

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuit

ADM1232A

FEATURES

Superior Upgrade for MAX1232 and Dallas DS1232 Low Power Consumption (500 μA max) Adjustable Precision Voltage Monitor with +4.5 V and +4.75 V Options

Adjustable STROBE Monitor with 150 ms, 600 ms or 1.2 sec Options

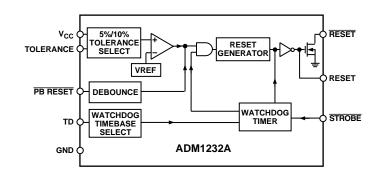
No External Components Fast (20 ns) Strobe Pulsewidth

APPLICATIONS Microprocessor Systems

Portable Equipment
Computers
Controllers
Intelligent Instruments
Automotive Systems

Protection Against Damage Caused by μP Failure

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADM1232A is a superior, pin-compatible upgrade for the MAX1232 and the DS1232LP and DS1232. The ADM1232A can detect strobe pulsewidths as narrow as 20 ns, making it compatible with high speed microprocessors. The Analog Devices ADM1232A is a microprocessor monitoring circuit that can monitor:

- 1. Microprocessor Supply Voltage.
- 2. Whether a Microprocessor has locked up.
- 3. An External Interrupt.

The ADM1232A is available in four different packages:

- 1. The ADM1232AARM in an 8-lead μSOIC (RM-8).
- 2. The ADM1232AAN in an 8-lead PDIP (N-8).
- 3. The ADM1232AARW in a 16-lead wide SOIC (R-16).
- 4. The ADM1232AARN is an 8-lead narrow SOIC (R-8).

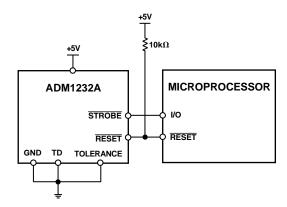


Figure 1. Typical Supply Monitoring Application

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Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
TEMPERATURE	-40		+85	°C	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}
POWER SUPPLY					
Voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Current		20	50	μA	V_{IL} , V_{IH} = CMOS Levels
		200	500	μA	V_{IL} , V_{IH} = TTL Levels
STROBE AND PB RESET INPUTS			17		
Input High Level Input Low Level	2.0		$V_{CC} + 0.3 + 0.8$	V	
INPUT LEAKAGE CURRENT	-0.5		10.0	V	
(STROBE, TOLERANCE)	-1.0		+1.0	μA	
TD	1.0	1.6	11.0	μΑ	
OUTPUT CURRENT					
RESET	8	10		mA	When V _{CC} Is at 4.5 V–5.5 V
RESET, RESET	-8	-12		mA	When V _{CC} Is at 4.5 V–5.5 V
OUTPUT VOLTAGE					
RESET/RESET	$V_{CC} - 0.5$	$V_{CC} - 0.1$		V	While sourcing less than 500 µA, RESET remains
					within 0.5 V of V_{CC} on power-down until V_{CC}
					drops below 2.0 V. While sinking less than
					500 μ A, RESET remains within 0.5 V of GND on power-down until V _{CC} drops below 2.0 V.
RESET/RESET High Level			0.4	V	on power down until vec drops below 2.0 v.
RESET/RESET Low Level	2.4			V	
1 V OPERATION					
RESET Output Voltage		$V_{CC}-0.1$		V	While Sourcing Less than 50 μA
RESET Output Voltage		0.1		V	While Sinking Less than 50 μA
V _{CC} TRIP POINT					
5%	4.5	4.62	4.74	V	TOLERANCE = GND
10%	4.25	4.37	4.49	V	TOLERANCE = V_{CC}
CAPACITANCE				_	
Input (STROBE, TOLERANCE)			5	pF	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$
Output (RESET, RESET)			7	pF	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$
PB RESET	20				PB RESET Must Be Held Low for a Minimum
Time Delay	20	4	20	ms ms	of 20 ms to Guarantee a Reset
RESET ACTIVE TIME	250	610	1000		of 20 ms to Guarantee a reset
STROBE	250	010	1000	ms	
Pulsewidth	20			ns	
Timeout Period	62.5	150	250	ms	TD = 0 V
I micout I circu	250	600	1000	ms	TD = Floating
	500	1200	2000	ms	$TD = V_{CC}$
$\overline{V_{CC}}$					
Fall Time	10			μs	Guaranteed by Design
Rise Time	0			μs	Guaranteed by Design
V_{CC} FAIL DETECT TO RESET OUTPUT DELAY					
RESET AND RESET Are Logically Correct			50	μs	After V_{CC} Falls Below the Set Tolerance Voltage
	250	(10	1000		(Figure 5)
	250	610	1000	ms	After V _{CC} Rises Above the Set Tolerance Voltage

Specifications subject to change without notice.

ADM1232A

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Derate by 12 mW/°C above 25°C

Power Dissipation 900 mW

RM-8

Power Dissipation	. 900 mW
Derate by 12 mW/°C above 25°C	
θ_{IA} Thermal Impedance (Still Air)	. 206°C/W
R-8	
Power Dissipation	900 μW
Derate by 12 mW/°C above 25°C	•
θ_{IA} Thermal Impedance (Still Air)	. 153°C/W

*Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

ORDERING GUIDE

Model	Temperature Range	Package Options*
ADM1232AARM	-40°C to +85°C	RM-8
ADM1232AAN	-40°C to +85°C	N-8
ADM1232AARW	-40°C to +85°C	R-16
ADM1232AARN	-40°C to +85°C	R-8

^{*}N = Plastic DIP; R = Small Outline; RM = μ SOIC.

