TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC74VCXH16652FT

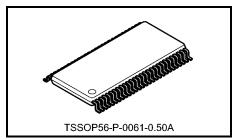
Low-Voltage 16-Bit Bus Transceiver/Register with Bushold

The TC74VCXH16652FT is a high-performance CMOS 16-bit bus transceiver/register. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

This device is bus transceiver with 3-state outputs, D-type flip-flops, and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the internal registers.

The A, B data inputs include active bushold circuitry, eliminating the need for external pull-up resistors to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

Features (Note)

- Low-voltage operation: $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 3.6 V
- Bushold on data inputs eliminating the need for external pull-up/pull-down resistors
- High-speed operation : t_{pd} = 2.9 ns (max) (V_{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6 V)

$$t_{pd} = 7.0 \text{ ns} (max) (V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V})$$

- 3.6-V tolerant control inputs
- Output current: $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 24 \text{ mA} \text{ (min)} (V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V})$
 - $: I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 18 \text{ mA (min)} (V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V})$

 $: I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 6 \text{ mA} \text{ (min)} (V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V})$

- Latch-up performance: -300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model $\geq \pm 200 \text{ V}$

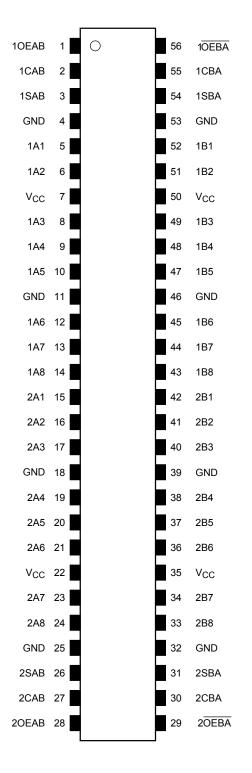
Human body model ≥ ±2000 V

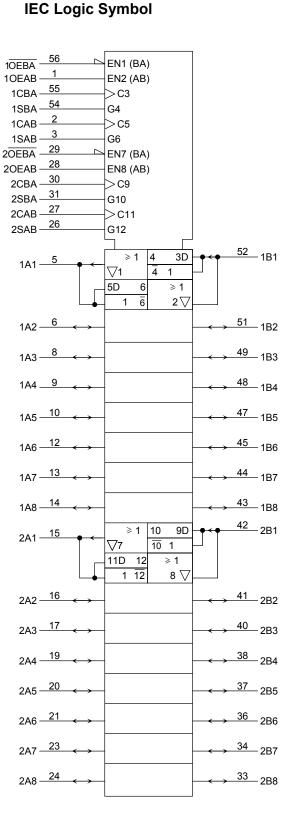
Package: TSSOP

Note: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

<u>TOSHIBA</u>

Pin Assignment (top view)





Truth Table

| | | Contro | I Inputs | | | Bus | | Function | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|--------|----------|-----|-----|--------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------------------------|
| OEAB | OEBA | CAB | CBA | SAB | SBA | Α | В | Function | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X* | X* | х | х | Input | Input | The output functions of A and B Busses are | | | | | | | | | |
| L | н | ~ | ~ | ^ | ~ | Z Z C | | disabled. | | | | | | | | | |
| | п | Ĺ | | х | х | х | х | Both A and B Busses are used as inputs to the internal flip-flops. Data on the Bus will be stored on the rising edge of the Clock. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Input | Output | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X* | X* | L | х | L | L | The data on the A bus are displayed on the B bus. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | н | Н | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ↑ | X* | L | x | L | L | The data on the A bus are displayed on the B Bus, and are stored into the A storage | | | | | | | | | |
| н | н | | ~ | L | ~ | н | н | flip-flops on the rising edge of CAB. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X* | X* | н | х | х | Qn | The data in the A storage flop-flops are displayed on the B Bus. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | • | | | | | | L | L | The data on the A Bus are stored into the A | | | | | | | |
| | | | X* | Н | Х | н | н | storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CAB, and the stored data propagate directly onto the B Bus. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Output | Input | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X* | X* | X L | | х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | х | L | L | The data on the B Bus are displayed on the A bus. |
| | | | | | | Н | Н | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X* | | x | L | L | L | The data on the B Bus are displayed on the A Bus, and are stored into the B storage | | | | | | | | | |
| L | L | ~ | | ^ | L | н | н | flip-flops on the rising edge of CBA. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X* | X* | х | н | Qn | х | The data in the B storage flip-flops are displayed on the A Bus. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | L | L | The data on the B Bus are stored into the B | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X* | | х | н | н | н | storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CBA, and the stored data propagate directly onto the A Bus. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Output | Output | | | | | | | | | | |
| н | L | X* | X* | н | н | Qn | Qn | The data in the A storage flop-flops are displayed on the B Bus, and the data in the B storage flop-flops are displayed on the A. | | | | | | | | | |

