

# DRAM

 MT4LC4M4E8, MT4C4M4E8  
 MT4LC4M4E9, MT4C4M4E9

## FEATURES

- Industry-standard x4 pinout, timing, functions and packages
- State-of-the-art, high-performance, low-power CMOS silicon-gate process
- Single power supply (+3.3V  $\pm 0.3V$  or +5V  $\pm 10\%$ )
- All inputs, outputs and clocks are TTL-compatible
- Refresh modes: RAS#-ONLY, HIDDEN and CAS#-BEFORE-RAS# (CBR)
- Optional Self Refresh (S) for low-power data retention
- 11 row, 11 column addresses (2K refresh) or 12 row, 10 column addresses (4K refresh)
- Extended Data-Out (EDO) PAGE MODE access cycle
- 5V-tolerant inputs and I/Os on 3.3V devices

## OPTIONS

- Voltages
 

3.3V	LC
5V	C
- Refresh Addressing
 

2,048 (i.e. 2K) Rows	E8
4,096 (i.e. 4K) Rows	E9
- Packages
 

Plastic SOJ (300 mil)	DJ
Plastic TSOP (300 mil)	TG
- Timing
 

50ns access	-5
60ns access	-6
- Refresh Rates
 

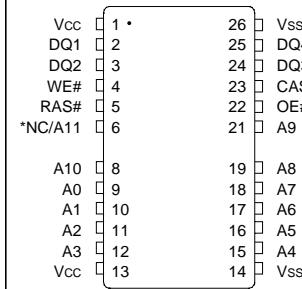
Standard Refresh	None
Self Refresh (128ms period)	S
- Part Number Example: MT4LC4M4E8DJ-6

Note: The 4 Meg x 4 EDO DRAM base number differentiates the offerings in two places - MT4LC4M4E8. The third field distinguishes the low voltage offering: LC designates Vcc = 3.3V and C designates Vcc = 5V. The fifth field distinguishes various options: E8 designates a 2K refresh and E9 designates a 4K refresh for EDO DRAMs.

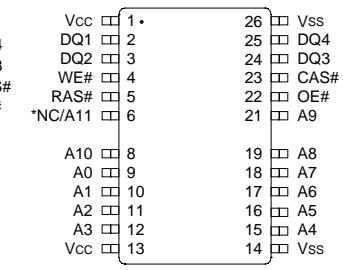
## MARKING

## PIN ASSIGNMENT (Top View)

### 24/26-Pin SOJ (DA-2)



### 24/26-Pin TSOP (DB-2)



\* NC on 2K refresh and A11 on 4K refresh options.

Note: The "#" symbol indicates signal is active LOW.

## 4 MEG x 4 EDO DRAM PART NUMBERS

PART NUMBER	Vcc	REFRESH	PACKAGE	REFRESH
MT4LC4M4E8DJ	3.3V	2K	SOJ	Standard
MT4LC4M4E8DJS	3.3V	2K	SOJ	Self
MT4LC4M4E8TG	3.3V	2K	TSOP	Standard
MT4LC4M4E8TGS	3.3V	2K	TSOP	Self
MT4LC4M4E9DJ	3.3V	4K	SOJ	Standard
MT4LC4M4E9DJS	3.3V	4K	SOJ	Self
MT4LC4M4E9TG	3.3V	4K	TSOP	Standard
MT4LC4M4E9TGS	3.3V	4K	TSOP	Self
MT4C4M4E8DJ	5V	2K	SOJ	Standard
MT4C4M4E8DJS	5V	2K	SOJ	Self
MT4C4M4E8TG	5V	2K	TSOP	Standard
MT4C4M4E8TGS	5V	2K	TSOP	Self
MT4C4M4E9DJ	5V	4K	SOJ	Standard
MT4C4M4E9DJS	5V	4K	SOJ	Self
MT4C4M4E9TG	5V	4K	TSOP	Standard
MT4C4M4E9TGS	5V	4K	TSOP	Self

