## SLIC Subscriber Line Interface Circuit

The Intersil SLIC incorporates many of the BORSHT function on a single IC chip. This includes DC battery feed, a ring relay driver, supervisory and hybrid functions. This device is designed to maintain transmission performance in the presence of externally induced longitudinal currents. Using the unique Intersil dielectric isolation process, the SLIC can operate directly with a wide range of station battery voltages.

The SLIC also provides selective denial of power. If the PBX system becomes overloaded during an emergency, the SLIC will provide system protection by denying power to selected subscriber loops.

The Intersil SLIC is ideally suited for the design of new digital PBX systems, by eliminating bulky hybrid transformers.

## Ordering Information

| PART NUMBER | TEMP. RANGE <br> ( $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | PACKAGE | PKG. <br> NO. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| HC3-5502B1-5 | 0 to 75 | 24 Ld PDIP | E24.6 |
| HC4P5502B1-5 | 0 to 75 | 28 Ld PLCC | N28.45 |
| HC9P5502B1-5 | 0 to 75 | 24 Ld SOIC | M24.3 |

## Features

- Low Cost Version of HC-5502B
- Capable of 12 V or $5 \mathrm{~V}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}\right)$Operation
- Monolithic Integrated Device
- DI High Voltage Process
- Compatible With Worldwide PBX Performance Requirements
- Controlled Supply of Battery Feed Current for Short Loops (30mA)
- Internal Ring Relay Driver
- Low Power Consumption During Standby
- Switch Hook, Ground Key and Ring Trip Detection Functions
- Selective Denial of Power to Subscriber Loops


## Applications

- Solid State Line Interface Circuit for Analog and Digital PBX Systems
- Direct Inward Dial (DID) Trunks
- Voice Messaging PBXs
- Related Literature
- AN549, The HC-5502S/4X Telephone Subscriber Line Interface Circuits (SLIC)
- AN571, Using Ring Sync with HC-5502A and HC-5504 SLICs


## Pinouts



NOTE: Optional.


TOP VIEW

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)
Supply Voltage
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Relay Drive Voltage (V (VD) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . - 0.5 to 15V
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## Operating Conditions

Relay Driver Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RD}}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5 V to 12 V Positive Supply Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}+$ ) . . 4.75 V to 5.25 V or 10.8 V to 13.2 V Negative Supply Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{-}}$) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 42 V to -58 V High Level Logic Input Voltage. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.4 V Low Level Logic Input Voltage . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0.6 V Loop Resistance ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 200 to $1200 \Omega$ Operating Temperature Range HC-5502B1-5 $.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Thermal Information

| Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 2) | $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 24 Lead PDIP | 65 |
| 24 Lead SOIC | 75 |
| 28 Lead PLCC | 65 |
| Maximum Junction Temperature Plastic | . $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum Storage Temperature Range | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s) (SOIC and PLCC - Lead Tips Only) | $.300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Die Characteristics

Transistor Count ..... 183
Diode Count ..... 33
Die Dimensions. ..... $137 \times 102$ mils
Substrate Potential ..... $\ldots . . . V_{B^{-}}$
Process Bipolar-DI

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTES:

1. Absolute maximum ratings are limiting values, applied individually, beyond which the serviceability of the circuit may be impaired. Functional operability under any of these conditions is not necessarily implied.
2. $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

Electrical Specifications Unless Otherwise Specified, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{-}}=-48 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ and $5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{AG}=\mathrm{BG}=\mathrm{DG}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, Typical Parameters $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Min-Max Parameters are Over Operating Temperature Range

