19-0531; Rev 1; 8/06

EVALUATION KIT AVAILABLE

CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

MAX9508

General Description

The MAX9508 video filter amplifier with SmartSleep and bidirectional video support is ideal for set-top boxes (STBs), portable DVD players, and portable media players (PMPs). The inputs can be directly connected to the digital-to-analog converter (DAC) outputs. The reconstruction filter removes high-frequency signals above 6.75MHz. The amplifiers have 6dB of gain, and the outputs can be DC-coupled to a load of 75Ω, which is equivalent to two video loads, or it can be AC-coupled to a load of 150Ω.

The SmartSleep circuitry intelligently reduces power consumption based on the presence of the input signal and the output loads. When the MAX9508 does not detect the presence of sync on the input video signal, the supply current is reduced to less than 7µA. The device only enables a video amplifier when there is an active video input signal and an attached load. The video amplifier remains on while a load is connected. If the load is disconnected, the video amplifier is turned off.

The MAX9508 contains three reconstruction filters, four video amplifiers, and a pulldown switch at one of the two CVBS outputs. The MAX9508 has the ability to control the bidirectional video signals at the CVBS video connections without the need for separate switches or relays. This feature is particularly useful for portable DVD players, which often use the same connector to drive a composite video output and to accept an external video signal to display on the LCD panel.

The MAX9508 operates from a 2.7V to 3.6V single supply and is offered in a small 16-pin TQFN (3mm x 3mm) package. The device is specified over the -40°C to +125°C automotive temperature range.

Applications

Portable DVD Players

Set-Top Boxes (STBs)

Portable Set-Top Boxes/
Personal Video Recorders (PVRs)

Portable Media Players (PMPs)

Portable Applications

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

Features

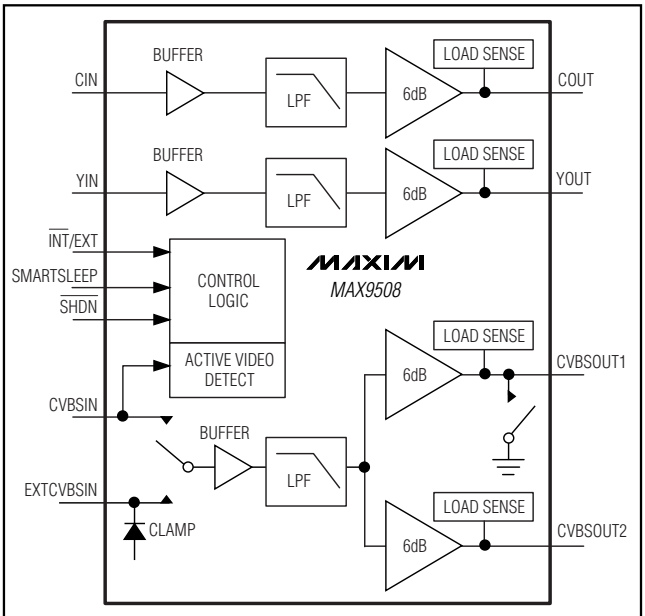
- **SmartSleep Feature Detects Input Signal and Output Load Status to Reduce Power Consumption**
- **Triple Standard-Definition Video Reconstruction Filters with 6.75MHz Passband**
- **Luma, Chroma, and Composite Inputs**
- **Luma, Chroma, and Two Composite Outputs**
- **Integrated Support for a Bidirectional Composite Video Signal**
- **Supports Two Video Loads at Each Output (DC-Coupled)**
- **2.7V to 3.6V Single-Supply Operation**

Ordering Information

PART	PIN-PACKAGE	PKG CODE	TOP MARK
MAX9508ATE+	16 TQFN-EP** (3mm x 3mm)	T1633-4	AEM
MAX9508AEE+*	16 QSOP	E16-4	—

Note: *All devices are specified over the -40°C to +125°C operating temperature range.*
+Denotes lead-free package.
**Future product—contact factory for availability.*
***EP = Exposed pad.*

Block Diagrams



Block Diagrams continued at end of data sheet.

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Voltages with respect to GND.)
VDD .....-0.3V to +4V
SMARTSLEEP, SHDN, INT/EXT
CIN, YIN, CVBSIN, EXTCVBSIN .....-0.3V to +4V
Duration of COUT, YOUT, CVBSOUT1, CVBSOUT2
Short Circuit to V_{DD} or GND .....Continuous
Continuous Input Current
CIN, YIN, EXTCVBSIN, CVBSIN,
SMARTSLEEP, SHDN, INT/EXT .....±20mA

Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
16-Pin TQFN (derate 15.6mW/°C above +70°C).....1250mW
16-Pin QSOP (derate 8.3mW/°C above +70°C).....667mW
Operating Temperature Range .....-40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature .....+150°C
Storage Temperature Range .....-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 3.3V, $V_{SMARTSLEEP}$ = $V_{\overline{INT}/EXT}$ = GND = 0V, R_L = No load. T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	V_{DD}	Guaranteed by PSRR		2.7		3.6	V
Supply Current	I_{DD}	$\overline{INT}$/EXT = GND (4 channels active), YIN = CVBSIN = 0.3V, CIN = 0.6V			13	16	mA
		$\overline{INT}$/EXT = V_{DD} (1 channel active), EXTCVBSIN is unconnected			4.3	6	
		SMARTSLEEP = V_{DD}, CVBSIN has no active video signal			7	14	µA
		SMARTSLEEP = V_{DD}, CVBSIN has a black-burst video signal with sync tip at GND (Note 2)			17		
Shutdown Supply Current	I_{SHDN}	$V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = GND			0.01	10	µA
SMARTSLEEP CHARACTERISTICS							
Minimum Line Frequency		CVBSIN		14.3			kHz
Sync Slice Level		CVBSIN		4.1		5.2	% V_{DD}
Output Load Detect Threshold		Sync pulse present, R_L to GND				200	Ω
DC CHARACTERISTICS							
Input-Voltage Range	V_{IN}	CIN, YIN, CVBSIN, guaranteed by output voltage swing	2.7V < V_{DD} < 3.6V	0		1.05	V
			3.0V < V_{DD} < 3.6V	0		1.2	
Input Current	I_{IN}	CIN = YIN = CVBSIN = 0V			2	5	µA
Input Resistance	R_{IN}	CIN, YIN, CVBSIN			20		MΩ

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{DD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 3.3V, $V_{SMARTSLEEP}$ = $V_{\overline{INT}/EXT}$ = GND = 0V, R_L = No load. T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Sync-Tip Clamp Level	V_{CLP}	EXTCVBSIN		0.25		0.37	V
Input Clamping Current		EXTCVBSIN = 500mV + V_{CLP}		0.5	1	1.5	µA
EXTCVBSIN Input Voltage Range		Guaranteed by output voltage swing	2.7V < V_{DD} < 3.6V			1.05	V_{P-P}
			3.0V < V_{DD} < 3.6V			1.2	
Sync Crush		EXTCVBSIN, percentage reduction in sync pulse (0.3V_{P-P}), guaranteed by input clamping current measurement, measured at input				2	%
Maximum Input Source Resistance		EXTCVBSIN			300		Ω
DC Voltage Gain	A_V	R_L = 150Ω to V_{DD}/2, 0V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.05V, V_{DD} = 2.7V		5.7	6	6.3	dB
DC Gain Matching		R_L = 150Ω to V_{DD}/2, 0V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.05V, V_{DD} = 2.7V		-0.2	0	+0.2	dB
Output Level		YIN = CVBSIN = CIN = 0V, $\overline{INT}$/EXT = GND, R_L = 150Ω to GND		0.21	0.3	0.38	V
		$C_{EXTCVBSIN}$ = 0.1µF to GND, $\overline{INT}$/EXT = V_{DD}, R_L = 150Ω to GND		0.21	0.27	0.38	
Output Voltage Swing		Measured at output, V_{DD} = 2.7V, 0V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.05V, R_L = 150Ω to -0.2V	T_A = -40°C to +85°C	2.027	2.1	2.163	V_{P-P}
			T_A = -40°C to +125°C	2.006		2.163	
		Measured at output, V_{DD} = 2.7V, 0V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.05V, R_L = 150Ω to V_{DD} / 2		2.027	2.1	2.163	
		Measured at output, V_{DD} = 3V, 0V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.2V, R_L = 150Ω to -0.2V	T_A = -40°C to +85°C	2.316	2.4	2.472	
			T_A = -40°C to +125°C	2.292		2.472	
		Measured at output, V_{DD} = 3V, 0V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.2V, R_L = 150Ω to V_{DD} / 2		2.316	2.4	2.472	
		Measured at output, V_{DD} = 3.135V, 0V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.05V, R_L = 75Ω to -0.2V		2.027	2.1	2.163	
Output Resistance	R_{OUT}	V_{OUT} = 1.3V, -5mA ≤ I_{LOAD} ≤ +5mA			0.47		Ω

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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{DD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 3.3V, $V_{SMARTSLEEP}$ = $V_{\overline{INT}/EXT}$ = GND = 0V, R_L = No load. T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	2.7V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 3.6V, input referred, R_L = 150Ω to GND	48			dB
Output Pulldown Resistance	R_{PD}	$\overline{INT}$/EXT = V_{DD}, CVBSOUT1		3.7		Ω
Output Shutdown Impedance				28		kΩ
LOGIC INPUTS (SMARTSLEEP, $\overline{SHDN}$, $\overline{INT}$/EXT)						
Logic-Low Threshold	V_{IL}				0.3 x V_{DD}	V
Logic-High Threshold	V_{IH}		0.7 x V_{DD}			V
Logic Input Current	I_{IL} / I_{IH}	V_I = 0V or V_{DD}		0.01	10	µA

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 3.3V, $V_{SMARTSLEEP}$ = $V_{\overline{INT}/EXT}$ = GND = 0V, R_L = 150Ω to GND. T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Standard-Definition Reconstruction Filter		Inputs are $1V_{P-P}$, reference frequency is 1MHz.	f = 5.5MHz		-0.1		dB
			f = 6.75MHz	-1	-0.3	+1	
			f = 11MHz		-3		
			f = 27MHz	-33	-41		
Differential Gain	DG	DC-coupled output, 5-step modulated staircase	f = 3.58MHz or 4.43MHz		0.2		%
		AC-coupled output, 5-step modulated staircase	f = 3.58MHz or 4.43MHz		0.4		
Differential Phase	DP	DC-coupled output, 5-step modulated staircase	f = 3.58MHz		0.62		Degrees
			f = 4.43MHz		0.75		
		AC-coupled output, 5-step modulated staircase	f = 3.58MHz		0.78		
			f = 4.43MHz		1.01		
2T Pulse Response		2T = 200ns or 250ns			0.2		K%
2T Bar Response		Bar time is 18µs, the beginning 2.5% and the ending 2.5% of the bar time are ignored, 2T = 200ns or 250ns			0.2		K%
2T Pulse-to-Bar K Rating		Bar time is 18µs, the beginning 2.5% and the ending 2.5% of the bar time are ignored, 2T = 200ns or 250ns			0.3		K%

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{DD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 3.3V, $V_{SMARTSLEEP}$ = $V_{\overline{INT}/EXT}$ = GND = 0V, R_L = 150Ω to GND. T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Nonlinearity		5-step staircase		0.1		%
Interchannel Timing Error		Difference in time between the 50% point of the output signals, YOUT to COUT		0.2		ns
Group Delay Distortion		100kHz ≤ f ≤ 5MHz, inputs are $1V_{P-P}$		10		ns
Interchannel Group Delay Distortion Error		Inputs are $1V_{P-P}$		2		ns
Peak Signal to RMS Noise		100kHz ≤ f ≤ 5MHz, inputs are $1V_{P-P}$		67		dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio		f = 100kHz, $200mV_{P-P}$, input referred		43		dB
Output Impedance		f = 5MHz		6		Ω
Enable Time		YIN = 1V, output settled to within 1% of the final voltage, R_L = 150Ω to GND		13		µs
Disable Time		YIN = 1V, output settled to within 1% of the final voltage, R_L = 150Ω to GND		1.1		µs
CROSSTALK						
All Hostile Output Crosstalk		f = 4.43MHz		-70		dB
All Hostile Input Crosstalk		f = 4.43MHz, $\overline{SHDN}$ = GND, input termination resistors are 75Ω		-69		dB

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C. Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design.
Note 2: Specified current is an average over time.