## KEY TIMING PARAMETERS

SPEED	t <sub>RC</sub>	t <sub>RAC</sub>	t <sub>PC</sub>	t <sub>AA</sub>	t <sub>CAC</sub>	t <sub>CAS</sub>
-5	84ns	50ns	20ns	25ns	13ns	8ns
-6	104ns	60ns	25ns	30ns	15ns	10ns

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 4 Meg x 4 DRAM is a randomly accessed, solid-state memory containing 16,777,216 bits organized in a x4 configuration. RAS# is used to latch the row address (first 11 bits for 2K and first 12 bits for 4K). Once the page has been opened by RAS#, CAS# is used to latch the column address

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION (continued)

(the latter 11 bits for 2K and the latter 10 bits for 4K, address pins A10 and A11 are “don’t care”). READ and WRITE cycles are selected with the WE# input.

A logic HIGH on WE# dictates READ mode, while a logic LOW on WE# dictates WRITE mode. During a WRITE cycle, data-in (D) is latched by the falling edge of WE# or CAS#, whichever occurs last. An EARLY WRITE occurs when WE# is taken LOW prior to CAS# falling. A LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE occurs when WE# falls after CAS# is taken LOW. During EARLY WRITE cycles, the data outputs (Q) will remain High-Z regardless of the state of OE#. During LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles, OE# must be taken HIGH to disable the data outputs prior to applying input data. If a LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE is attempted while keeping OE# LOW, no write will occur, and the data outputs will drive read data from the accessed location.

The four data inputs and the four data outputs are routed through four pins using common I/O, and pin direction is controlled by WE# and OE#.

## PAGE ACCESS

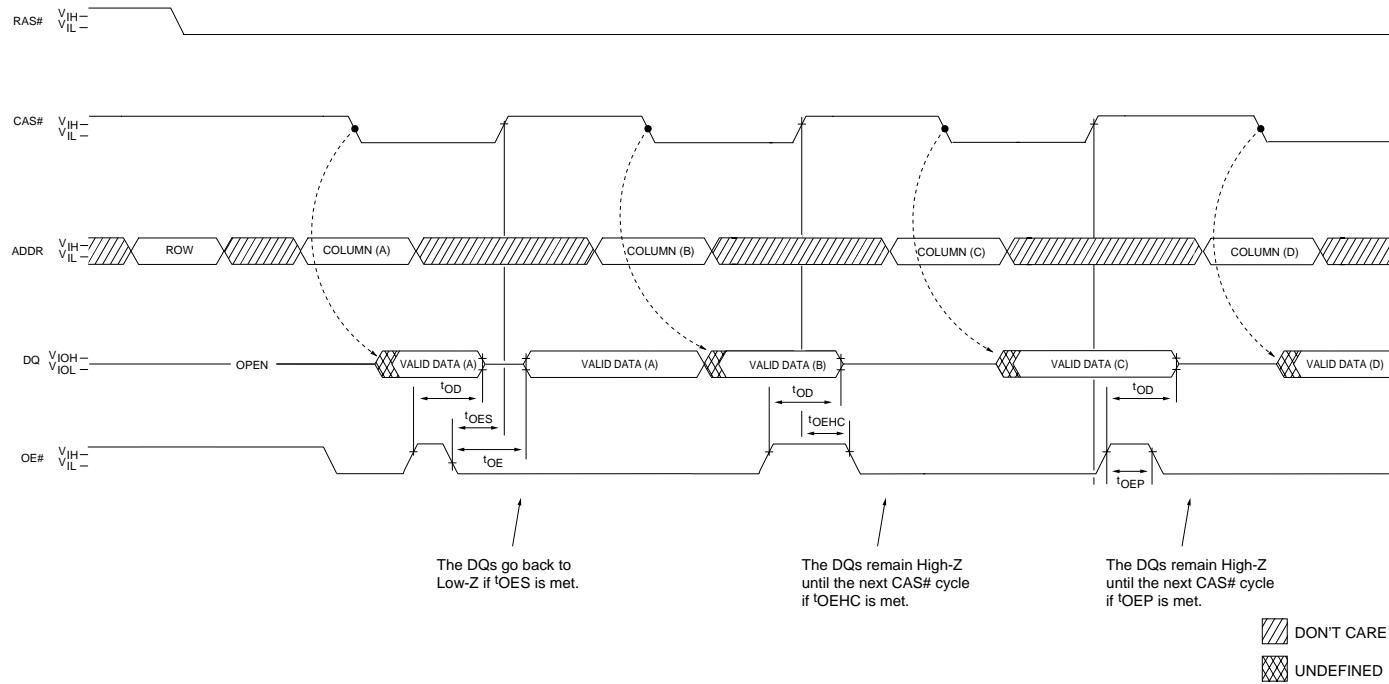
PAGE operations allow faster data operations (READ, WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE) within a row address-defined page boundary. The PAGEcycle is always initiated

