ADPCM/CODEC testpoints.
P0[6]	29	3	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull down resistor. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be switched to ADPCM/CODEC testpoints.
P0[7]	30	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be switched to ADPCM/CODEC testpoints.
P1[0]	31	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor and 12 mA drive current. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be programmed to generate an internal interrupt.
P1[1]	32	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor and 12 mA drive current. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be programmed to generate an internal interrupt.
P1[2]	33	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor and 12 mA drive current. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be programmed to generate an internal interrupt.
P1[3]	34	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor and 12 mA drive current. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be programmed to generate an internal interrupt.
P1[4]	35	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor and 12 mA drive current. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be programmed to generate an internal interrupt.

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PIN NAME		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
P1[5]	36	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor and 12 mA drive current. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. Can be programmed to generate an internal interrupt.
P1[6]	37	2	INPUT/OUTPUT with selectable pull up resistor and 12 mA drive current. General purpose memory mapped I/O port. Can be programmed to generate an internal interrupt.
P1[7]	38	4	INPUT/OUTPUT with open drain with 12 mA sink capability. Can be used to contro a LED connected to Vbat. Can be programmed to generate an internal interrupt.
VDD	39		Digital supply voltage
VSS	40		Digital ground
P2[0] or PWM	41	4	INPUT/OUTPUT with open drain with 100mA sink capability. This pin can be con figured as single ended buzzer driver with Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) output. Can also be used for battery charge control.
P2[1] or Buzzer+	42	1	INPUT/OUTPUT. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. P2[1,2] can be configured as complementary PWM output for e.g. buzzer control. P2[1,2] can drive 12 mA.
P2[2] or Buzzer-	43	1	INPUT/OUTPUT. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit. P2[1,2] can be configured as complementary PWM output for e.g. buzzer control. P2[1,2] can drive 12 mA.
P2[3]	44	1	INPUT/OUTPUT. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit.
P2[4]	45	1	INPUT/OUTPUT. General purpose memory mapped I/O port bit.
VBAT2	46	analog	INPUT. Battery voltage. (upto 5V input)
VPP	47		Reserved for future onboard OTP ROM.
VBAT1	48	analog	INPUT. Battery voltage. (upto 5V input)
TP	49		INPUT. Testpin for production test must be connected to Vss.
PON	50	analog	INPUT. Power ON. Uses Vbat input supply.
CHARGE	51	analog	INPUT. Charger connected indication. Uses Vbat input supply.
REG_ON	52	5	OUTPUT. Uses Vbat input supply. Switch external regulator on
P2[5]	53	5/analog	DIGITAL OUTPUT/ANALOG INPUT. P2[5] 8 bit multiplexed ADC inputs. P2[5] can also be used as a digital output
Vref+	54	analog	OUTPUT. Positive microphone reference
MIC+	55	analog	INPUT. Positive microphone input
AGND	56	analog	POWER. Signal ground.
MIC-	57	analog	INPUT. Negative microphone input.
Vref-	58	analog	OUTPUT. Negative microphone reference
LRS-	59	analog	OUTPUT. Negative loudspeaker output
LRS+	60	analog	OUTPUT. Positive loudspeaker output
AVD2	61		Analog supply voltage for CODEC, Xtal oscillator and 8 bit DAC (pin 63)
AVS2	62		Analog ground.
DAC	63	analog	8 bit DAC output for frequency control.
CAP	64	analog	External capacitor.
Xtal1	65	analog	INPUT. 10.368MHz crystal connection.
VSS	66		Digital ground
VDD	67		Digital supply voltage
RSTn	68	1	INPUT/OUTPUT. Active low Reset input with open collector output and pull down resistor.
HOLD	69	6	INPUT with pull down. Hold processor operation. For e.g. In Circuit Emulation. The system bus interface will TRI-STATE data and address bus and all control signals. In this mode an external CR16A can control the SC14402 completely.

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PIN NAME		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
ACSn	70	5	OUTPUT. Auxiliary Chip Select not. This signal becomes low if the address range is within the programmed address range.
AD30	71-74	1b	OUTPUT. ADdress bit 3 to 0. In the HOLD mode these pins are input.
DAB70	82-75	1b	INPUT/OUTPUT (Slope controlled) Data bus bit 70
RCSn	83	5b	OUTPUT. ROM Chip Select not output. Low active if none of the internal peripher- als or the ACSn is addressed.
AD10	84	1b	OUTPUT. Address bit 10. In the HOLD mode these pins are input.
RDn	85	1b	OUTPUT. Active low read. In the HOLD mode this pin is input.
AD11	86	1b	OUTPUT. Address bit 11. In the HOLD mode these pins are input.
AD9	87	1b	OUTPUT. Address bit 9. In the HOLD mode these pins are input.
AD8	88	1b	OUTPUT. Address bit 8. In the HOLD mode these pins are input.
AD13	89	1b	OUTPUT. Address bit 13. In the HOLD mode these pins are input
AD14	90	1b	OUTPUT. Address bit 14. In the HOLD mode these pins are input.
MI/AD17	91	5b	OUTPUT. Masked Interrupt output (HOLD mode only) or Address bit 17.
WRn	92	1b	OUTPUT. Active low write signal. In the HOLD mode this pin is input.
AD16,15, 12	93-95	1b	OUTPUT. Address bit 16,15 & 12. In the HOLD mode these pins are input.
AD7-4	96-99	1b	OUTPUT. Address bit 7 to 4. In the HOLD mode these pins are input.
CLKOUT	100	1b	OUTPUT. Fixed bit clock output (1.152Mhz). Synchronized to the DECT bit clock. Will be logic '0' if the DECT Dedicated Instruction Processor (DiP) is frozen or reset.

NOTE: All digital outputs can sink/source 2 mA unless otherwise specified. All digital inputs are Schmitt trigger types. After reset all I/Os are set to input and all pull-up or pull-down resistors are enabled. The p0[1] will be pulled down at start-up.

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