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On Hook Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LONG }}=0$ (Note 4), $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}=12 \mathrm{~V}}$ | - | 135 | 235 | mW |
| Off Hook Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \mathrm{I}_{\text {LONG }}=0$ (Note 4), $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 450 | 690 | mW |
| Off Hook $\mathrm{IB}^{+}$ | $R_{L}=600 \Omega, \mathrm{I}_{\text {LONG }}=0$ (Note 4), $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | - | 6.0 | mA |
| Off Hook $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}+\mathrm{X}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega$, $\mathrm{L}_{\text {LONG }}=0$ (Note 4), $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | - | 5.3 | mA |
| Off Hook $\mathrm{I}^{-}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega$, L LONG $=0$ ( Note 4) | - | - | 39 | mA |
| Off Hook Loop Current | $R_{L}=1200 \Omega, L_{\text {LONG }}=0$ (Note 4) | - | 21 | - | mA |
| Off Hook Loop Current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1200 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}^{-}}=-42 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{LONG}}=0(\text { Note } 4), \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}= \\ & 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 17.5 | - | - | mA |
| Off Hook Loop Current | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=200 \Omega, \mathrm{l}$ LONG $=0$ ( Note 4) | 25.5 | 30 | 34.5 | mA |
| Fault Currents TIP to Ground |  | - | 14 | - | mA |
| RING to Ground |  | - | 47 | - | mA |
| TIP to RING |  | - | 30 | - | mA |
| TIP and RING to Ground |  | - | 47 | - | mA |
| Ring Relay Drive $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {OL }}=62 \mathrm{~mA}$ | - | 0.2 | 0.5 | V |
| Ring Relay Driver Off Leakage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RD}}=12 \mathrm{~V}, \overline{\mathrm{RC}}=1=\mathrm{HIGH}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Ring Trip Detection Period | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2 | 3 | Ring Cycles |
| Switch Hook Detection Threshold | $\overline{\mathrm{SHD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | 10 | - | - | mA |
|  | $\overline{\mathrm{SHD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | - | - | 5 | mA |
| Ground Key Detection Threshold | $\overline{\mathrm{GKD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | 20 | - | - | mA |
|  | $\overline{\mathrm{GKD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | - | - | 10 | mA |
| Loop Current During Power Denial | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=200 \Omega$ | - | $\pm 2$ | - | mA |
| Dial Pulse Distortion |  | 0 | - | 5 | ms |

Electrical Specifications Unless Otherwise Specified, $\mathrm{V}_{B^{-}}=-48 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ and $5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{AG}=\mathrm{BG}=\mathrm{DG}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, Typical Parameters $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Min-Max Parameters are Over Operating Temperature Range (Continued)

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receive Input Impedance | (Note 3) | - | 110 | - | k $\Omega$ |
| Transmit Output Impedance | (Note 3) | - | 10 | 20 | $\Omega$ |
| Two Wire Return Loss SRL LO | Referenced to $600 \Omega+2.16 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (Note 3) | - | 15.5 | - | dB |
| ERL |  | - | 24 | - | dB |
| SRL HI |  | - | 31 | - | dB |
| Longitudinal Balance 2-Wire Off Hook | $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {RMS }} 200 \mathrm{~Hz}-3400 \mathrm{~Hz}$, (Note 3) IEEE Method $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 53 | 58 | - | dB |
| 2-Wire On Hook |  | 53 | 58 | - | dB |
| 4-Wire Off Hook |  | 50 | 58 | - | dB |
| Low Frequency Longitudinal Balance | R.E.A. Method, (Note 3)$\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 23 | dBrnC |
|  |  | - | - | -67 | dBm0p |
| Insertion Loss <br> 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4-Wire to 2-Wire | At 1kHz, OdBm Input Level, Referenced $600 \Omega$ | - | $\pm 0.05$ | $\pm 0.2$ | dB |
| Frequency Response | 200-3400Hz Referenced to Absolute <br> Loss at 1 kHz and 0 dBm Signal Level (Note 3) | - | $\pm 0.02$ | $\pm 0.05$ | dB |
| Idle Channel Noise <br> 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4-Wire to 2-Wire | (Note 3) | - | 1 | 5 | dBrnC |
|  |  | - | -89 | -85 | dBm0p |
| Absolute Delay <br> 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4-Wire to 2-Wire | (Note 3) | - | - | 2 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Trans Hybrid Loss | Balance Network Set Up for $600 \Omega$ Termination at 1 kHz | 30 | 40 | - | dB |
| Overload Level <br> 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4-Wire to 2-Wire | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.5 |  |  | $V_{\text {PEAK }}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.75 | - | - | $V_{\text {PEAK }}$ |
| Level Linearity <br> 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4-Wire to 2-Wire | At 1 kHz , (Note 3) Referenced to OdBm Level +3 to -40 dBm | - | - | $\pm 0.05$ | dB |
|  | -40 to -50dBm | - | - | $\pm 0.1$ | dB |
|  | -50 to -55dBm | - | - | $\pm 0.3$ | dB |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}} \text {to 2-Wire }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { (Note 3) } \\ & 30-60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | 15 | - | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}+$ to Transmit |  | 15 | - | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{\text {- }}}$ to 2-Wire |  | 15 | - | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$ - to Transmit |  | 15 | - | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}$to 2-Wire | $\begin{aligned} & 200-16 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | 30 | - | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}+$ to Transmit |  | 30 | - | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$ - to 2-Wire |  | 30 | - | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$ to Transmit |  | 30 | - | - | dB |
| Logic Input Current (RS, $\overline{\mathrm{RC}}, \overline{\mathrm{PD}}$ ) | V $\leq \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }} \leq 5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 100$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