with a row address strobed-in by RAS#, followed by a column address strobed-in by CAS#. CAS# may be toggled-in by holding RAS# LOW and strobing-in different column addresses, thus executing faster memory cycles. Returning RAS# HIGH terminates the PAGE MODE of operation, i.e., closes the page.

## EDO PAGE MODE

The 4 Meg x 4 EDO DRAM provides EDO PAGE MODE, which is an accelerated FAST PAGE MODE cycle. The primary advantage of EDO is the availability of data-out even after CAS# returns HIGH. EDO allows CAS# precharge time ('CP) to occur without the output data going invalid. This elimination of CAS# output control allows pipeline READs.

FAST PAGE MODE DRAMs have traditionally turned the output buffers off (High-Z) with the rising edge of CAS#. EDO PAGE MODE DRAMs operate like FAST PAGE MODE DRAMs, except data will remain valid or become valid after CAS# goes HIGH during READs, provided RAS# and OE# are held LOW. If OE# is pulsed while RAS# and CAS# are LOW, data will toggle from valid data to High-Z and back to the same valid data. If OE# is toggled or pulsed after CAS# goes HIGH while RAS# remains LOW, data will transition to and remain High-Z (refer to



**Figure 1**  
**OE# CONTROL OF DQs**

Figure 1). WE# can also perform the function of disabling the output devices under certain conditions, as shown in Figure 2.

During an application, if the DQ outputs are wire OR'd, OE# must be used to disable idle banks of DRAMs. Alternatively, pulsing WE# to the idle banks during CAS# high time will also High-Z the outputs. Independent of OE# control, the outputs will disable after  $t_{OFF}$ , which is referenced from the rising edge of RAS# or CAS#, whichever occurs last.

## REFRESH

Preserve correct memory cell data by maintaining power and executing any RAS# cycle (READ, WRITE) or RAS# refresh cycle (RAS#-ONLY, CBR or HIDDEN) so that all combinations of RAS# addresses (2,048 for 2K and 4,096 for 4K) are executed within  $t_{REF (MAX)}$ , regardless of sequence. The CBR and Self Refresh cycles will invoke the internal refresh counter for automatic RAS# addressing.

