INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

DATA SHEET

74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126
Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

Product specification Supersedes data of 2001 Apr 06 2002 May 15





Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

FEATURES

- Wide operating voltage from 2.0 to 6.0 V
- · Symmetrical output impedance
- · High noise immunity
- · Low power dissipation
- · Balanced propagation delays
- Very small 5 pins package
- · Output capability: bus driver.

DESCRIPTION

The 74HC1G/HCT1G126 is a highspeed Si-gate CMOS device.

The 74HC1G/HCT1G126 provides one non-inverting buffer/line driver with 3-state output. The 3-state output is controlled by the output enable input pin (OE). A LOW at pin OE causes the output as assume a high-impedance OFF-state.

The bus driver output currents are equal compared to the 74HC/HCT126.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; $t_r = r_f \le 6.0$ ns.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	LINIT		
STWIBUL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	HC1G	HCT1G	ns nF	
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay A to Y	C _L = 15 pF; V _{CC} = 5 V	9	10	ns	
C _I	input capacitance		1.5	1.5	pF	
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	notes 1 and 2	30	27	pF	

Notes

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$$
 where:

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

fo = output frequency in MHz;

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts.

2. For HC1G the conditions is $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC} .

For HCT1G the conditions is $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5 V$.

FUNCTION TABLE

See note 1.

INP	OUTPUT	
OE	Α	Y
Н	L	L
Н	Н	Н
L	X	Z

Note

- 1. H = HIGH voltage level;
 - L = LOW voltage level;
 - X = don't care;
 - Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

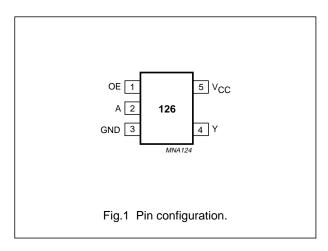
74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

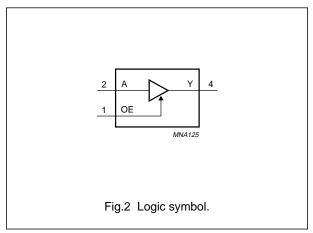
ORDERING INFORMATION

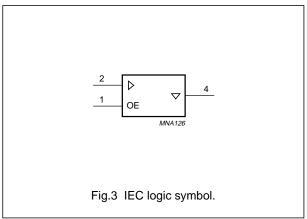
			PACKAGES							
TYPE NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PINS	PACKAGE	MATERIAL	CODE	MARKING				
74HC1G126GW	–40 to +125 °C	5	SC88A	plastic	SOT353	HN				
74HCT1G126GW	–40 to +125 °C	5	SC88A	plastic	SOT353	TN				
74HC1G126GV	–40 to +125 °C	5	SC-74A	plastic	SOT753	H26				
74HCT1G126GV	–40 to +125 °C	5	SC-74A	plastic	SOT753	T26				

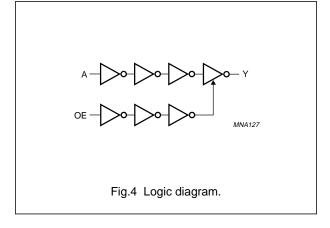
PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	OE	output enable input
2	A	data input A
3	GND	ground (0 V)
4	Υ	data output Y
5	V _{CC}	supply voltage









Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

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RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		74HC16	;	7	74HCT10	3	UNIT
STIVIBUL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNII
V _{CC}	supply voltage		2.0	5.0	6.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	input voltage		0	_	V _{CC}	0	-	V _{CC}	V
Vo	output voltage		0	_	V _{CC}	0	-	V _{CC}	V
T _{amb}	operating ambient temperature	see DC and AC characteristics per device	-40	+25	+125	-40	+25	+125	°C
t _r , t _f	input rise and fall times	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	_	_	1000	_	_	_	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	_	_	500	_	_	500	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	_	_	400	_	_	_	ns

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134); voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); notes 1 and 2.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{CC}	supply voltage		-0.5	+7.0	V
I _{IK}	input diode current	$V_{I} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{I} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	±20	mA
I _{OK}	output diode current	$V_{O} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{O} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	_	±20	mA
Io	output source or sink current	-0.5 V < V _O < V _{CC} + 0.5 V	_	±35.0	mA
I _{CC}	V _{CC} or GND current		_	±70	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _D	power dissipation per package	for temperature range from –40 to +125 °C; note 3	_	200	mW

Notes

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress rating only and
 functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those under 'recommended operating
 conditions' is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device
 reliability.
- 2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- 3. Above 55 °C the value of P_D derates linearly with 2.5 mW/K.

