







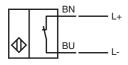
# **Model Number**

NCN4-12GM35-N0-10M

## **Features**

- Comfort series
- · 4 mm not embeddable
- Usable up to SIL2 acc. to IEC 61508

## Connection



## **Accessories**

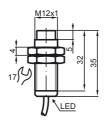
EXG-12

Quick mounting bracket with dead stop

BF 12

Mounting flange, 12 mm

## **Dimensions**



## **Technical Data**

G

eneral specifications			
Switching element function		NAMUR, NC	
Rated operating distance	s <sub>n</sub>	4 mm	
Installation		not embeddable	
Output polarity		NAMUR	
Assured operating distance	s <sub>a</sub>	0 3.24 mm	
Reduction factor r <sub>Al</sub>		0.37	
Reduction factor r-		0.36	

Reduction factor r<sub>Cu</sub> 0.36
Reduction factor r<sub>303</sub> 0.74
Nominal ratings

Nominal voltage U<sub>o</sub> 8 V
Switching frequency f 0 ... 800 Hz
Hysteresis H 1 ... 10 typ. 5 %
Reverse polarity protected
Short-circuit protection yes

Current consumption

Measuring plate not detected ≥ 3 mA

Measuring plate detected ≤ 1 mA

Measuring plate detected ≤ 1 mA
Indication of the switching state all direction LED, yellow
Ambient conditions

 Mechanical specifications

 Connection type
 cable PVC , 10 m

 Core cross-section
 0.34 mm²

Housing material Stainless steel
Sensing face PBT
Protection degree IP67
General information

Scope of delivery
Use in the hazardous area
Category

2 self locking nuts in scope of delivery
see instruction manuals
1G; 2G; 3G; 1D; 3D

Category

Compliance with standards and directives

 Standard conformity
 EN 60947-5-6:2000

 NAMUR
 IEC 60947-5-6:1999

Standards IEC 60947-5-6:1999
Standards EN 60947-5-2:2007
IEC 60947-5-2:2007

Approvals and certificates

UL approval cULus Listed, General Purpose CSA approval cCSAus Listed, General Purpose

CCC approval Products with a maximum operating voltage of ≤36 V do not bear a CCC marking because they do not require approval.

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#### ATEX 1G

Instruction

Device category 1G

Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE symbol

Ex-identification

EC-Type Examination Certificate

Appropriate type

Effective internal capacitance Ci Effective internal inductance  $L_{i}$ 

Cable length

Explosion group IIA Explosion group IIB Explosion group IIC

General

Highest permissible ambient temperature

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

## Special conditions

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

#### Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist

94/9/EG

EN 60079-0:2006, EN 60079-11:2007, EN 60079-26:2007 Ignition protection "Intrinsic safety"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

**C**€0102

⟨ы⟩ II 1G Ex ia IIC T6

PTB 00 ATEX 2048 X

NCN4-12GM...-N0..

 $\leq$  95 nF ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

≤ 100 µH; a cable length of 10 m is considered

Dangerous electrostatic charges on the fixed connection cable must be taken into account for lengths equal to and exceeding the following values:

100 cm 50 cm 8 cm

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual.

The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed. The special conditions must be adhered to!

Directive 94/9/EG and hence also EC-Type Examination Certificates apply in general only to the use of electrical apparatus under atmospheric conditions.

The use in ambient temperatures of > 60 °C was tested with regard to hot surfaces by the mentioned certification authority.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the per-

missible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

The temperature ranges, according to temperature class, are given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate. Note: Use the temperature table for category 1 !!! The 20 % reduction in accordance with EN 1127-1:2007 has already been accounted for in the temperature table for category 1.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed.

The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

The associated apparatus must satisfy the requirements of category ia. Due to the possible danger of ignition, which can arise due to faults and/or transient currents in the equipotential bonding system, galvanic isolation of the power supply and signal circuit is preferable. Associated apparatus without electrical isolation must only be used if the appropriate requirements of IEC 60079-14 are met.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

When used in the temperature range below -20 °C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

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### ATEX 2G

Instruction

# Device category 2G

Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE symbol

Ex-identification

EC-Type Examination Certificate Appropriate type Effective internal capacitance  $C_i$ 

Effective internal inductance L<sub>i</sub>

General

Highest permissible ambient temperature

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

#### Special conditions

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

#### Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist 94/9/EG

EN 60079-0:2006, EN 60079-11:2007
Ignition protection "Intrinsic safety"
Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

C €0102

⟨ II 1G Ex ia IIC T6

PTB 00 ATEX 2048 X

NCN4-12GM...-N0...

 $\leq$  95 nF ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.  $\leq$  100  $\mu H$  ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual. The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed. The special conditions must be adhered to!

Directive 94/9/EG and hence also EC-Type Examination Certificates apply in general only to the use of electrical apparatus under atmospheric conditions.

