

3.3V, 3.2Gbps DUAL, DIFFERENTIAL 2:1 LVDS MULTIPLEXER with INTERNAL TERMINATION

Precision Edge[®] SY89543L

FEATURES

- Dual 2:1 multiplexer
- Guaranteed AC performance over temp and voltage:
 - DC-to > 3.2Gbps data rate throughput
 - < 510ps In-to-Out t_{pd}
 - \bullet < 150ps t_r/t_f
- Ultra-low jitter design:
 - < 1ps_{RMS} random jitter
 - < 10ps_{PP} deterministic jitter
 - < 10ps_{pp} total jitter (clock)
 - < 0.7ps_{RMS} crosstalk-induced jitter
- Unique input isolation design minimizes crosstalk
- Internal input termination
- Unique input termination and V_T pin accepts DCcoupled and AC-coupled inputs (LVDS, LVPECL, CML)
- 350mV LVDS output swing
- CMOS/TTL compatible MUX select
- Power supply 3.3V +10%
- -40 to +85°C temperature range
- Available in 32-pin (5mm × 5mm) MLFTM package

APPLICATIONS

- Redundant clock/data switchover
- SONET/SDH multi-channel select applications
- **■** Fiber Channel applications
- GigE applications

Precision Edge®

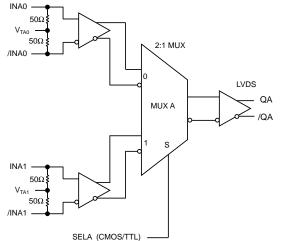
DESCRIPTION

The SY89543L includes two precision, high-speed 2:1 differential Muxes with LVDS (350mV) compatible outputs with a guaranteed data rate throughput of 3.2Gbps over temperature and voltage.

The SY89543L differential inputs include a unique, 3-pin internal termination that allows access to the termination network through a V_T pin. This feature allows the device to easily interface to different logic standards, both AC- and DC-coupled without external resistor-bias and termination networks. The result is a clean, stub-free, low jitter interface solution.

The SY89543L operates from a single 3.3V supply, and is guaranteed over the full industrial temperature range (–40°C to +85°C). For applications that require a 2.5V supply, consider the SY89542U. The SY89543L is part of a Micrel's Precision Edge® product family. All support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at www.micrel.com.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

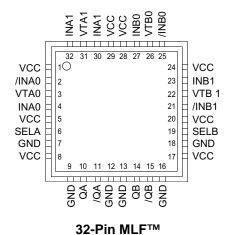


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> Rev.: B Amendment: /0 Issue Date: July 2005

INB0

PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION



Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

| Part Number | Package Type | Operating Range | Package Marking | Lead Finish |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|-------------------|
| SY89543LMI | MLF-32 | Industrial | SY89543L | Sn-Pb |
| SY89543LMITR ⁽²⁾ | MLF-32 | Industrial | SY89543L | Sn-Pb |
| SY89543LMG ⁽³⁾ | MLF-32 | Industrial | SY89543L with Pb-Free bar-line indicator | Pb-Free NiPdAu |
| SY89543LMGTR ^(2, 3) | MLF-32 | Industrial | SY89543L with Pb-Free bar-line indicator | Pb-Free NiPdAu |

Notes:

- 1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, DC electricals only.
- 2. Tape and Reel.
- 3. Recommended for new designs.

PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Pin Function |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| 4, 2, 32, 30, 27, 25, 23, 21 | INA0, /INA0, INA1, /INA1, INB0, /INB0, INB1, /INB1 | Differential Inputs: These input pairs are the differential signal inputs to the device. Inputs accept AC- or DC-coupled signals as small as 100mV. Each pin of a pair internally terminates to a $V_{\rm T}$ pin through 50Ω . Note that these inputs will default to an indeterminate state if left open. Unused differential input pairs can be terminated by connecting one input to $V_{\rm CC}$ and the complementary input to GND through a $1k\Omega$ resistor. The $V_{\rm T}$ pin is to be left open in this configuration. Please refer to the "Input Interface Applications" section for more details. |
| 3, 31, 26, 22 | VTA0 , VTA1, VTB0, VTB1 | Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of the differential input pair, terminates to a V_T pin. The V_{TA0} , V_{TA1} , V_{TB0} , V_{TB1} pins provide a center-tap to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. See "Input Interface Applications" section for more details. |
| 6, 19 | SELA, SELB | These single-ended TTL/CMOS compatible inputs select the inputs to the multiplexers. Note that these inputs are internally connected to a $25k\Omega$ pull-up resistor and will default to logic HIGH state if left open. |
| 1, 5, 8, 17, 20, 24, 28, 29 | VCC | Positive Power Supply: Bypass with $0.1\mu F 0.01\mu F $ low ESR capacitors. The $0.01\mu F$ capacitor should be as close to V_{CC} pin as possible. |
| 10, 11, 14, 15 | QA, /QA, QB, /QB | Differential Outputs: This differential LVDS output pair provides a copy of the selected input. It is a logic function of the INA0, INA1, INB0, INB1 and SELA and SELB inputs. Please refer to the " $Truth\ Table$ " for details. Unused output pairs must be terminated with 100Ω across the differential pair. |
| 7, 9, 12, 13, 16, 18 | GND, Exposed pad | Ground: Ground pin and exposed pad must be connected to the same ground plane. |

Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

| Supply Voltage (V _{CC}) | 0.5V to +4.0V |
|--|-------------------------|
| Input Voltage (V _{IN}) | 0.5V to V _{CC} |
| Termination Current ⁽³⁾ | |
| Source or sink current on V _T | ±100mA |
| Input Current | |
| Source or sink current on IN, /IN | ±50mA |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 20 sec.) | +260°C |
| Storage Temperature (T _s) | -65°C to +150°C |

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

| Supply Voltage (V _{CC}) | 3.0V to 3.6V |
|---|--------------|
| Ambient Temperature (T _A) | |
| Package Thermal Resistance ⁽⁴⁾ | |
| $MLF^{\mathsf{TM}}\ (\theta_{JA})$ | |
| Still-Air | 35°C/W |
| 500lfpm | 28°C/W |
| MLF™ (ψ _{JB}) | |
| Junction-to-Board | 20°C/W |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(5)

 $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C; Unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|----------------------|--|--|----------------------|-----|----------------------|-------|
| V_{CC} | Power Supply | | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| I _{CC} | Power Supply Current | No Load, Max. V _{CC} ⁽⁶⁾ | | 66 | 88 | mA |
| R _{DIFF_IN} | Differential Input Resistance (IN-to-/IN) | | 80 | 100 | 120 | Ω |
| R _{IN} | Input Resistance (IN-to-VT, /IN-to-VT) | | 40 | 50 | 60 | Ω |
| V_{IH} | Input High Voltage (IN, /IN) | Note 7 | V _{CC} -1.6 | | V _{CC} | V |
| V_{IL} | Input Low Voltage (IN, /IN) | Note 7 | 0 | | V _{IH} -0.1 | V |
| V_{IN} | Input Voltage Swing (IN, /IN) | Notes 7, 8 | 100 | | V _{CC} | mV |
| V _{DIFF_IN} | Differential Input Voltage Swing IN - /IN | Notes 7, 8 | 200 | | 2×V _{CC} | mV |
| IN-to-V _T | Voltage from Input to V _T | | | | 1.8 | V |

Notes:

- 1. Permanent device damage may occur if "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
- 3. Due to the limited drive capability use for input of the same package only.
- Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential on the PCB. Ψ_{JB} uses 4-layer θ_{JA} in still air unless otherwise stated.
- 5. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.
- Includes current through internal 50Ω pull-ups.
- 7. V_{IH}(min) not lower than 1.2V.
- 8. See "Operating Characteristics" section for V_{IN} and $V_{DIFF\ IN}$ definition.

LVDS OUTPUTS DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(9)

 V_{CC} = 3.3V ±10%; T_A = -40°C to +85°C; R_L = 100 Ω across Q and /Q, unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------|-------------|-----|-------|-------|
| V_{OH} | Output HIGH Voltage (Q, /Q) | See Figure 5a | | | 1.475 | V |
| V_{OL} | Output LOW Voltage (Q, /Q) | See Figure 5a | 0.925 | | | V |
| V _{OUT} | Output Voltage Swing (Q, /Q) | See Figures 1a, 5a | 250 | 350 | | mV |
| V _{DIFF-OUT} | Differential Output Voltage Swing Q - /Q | See Figure 1b | 500 | 700 | | mV |
| V _{OCM} | Output Common Mode Voltage (Q, /Q) | See Figure 5b | 1.125 | | 1.275 | V |
| ΔV_{OCM} | Change in Common Mode Voltage (Q, /Q) | See Figure 5b | - 50 | | +50 | mV |

LVTTL/CMOS DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(9)

 V_{CC} = 3.3V ±10%; T_A = -40°C to +85°C; unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----------------|-------|
| V_{IH} | Input HIGH Voltage | | 2.0 | | V _{CC} | V |
| V_{IL} | Input LOW Voltage | | | | 0.8 | V |
| I _{IH} | Input HIGH Current | | | | 40 | μΑ |
| I _{IL} | Input LOW Current | | | | -300 | μΑ |

Note:

9. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(10)