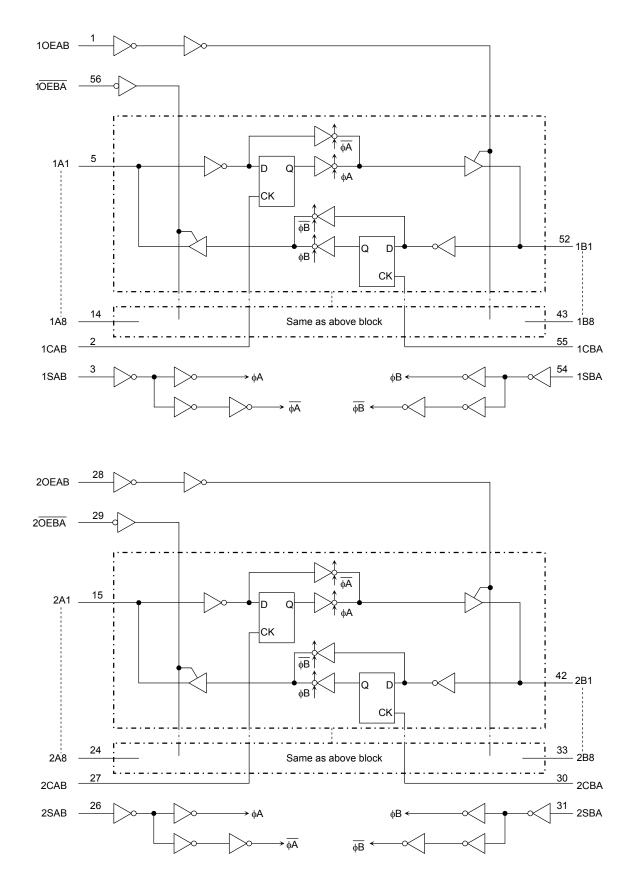
X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

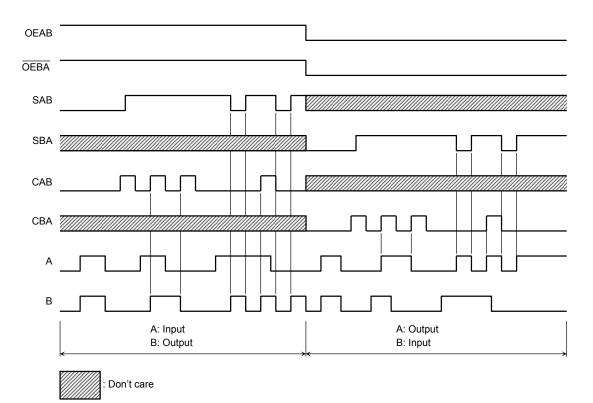
Qn: The data stored into the internal flip-flops by most recent low to high transition of the clock inputs.

*: The clocks are not internally gated with either OEAB or OEBA . Therefore, data on the A and/or B busses may be clocked into the storage flip-flops at any time.

