TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

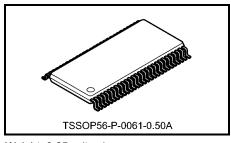
# **TC74VCX16543FT**

#### Low-Voltage 16-Bit Registered Transceiver with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC74VCX16543FT is a high performance CMOS 16-bit registered transceiver. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to  $3.6\ V.$ 

The TC74VCX16543FT can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. Separate latch-enable ( $\overline{\text{LEAB}}$  or  $\overline{\text{LEBA}}$ ) and output-enable ( $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$  or  $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ ) inputs are provided for each register to permit independent control in either direction of data flow.



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

The A-to-B enable  $(\overline{CEAB})$  input must be low in order to enter data from A or to output data from B. If  $\overline{CEAB}$  is low and  $\overline{LEAB}$  is low, the A-to-B latches are transparent; a subsequent low-to-high transition of  $\overline{LEAB}$  puts the A latches in the storage mode. With  $\overline{CEAB}$  and  $\overline{OEAB}$  both low, the 3-state B outputs are active and reflect the data present at the output of the A latches.

Data flow from B to A is similar but requires using the CEBA, LEBA, and OEAB inputs.

When the OE input is high, the outputs are in a high-impedance state. This device is designed to be used with 3-state memory address drivers, etc.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.

### Features (Note)

- Low-voltage operation: V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 to 3.6 V
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 3.5 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V)}$

 $t_{pd} = 4.0 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ 

 $: t_{pd} = 8.0 \text{ ns (max) (VCC} = 1.8 \text{ V)}$ 

• Output current:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 24 \text{ mA (min)} (V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V})$ 

 $: I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 18 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V)}$ 

:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 6 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V)}$ 

- Latch-up performance: -300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model  $\geq \pm 200 \text{ V}$

Human body model ≥ ±2000 V

- Package: TSSOP
- Bidirectional interface between 2.5 V and 3.3 V signals.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs

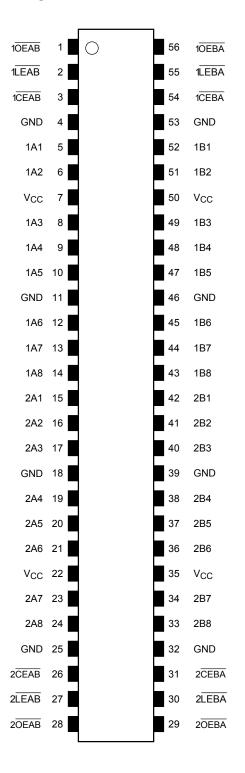
Note: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

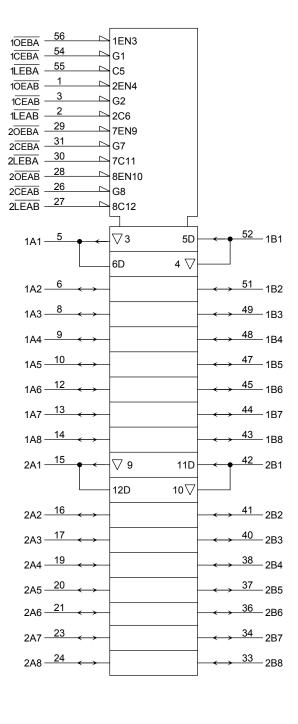
All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input level fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

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## Pin Assignment (top view)

# IEC Logic Symbol





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# Truth Table (A bus → B bus each 8-bit latch)