 $V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 10\%$; $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C; $R_L = 100\Omega$ across Q and /Q, unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Paramete | er | Condition | | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|
| f _{MAX} | Maximum | Operating Frequency | | NRZ Data | 3.2 | | | Gbps |
| | | | V _{OUT} > 200mV | Clock | | 3 | | GHz |
| t _{PD} | Differenti | al Propagation Delay | IN-to-Q | | 310 | 410 | 510 | ps |
| | | | SEL-to-Q | | 250 | 450 | 650 | ps |
| t _{SKEW} | | Input-to-Input Skew | Note 11 | | | | 25 | ps |
| | | Channel-to-Channel Skew | Note 12 | | | 10 | 30 | ps |
| | | Part-to-Part Skew | Note 13 | | | | 200 | ps |
| t _{JITTER} | Data | Random Jitter (RJ) | Note 14 | | | | 1 | ps _{RMS} |
| | | Deterministic Jitter (DJ) | Note 15 | | | | 10 | ps _{PP} |
| | Clock | Total Jitter (TJ) | Note 16 | | | | 10 | ps _{PP} |
| | | Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter | Note 17 | | | | 1 | ps _{RMS} |
| | | Crosstalk-Induced Jitter | Note 18 | | | | 0.7 | ps _{RMS} |
| t _R , t _F | Output Ri (20% to 8 | ise / Fall Time 30%) | At full output swing | | 40 | 80 | 150 | ps |

Notes:

- 10. Measured with 100mV input swing. See "Timing Diagrams" section for definition of parameters. High-frequency AC-parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization.
- 11. Input-to-input skew is the difference in time from an input-to-output in comparison to any other input-to-output. In addition, the input-to-input skew does not include the output skew.
- 12. Channel-to-channel skew is measured between two different outputs under identical conditions.
- 13. Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and with no skew of the edges at the respective inputs. Total skew is calculated as the RMS (Root Mean Square) of the input skew and output skew.
- 14. RJ is measured with a K28.7 comma detect character pattern, measured at 1.25Gbps and 3.2Gbps.
- 15. DJ is measured at 1.25Gbps and 3.2Gbps, with both K28.5 and 2^{23} –1 PRBS pattern.
- 16. Total jitter definition: with an ideal clock input of frequency ≤f_{MAX}, no more than one output edge in 10¹² output edges will deviate by more than the specified peak-to-peak jitter value.
- 17. Cycle-to-cycle jitter definition: the variation of periods between adjacent cycles, Tn-Tn-1 where T is the time between rising edges of the output signal
- 18. Crosstalk is measured at the output while applying two similar frequencies to adjacent inputs that are asynchronous with respect to each other at the inputs.

SINGLE-ENDED AND DIFFERENTIAL SWINGS

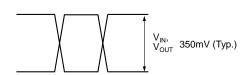


Figure 1a. Single-Ended Voltage Swing

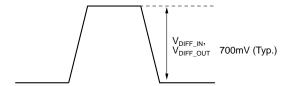
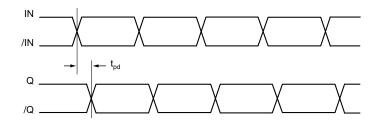


Figure 1b. Differential Voltage Swing

TIMING DIAGRAM



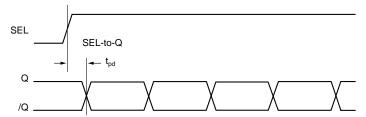


Figure 2. Timing Diagram

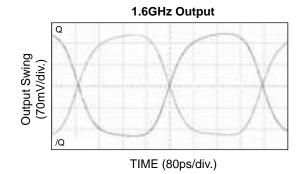
TRUTH TABLE

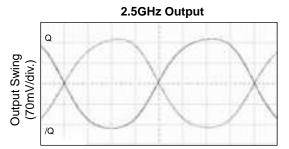
| IN0 | IN1 | SEL | Q | /Q |
|-----|-----|-----|---|----|
| 0 | Х | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | Х | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Х | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| X | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS

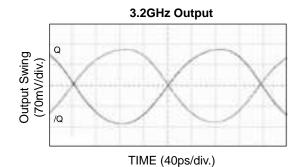


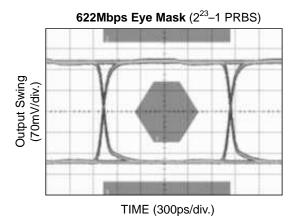
TIME (600ps/div.)

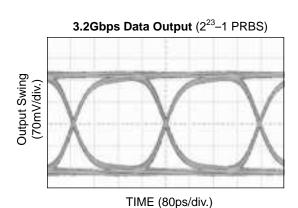


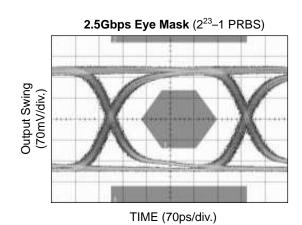


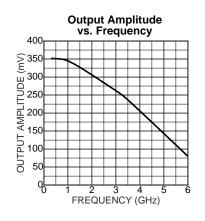
TIME (50ps/div.)