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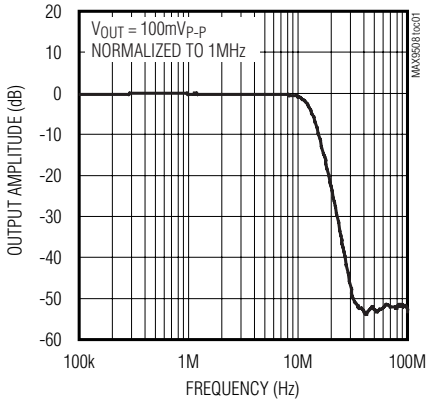
CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

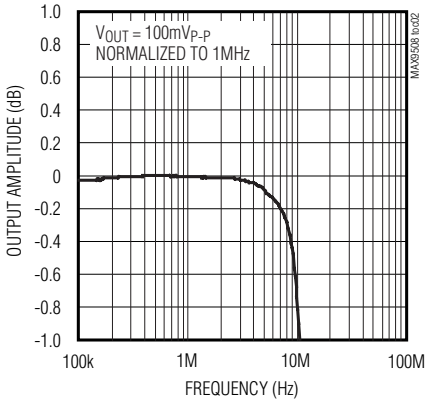
Typical Operating Characteristics

(V_{DD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = +3.3V, $V_{SMARTSLEEP}$ = $V_{\overline{INT}/EXT}$ = GND = 0V. R_L = 150Ω to GND. T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

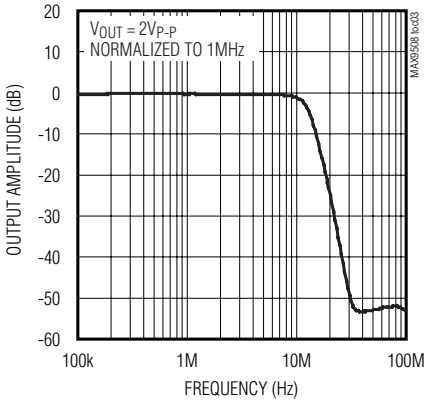
SMALL-SIGNAL GAIN vs. FREQUENCY



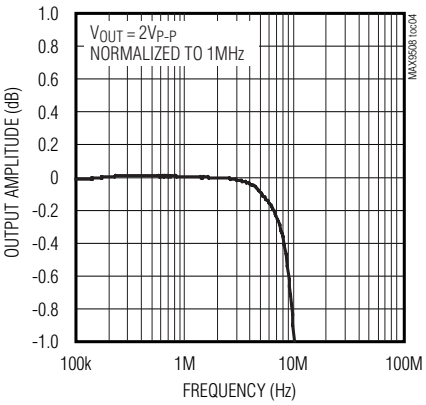
SMALL-SIGNAL GAIN FLATNESS vs. FREQUENCY



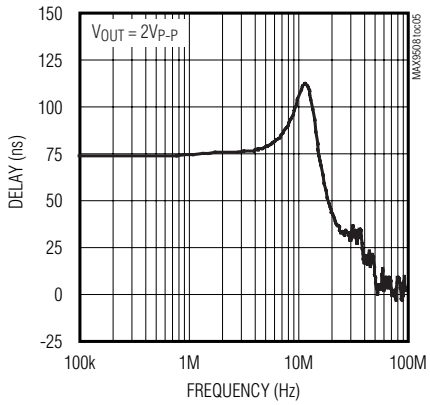
LARGE-SIGNAL GAIN vs. FREQUENCY



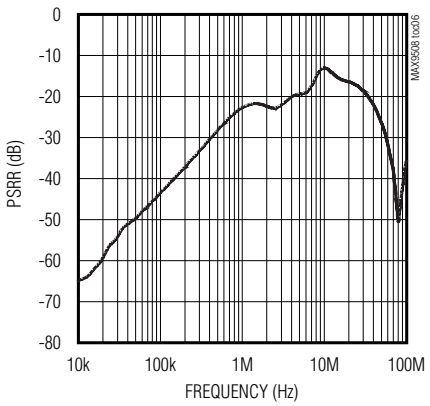
LARGE-SIGNAL GAIN FLATNESS vs. FREQUENCY



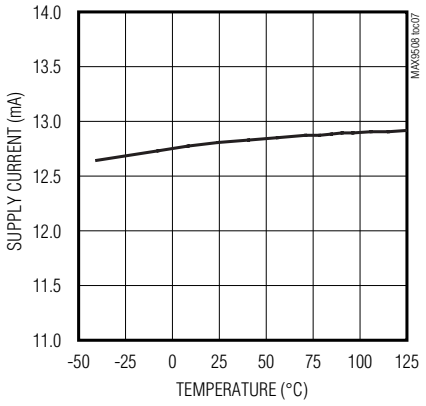
GROUP DELAY



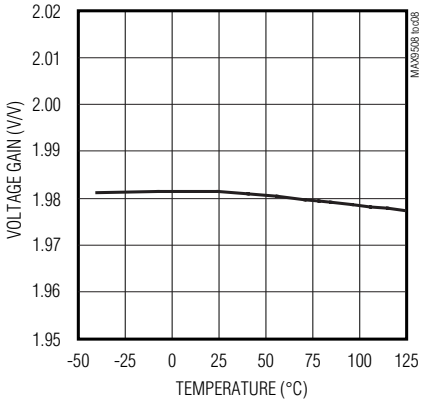
POWER-SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO vs. FREQUENCY



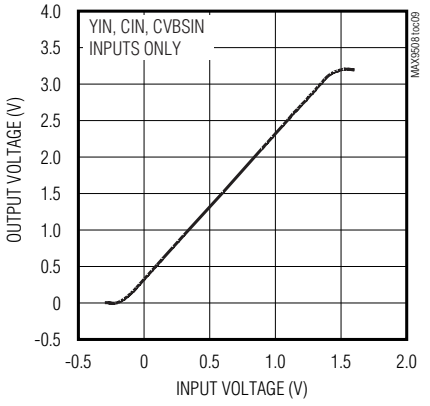
QUIESCENT SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE



VOLTAGE GAIN vs. TEMPERATURE



OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. INPUT VOLTAGE



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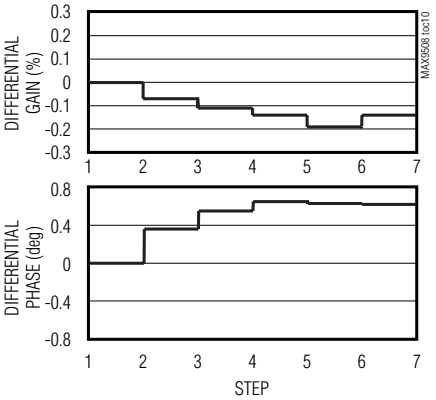
CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

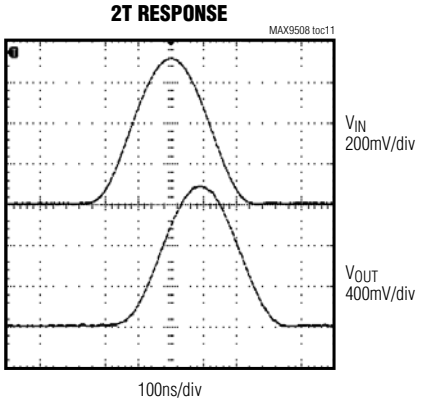
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{DD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = +3.3V, $V_{SMARTSLEEP}$ = $V_{\overline{INT}/EXT}$ = GND = 0V. R_L = 150Ω to GND. T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