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

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DC CHARACTERISTICS

Family 74HC1G

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

		TEST CONDITI	ONS	T _{amb} (°C)					
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	OTUED.	Vcc		-40 to +8	5	−40 t	o +125	UNIT
		OTHER	(V)	MIN.	TYP. (1)	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		2.0	1.5	1.2	-	1.5	1-	V
			4.5	3.15	2.4	-	3.15	-	٧
			6.0	4.2	3.2	-	4.2	-	٧
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		2.0	_	0.8	0.5	_	0.5	V
			4.5	_	2.1	1.35	-	1.35	٧
			6.0	_	2.8	1.8	_	1.8	٧
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -20 \mu\text{A}$	2.0	1.9	2.0	-	1.9	_	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -20 \mu A$	4.5	4.4	4.5	_	4.4	_	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -20 \mu A$	6.0	5.9	6.0	_	5.9	-	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -6.0$ mA	4.5	3.84	4.32	-	3.7	-	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -7.8 \text{ mA}$	6.0	5.34	5.81	-	5.2	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 20 \mu\text{A}$	2.0	-	0	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 20 \mu\text{A}$	4.5	-	0	0.1	-	0.1	٧
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 20 \mu\text{A}$	6.0	_	0	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 6.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	_	0.15	0.33	-	0.4	V
	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 7.8 \text{ mA}$	6.0	_	0.16	0.33	-	0.4	V	
ILI	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	6.0	_	_	1.0	1-	1.0	μΑ
l _{OZ}	3-state output current OFF-state	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $V_O = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$	6.0	_	_	5	-	10	μА
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$	6.0	_	_	10	-	20	μΑ

Note

1. All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 $^{\circ}C.$

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

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Family 74HCT1G

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

		TEST CONDI	TIONS						
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	OTHER	V 00	−40 to +85			-40 to +125		UNIT
		OTHER		MIN.	TYP. (1)	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		4.5 to 5.5	2.0	1.6	-	2.0	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		4.5 to 5.5	_	1.2	0.8	-	0.8	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -20 \mu\text{A}$	4.5	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	_	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -6.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	3.84	4.32	-	3.7	_	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 20 \mu\text{A}$	4.5	_	0	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 6.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5	_	0.16	0.33	-	0.4	V
ILI	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5	_	_	1.0	_	1.0	μΑ
l _{OZ}	3-state output current OFF-state	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $V_O = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$	5.5	_	_	5	-	10	μΑ
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$	5.5	_	_	10	-	20	μА
Δl _{CC}	additional supply current per input	$V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V};$ $I_O = 0$	4.5 to 5.5	_	_	500	_	850	μΑ

Note

^{1.} All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

AC CHARACTERISTICS

Type 74HC1G

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f \le 6.0$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF.

		TEST CONDIT	TEST CONDITIONS		T _{amb} (°C)				
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORMS	V 00	−40 to +85		5	−40 to	UNIT	
		WAVEFORMS	V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP. (1)	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation	see Figs 5 and 7	2.0	_	24	125	-	150	ns
	delay A to Y		4.5	_	10	25	_	30	ns
			6.0	_	9	21	_	26	ns
t _{PZH} /t _{PZL}	3-state output	see Figs 6 and 7	2.0	_	24	155	_	190	ns
	enable time		4.5	_	10	31	_	38	ns
	OE to Y		6.0	_	8	26	_	32	ns
t _{PHZ} /t _{PLZ}	t _{PHZ} /t _{PLZ} 3-state output	see Figs 6 and 7	2.0	_	16	155	_	190	ns
disable time		4.5	_	12	31	_	38	ns	
	OE to Y		6.0	_	11	26	_	32	ns

Note

1. All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

Type 74HCT1G

GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f \le 6.0$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF.