CAUTION -

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the ADM1232A features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



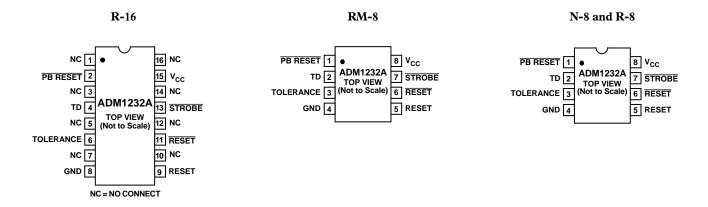
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PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

Mnemonic	Function
PB RESET	Push Button Reset Input. This debounced input will ignore pulses of less than 1 ms and is guaranteed to respond to pulses greater than 20 ms.
TD	Time Delay Set allows the user to select the maximum amount of time the ADM1232A will allow the STROBE input to remain inactive (i.e., STROBE is not receiving any high-to-low transitions), without forcing the ADM1232A to generate a RESET pulse. (See STROBE specifications, Figure 4 and the note on STROBE timeout selection.)
TOLERANCE	Tolerance Input. This input will determine how much the supply voltage will be allowed to decrease (as a percentage tolerance) before a RESET is asserted. Connect to V_{CC} for 10% and GND for 5%.
GND	0 V ground reference for all signals.
RESET	Active high logic output. Will be asserted when: 1. V _{CC} decreases below the amount specified by the TOLERANCE input or, 2. PB RESET is forced low or, 3. If there are no high-to-low transitions within the limits set by TD at STROBE or, 4. During power-up.
RESET	Inverse of RESET, with an open drain output.
STROBE	The STROBE input is used to monitor the activity of a microprocessor. If there are no high-to-low transitions within the time specified by TD, a reset will be asserted.
$\underline{V_{CC}}$	Power supply input +5 V.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



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ADM1232A

CIRCUIT INFORMATION PB RESET

The PB RESET input makes it possible to manually reset a system using either a standard push-button switch or a logic low input. An internal debounce circuit provides glitch immunity when used with a switch, reducing the effects of glitches on the line. The debounce circuit is guaranteed to cause the ADM1232A to assert a reset if PB RESET is brought low for more than 20 ms and is guaranteed to ignore low inputs of less than 1 ms.

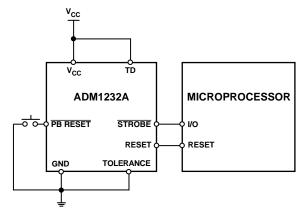


Figure 2. Typical Push Button Reset Application

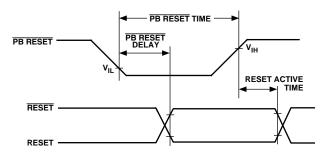


Figure 3. PB RESET

STROBE Timeout Selection

TD or time delay set is used to set the Strobe Timeout Period. The Strobe Timeout Period is defined as being the maximum time between high-to-low transitions (Figure 4) that \overline{STROBE} will accept before a reset will be asserted. The Strobe timeout settings are listed in Table I.

Table I.

Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
TD = 0 V	62.5	150	250	ms
TD = Floating	250	600	1000	ms
$TD = V_{CC}$	500	1200	2000	ms

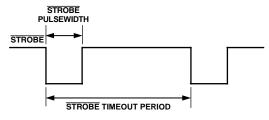


Figure 4. STROBE Parameters

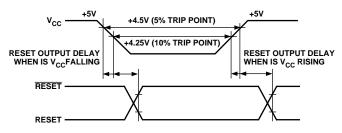


Figure 5. Reset Output Delay

TOLERANCE

The TOLERANCE input is used to determine the level V_{CC} can vary below 5 V without the ADM1232A asserting a reset. Connecting TOLERANCE to ground will select a –5% tolerance level and will cause the ADM1232A to generate a reset if V_{CC} falls below 4.75 V (typical). If TOLERANCE is connected to V_{CC} a –10% tolerance level is selected and will cause the ADM1232A to generate a reset if V_{CC} falls below 4.5 V (typical). Check the parameters for the V_{CC} trip point in the ADM1232A Specifications for more information.

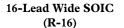
RESET AND RESET OUTPUTS

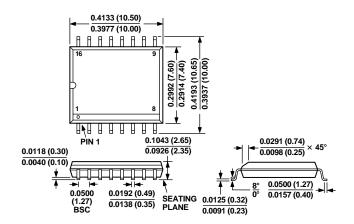
While RESET is capable of sourcing and sinking current, RESET is an open drain MOSFET which sinks current only. Therefore, it is necessary to pull this output high.

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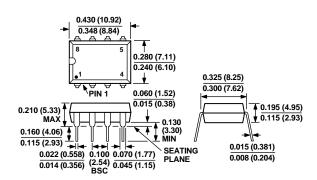
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

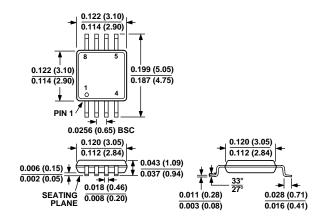




8-Lead PDIP (N-8)



8-Lead μSOIC (RM-8)



8-Lead Narrow SOIC (R-8)