Electrical Specifications Unless Otherwise Specified, $\mathrm{V}_{B^{-}}=-48 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ and $5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{AG}=\mathrm{BG}=\mathrm{DG}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, Typical Parameters $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Min-Max Parameters are Over Operating Temperature Range (Continued)

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logic Inputs <br> Logic ' 0 ' $V_{I L}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Logic ' 1 ' $V_{I H}$ |  | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| Logic Outputs <br> Logic ' 0 ' $V_{\mathrm{OL}}$ |  | 2.0 | - | 5.5 | V |
| Logic ' 1 ' $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{LOAD}} 800 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}=12 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 0.1 | 0.5 | V |

## Uncommitted Op Amp Specifications

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Offset Voltage |  | - | $\pm 5$ | - |
| Input Offset Current |  | - | $\pm 10$ | - |
| Input Bias Current |  | - | 20 | - |
| Differential Input Resistance | (Note 3) | - | nA |  |
| Output Voltage Swing | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}+=12 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 1 | - |
|  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}+=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | $\pm 6.2$ | $\pm 6.6$ |
| Output Resistance | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{VCL}}=1(\mathrm{Note} \mathrm{3)}$ | - | $\pm 3$ | - |
| Small Signal GBW | (Note 3) | - | 10 | - |

NOTES:
3. These parameters are controlled by design or process parameters and are not directly tested. These parameters are characterized upon initial design release, upon design changes which would affect these characteristics, and at intervals to assure product quality and specification compliance.
4. $\operatorname{L}$ LONG $=$ Longitudinal Current.