System Diagram



Timing Chart



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

| | Characteristics | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Power sup | oply voltage | V _{CC} | -0.5 to 4.6 | V |
| DC input | (OEAB, OEBA, SAB, SBA, CAB, CBA) | | -0.5 to 4.6 | |
| voltage | (An, Bn) | VIN | -0.5 to V_{CC} + 0.5 | V |
| | (AII, BII) | | (Note 2) | |
| DC | | | -0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5 | |
| output voltage | (An, Bn) | Vout | (Note 3) | V |
| Input diod | e current | IIK | -50 | mA |
| Output dic | ode current | I _{OK} | ±50 (Note 4) | mA |
| Output current | | IOUT | ±50 | mA |
| Power dissipation | | PD | 400 | mW |
| DC V _{CC} /ground current per supply pin | | I _{CC} /I _{GND} | ±100 | mA |
| Storage te | emperature | T _{stg} | -65 to 150 | °C |

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state. IOUT absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4: $V_{OUT} < GND, V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

Operating Ranges (Note 1) (Note 2)

| Characteristics | | Symbol | Rating | Unit | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------|--|
| Power su | Power supply voltage | | 1.8 to 3.6 | V | |
| r ower su | opiy voltage | V _{CC} | 1.2 to 3.6 (Note 3) | v | |
| Input | | | -0.3 to 3.6 | V | |
| voltage | (An, Bn) | | 0 to V _{CC} (Note 4) | | |
| Output voltage | (An, Bn) | V _{OUT} | 0 to V_{CC} (Note 5) | V | |
| | | | ±24 (Note 6) | | |
| Output cu | Output current | | ±18 (Note 7) | mA | |
| | | | ±6 (Note 8) | | |
| Operating temperature | | T _{opr} | -40 to 85 | °C | |
| Input rise | and fall time | dt/dv | 0 to 10 (Note 9) | ns/V | |

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either VCC or GND.

Note 2: Floating or unused control inputs must be held high or low.

Note 3: Data retention only

- Note 4: OFF state
- Note 5: High or low state
- Note 6: $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6 V
- Note 7: $V_{CC}=2.3 \mbox{ to } 2.7 \mbox{ V}$
- Note 8: $V_{CC} = 1.8 V$
- Note 9: $V_{IN}=0.8$ to 2.0 V, $V_{CC}=3.0$ V

Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < $V_{CC} \leq 3.6$ V)

| Characterist | ioo | Symbol | Test C | andition | | Min | Max | l lucit |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------|---------|
| Characteristics | | Symbol | Symbol Test Condition | | V _{CC} (V) | IVIII | Max | Unit |
| Input voltage | H-level | VIH | - | _ | | 2.0 | _ | V |
| input voltage | L-level | VIL | - | | 2.7 to 3.6 | _ | 0.8 | v |
| | | | | I _{OH} = -100 μA | 2.7 to 3.6 | V _{CC} - 0.2 | | |
| | H-level | VOH | $V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | $I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$ | 2.7 | 2.2 | _ | |
| | | | | $I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$ | 3.0 | 2.4 | _ | |
| Output voltage | | | | $I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$ | 3.0 | 2.2 | _ | V |
| | | | $V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | $I_{OL} = 100 \ \mu A$ | 2.7 to 3.6 | _ | 0.2 | |
| | L-level | V _{OL} | | $I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$ | 2.7 | — | 0.4 | |
| | L-IEVEI | VOL | | I _{OL} = 18 mA | 3.0 | _ | 0.4 | |
| | | | | $I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$ | 3.0 | _ | 0.55 | |
| Input leakage current (OEAB, OEBA, SAB, CBA) | , SBA, CAB, | I _{IN} | V _{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V | | 2.7 to 3.6 | _ | ±5.0 | μA |
| Bushold input minimur | n drive hold | | V _{IN} = 0.8 V | | 3.0 | 75 | _ | |
| current | | II (HOLD) | V _{IN} = 2.0 V | | 3.0 | -75 | _ | μA |
| Bushold input over-drive current to change state | | | | (Note 1) | 3.6 | _ | 450 | |
| | | I _{I (OD)} | | (Note 2) | 3.6 | | -450 | μA |
| 3-state output OFF state current | | I _{OZ} | $V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$ | | 2.7 to 3.6 | _ | ±10.0 | μA |
| Quiescent supply current | | Icc | $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND | | 2.7 to 3.6 | _ | 20.0 | μA |
| Increase in I _{CC} per inp | out | Δl _{CC} | $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V$ | | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 750 | μA |

Note 1: An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW-to-HIGH.

Note 2: An external driver must sink at least the specified current to switch from HIGH-to-LOW.

DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.3 V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7 V)

| Characteristics | | Symbol | Symbol Test Condition | | | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------|------|
| | | Symbol | Testo | V _{CC} (V) | IVIIII | IVIAX | Onit | |
| Input voltage | H-level | VIH | - | _ | | 1.6 | _ | V |
| input voltage | L-level | VIL | - | | 2.3 to 2.7 | _ | 0.7 | v |
| | | | | I _{OH} = -100 μA | 2.3 to 2.7 | V _{CC} - 0.2 | _ | |
| | H-level | V _{OH} | $V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | I _{OH} = -6 mA | 2.3 | 2.0 | _ | |
| | | | | $I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$ | 2.3 | 1.8 | _ | |
| Output voltage | | | | $I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$ | 2.3 | 1.7 | _ | V |
| | | V _{OL} | OL $V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | $I_{OL} = 100 \ \mu A$ | 2.3 to 2.7 | _ | 0.2 | |
| | L-level | | | $I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$ | 2.3 | — | 0.4 | |
| | | | | I _{OL} = 18 mA | 2.3 | _ | 0.6 | |
| Input leakage current (OEAB, OEBA, SAB CBA) | | I _{IN} | V _{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V | | 2.3 to 2.7 | _ | ±5.0 | μA |
| Bushold input minimu | m drive hold | | V _{IN} = 0.7 V | | 2.3 | 45 | _ | |
| current | | II (HOLD) | V _{IN} = 1.6 V | | 2.3 | -45 | | μA |
| Bushold input over-dr | Bushold input over-drive current to | | | (Note 1) | 2.7 | _ | 300 | μA |
| change state | | II (OD) | (Note 2) | | 2.7 | _ | -300 | μΑ |
| 3-state output OFF state current | | I _{OZ} | $V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$ | | 2.3 to 2.7 | _ | ±10.0 | μA |
| Quiescent supply curr | rent | Icc | $V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$ | | 2.3 to 2.7 | _ | 20.0 | μA |

Note 1: An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW-to-HIGH.

Note 2: An external driver must sink at least the specified current to switch from HIGH-to-LOW.

DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 1.8 V \leq V_{CC} < 2.3 V)

| Characteristics | | Symbol | Test Condition | | V _{CC} (V) | Min | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------|
| H-level | | V _{IH} | _ | | 1.8 to 2.3 | $0.7 \times V_{CC}$ | | V |
| Input voltage | L-level | V _{IL} | - | _ | 1.8 to 2.3 | | $0.2 \times V_{CC}$ | v |
| | H-level | V _{OH} | VIN = VIH or VIL | I _{OH} = -100 μA | 1.8 | V _{CC} - 0.2 | _ | |
| Output voltage | | | | I _{OH} = -6 mA | 1.8 | 1.4 | _ | V |
| | L-level | N.s. | $V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | I _{OL} = 100 μA | 1.8 | | 0.2 | |
| | | V _{OL} | | $I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$ | 1.8 | _ | 0.3 | |
| Input leakage current (OEAB, OEBA, SAB, SBA, CAB, CBA) | | I _{IN} | V _{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V | | 1.8 | _ | ±5.0 | μΑ |
| Bushold input minimun | n drive hold | | V _{IN} = 0.36 V | | 1.8 | 25 | _ | ٩ |
| current | | II (HOLD) | V _{IN} = 1.26 V | | 1.8 | -25 | | μA |
| Bushold input over-drive current to change state | | | | (Note 1) | 1.8 | | 200 | |
| | | II (OD) | | (Note 2) | 1.8 | | _200 μA | |
| 3-state output OFF state current | | I _{OZ} | $V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$ | | 1.8 | | ±10.0 | μA |
| Quiescent supply curre | ent | ICC | $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND | | 1.8 | _ | 20.0 | μA |

Note 1: An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW-to-HIGH.

Note 2: An external driver must sink at least the specified current to switch from HIGH-to-LOW.