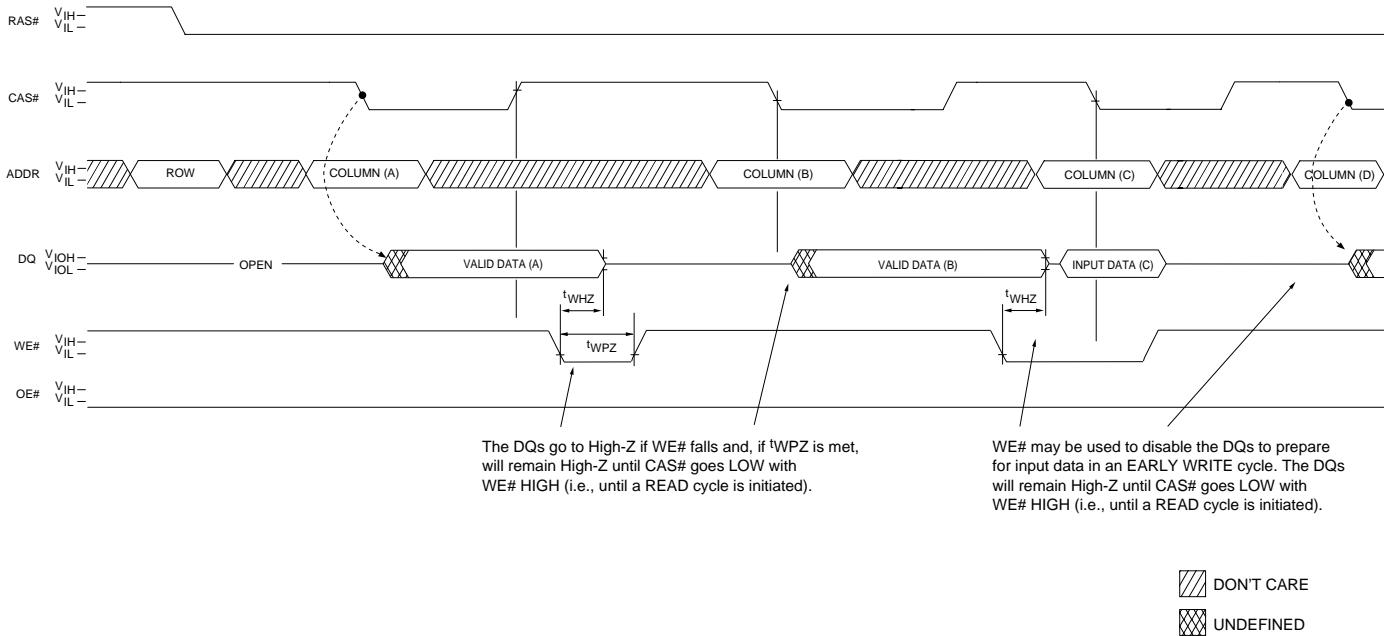
An optional Self Refresh mode is also available on the S version. The "S" option allows the user the choice of a fully static, low-power data retention mode or a dynamic refresh mode at the extended refresh period of 128ms. The optional Self Refresh feature is initiated by performing a CBR Re-

fresh cycle and holding RAS# LOW for the specified  $t_{RASS}$ . Additionally, the "S" option allows for an extended refresh period of 128ms, or 31.25 $\mu$ s per row for a 4K refresh and 62.5 $\mu$ s per row for a 2K refresh if using distributed CBR Refresh. This refresh rate can be applied during normal operation, as well as during a standby or BATTERY BACKUP mode.

The Self Refresh mode is terminated by driving RAS# HIGH for a minimum time of  $t_{RPS}$ . This delay allows for the completion of any internal refresh cycles that may be in process at the time of the RAS# LOW-to-HIGH transition. If the DRAM controller uses a distributed refresh sequence, a burst refresh is not required upon exiting Self Refresh. However, if the DRAM controller utilizes a RAS#-ONLY or burst refresh sequence, all rows must be refreshed within the average internal refresh rate, prior to the resumption of normal operation.