## Pin Descriptions

| $\begin{aligned} & 28 \text { PIN } \\ & \text { PLCC } \end{aligned}$ | 24 PIN DIP/SOIC | SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1 | TIP | An analog input connected to the TIP (more positive) side of the subscriber loop through a $150 \Omega$ feed resistor and a ring relay contact. Functions with the Ring terminal to receive voice signals from the telephone and for loop monitoring process. |
| 3 | 2 | RING | An analog input connected to the RING (more negative) side of the subscriber loop through a $150 \Omega$ feed resistor and a ring relay contact. Functions with the Tip terminal to receive voice signals from the telephone and for loop monitoring purposes. |
| 4 | 3 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}$ | Positive Voltage Source - Most positive supply. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{+}}$is typically 12 V or 5 V . |
| 5 | 4 | $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | Capacitor \#1-Optional Capacitor used to improve power supply rejection. This pin should be left open if unused. |
| 6 | 5 | $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ | Capacitor \#3 - An external capacitor to be connected between this terminal and analog ground. Required for proper operation of the loop current limiting function, and for filtering $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$ - supply. Typical value is $0.3 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, 30V. |
| 7 | 6 | DG | Digital Ground - To be connected to zero potential and serves as a reference for all digital inputs and outputs on the SLIC. |
| 9 | 7 | RS | Ring Synchronization Input - A TTL - Compatible Clock Input. The clock should be arranged such that a positive transition occurs on the negative going zero crossing of the ring voltage source, ensuring that the ring relay is activated and deactivated when the instantaneous ring voltage is near zero. If synchronization is not required, tie to 5 V . |
| 10 | 8 | $\overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ | Relay Driver - A low active open collector logic output. When enabled, the external ring relay is energized. |
| 11 | 9 | TF | Tip Feed - A low impedance analog output connected to the TIP terminal through a $150 \Omega$ feed resistor. Functions with the RF terminal to provide loop current, feed voice signals to the telephone set, and sink longitudinal current. |
| 12 | 10 | RF | Ring Feed - A low impedance analog output connected to the RING terminal through a $150 \Omega$ feed resistor. Functions with the TF terminal to provide loop current, feed voice signal to the telephone set, and sink longitudinal current. |
| 13 | 11 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}^{-}}$ | Negative Voltage Source - Most negative supply. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$ - is typically -48 V with an operational range of -42 V to -58 V . Frequently referred to as "battery". |
| 14 | 12 | BG | Battery Ground - To be connected to zero potential. All loop current and some quiescent current flows into this ground terminal. |
| 16 | 13 | $\overline{\text { SHD }}$ | Switch Hook Detection - A Low Active LS TTL - Compatible Logic Output. This output is enabled for loop currents exceeding 10 mA and disabled for loop currents less than 5 mA . |
| 17 | 14 | $\overline{\text { GKD }}$ | Ground Key Detection - A Low Active LS TTL - Compatible Logic Output. This output is enabled if the DC current into the ring lead exceeds the DC current out of the tip lead by more than 20 mA , and disabled if this current difference is less than 10 mA . |
| 18 | 15 | $\overline{P D}$ | Power Denial - A Low Active TTL - Compatible Logic Input. When enabled the switch hook detect (SHD) and ground key detect ( $\overline{\mathrm{GKD}}$ ) are not necessarily valid, and the relay driver ( $\overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ ) output is disabled. |
| 19 | 16 | $\overline{\mathrm{RC}}$ | Ring Command - A Low Active TTL - Compatible Logic Input. When enabled, the relay driver ( $\overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ ) output goes low on the next rising edge of the ring sync ( $\overline{\mathrm{RS}}$ ) input, as long as the SLIC is not in the power denial state $(\overline{\mathrm{PD}}=0)$ or the subscriber is not already off- hook $(\overline{\mathrm{SHD}}=0)$. |
| 20 | 17 | $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ | Capacitor \#2 - An external capacitor to be connected between this terminal and digital ground. Prevents false ground key indications from occurring during ring trip detection. Typical value is $0.15 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$. This capacitor is not used if ground key function is not required. |
| 21 | 18 | OUT | The analog output of the spare operational amplifier. |
| 23 | 19 | -IN | The inverting analog input of the spare operational amplifier. |
| 24 | 20 | +IN | The non-inverting analog input of the spare operational amplifier. |
| 25 | 21 | RX | Receive Input, Four Wire Side - A high impedance analog input which is internally biased. Capacitive coupling to this input is required. AC signals appearing at this input differentially drive the Tip feed and Ring feed amplifiers, which in turn drive tip and ring through $300 \Omega$ of feed resistance on each side of the line. |

## Pin Descriptions (Continued)

| 28 PIN <br> PLCC | $\mathbf{2 4 ~ P I N}$ <br> DIP/SOIC | SYMBOL |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 26 | 22 | C $_{4}$ | Capacitor \#4 - An external capacitor to be connected between this terminal and analog ground. This ca- <br> pacitor prevents false ground key indication and false ring trip detection from occurring when longitudinal <br> currents are induced onto the subscriber loop from nearby power lines and other noise sources. This ca- <br> pacitor is also required for the proper operation of ring trip detection. Typical value is $0.5 \mu \mathrm{FF}$ to 1.OHF, 20V. <br> This capacitor should be nonpolarized. |
| 27 | 23 | AG | Analog Ground - To be connected to zero potential and serves as a reference for the transmit output (TX) <br> and receive input (RX) terminals. |
| 28 | 24 | TX | Transmit Output, Four Wire Side - A low impedance analog output which represents the differential volt- <br> age across Tip and Ring. Transhybrid balancing must be performed (using the SLIC microcircuit's spare <br> op amp) beyond this output to completely implement two to four wire conversion. This output is unbal- <br> anced and referenced to analog ground. Since the DC level of this output varies with loop current, capac- <br> itive coupling to the next stage is essential. |
| $1,8,5,22$ |  | NC | No Internal Connection. |

NOTE:
5. All grounds (AG, $B G$, and $D G$ ) must be applied before $V_{B^{+}}$or $V_{B^{-}}$. Failure to do so may result in premature failure of the part. If a user wishes to run separate grounds off a line card, the AG must be applied first.