The use in ambient temperatures of > 60 °C was tested with regard to hot surfaces

The use in ambient temperatures of > 60 °C was tested with regard to hot surfaces by the mentioned certification authority.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

The temperature ranges, according to temperature class, are given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed. The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

When used in the temperature range below -20  $^{\circ}$ C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

#### ATEX 1D

Instruction

#### Device category 1D

Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE symbol

Ex-identification

EC-Type Examination Certificate

Appropriate type

Effective internal capacitance C<sub>i</sub>

Effective internal inductance Li

General

Maximum housing surface temperature

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

### Special conditions

Electrostatic charging

### Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with combustible dust 94/9/EG

IEC 61241-11:2002: draft; prEN61241-0:2002 type of protection intrinsic safety "iD" Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

**C**€0102

(Ex) II 1D Ex iaD 20 T 108 °C (226.4 °F)

ZELM 03 ATEX 0128 X

NCN4-12GM...-N0...

≤ 95 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

 $\leq$  100  $\mu H$  ; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual.

The EC-Type Examination Certificate has to be observed.

The special conditions must be adhered to!

The maximum surface temperature of the housing is given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed.

The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

The associated apparatus must satisfy at least the requirements of category ia IIB or iaD. Because of the possibility of the danger of ignition, which can arise due to faults and/or transient currents in the equipotential bonding system, galvanic isolation in the power supply and signal circuits is preferable. Associated apparatus without electrical isolation must only be used if the appropriate requirements of IEC 60079-14 are met.

The intrinsically safe circuit has to be protected against influences due to lightning. When used in the isolating wall between Zone 20 and Zone 21 or Zone 21 und Zone 22 the sensor must not be exposed to any mechanical danger and must be sealed in such a way, that the protective function of the isolating wall is not impaired. The applicable directives and standards must be observed.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding

avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

The connection cables are to be laid in accordance with EN 50281-1-2 and must not normally be subjected to chaffing during use.

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ATEX 3D

This instruction is only valid for products according to EN 50281-1-1, valid until 30-September-2008 Note

Note the ex-marking on the sensor or on the enclosed adhesive label

Instruction Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

Device category 3D for use in hazardous areas with non-conducting combustible dust

Directive conformity 94/9/EG EN 50281-1-1 Standard conformity

Protection via housing Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

CE symbol **C**€0102

Ex-identification ⟨ы⟩ II 3D IP67 T 109 °C (228.2 °F) X

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual. General

The data stated in the data sheet are restricted by this operating instruction! The special conditions must be adhered to!

Installation, Comissioning Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed. Maintenance

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

Special conditions

Minimum series resistance R<sub>V</sub> A minimum series resistance RV is to be provided between the power supply voltage and the proximity switch in accordance

with the following list. This can also be assured by using a switch amplifier. Maximum operating voltage U<sub>Bmax</sub> The maximum permissible operating voltage UBmax must be restricted to the values given in the following list. Tolerances

are not permitted.

Maximum heating (Temperature rise) Values can be obtained from the following list, depending on the max. operating voltage Ub max and the minimum series

resistance Rv.

at  $U_{Bmax}$ =9 V,  $R_V$ =562  $\Omega$ 9 K using an amplifier in accordance with 9 K EN 60947-5-6

The sensor must not be mechanically damaged. Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding. Electrostatic charging

The connection cable must be prevented from being subjected to tension and torsional loading. Protection of the connection cable

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ATEX 3D (tD)

Note

This instruction is only valid for products according to EN 61241-0:2006 and EN 61241-1:2004 Note the ex-marking on the sensor or on the enclosed adhesive label

Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas Instruction

Device category 3D for use in hazardous areas with non-conducting combustible dust

Directive conformity 94/9/EG

Standard conformity EN 61241-0:2006, EN 61241-1:2004

Protection via housing "tD"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

(€ CE symbol

Ex-identification ⟨ II 3D Ex tD A22 IP67 T80°C X

General The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual.

The maximum surface temperature has been determined in accordance with method A without a dust layer on the equip-

The data stated in the data sheet are restricted by this operating instruction!

The special conditions must be adhered to!

Installation, Comissioning Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed.

Maintenance No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas.

Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

Special conditions

Minimum series resistance R<sub>V</sub> A minimum series resistance RV is to be provided between the power supply voltage and the proximity switch in accordance

with the following list. This can also be assured by using a switch amplifier.

Maximum operating voltage U<sub>Bmax</sub> The maximum permissible operating voltage UBmax must be restricted to the values given in the following list. Tolerances

are not permitted

Maximum permissible ambient tempera-

ture T<sub>Umax</sub> at U\_Bmax=9 V, R\_V=562  $\Omega$  Values can be obtained from the following list, depending on the max. operating voltage Ub max and the minimum series resistance Rv.