INPUT AND OUTPUT STAGE INTERNAL TERMINATION

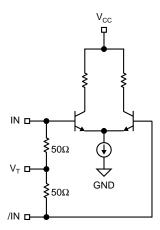


Figure 3. Simplified Differential Input Stage

INPUT INTERFACE APPLICATIONS

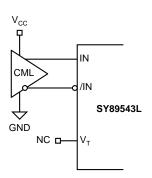


Figure 4a. CML Interface (DC-Coupled)

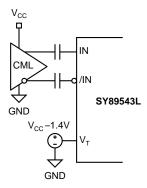


Figure 4b. CML Interface (AC-Coupled)

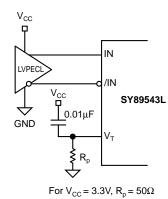


Figure 4c. LVPECL Interface (DC-Coupled)

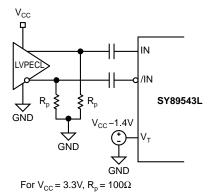


Figure 4d. LVPECL Interface (AC-Coupled)

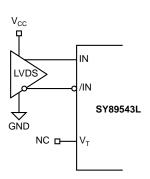


Figure 4e. LVDS Interface

OUTPUT INTERFACE APPLICATIONS

LVDS specifies a small swing of 350mV typical, on a nominal 1.25V common mode above ground. The common mode voltage has tight limits to permit large variations in

ground between an LVDS driver and receiver. Also, change in common mode voltage, as a function of data input, is kept to a minimum, to keep EMI low.

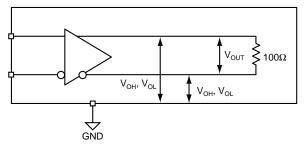


Figure 5a. LVDS Differential Measurement

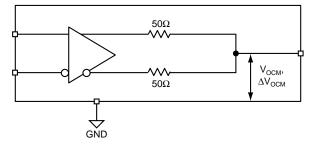
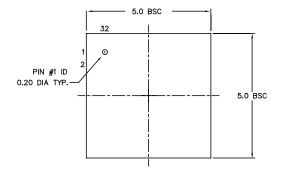


Figure 5b. LVDS Common Mode Measurement

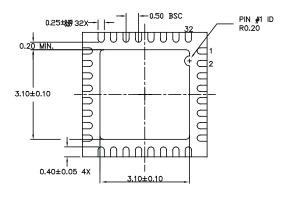
RELATED MICREL PRODUCTS AND SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION

| Part Number | Function | Data Sheet Link |
|---------------|---|---|
| SY89542U | 2.5V, 3.2Gbps Dual, Differential 2:1 LVDS Multiplexer with Internal Input Termination | http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89542u.pdf |
| SY89544U | 2.5V, 3.2Gbps 4:1 LVDS Multiplexer with Internal Input Termination | http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89544u.pdf |
| SY89545L | 3.3V, 3.2Gbps, Differential 4:1 LVDS Multiplexer with Internal Input Termination | http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89545l.pdf |
| SY89546U | 2.5V, 3.2Gbps, Differential 4:1 LVDS Multiplexer with 1:2 Fanout and Internal Input Termination | http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89546u.pdf |
| SY89547L | 3.3V, 3.2Gbps, Differential 4:1 LVDS Multiplexer with 1:2 Fanout and Internal Input Termination | http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/HBW/sy89547l.pdf |
| | MLF™ Application Note | www.amkor.com/products/notes_papers/LF_AppNote_0902.pdf |
| HBW Solutions | New Products and Applications | www.micrel.com/product-info/products/solutions.shtml |

32 LEAD *Micro*LeadFrame™ (MLF-32)



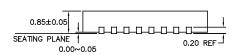


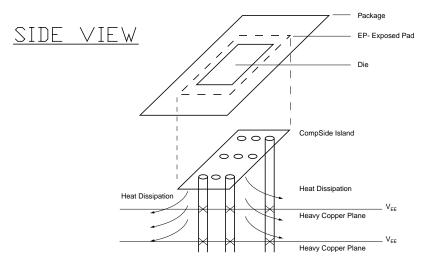




NITE

- 1.
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 MAX. PACKAGE WARPAGE IS 0.05 mm.
 MAXIMUM ALLOWABE BURRS IS 0.076 mm IN ALL DIRECTIONS.
 PIN #1 ID ON TOP WILL BE LASER/INK MARKED.





PCB Thermal Consideration for 32-Pin MLF™ Package (Always solder, or equivalent, the exposed pad to the PCB)

Package Notes:

- 1. Package meets Level 2 qualification.
- 2. All parts are dry-packaged before shipment.
- 3. Exposed pads must be soldered to a ground for proper thermal management.

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