## Functional Diagram



## Schematic

SLIC FUNCTIONAL SCHEMATIC
PIN NUMBERS FOR DIP/SOIC PACKAGE


## Logic Diagram

LOGIC GATE SCHEMATIC


## Overvoltage Protection and Longitudinal Current Protection

The SLIC device, in conjunction with an external protection bridge, will withstand high voltage lightning surges and power line crosses.

High voltage surge conditions are as specified in Table 1.
The SLIC will withstand longitudinal currents up to a maximum or $30 \mathrm{~mA}_{\text {RMS }}, 15 \mathrm{~mA}$ RMS per leg, without any performance degradation.

TABLE 1.

| PARAMETER | TEST <br> CONDITION | PERFORMANCE <br> (MAX) | UNITS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Longitudinal <br> Surge | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ Rise/ <br> $1000 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ Fall | $\pm 1000$ (Plastic) | V PEAK |
| Metallic Surge | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ Rise/ <br> $1000 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ Fall | $\pm 1000$ (Plastic) | V $_{\text {PEAK }}$ |
| T/GND <br> R/GND | $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ Rise/ <br> $1000 \mu \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{Fall}$ | $\pm 1000$ (Plastic) | V $_{\text {PEAK }}$ |
| 50/60Hz Current <br> T/GND <br> R/GND | 11 Cycles <br> Limited to <br> $10 A_{\text {RMS }}$ | 700 (Plastic) | V $_{\text {RMS }}$ |

## Applications Diagram



FIGURE 1. TYPICAL LINE CIRCUIT APPLICATION WITH THE MONOLITHIC SLIC

## Typical Component Values

$\mathrm{C}_{1}=0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (Note 6).
$R_{1}=R_{2}=R_{3}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega(0.1 \%$ Match Required, $1 \%$ absolute
$\mathrm{C}_{2}=0.15 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$.
$\mathrm{C}_{3}=0.3 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 30 \mathrm{~V}$.
$\mathrm{C}_{4}=0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ to $1.0 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \%, 20 \mathrm{~V}$ (Should be nonpolarized).
$\mathrm{C}_{5}=0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 20 \mathrm{~V}$.
$\mathrm{C}_{6}=\mathrm{C}_{7}=0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ( $10 \%$ Match Required) (Note 7), 20V.
$\mathrm{C}_{8}=0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 100 \mathrm{~V}$. value), $Z_{B}=0$ for $600 \Omega$ Terminations (Note 7).
$R_{B 1}=R_{B 2}=R_{B 3}=R_{B 4}=150 \Omega(0.1 \%$ Match Required, $1 \%$ absolute value).
$R_{S}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ typically, depending on $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RING}}$ and line length.
$Z_{1}=150 \mathrm{~V}$ to 200 V transient protection. PTC used as ring generator ballast.
$\mathrm{C}_{9}=0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 20 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \%$.
NOTES:
6. $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ is an optional capacitor used to improve $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}+$ supply rejection. This pin must be left open if unused.
7. To obtain the specified transhybrid loss it is necessary for the three legs of the balance network, $C_{6}-R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ and $C_{7}-Z_{B}-R_{3}$, to match in impedance to within $0.3 \%$. Thus, if $\mathrm{C}_{6}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{7}$ are $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ each, a $20 \%$ match is adequate. It should be noted that the transmit output to $\mathrm{C}_{6}$ sees a -22V step when the loop is closed. Too large a value for $\mathrm{C}_{6}$ may produce an excessively long transient at the op amp output to the PCM Filter/CODEC.
8. A $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ gives a time constant of 50 ms . The uncommitted op amp output is internally clamped to stay within $\pm 6.6 \mathrm{~V}$ and is current limited.
9. Secondary protection diode bridge recommended is a $2 \mathrm{~A}, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ type.
10. All grounds (AG, $B G$, and $D G$ ) must be applied before $V_{B+}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$. Failure to do so may result in premature failure of the part. If a user wishes to run separate grounds off a line card, the AG must be applied first.