	TEST CONDITIONS								
SYMBOL	MBOL PARAMETER WAVEFORMS	WAVEFORMS	MO V 00		-40 to +85			-40 to +125	
		WAVEFORMS	WAVEFORMS V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay A to Y	see Figs 5 and 7	4.5	_	11	30	_	36	ns
t _{PZH} /t _{PZL}	3-state output enable time OE to Y	see Figs 6 and 7	4.5	_	10	35	_	42	ns
t _{PHZ} /t _{PLZ}	3-state output disable time OE to Y	see Figs 6 and 7	4.5	_	12	31	_	38	ns

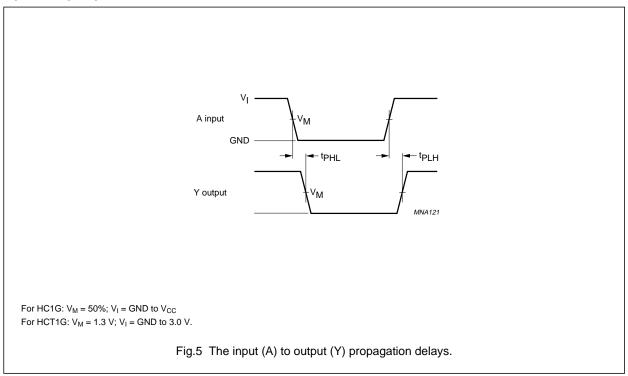
Note

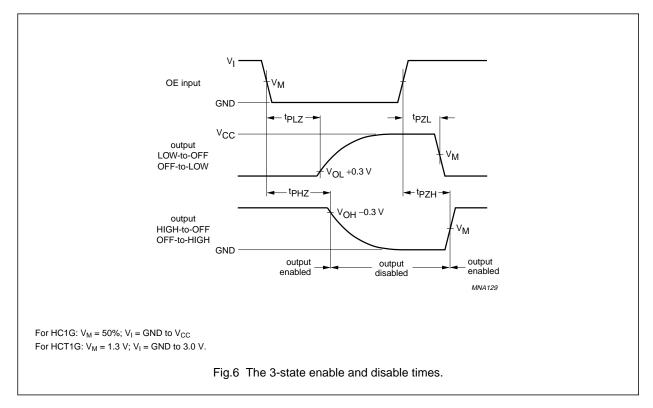
1. All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

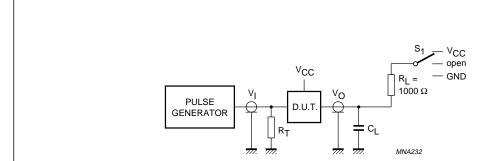
AC WAVEFORMS





Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126



TEST	S ₁
t _{PLH} /t _{PHL}	open
t _{PLZ} /t _{PZL}	V_{CC}
t _{PHZ} /t _{PZH}	GND

Definitions for test circuit:

C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see "AC characteristics" for values).

R_L = Load resistance (see "AC characteristics" for values).

 R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_0 of the pulse generator.

Fig.7 Load circuitry for switching times.

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

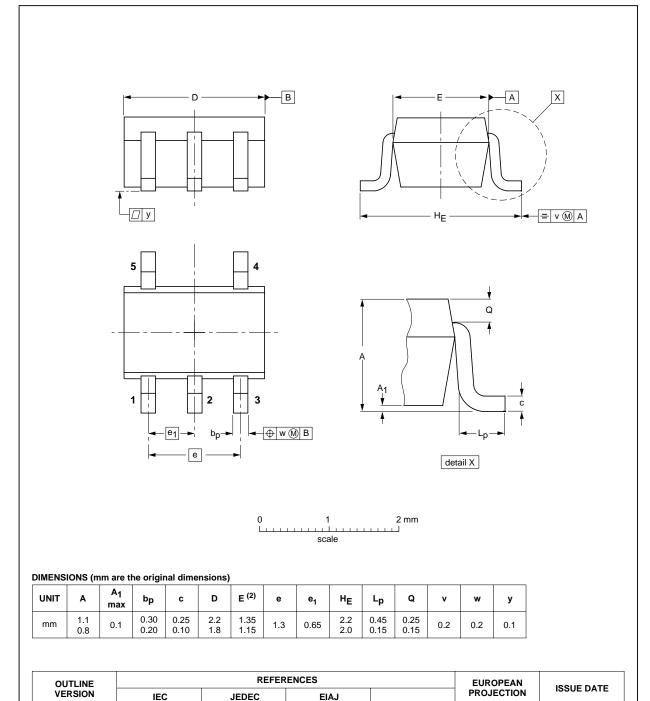
74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