61 °C (141.8 °F) using an amplifier in accordance with 61 °C (141.8 °F)

EN 60947-5-6

The sensor must not be exposed to ANY FORM of mechanical danger. Protection from mechanical danger

Protection from UV light

The sensor and the connection cable must be protected from damaging UV-radiation. This can be achieved when the sensor

Electrostatic charging

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

Protection of the connection cable

The connection cable must be prevented from being subjected to tension and torsional loading.

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### ATEX 3G (nL)

Instruction

### Device category 3G (nL)

Directive conformity
Standard conformity

CE symbol

Ex-identification

Effective internal capacitance  $C_i$ Effective internal inductance  $L_i$ 

General

Installation, Comissioning

#### Maintenance

### Special conditions

Maximum permissible ambient temperature  $T_{Umax}$  at Ui = 20 V

for Pi=34 mW, Ii=25 mA, T6
for Pi=34 mW, Ii=25 mA, T5
for Pi=34 mW, Ii=25 mA, T4-T1
for Pi=64 mW, Ii=25 mA, T6
for Pi=64 mW, Ii=25 mA, T5
for Pi=64 mW, Ii=25 mA, T4-T1
for Pi=169 mW, Ii=52 mA, T6
for Pi=169 mW, Ii=52 mA, T5
for Pi=169 mW, Ii=52 mA, T4-T1
for Pi=242 mW, Ii=76 mA, T6
for Pi=242 mW, Ii=76 mA, T5
for Pi=242 mW, Ii=76 mA, T5
for Pi=242 mW, Ii=76 mA, T5

Protection from mechanical danger

Protection from UV light

Electrostatic charging

Protection of the connection cable

Connection parts

### Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist 94/9/FG

EN 60079-15:2005 Ignition protection category "n" Use is restricted to the following stated conditions € 0.102

II 3G Ex nL IIC T6 X

≤ 95 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

 $\leq$  100  $\mu H$  ; A cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual. The data stated in the data sheet are restricted by this operating instruction!

The special conditions must be observed!

Directive 94/9EG is generally applicable only to the use of electrical apparatus operating at atmospheric conditions.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed. The sensor must only be operated with an energy-limited circuit, which satisfies the requirements of IEC 60079-15. The explosion group complies with the connected, supplying, power limiting circuit.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

55 °C (131 °F) 55 °C (125.6 °F) 52 °C (125.6 °F) 52 °C (125.6 °F) 44 °C (111.2 °F) 44 °C (111.2 °F)

The sensor must not be exposed to **ANY FORM** of mechanical danger. When used in the temperature range below -20  $^{\circ}$ C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

The sensor and the connection cable must be protected from damaging UV-radiation. This can be achieved when the sensor is used in internal areas.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

The connection cable must be prevented from being subjected to tension and torsional loading.

The connection parts are to be installed, such that a minimum protection class of IP20 is achieved, in accordance with IEC 60529.

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### ATEX 3G (ic)

Instruction

#### Device category 3G (ic)

Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE symbol

Ex-identification

Effective internal capacitance C Effective internal inductance Li

General

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

#### Special conditions

Maximum permissible ambient temperature  $T_{Umax}$  at Ui = 20 V

for Pi=34 mW, Ii=25 mA, T6 for Pi=34 mW, Ii=25 mA, T5 for Pi=34 mW. Ii=25 mA. T4-T1 for Pi=64 mW, Ii=25 mA, T6 for Pi=64 mW, Ii=25 mA, T5 for Pi=64 mW, Ii=25 mA, T4-T1 for Pi=169 mW, Ii=52 mA, T6 for Pi=169 mW, Ii=52 mA, T5 for Pi=169 mW. Ii=52 mA. T4-T1 for Pi=242 mW, Ii=76 mA, T6 for Pi=242 mW, Ii=76 mA, T5 for Pi=242 mW, Ii=76 mA, T4-T1 Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

Connection parts

### Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist 94/9/FG

EN 60079-11:2007 Ignition protection category "ic" Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

(€

⟨ы⟩ II 3G Ex ic IIC T6 X

≤ 95 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

 $\leq$  100  $\mu H$  ; A cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual. The data stated in the data sheet are restricted by this operating instruction!

The special conditions must be observed!

Directive 94/9EG is generally applicable only to the use of electrical apparatus operating at atmospheric conditions.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed. The sensor must only be operated with energy-limited circuits, which satisfy the requirements of IEC 60079-11. The explosion group complies with the connected, supplying, power limiting circuit.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

55 °C (131 °F) 52 °C (125.6 °F) 52 °C (125.6 °F) 52 °C (125.6 °F) 44 °C (111.2 °F) 44 °C (111.2 °F) 44 °C (111.2 °F)

The sensor must not be mechanically damaged.

When used in the temperature range below -20 °C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

The connection parts are to be installed, such that a minimum protection class of IP20 is achieved, in accordance with IEC 60529.

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