	Inputs						
CEAB	LEAB	OEAB	Α	В			
Н	Х	Х	Х	Z			
Х	Х	Н	Х	Z			
L	Н	L	Х	B0 (Note)			
L	L	L	L	L			
L	L	L	Н	Н			

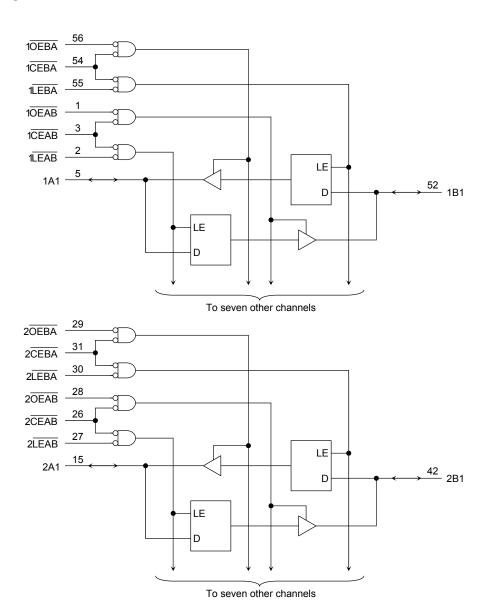
Note: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

# Truth Table (B bus → A bus each 8-bit latch)

	Outputs			
CEBA	LEBA	OEBA	В	Α
Н	Х	Х	Х	Z
Х	Х	Н	Х	Z
	Н		X	A0
L	П	L	^	(Note)
L	L	L	L	L
L	L	L	Н	Н

Note: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

# **System Diagram**





### **Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>C</sub> C	−0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage  (OEAB, OEBA, LEAB, LEBA, CEAB, CEBA)	VIN	−0.5 to 4.6	٧
		-0.5 to 4.6 (Note 2)	
DC bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
		(Note 3)	
Input diode current	I <sub>IK</sub>	-50	mA
Output diode current	lok	±50 (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	lout	±50	mA
Power dissipation	$P_{D}$	400	mW
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current per supply pin	I <sub>CC</sub> /I <sub>GND</sub>	±100	mA
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to 150	°C

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state. IOUT absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4:  $V_{OUT} < GND, V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$ 

## **Operating Ranges (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	1.8 to 3.6	V
1 ower supply voltage	VCC	1.2 to 3.6 (Note 2)	V
Input voltage  ( OEAB , OEBA , LEAB , LEBA , CEBA )	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Bus I/O voltage	V <sub>I/O</sub>	0 to 3.6 (Note 3)	V
Bus I/O voltage	V 1/O	0 to V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 4)	V
		±24 (Note 5)	
Output current	I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	±18 (Note 6)	mA
		±6 (Note 7)	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 8)	ns/V

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device.

Unused inputs must be tied to either VCC or GND.

Note 2: Data retention only

Note 3: OFF state

Note 4: High or low state

Note 5:  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ 

Note 6:  $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ 

Note 7:  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ 

Note 8:  $V_{IN} = 0.8$  to 2.0 V,  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V



# **Electrical Characteristics**

# DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < $V_{CC} \le 3.6$ V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test (	Condition		Min	Max	Unit		
		_			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)					
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>		_	2.7 to 3.6	2.0	_	V		
input voltage	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>		_	2.7 to 3.6	_	0.8	V		
				$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_			
	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.7	2.2	_			
				$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.4	_			
Output voltage				$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2	_	V		
			$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	_	0.2			
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7	_	0.4			
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>		AIN = AIH OI AIL	AIM — AIH OI AIL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA	3.0	_	0.4	
				$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	_	0.55			
Input leakage curr	ent	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V	•	2.7 to 3.6	_	±5.0	μА		
2 state sutput OF	- state aumant		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$			140.0			
3-state output OFF	- state current	loz	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V	$V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V			±10.0	μΑ		
Power-off leakage	current	l <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μА		
Quiescent supply current		l	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7 to 3.6	_	20.0			
Quiescent supply	Curtil	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3$	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$			±20.0	μΑ		
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> pe	r input	Δlcc	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V$		2.7 to 3.6		750			

# DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.3 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V)

Characteri	stics	Symbol	Test C	ondition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit	
lanut valtana	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	_	2.3 to 2.7	1.6	_	V	
Input voltage	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	_	2.3 to 2.7	_	0.7	V	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_		
	H-level	Voн	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	2.3	2.0	_		
				$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.3	1.8	_	
Output voltage					$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	2.3	1.7	_	V
			$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$	2.3 to 2.7	_	0.2		
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>		$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \ or \ V_{IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.3	_	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA	2.3	_	0.6		
Input leakage curre	nt	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		2.3 to 2.7	_	±5.0	μΑ	
3-state output OFF	state current	loz	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>		2.3 to 2.7	_	±10.0	μА	
3-state output Of 1	3-state output OFF state current		$V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V		2.3 10 2.7		±10.0	μΛ	
Power-off leakage	current	l <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{IN}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 $V$		0	_	10.0	μΑ	
Quiescent supply c	urrent	Icc	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		_	20.0	μА	
Quicocciii auppiy c	unont	100	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.0$	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		_	±20.0	μΑ	



# DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 1.8 V $\leq$ V $_{CC}$ < 2.3 V)

Characteri	stics	Symbol	Test Co	Test Condition V <sub>CC</sub> (V)		Min	Max	Unit
lanut valtasa	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	_	_	1.8 to 2.3	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>	_	V
Input voltage	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	_	1.8 to 2.3		0.2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>II</sub>	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	1.8	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_	
Output voltage				I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	1.8	1.4	_	V
	L-level	Vai	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$	1.8	_	0.2	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	VIN = VIH OI VIL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	1.8	_	0.3	
Input leakage curre	nt	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0$ to 3.6 V		1.8	_	±5.0	μΑ
3-state output OFF	state current	loz	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V		1.8	_	±10.0	μА
Power-off leakage of	urrent	l <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0		10.0	μΑ
Quiescent supply co	ırrent	loo	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		1.8		20.0	μА
Quidocent supply ct	ai i Ci il	100	$I_{CC}$ $V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	_	±20.0	μΛ

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# AC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, input: $t_r$ = $t_f$ = 2.0 ns, $C_L$ = 30 pF, $R_L$ = 500 $\Omega$ ) (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		Min	Max	Unit	
			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)				
Propagation delay time	t <sub>pLH</sub>		1.8	1.5	8.0		
(An, Bn-Bn, An)	toHL	Figure 1, Figure 2	$2.5 \pm 0.2$	8.0	4.0	ns	
(7 (11, 211 211, 7 (11)	фпь		$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.5		
Dronogation delay time			1.8	1.5	9.8		
Propagation delay time (LEAB, LEBA -Bn, An)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	5.0	ns	
(LEAB, LEBA-BII, AII)	tpHL		$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.9		
3-state output enable time	t		1.8	1.5	9.8		
(OEAB, OEBA, CEAB,	t <sub>pZL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 4	$2.5 \pm 0.2$	8.0	4.9	ns	
CEBA)	t <sub>pZH</sub>		$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.8		
3-state output disable time		Figure 1, Figure 4	1.8	1.5	7.6	ns	
(OEAB, OEBA, CEAB,	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>		$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.8	4.2		
CEBA)			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.7		
Minimum model and date		Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	1.8	4.0	_		
Minimum pulse width ( LEAB , LEBA , CEAB , CEBA )	t <sub>W (L)</sub>		$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.5	_	ns	
(LEAD, LEDA, CEAD, CEDA)			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.5	_		
NAI			1.8	2.5	_		
Minimum set-up time  (An, Bn- LE, CE)	t <sub>S</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.5	_	ns	
(AII, BII-LE, CE)			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.5	_	.	
No. 1 110			1.8	1.0	_		
Minimum hold time $(An,Bn\text{-}\overline{LE}\;,\;\;\overline{CE}\;)$	t <sub>h</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.0	_	ns	
			$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.0	_		
	_		1.8	_	0.5	ns	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note 2)	2.5 ± 0.2	_	0.5		
	tosHL	-		_	0.5		

Note 1: For  $C_L = 50$  pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 2: Parameter guaranteed by design.  $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 