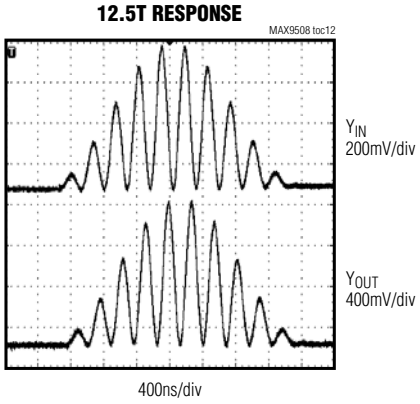
DIFFERENTIAL GAIN AND PHASE



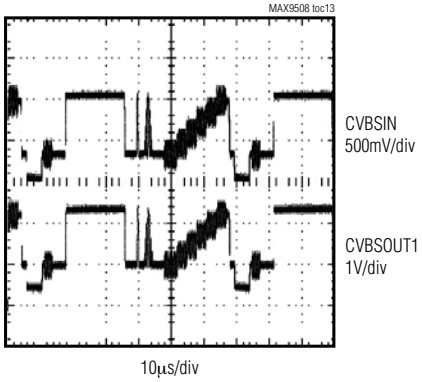
2T RESPONSE



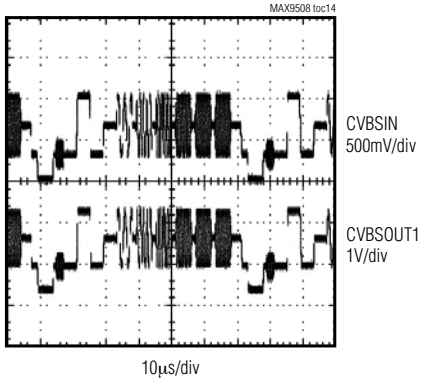
12.5T RESPONSE



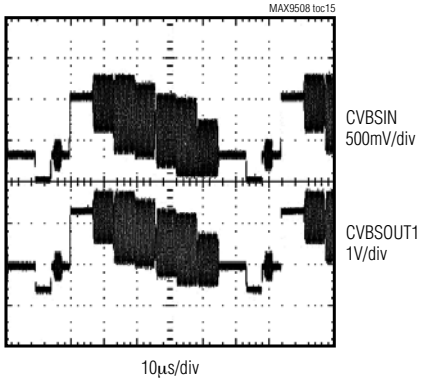
NTC-7 VIDEO TEST SIGNAL ON CVBS OUTPUTS



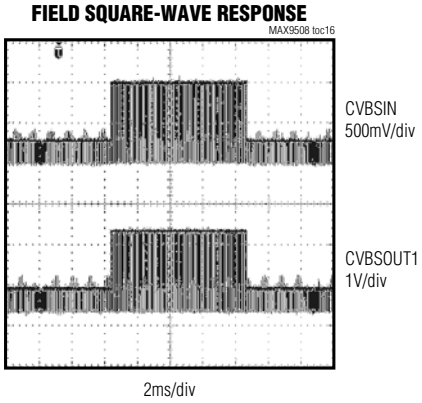
PAL MULTIBURST RESPONSE



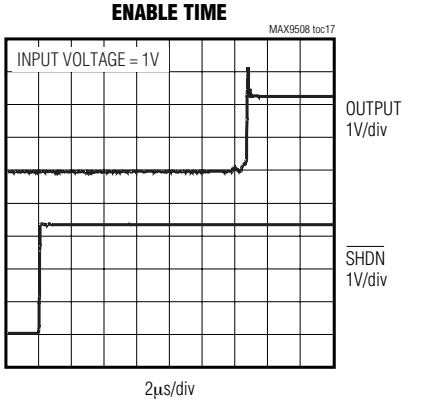
PAL COLOR BARS



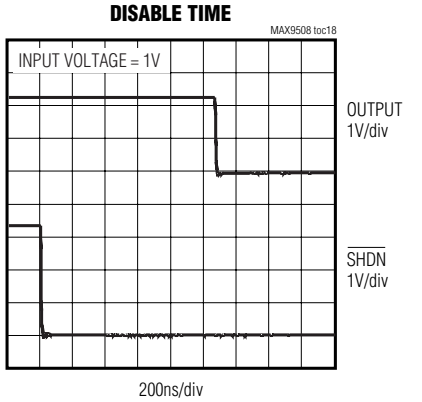
FIELD SQUARE-WAVE RESPONSE



ENABLE TIME



DISABLE TIME



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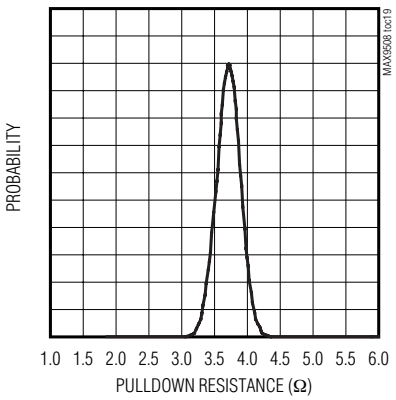
CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

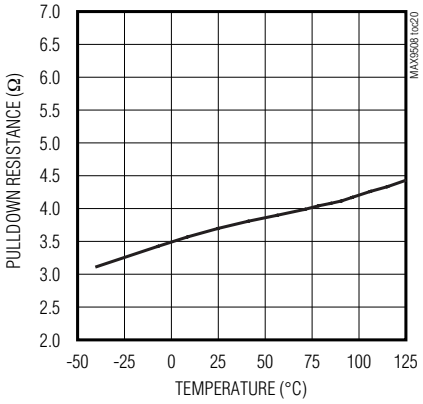
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{DD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = +3.3V, $V_{SMARTSLEEP}$ = $V_{\overline{INT}/EXT}$ = GND = 0V. R_L = 150Ω to GND. T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

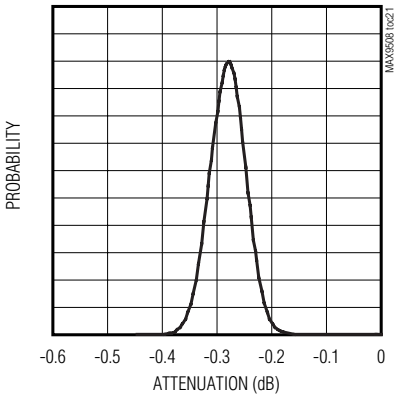
PULLDOWN RESISTANCE DISTRIBUTION



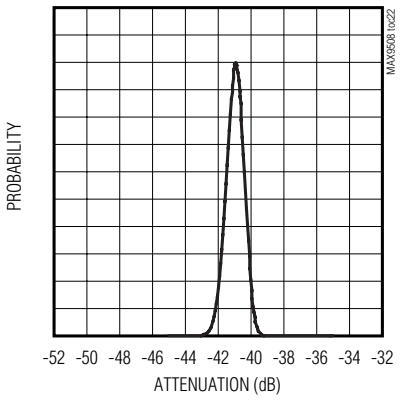
PULLDOWN RESISTANCE vs. TEMPERATURE



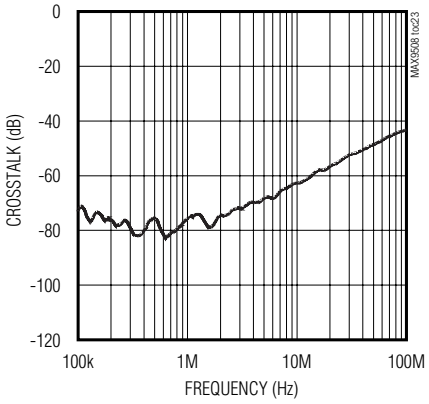
FREQUENCY RESPONSE AT 6.75MHz DISTRIBUTION



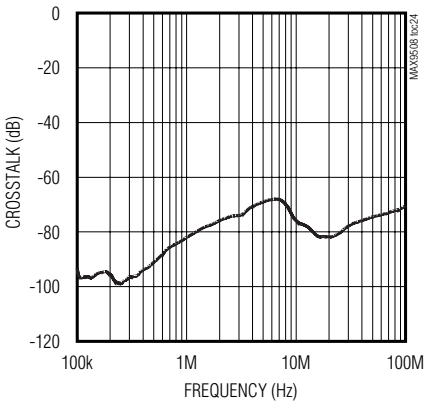
FREQUENCY RESPONSE AT 27MHz DISTRIBUTION



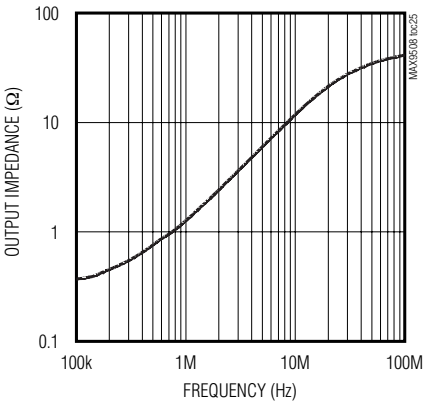
INPUT-TO-INPUT CROSSTALK vs. FREQUENCY



OUTPUT-TO-OUTPUT CROSSTALK vs. FREQUENCY



OUTPUT IMPEDANCE vs. FREQUENCY



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Pin Description

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
TQFN	QSOP		
1, 13	3, 15	V_{DD}	Power Supply. Bypass V_{DD} with a 0.1µF capacitor to ground.
2	4	YIN	Luma Video Input. Directly connect this input to the video DAC output.
3, 8	5, 10	GND	Ground
4	6	CVBSIN	Internal CVBS Signal Input. Directly connect this input to the video DAC output.
5	7	EXTCVBSIN	External CVBS Signal Input. AC-couple the signal through a 0.1µF capacitor to this input.
6	8	$\overline{SHDN}$	Active-Low Shutdown Logic Input. Connect to logic low to place device in shutdown. Connect to logic high for normal operation.
7	9	N.C.	No Connection. Connect to GND.
9	11	CVBSOUT2	CVBS Output 2
10	12	CVBSOUT1	CVBS Output 1. CVBSOUT1 is actively pulled to GND when $\overline{INT}$/EXT is logic high.
11	13	YOUT	Luma Video Output
12	14	COUT	Chroma Video Output
14	16	$\overline{INT}$/EXT	Internal/External CVBS Logic Input. Connect $\overline{INT}$/EXT low to process CVBS video signals from CVBSIN input. Connect $\overline{INT}$/EXT high to process CVBS video signals from EXTCVBSIN input.
15	1	SMARTSLEEP	SmartSleep Logic Input. Connect to logic high to activate SmartSleep operation.
16	2	CIN	Chroma Video Input. Directly connect this input to the video DAC output.
EP	—	EP	Exposed Pad. Connect EP to GND. EP is also internally connected to GND.

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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

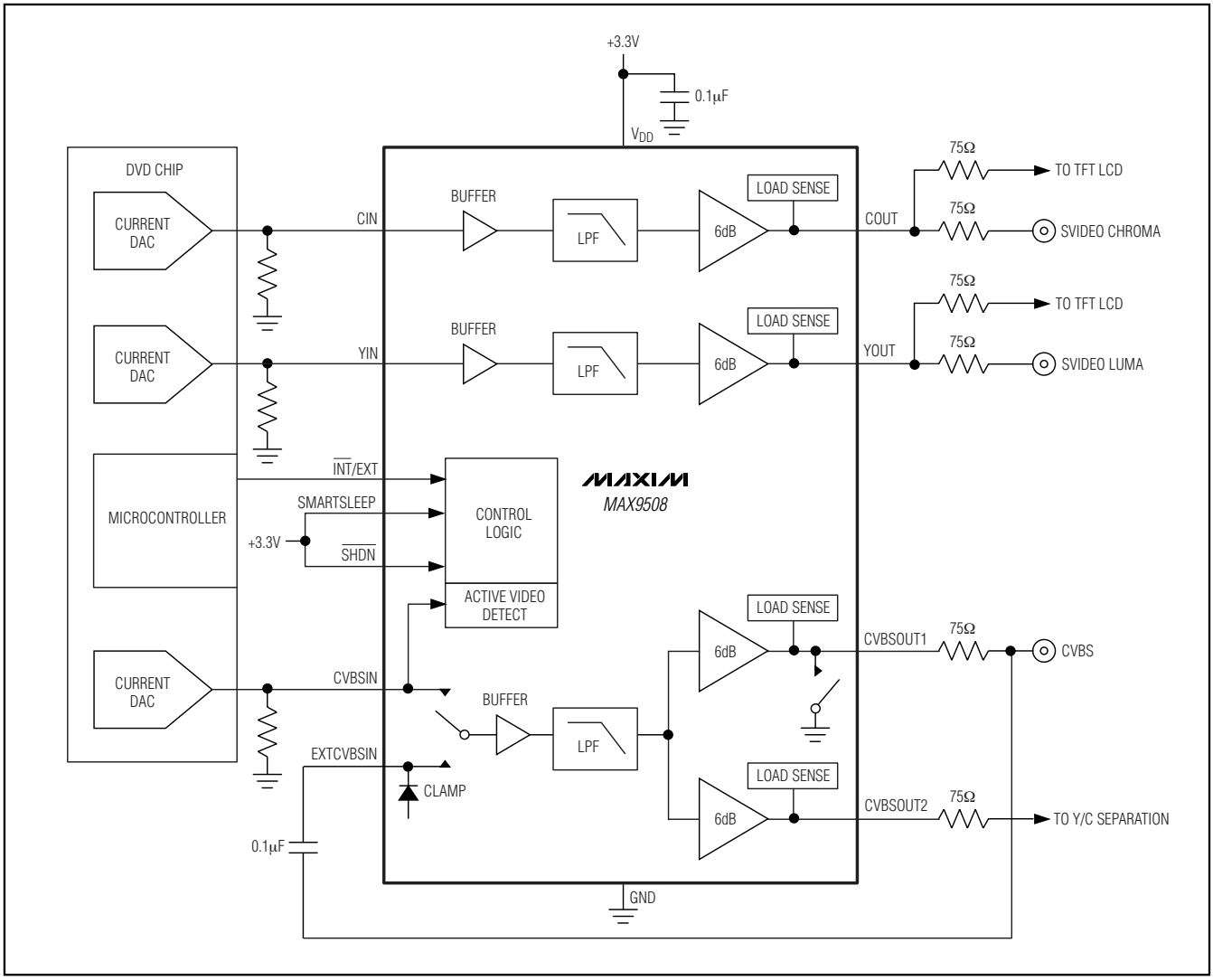

Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit for Portable DVD Player

Detailed Description

In the typical application circuit for a portable DVD player (Figure 1), the current DACs on a DVD decoder chip generate video signals. When the internal signal sources are selected, the MAX9508 filters those signals and then drives the video connectors through a 75Ω back termination resistor. When external video sources are selected, the MAX9508 selects the external composite video signal (EXTCVBSIN), filters, and amplifies it. The output stages of the amplifiers connected to COUT, YOUT, and CVBSOUT1 become high impedance. The n-channel switch at CVBSOUT1 turns on, thereby converting the back termination resistor into an input termination resistor.