 $Downloaded \ from \ \underline{Elcodis.com} \ electronic \ components \ distributor$

AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0 \text{ ns}$, $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$, $R_L = 500 \Omega$) (Note 1)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-----|------|
| Characteristics | Cymbol | | $V_{CC}(V)$ | IVIIII | Max | Onit |
| | | | 1.8 | 100 | _ | MHz |
| Maximum clock frequency | f _{max} | Figure 1, Figure 3 | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 200 | | |
| | | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 250 | | |
| Dreposition dolou time | | | 1.8 | 1.5 | 7.0 | |
| Propagation delay time | t _{pLH} | Figure 1, Figure 2 | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 0.8 | 3.5 | ns |
| (An, Bn-Bn, An) | tpHL | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 0.6 | 2.9 | |
| Dranagation dolay time | + | | 1.8 | 1.5 | 8.8 | |
| Propagation delay time (CAB, CBA-Bn, An) | t _{pLH} | Figure 1, Figure 3 | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 0.8 | 4.4 | ns |
| | tpHL | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 0.6 | 3.2 | |
| Dranagation dolay time | + | | 1.8 | 1.5 | 8.8 | |
| Propagation delay time | t _{pLH} | Figure 1, Figure 2 | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 0.8 | 4.4 | ns |
| (SAB, SBA-Bn, An) | tpHL | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 0.6 | 3.5 | |
| Output enable time | 4 | Figure 1, Figure 4, Figure 5 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 9.8 | |
| (OEAB, OEBA -An, Bn) | t _{pZL} | | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 0.8 | 4.9 | ns |
| | ^t pZH | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 0.6 | 3.8 | |
| Output disable time | t | | 1.8 | 1.5 | 8.1 | ns |
| (OEAB, OEBA -An, Bn) | t _{pLZ} t _{pHZ} | Figure 1, Figure 4, Figure 5 | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 0.8 | 4.5 | |
| | чрн∠ | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 0.6 | 3.9 | |
| | t (1) | | 1.8 | 4.0 | — | |
| Minimum pulse width | t _{w (H)} t _{w (L)} | Figure 1, Figure 3 | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 1.5 | | ns |
| | ۹ (L) | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 1.5 | | |
| | | | 1.8 | 2.5 | — | |
| Minimum setup time | ts | Figure 1, Figure 3 | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 1.5 | | ns |
| | | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 1.5 | | |
| | | | 1.8 | 1.0 | | |
| Minimum hold time | t _h | Figure 1, Figure 3 | 2.5 ± 0.2 | 1.0 | | ns |
| | | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | 1.0 | — | |
| | teatur | | 1.8 | _ | 0.5 | |
| Output to output skew | t _{osLH} t _{osHL} | (Note 2) | 2.5 ± 0.2 | _ | 0.5 | ns |
| | USHL | | $\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$ | _ | 0.5 | |

Note 1: For $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 2: Parameter guaranteed by design. $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, \ t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$

Dynamic Switching Characteristics

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C, input: t_r = t_f = 2.0 \text{ ns}, C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500 \Omega)$

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | | Тур. | Unit | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------|-------|------|--|
| | Cymbol | | | $V_{CC}(V)$ | Typ. | Onit | |
| | | $V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$ | (Note) | 1.8 | 0.25 | | |
| Quiet output maximum dynamic V _{OL} | V _{OLP} | $V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$ | (Note) | 2.5 | 0.6 | V | |
| , | | $V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$ | (Note) | 3.3 | 0.8 | | |
| | | $V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$ | (Note) | 1.8 | -0.25 | | |
| Quiet output minimum dynamic V _{OI} | V _{OLV} | $V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$ | (Note) | 2.5 | -0.6 | V | |
| , | | $V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$ | (Note) | 3.3 | -0.8 | | |
| | | $V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$ | (Note) | 1.8 | 1.5 | | |
| Quiet output minimum dynamic V _{OH} | V _{OHV} | $V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$ | (Note) | 2.5 | 1.9 | V | |
| | | $V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ | (Note) | 3.3 | 2.2 | | |

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

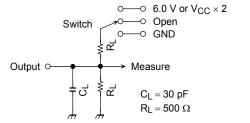
| Characteristics | Symbol Test Condition | | | Тур. | Unit |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|------|------|
| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | V _{CC} (V) | тур. | Unit |
| Input capacitance | C _{IN} | (OEAB, OEBA, CAB, CBA, SAB, SBA) | 1.8, 2.5, 3.3 | 6 | pF |
| Bus I/O capacitance | C _{I/O} | An, Bn | 1.8, 2.5, 3.3 | 7 | pF |
| Power dissipation capacitance | C _{PD} | $f_{IN} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ (Note) | 1.8, 2.5, 3.3 | 20 | pF |