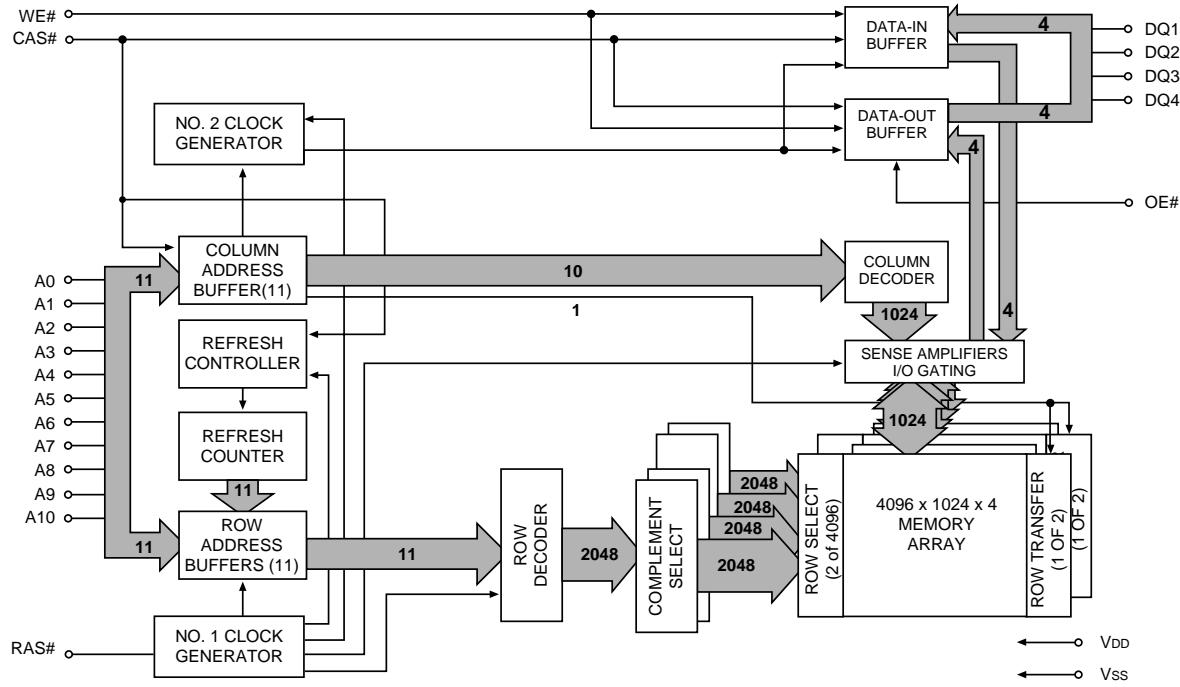
## STANDBY

Returning RAS# and CAS# HIGH terminates a memory cycle and decreases chip current to a reduced standby level. The chip is preconditioned for the next cycle during the RAS# HIGH time.