SmartSleep Feature

The SmartSleep feature is activated when the SMARTSLEEP input is connected to logic high. The SmartSleep feature provides intelligent power management by selectively disabling the filters and output amplifiers based on the presence of video signals or loads attached to the

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outputs. If the SmartSleep feature is not activated and the part is not in shutdown, the filters and output amplifiers completely turn on, regardless of whether there is a video signal at the CVBSIN input and whether there are loads connected at the outputs.

SmartSleep only works with DC-coupled loads.

Standby Mode

In standby mode, the filters and output amplifiers are off and only the active video detect circuit is operational. Quiescent current consumption is approximately 7µA (Figure 2). The active video detect circuit checks if sync is present on the CVBSIN signal. If no sync is detected the device remains in standby mode.

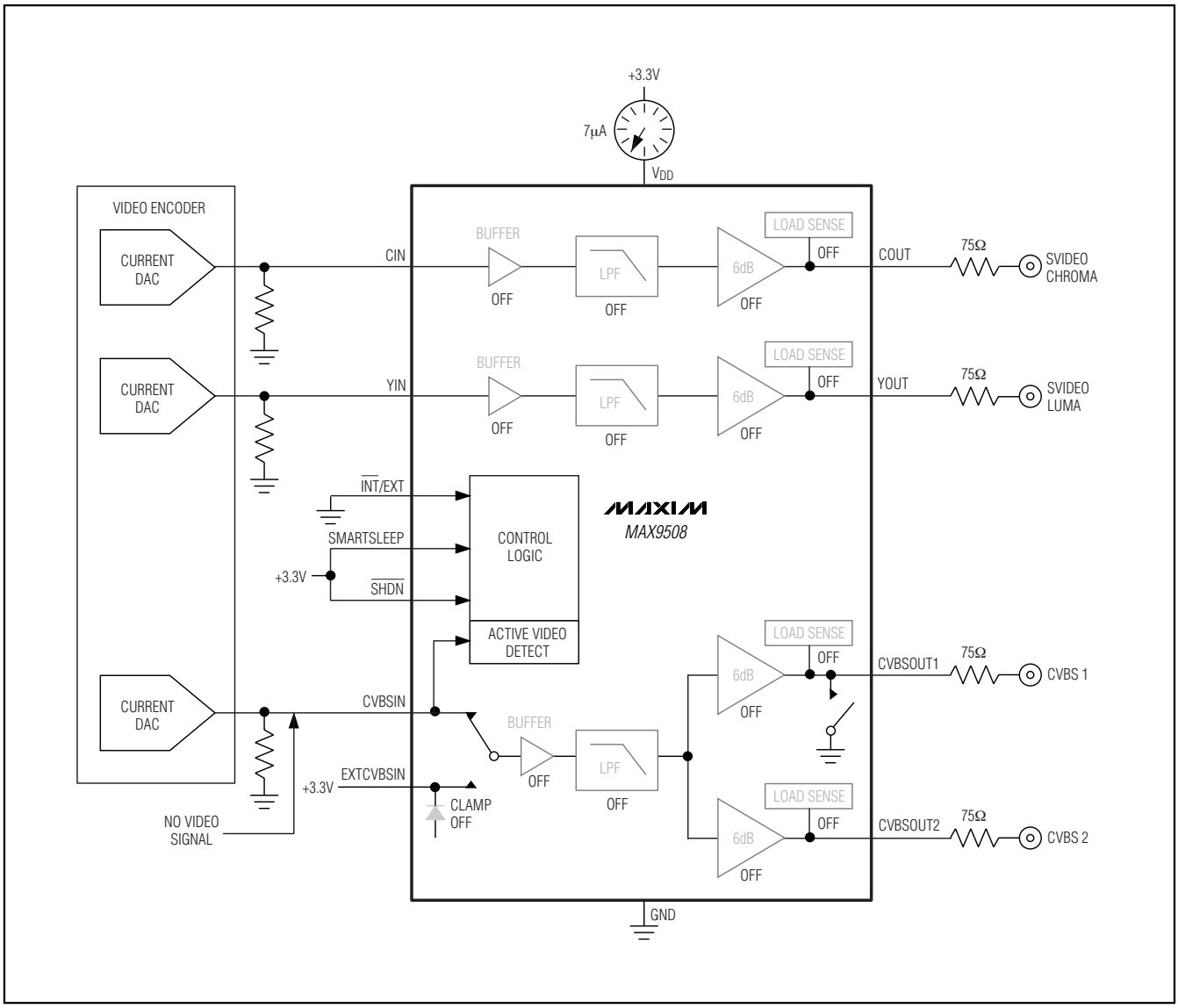

Figure 2. Standby Mode

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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

Active-Detect Mode

The active video detect circuit slices the CVBSIN signal at 4.7% of the power supply (155mV for a 3.3V supply). If the transitions occur at a rate of 14.3kHz or higher, a video signal is present. When the MAX9508 detects a video signal with sync at the CVBSIN input, the control logic enters the active-detect mode and enables the load sense circuitry (Figure 3). The supply current is typically 17µA.

If an output load is not connected to any amplifier, the MAX9508 remains in active detect mode. Eight times per second, each load-sense circuit checks for a load by connecting an internal 15kΩ pullup resistor to the output for 1ms. If the output is pulled up, then no load is present. If the output stays low, a load is connected.

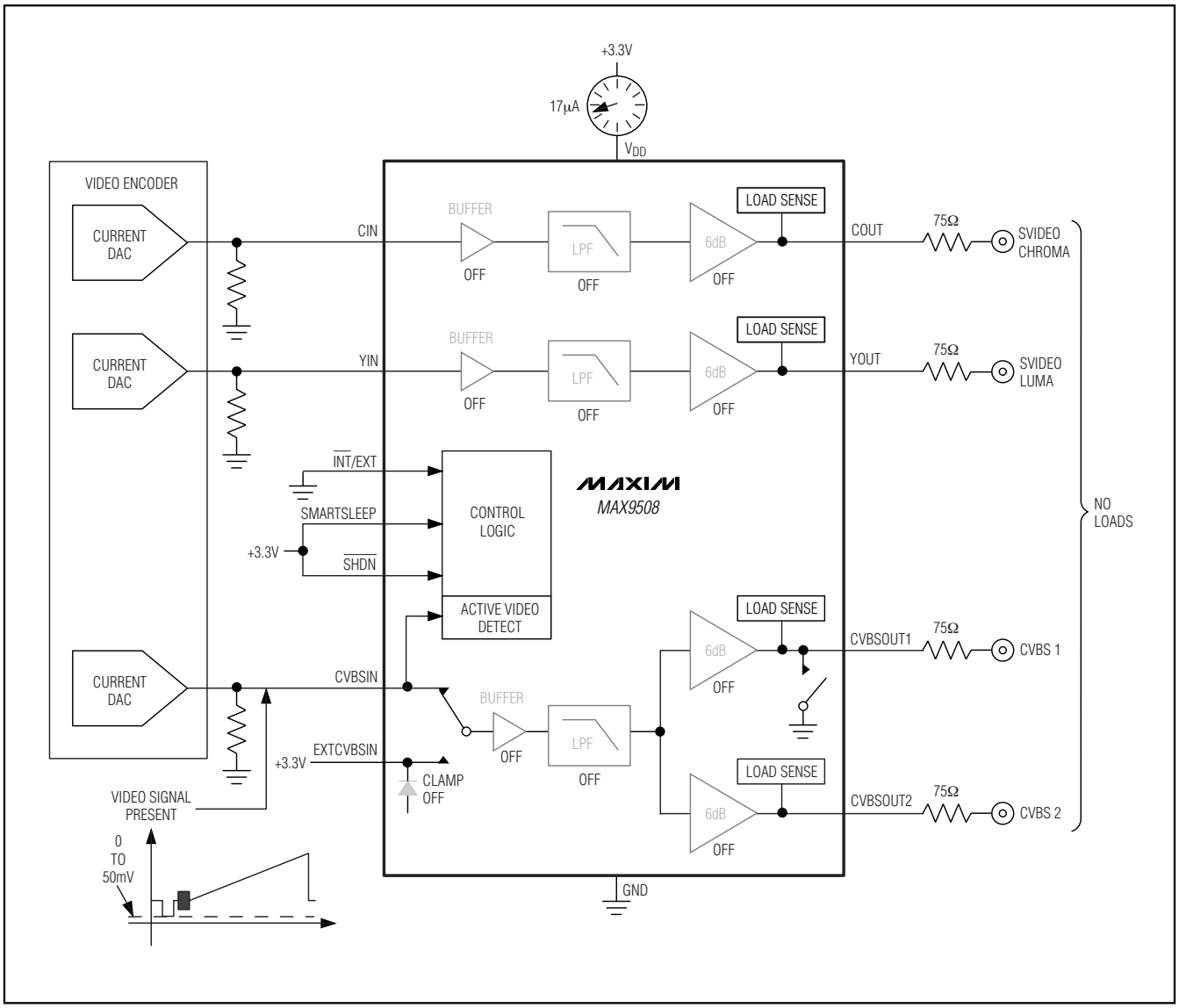

Figure 3. Active-Detect Mode with No Output Loads

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Full-Operation Mode

If a load is connected to an output, the corresponding filter and amplifier turn on and remain on until the output load is disconnected. In full-operation mode, SmartSleep intelligently reduces the supply current based on the input signal presence and output loading. Figures 4, 5, and 6 show which portions of the MAX9508 turn on and which remain off with different load configurations.

When an amplifier is on, it continually checks if the load has been disconnected by detecting if the amplifier output is sourcing current during a horizontal line time. If no sourcing current is detected within one horizontal line time (approximately 64µs), the load has been disconnected and the amplifier returns to active-detect mode. If, at any time, the input video signal is removed, the MAX9508 returns to standby mode.

If the SmartSleep feature is not activated and the part is not in shutdown, the filters and amplifiers completely turn on, regardless of whether there is a video signal at the CVBSIN input and whether there are loads connected at the outputs.