Note: C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16$ (per bit)

AC Test Circuit



| Parameter | Switch | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| t _{pLH} , t _{pHL} | Open | | |
| t _{pLZ} , t _{pZL} | | | |
| t _{pHZ} , t _{pZH} | GND | | |



AC Waveform

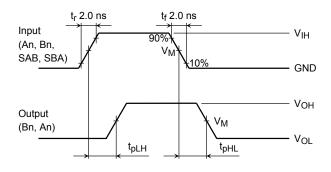


Figure 2 t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}

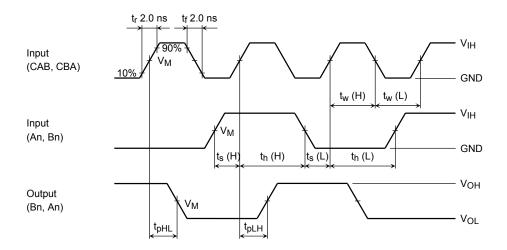


Figure 3 t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}, t_w, t_s, t_h

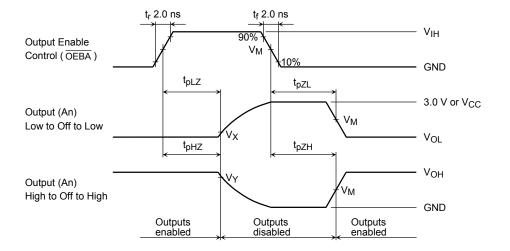
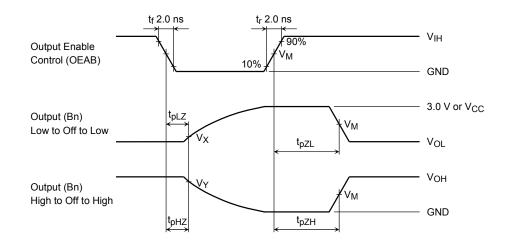
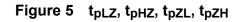


Figure 4 $t_{pLZ}, t_{pHZ}, t_{pZL}, t_{pZH}$



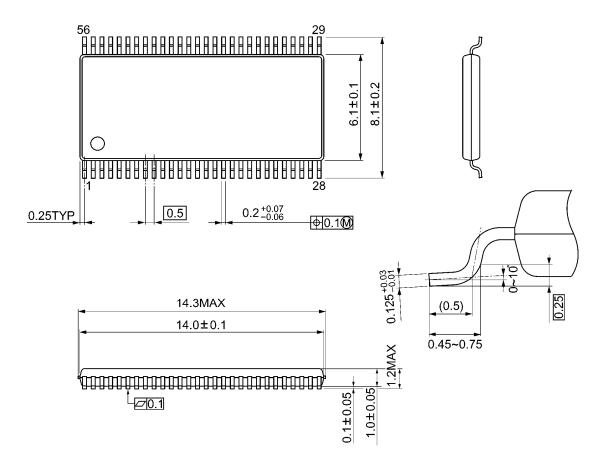


| Symbol | V _{CC} | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol | $3.3\pm0.3~V$ | $2.5\pm0.2~\text{V}$ | 1.8 V | | | | |
| VIH | 2.7 V | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | | | | |
| VM | 1.5 V | V _{CC} /2 | V _{CC} /2 | | | | |
| V _X | V_{OL} + 0.3 V | V _{OL} + 0.15 V | V _{OL} + 0.15 V | | | | |
| VY | V _{OH} – 0.3 V | V _{OH} – 0.15 V | V _{OH} – 0.15 V | | | | |

Package Dimensions

TSSOP56-P-0061-0.50A

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

20070701-EN GENERAL

- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.
- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.
 In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc.
- The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury ("Unintended Usage"). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in his document shall be made at the customer's own risk.
- The products described in this document shall not be used or embedded to any downstream products of which manufacture, use and/or sale are prohibited under any applicable laws and regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringements of patents or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patents or other rights of TOSHIBA or the third parties.
- Please contact your sales representative for product-by-product details in this document regarding RoHS compatibility. Please use these products in this document in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances. Toshiba assumes no liability for damage or losses occurring as a result of noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.