# **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C, input:  $t_r = t_f = 2.0$  ns,  $C_L = 30$  pF,  $R_L = 500$  Ω)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition			Unit
Oridiacteristics	Syllibol	rest condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	5
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	1.8	0.25	
Quiet output maximum dynamic $V_{\mbox{OL}}$	V <sub>OLP</sub>	$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	2.5	0.6	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	3.3	0.8	
	V <sub>OLV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	1.8	-0.25	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>		$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	2.5	-0.6	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	3.3	-0.8	
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	1.8	1.5	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>OHV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	2.5	1.9	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	3.3	2.2	

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

## **Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

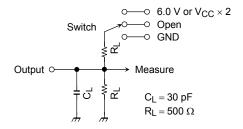
Characteristics	Cumahal	Symbol Test Condition			T. 400	Unit
Characteristics	Symbol	rest Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	Offic
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>			1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Bus I/O capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	_		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	$f_{IN} = 10 \text{ MHz}$	(Note)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note: CPD is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16 \text{ (per bit)}$ 

#### **AC Test Circuit**



Parameter	Switch		
t <sub>pLH</sub> , t <sub>pHL</sub>	Open		
t <sub>pLZ</sub> , t <sub>pZL</sub>	6.0 V V <sub>CC</sub> × 2	$@V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V} \\ @V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V} \\ @V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	
t <sub>pHZ</sub> , t <sub>pZH</sub>		GND	

Figure 1

#### **AC Waveform**

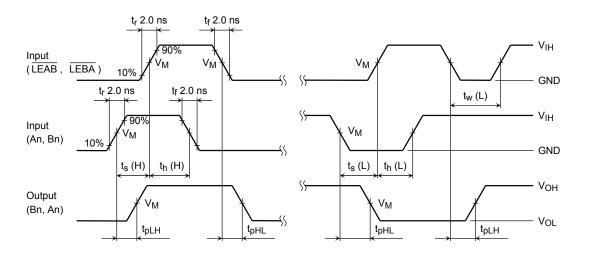


Figure 2 t<sub>pLH</sub>, t<sub>pHL</sub>, t<sub>w</sub>, t<sub>s</sub>, t<sub>h</sub>

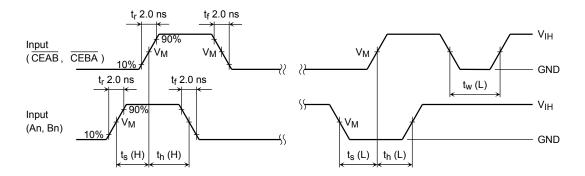


Figure 3 tw, ts, th

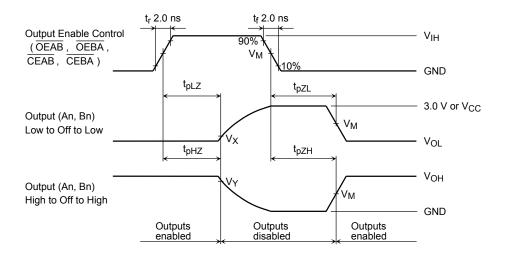


Figure 4  $t_{\text{pLZ}},\,t_{\text{pHZ}},\,t_{\text{pZL}},\,t_{\text{pZH}}$ 

Symbol	V <sub>CC</sub>						
Symbol	$3.3\pm0.3~\textrm{V}$	$2.5\pm0.2\textrm{V}$	1.8 V				
VIH	2.7 V	Vcc	Vcc				
V <sub>M</sub>	1.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2				
VX	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V				
VY	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V				

# **Package Dimensions**

TSSOP56-P-0061-0.50A Unit: mm  $6.1 \pm 0.1$  $0.2^{\,+0.07}_{\,-0.06}$ 0.5 0.25TYP **⊕**0.1**M** 14.3MAX (0.5)14.0±0.1 0.45~0.75 1.0±0.05  $0.1 \pm 0.05$ 

Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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20070701-EN GENERAL

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