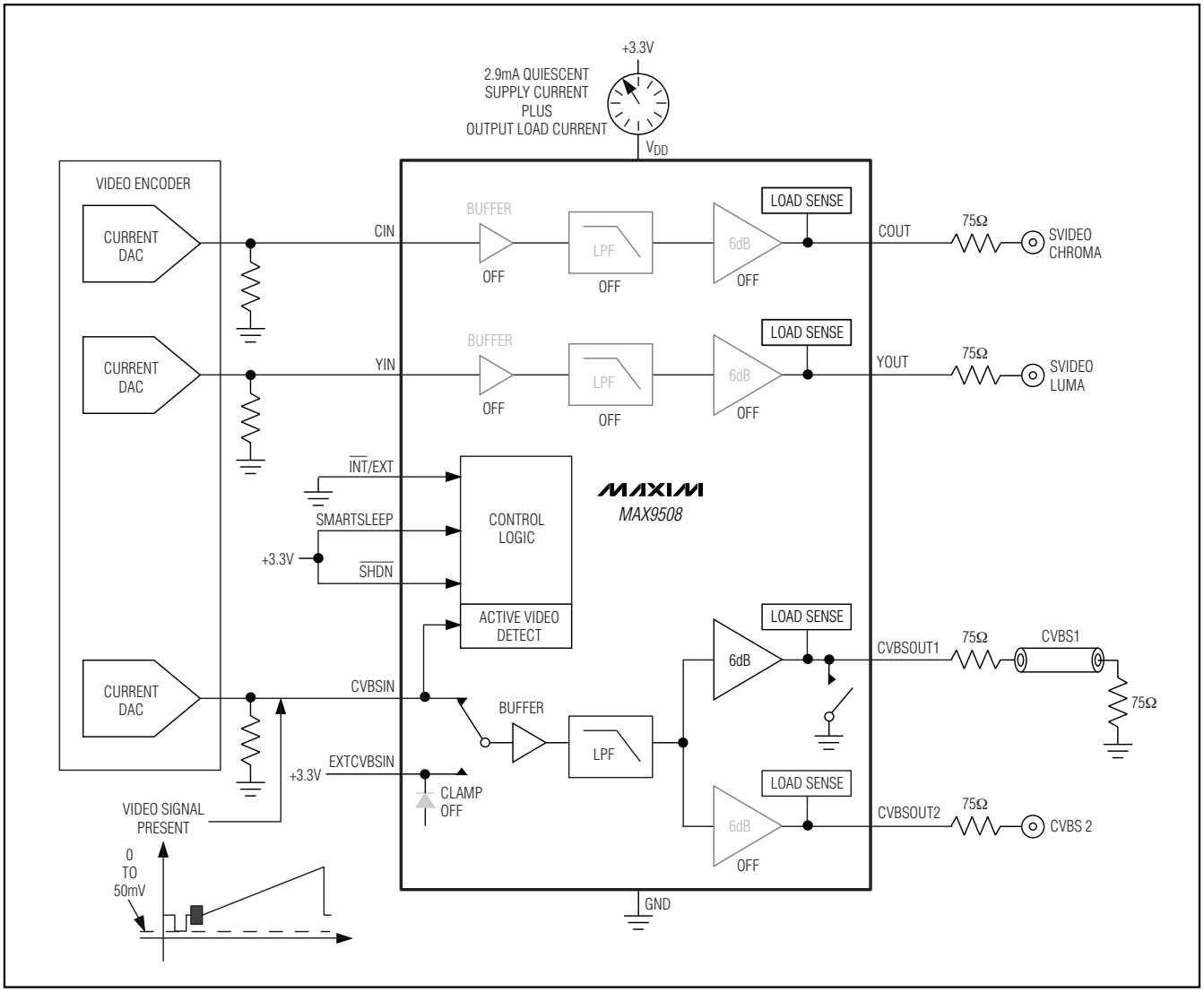

Figure 4. Full-Operation Mode with CVBSOUT1 Loaded

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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

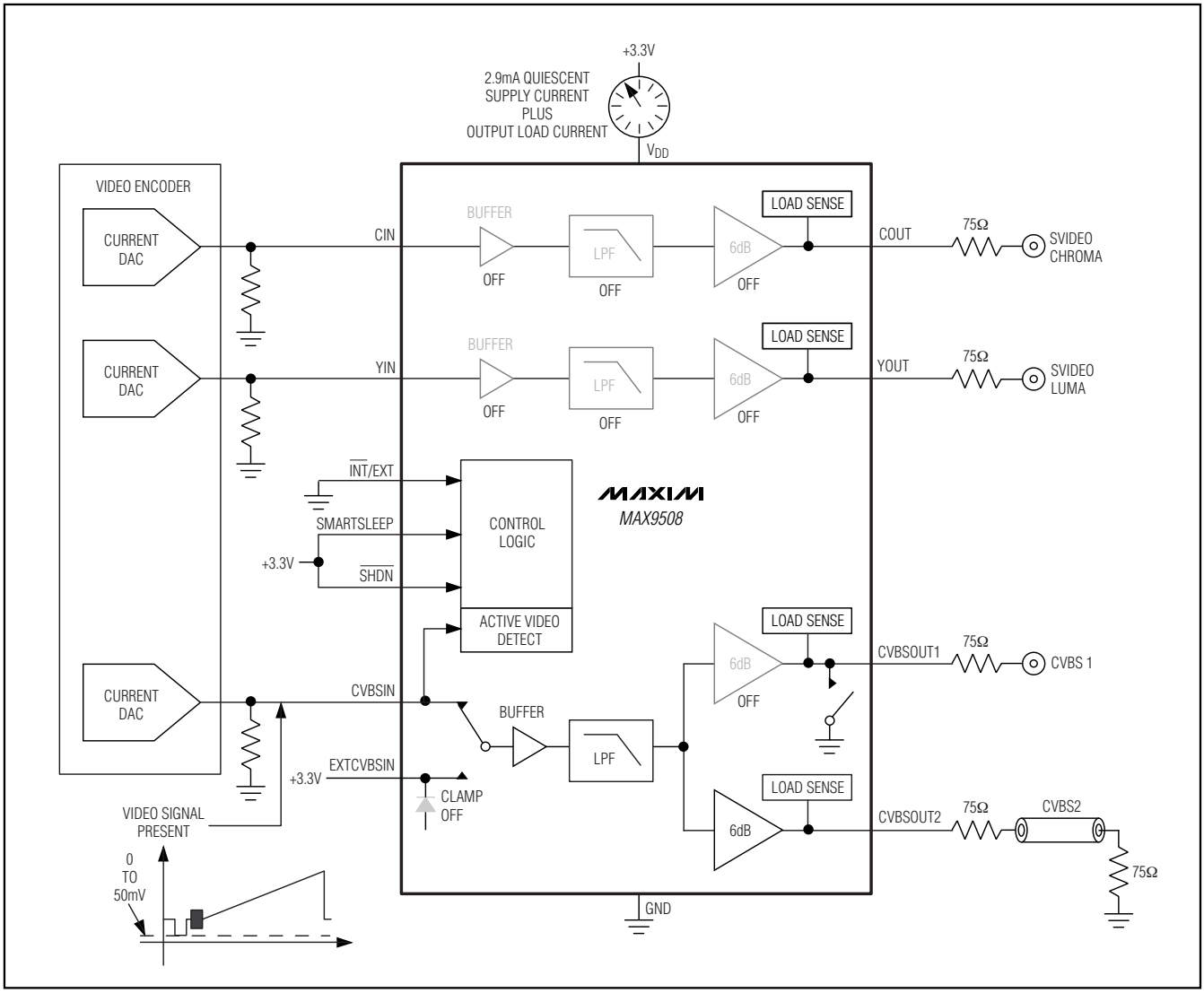

Figure 5. Full-Operation Mode with CVBSOUT2 Loaded

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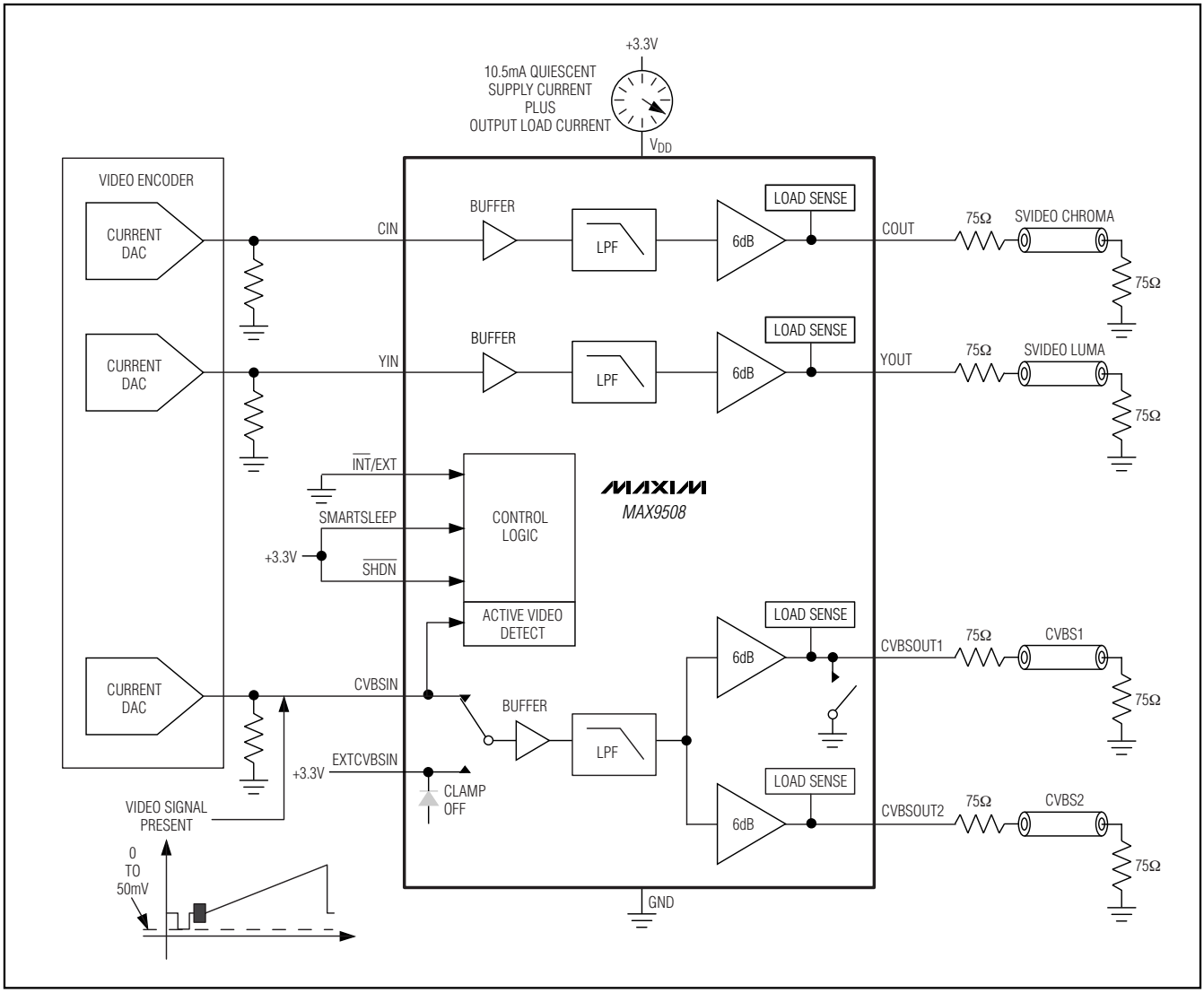

Figure 6. Full-Operation Mode with All Outputs Loaded

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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

Internal Mode Versus External Mode

Internal Mode

Set the $\overline{INT}$/EXT control input low for internal mode. The MAX9508 processes video signals from an internal source such as a DVD chip (Figure 7). The 2:1 multiplexer selects the video signal on CVBSIN. The EXTCVBSIN video signal is ignored.