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PACKAGE OUTLINES

Plastic surface mounted package; 5 leads

SOT353



SC-88A

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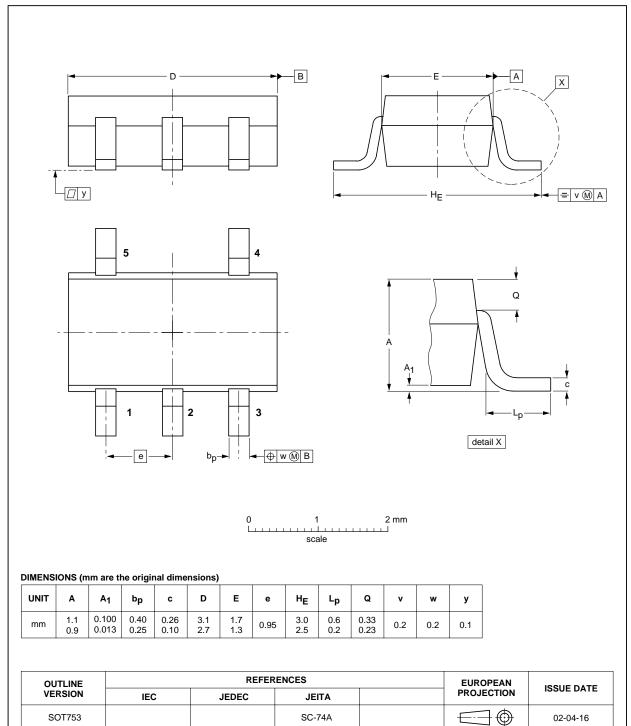
SOT353

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

Plastic surface mounted package; 5 leads

SOT753



2002 May 15

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

SOLDERING

Introduction to soldering surface mount packages

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages" (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all surface mount IC packages. Wave soldering can still be used for certain surface mount ICs, but it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. In these situations reflow soldering is recommended.

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, convection or convection/infrared heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 and 200 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferable be kept below 220 °C for thick/large packages, and below 235 °C for small/thin packages.

Wave soldering

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
 - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is **preferred** to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;
 - smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

 For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C. A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Manual soldering

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 °C.

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74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods

PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	SOLDERING METHOD	
PACKAGE	WAVE	REFLOW ⁽²⁾
BGA, LBGA, LFBGA, SQFP, TFBGA, VFBGA	not suitable	suitable
HBCC, HBGA, HLQFP, HSQFP, HSOP, HTQFP, HTSSOP, HVQFN, HVSON, SMS	not suitable ⁽³⁾	suitable
PLCC ⁽⁴⁾ , SO, SOJ	suitable	suitable
LQFP, QFP, TQFP	not recommended ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	suitable
SSOP, TSSOP, VSO	not recommended ⁽⁶⁾	suitable

Notes

- For more detailed information on the BGA packages refer to the "(LF)BGA Application Note" (AN01026); order a copy from your Philips Semiconductors sales office.
- 2. All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods".
- 3. These packages are not suitable for wave soldering. On versions with the heatsink on the bottom side, the solder cannot penetrate between the printed-circuit board and the heatsink. On versions with the heatsink on the top side, the solder might be deposited on the heatsink surface.
- 4. If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
- 5. Wave soldering is suitable for LQFP, TQFP and QFP packages with a pitch (e) larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
- 6. Wave soldering is suitable for SSOP and TSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.

Bus buffer/line driver; 3-state

74HC1G126; 74HCT1G126

DATA SHEET STATUS

DATA SHEET STATUS(1)	PRODUCT STATUS ⁽²⁾	DEFINITIONS
Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
Product data	Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Changes will be communicated according to the Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN) procedure SNW-SQ-650A.

Notes

- 1. Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.
- 2. The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.

DEFINITIONS

Short-form specification — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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Contact information

For additional information please visit http://www.semiconductors.philips.com. Fax: +31 40 27 24825 For sales offices addresses send e-mail to: sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com.

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