## Dual-In-Line Plastic Packages (PDIP)


$-\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{s}$


NOTES:

1. Controlling Dimensions: INCH. In case of conflict between English and Metric dimensions, the inch dimensions control.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
3. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication No. 95.
4. Dimensions $A, A 1$ and $L$ are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane gauge GS-3.
5. D, D1, and E1 dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch ( 0.25 mm ).
6. $E$ and $\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{A}}$ are measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum $-\mathrm{C}-$.
7. $e_{B}$ and $e_{C}$ are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained. $e_{C}$ must be zero or greater.
8. B1 maximum dimensions do not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch ( 0.25 mm ).
9. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
10. Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2 + 1) for E8.3, E16.3, E18.3, E28.3, E42.6 will have a B1 dimension of $0.030-0.045$ inch ( $0.76-1.14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ).

E24.6 (JEDEC MS-011-AA ISSUE B) 24 LEAD DUAL-IN-LINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

| SYMBOL | INCHES |  | MILLIMETERS |  | NOTES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |  |
| A | - | 0.250 | - | 6.35 | 4 |
| A1 | 0.015 | - | 0.39 | - | 4 |
| A2 | 0.125 | 0.195 | 3.18 | 4.95 | - |
| B | 0.014 | 0.022 | 0.356 | 0.558 | - |
| B1 | 0.030 | 0.070 | 0.77 | 1.77 | 8 |
| C | 0.008 | 0.015 | 0.204 | 0.381 | - |
| D | 1.150 | 1.290 | 29.3 | 32.7 | 5 |
| D1 | 0.005 | - | 0.13 | - | 5 |
| E | 0.600 | 0.625 | 15.24 | 15.87 | 6 |
| E1 | 0.485 | 0.580 | 12.32 | 14.73 | 5 |
| e | $0.100 ~ B S C$ | $2.54 ~ B S C$ | - |  |  |
| $e_{A}$ | 0.600 BSC | 15.24 BSC | 6 |  |  |
| $e_{B}$ | - | 0.700 | - | 17.78 | 7 |
| L | 0.115 | 0.200 | 2.93 | 5.08 | 4 |
| N | 24 |  | 24 |  | 9 |

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Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier Packages (PLCC)


NOTES:

1. Controlling dimension: $\operatorname{INCH}$. Converted millimeter dimensions are not necessarily exact.
2. Dimensions and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
3. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusions. Allowable mold protrusion is 0.010 inch $(0.25 \mathrm{~mm})$ per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 include mold mismatch and are measured at the extreme material condition at the body parting line.
4. To be measured at seating plane -C- contact point.
5. Centerline to be determined where center leads exit plastic body.
6. " N " is the number of terminal positions.

## Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



NOTES:

1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
3. Dimension " $D$ " does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) per side.
4. Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm ( 0.010 inch) per side.
5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
6. " $L$ " is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
7. " N " is the number of terminal positions.
8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
9. The lead width " $B$ ", as measured 0.36 mm ( 0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61 mm ( 0.024 inch )
10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

M24.3 (JEDEC MS-013-AD ISSUE C) 24 LEAD WIDE BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

| SYMBOL | INCHES |  | MILLIMETERS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |  |  |  |
| A | 0.0926 | 0.1043 | 2.35 | 2.65 | - |  |  |
| A1 | 0.0040 | 0.0118 | 0.10 | 0.30 | - |  |  |
| B | 0.013 | 0.020 | 0.33 | 0.51 | 9 |  |  |
| C | 0.0091 | 0.0125 | 0.23 | 0.32 | - |  |  |
| D | 0.5985 | 0.6141 | 15.20 | 15.60 | 3 |  |  |
| E | 0.2914 | 0.2992 | 7.40 | 7.60 | 4 |  |  |
| e | 0.05 BSC |  | 1.27 |  | BSC |  |  |
| H | 0.394 | 0.419 | 10.00 | 10.65 | - |  |  |
| h | 0.010 | 0.029 | 0.25 | 0.75 | 5 |  |  |
| L | 0.016 | 0.050 | 0.40 | 1.27 | 6 |  |  |
| N | 24 |  |  | 24 |  |  | 7 |
| $\alpha$ | $0^{0}$ | $8^{0}$ | $0^{0}$ | $8^{0}$ | - |  |  |

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