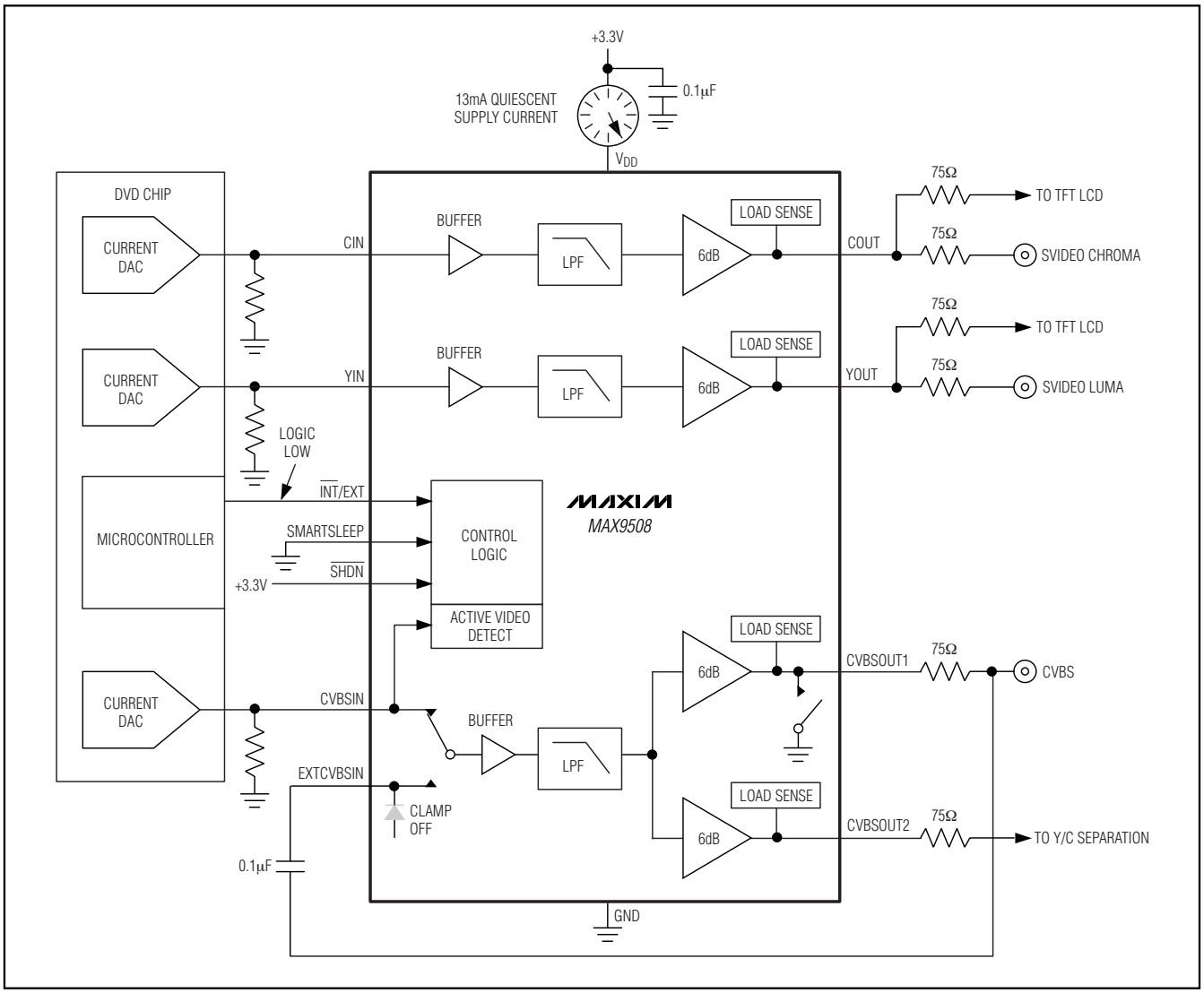

Figure 7. Internal Mode Operation for Portable DVD Applications

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External Mode

Set the $\overline{INT}$/EXT control input high for external mode. The 2:1 multiplexer selects the video signal on EXTCVBSIN (Figure 8). The YIN, CIN, and CVBSIN signals are ignored. The block drawing of the MAX9508 in Figure 8 shows which circuits are off while in external mode. SmartSleep does not function in external mode, and the SMARTSLEEP input is ignored.

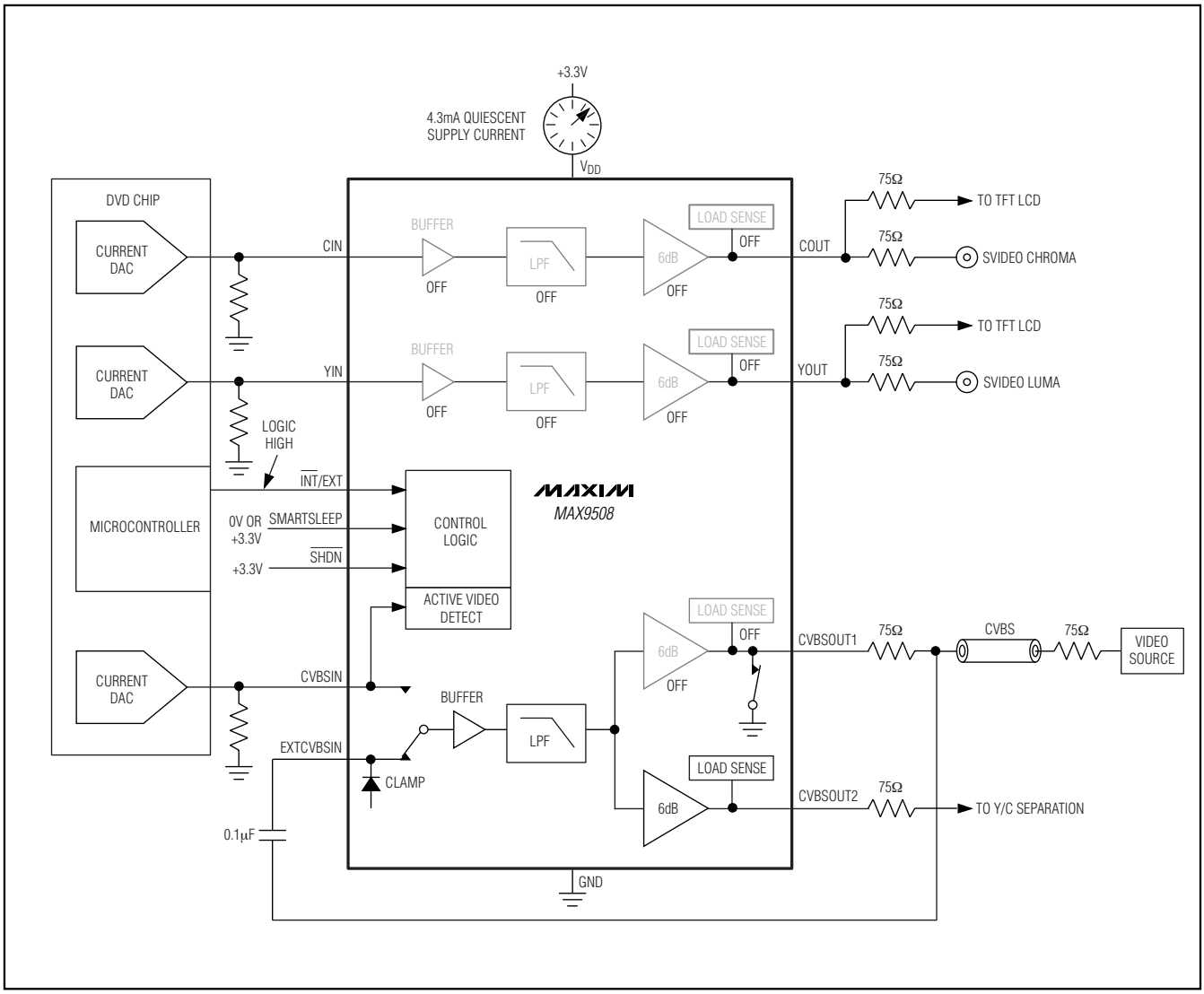

Figure 8. External Mode Operation for Portable DVD Applications

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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

Inputs

The MAX9508 video inputs YIN, CIN, and CVBSIN should be directly connected to the output of the video current DAC. DC-coupling ensures that the input signals are ground referenced such that the sync tip of composite or luma signals is within 50mV of ground and the blank level of the chroma signal is between 0.5V and 0.65V. Since the input buffer is identical for YIN, CIN, and CVBSIN, any standard-definition video signal can be applied to those inputs as long as the signal is between ground and 1.05V when V_{DD} = 2.7V. For example, three composite video signals could be applied to YIN, CIN, and CVBSIN. The RGB set and the YPbPr set can also be inputs to YIN, CIN, and CVBSIN (Figure 9).

The EXTCVBSIN input can only handle signals with a sync pulse, such as composite, video, or luma. Because the DC level of an external video input signal is unknown, the external video signal is AC-coupled through a 0.1µF capacitor, and a sync tip clamp sets the internal DC level of the MAX9508. A 2:1 multiplexer under the control of the $\overline{INT}$/EXT input selects either the signal at CVBSIN or EXTCVBSIN.

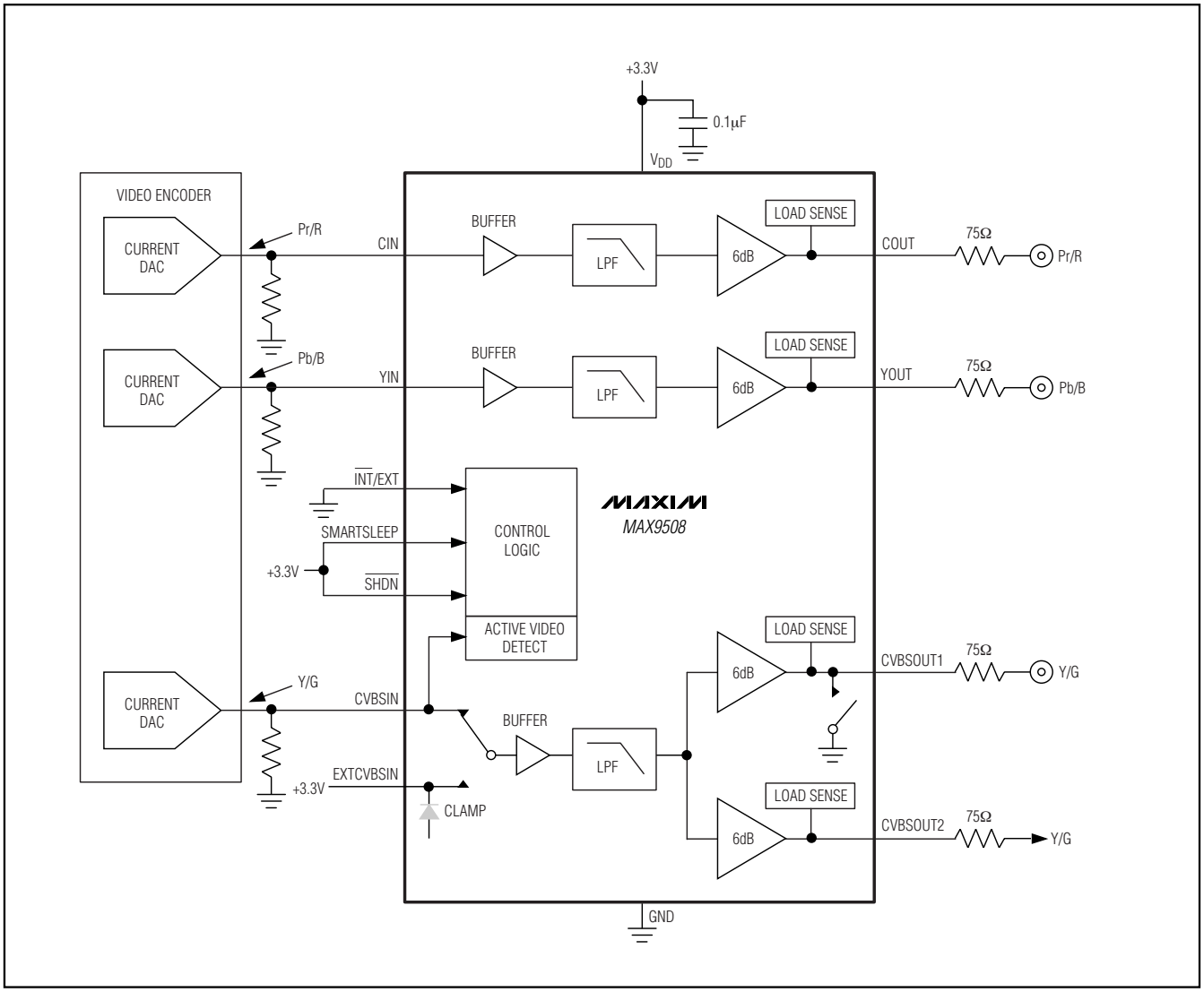

Figure 9. Y, P_r, P_b or RGB Set Applied to MAX9508

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Video Reconstruction Filter

The MAX9508 filter passband is 6.75MHz, which makes the device suitable for the higher bandwidth video signals from a DVD chip. Broadcast video signals actually require less bandwidth because of channel limitations: NTSC signals have a 4.2MHz bandwidth, and PAL signals have a 5MHz bandwidth. Video signals from a DVD player are not channel limited; therefore, the bandwidth of DVD video signals can push right against the Nyquist limit of 6.75MHz. (Recommendation ITU-R BT.601-5 specifies 13.5MHz as the sampling rate for standard-definition video). Therefore, the maximum bandwidth of the signal is 6.75MHz. To ease the filtering requirements, most modern video systems oversample by two times, clocking the video current DAC at 27MHz.

Outputs

The video output amplifiers can both source and sink load current, allowing output loads to be DC- or AC-coupled. The amplifier output stage needs about 300mV of headroom from either supply rail. The MAX9508 has an internal level-shift circuit that positions the sync tip at approximately 300mV at the output. The blank level of the chroma output is positioned at approximately 1.3V if the blank level of the chroma input signal is 0.5V. The blank level of the chroma output is positioned at approximately 1.5V if the blank level of the chroma input signal is 0.6V.

If the supply voltage is greater than 3.135V (5% below a 3.3V supply), each amplifier can drive two DC-coupled video loads to ground. If the supply is less than 3.135V, each amplifier can drive only one DC-coupled or AC-coupled video load.

Shutdown

When $\overline{SHDN}$ is low, the MAX9508 draws typically less than 10nA supply current. All the amplifier outputs become high impedance. The effective output resistance at the video outputs is 28kΩ, due to the internal feedback resistors to ground.

Applications Information

Reducing Power Consumption in the Video DACs

YIN, CIN, and CVBSIN have high-impedance input buffers and can work with source resistances as high as 300Ω. To reduce power dissipation in the video DACs, the DAC output resistor can be scaled up in value. The reference resistor that sets the reference current inside the video DACs must also be similarly scaled up. For instance, if the output resistor is 37.5Ω, the DAC must source 26.7mA when the output is 1V. If the output resistor is increased to 300Ω, the DAC only needs to source 3.33mA when the output is 1V.

There is parasitic capacitance from the DAC output to ground. That capacitance in parallel with the DAC output resistor forms a pole that can potentially roll off the frequency response of the video signal. For example, 300Ω in parallel with 50pF creates a pole at 10.6MHz. To minimize this capacitance, reduce the area of the signal trace attached to the DAC output as much as possible, and place the MAX9508 as close to the video DAC outputs as possible.

AC-Coupling the Outputs

The outputs can be AC-coupled since the output stage can source and sink current as shown in Figure 10. Coupling capacitors should be 220µF or greater to keep the highpass filter formed by the 150Ω equivalent resistance of the video transmission line to a corner frequency of 4.8Hz or below. The frame rate of PAL systems is 25Hz, and the frame rate of NTSC systems is 30Hz. The corner frequency should be well below the frame rate. SmartSleep only works with DC-coupled loads.

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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

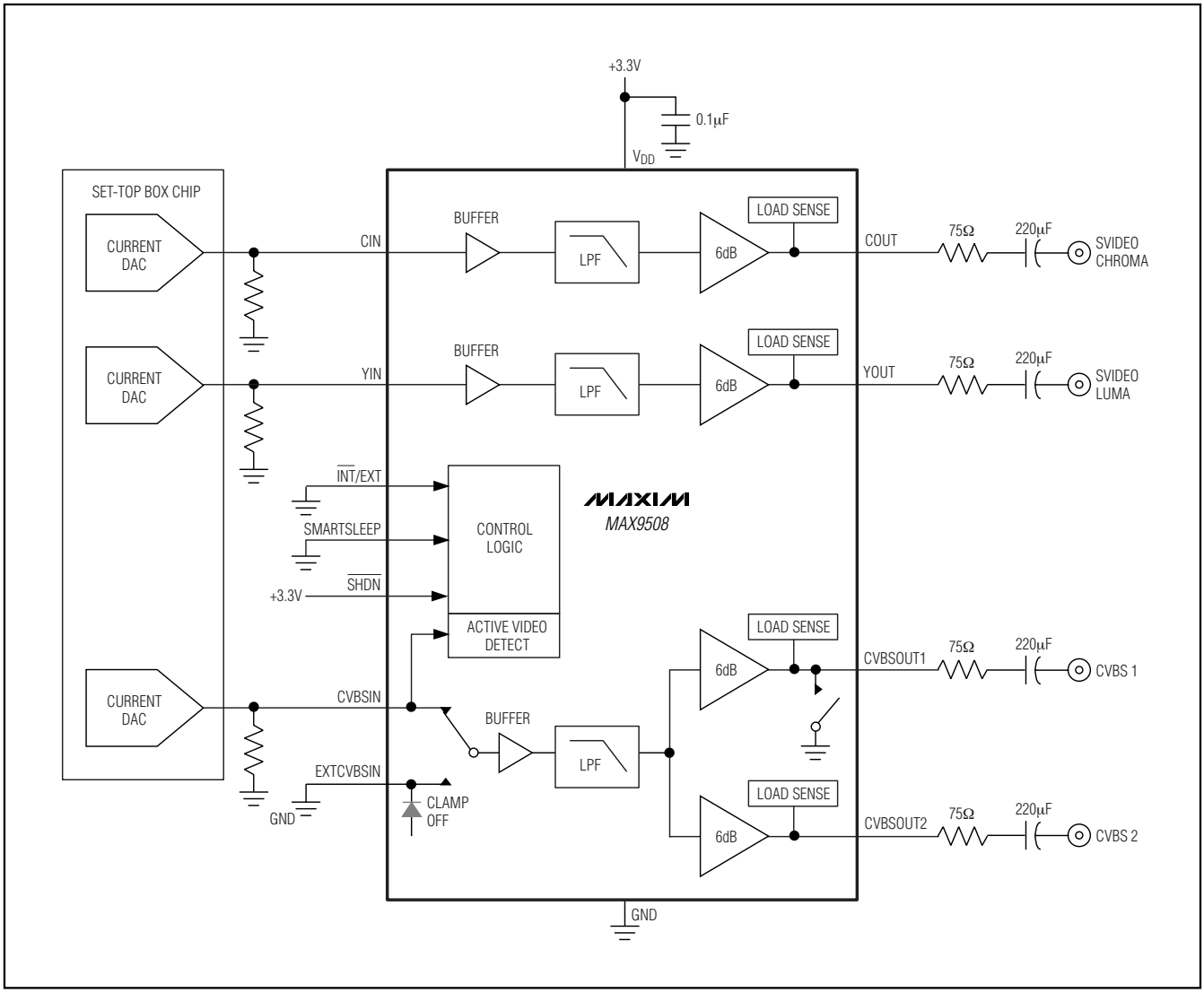

Figure 10. AC-Coupled Outputs

Power-Supply Bypassing and Ground

The MAX9508 operates from a single-supply voltage down to 2.7V, allowing for low-power operation. Bypass V_{DD} to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor. Place all external components as close to the device as possible.

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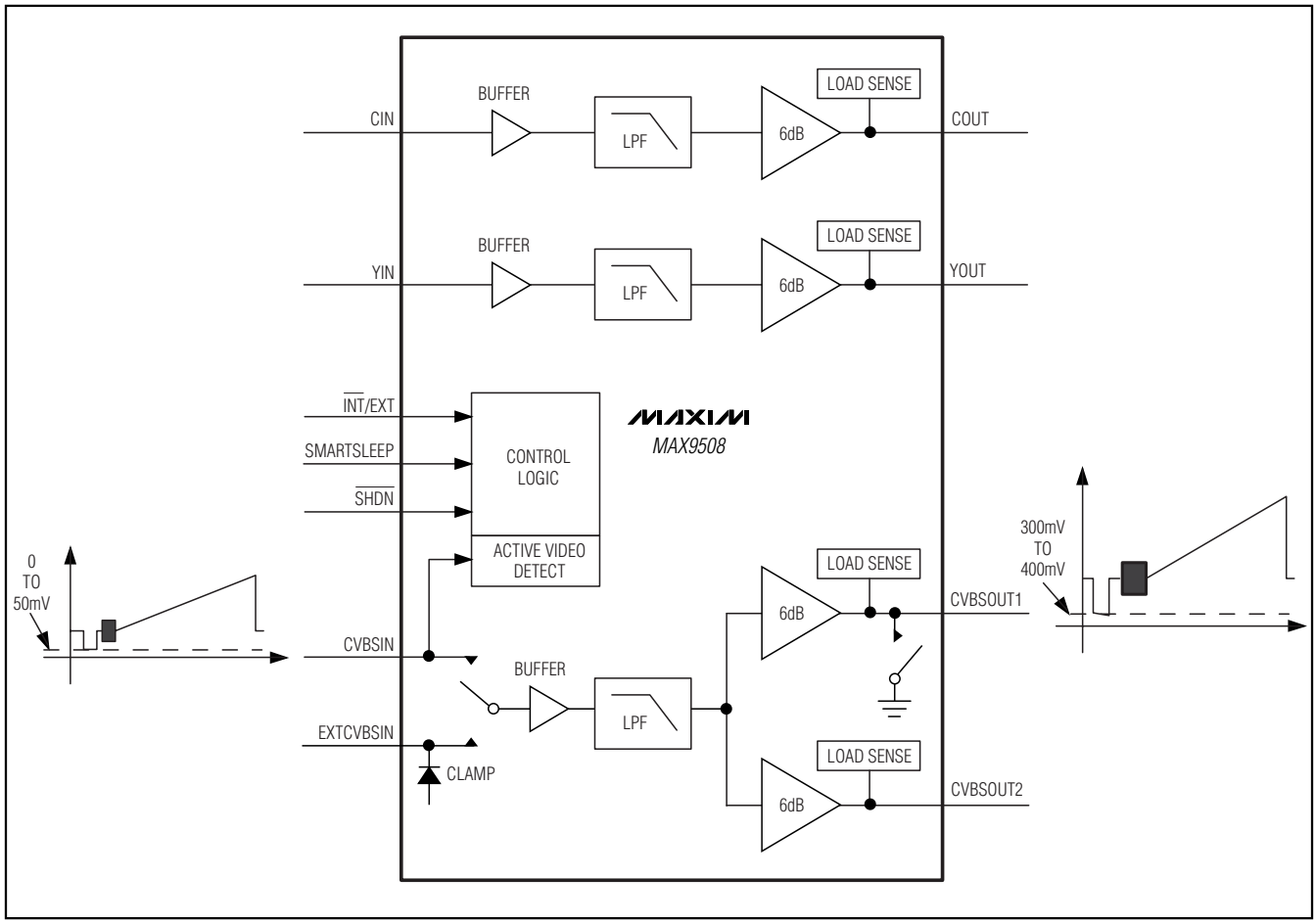
Block Diagrams (continued)



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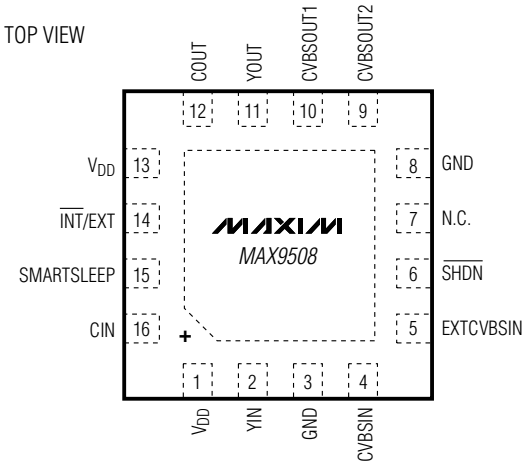
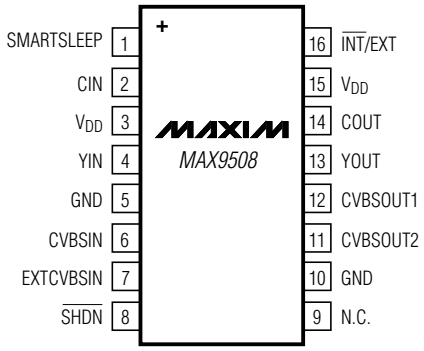
CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

Pin Configurations



THIN QFN (3mm x 3mm)



QSOP

Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

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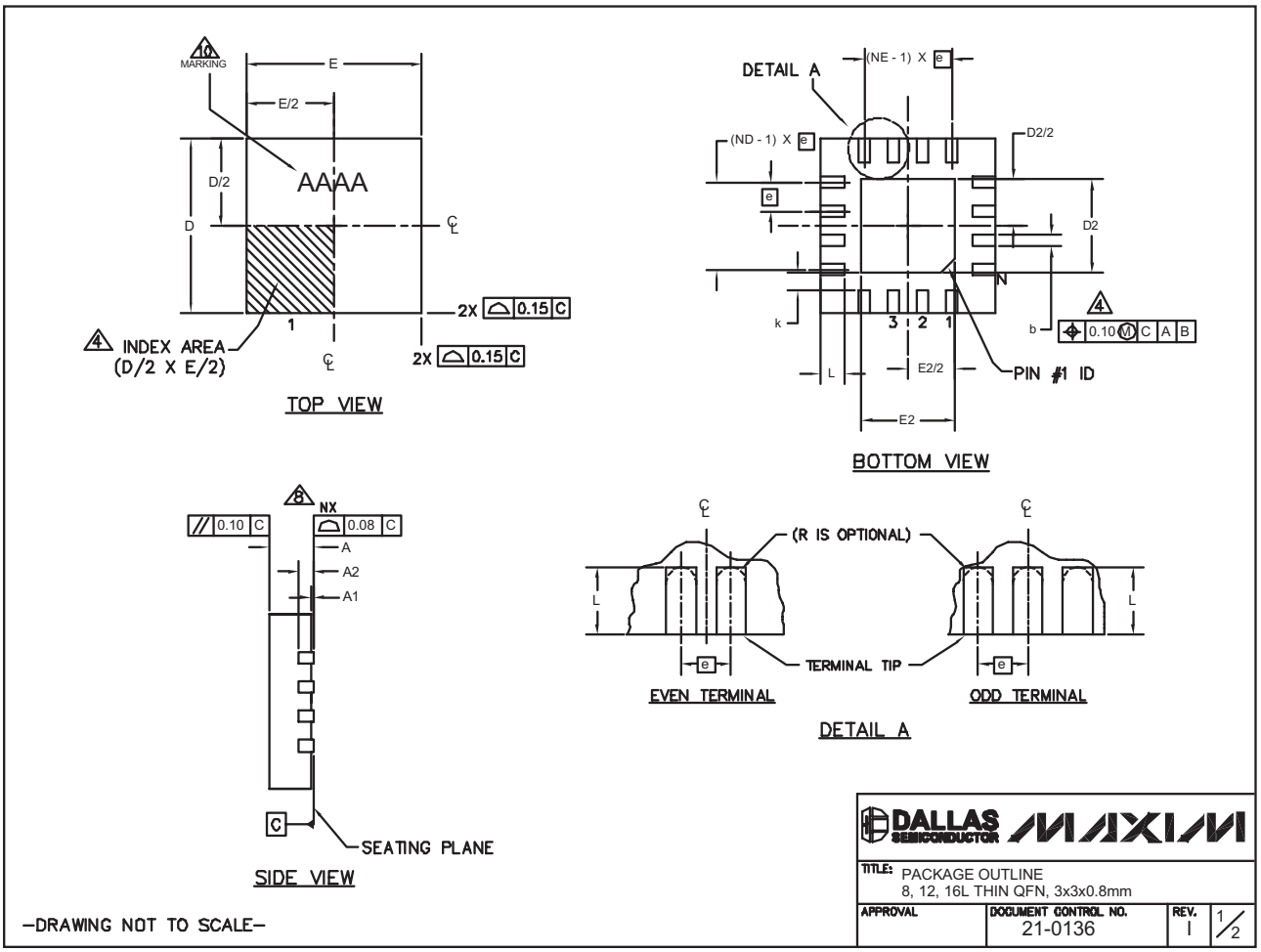
CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)

12x16L QFN THIN.EPS



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CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)

PKG	8L 3x3			12L 3x3			16L 3x3		
REF.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	2.90	3.00	3.10	2.90	3.00	3.10
E	2.90	3.00	3.10	2.90	3.00	3.10	2.90	3.00	3.10
e	0.65 BSC.			0.50 BSC.			0.50 BSC.		
L	0.35	0.55	0.75	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50
N	8			12			16		
ND	2			3			4		
NE	2			3			4		
A1	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05
A2	0.20 REF			0.20 REF			0.20 REF		
k	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-

EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS								
PKG. CODES	D2			E2			PIN ID	JEDEC
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		
TQ833-1	0.25	0.70	1.25	0.25	0.70	1.25	0.35 x 45°	WEEC
T1233-1	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.35 x 45°	WEED-1
T1233-3	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.35 x 45°	WEED-1
T1233-4	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.35 x 45°	WEED-1
T1633-2	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.35 x 45°	WEED-2
T1633F-3	0.65	0.80	0.95	0.65	0.80	0.95	0.225 x 45°	WEED-2
T1633FH-3	0.65	0.80	0.95	0.65	0.80	0.95	0.225 x 45°	WEED-2
T1633-4	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.35 x 45°	WEED-2
T1633-5	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.35 x 45°	WEED-2

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
4. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.
5. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.20 mm AND 0.25 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
6. ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
8. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220 REVISION C.
10. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.
11. NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
12. WARPAGE NOT TO EXCEED 0.10mm.

–DRAWING NOT TO SCALE–

DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR MAXIM

TITLE: PACKAGE OUTLINE
8, 12, 16L THIN QFN, 3x3x0.8mm

APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.	REV.	2/2
	21-0136	I	

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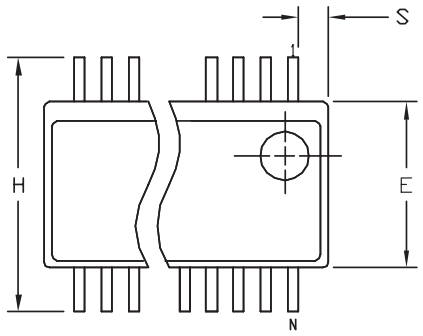
CVBS/S-Video Filter Amplifier with SmartSleep and Bidirectional Video Support

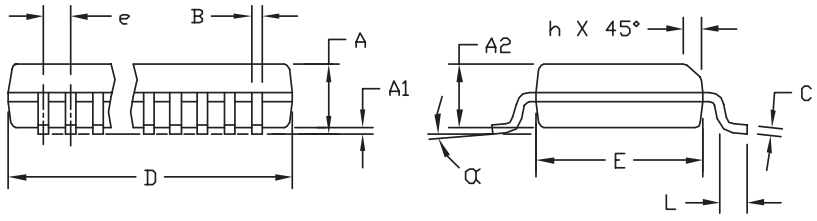
Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)

QSOP.EPS



DIM	INCHES MIN	INCHES MAX	MILLIMETERS MIN	MILLIMETERS MAX
A	.053	.069	1.35	1.75
A1	.004	.010	.102	.254
A2	.049	.065	1.245	1.651
B	.008	.012	0.20	0.30
C	.0075	.0098	0.191	0.249
D	SEE VARIATIONS			
E	.150	.157	3.81	3.99
e	.025 BSC		0.635 BSC	
H	.230	.244	5.84	6.20
h	.010	.016	0.25	0.41
L	.016	.035	0.41	0.89
N	SEE VARIATIONS			
α	0°	8°	0°	8°



VARIATIONS:

	INCHES MIN.	INCHES MAX.	MILLIMETERS MIN.	MILLIMETERS MAX.	N	
D	.189	.196	4.80	4.98	16	AB
S	.0020	.0070	0.05	0.18		
D	.337	.344	8.56	8.74	20	AD
S	.0500	.0550	1.270	1.397		
D	.337	.344	8.56	8.74	24	AE
S	.0250	.0300	0.635	0.762		
D	.386	.393	9.80	9.98	28	AF
S	.0250	.0300	0.635	0.762		

NOTES:
1). D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
2). MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED .006" PER SIDE.
3). CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS: INCHES.
4). MEETS JEDEC MO137.

DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR MAXIM
PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

TITLE:
PACKAGE OUTLINE, QSOP .150", .025" LEAD PITCH

APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.	REV.	
	21-0055	F	1/1

Revision History

Pages changed at Rev 1: 1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 11–7, 19, 20

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