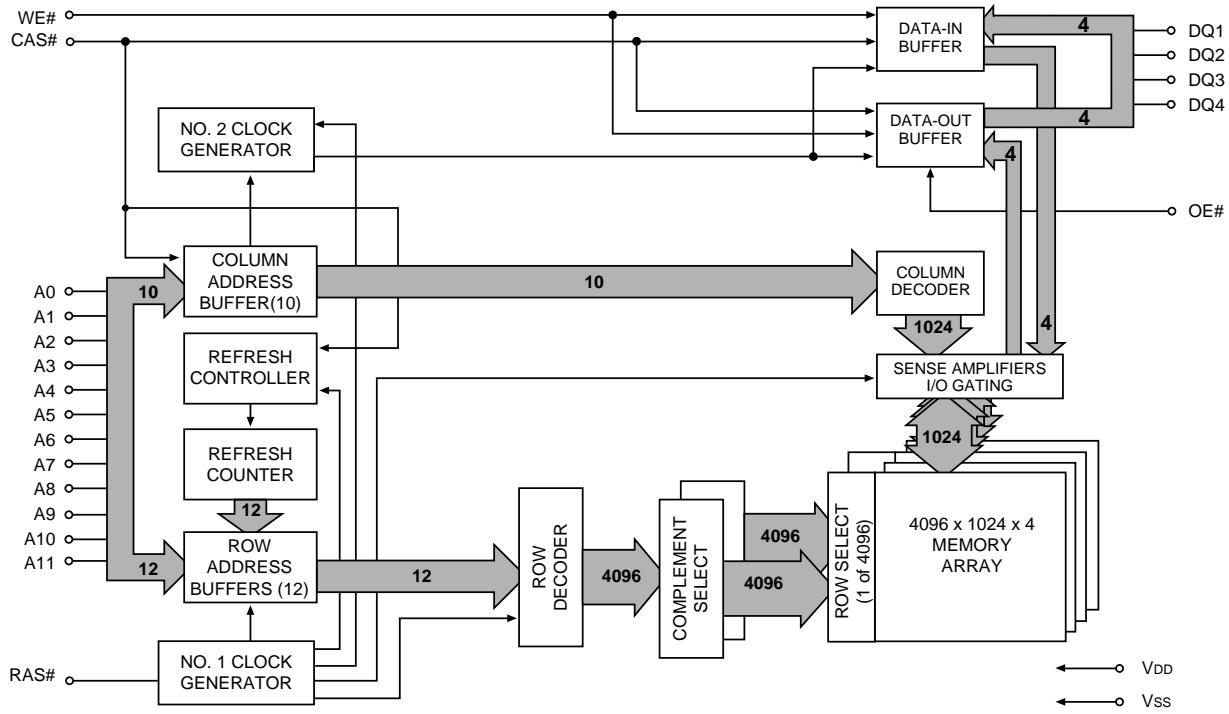


**Figure 2**  
**WE# CONTROL OF DQs**

### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM - 2K REFRESH



### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM - 4K REFRESH



## TRUTH TABLE

FUNCTION	RAS#	CAS#	WE#	OE#	ADDRESSES		DATA-IN/OUT
					$t_R$	$t_C$	
Standby	H	H→X	X	X	X	X	High-Z
READ	L	L	H	L	ROW	COL	Data-Out
EARLY WRITE	L	L	L	X	ROW	COL	Data-In
READ WRITE	L	L	H→L	L→H	ROW	COL	Data-Out, Data-In
EDO-PAGE-MODE	1st Cycle	L	H→L	H	ROW	COL	Data-Out
READ	2nd Cycle	L	H→L	H	L	n/a	COL
EDO-PAGE-MODE	1st Cycle	L	H→L	L	X	ROW	Data-In
EARLY WRITE	2nd Cycle	L	H→L	L	X	n/a	COL
	Any Cycle	L	L→H	H	L	n/a	n/a
EDO-PAGE-MODE	1st Cycle	L	H→L	H→L	L→H	ROW	COL
READ-WRITE	2nd Cycle	L	H→L	H→L	L→H	n/a	COL
HIDDEN	READ	L→H→L	L	H	L	ROW	COL
REFRESH	WRITE	L→H→L	L	L	X	ROW	COL
RAS#-ONLY REFRESH		L	H	X	X	ROW	n/a
CBR REFRESH		H→L	L	H	X	X	High-Z
SELF REFRESH		H→L	L	H	X	X	High-Z

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\*

Voltage on Vcc Pin Relative to Vss:

3.3V .....	-1V to +4.6V
5V .....	-1V to +7V

Voltage on NC, Inputs or I/O Pins Relative to Vss:

3.3V .....	-1V to +5.5V
5V .....	-1V to +7V

Operating Temperature,  $T_A$  (ambient) ..... 0°C to +70°C

Storage Temperature (plastic) ..... -55°C to +150°C

Power Dissipation ..... 1W

Short Circuit Output Current ..... 50mA

\*Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND OPERATING CONDITIONS

(Notes: 1)

PARAMETER/CONDITION	SYMBOL	3.3V		5V		UNITS	NOTES
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.0	3.6	4.5	5.5	V	
Input High Voltage: Valid Logic 1; all inputs, I/Os and any NC	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.0	5.5	2.4	V <sub>CC</sub> +1	V	
Input Low Voltage: Valid Logic 0; all inputs, I/Os and any NC	V <sub>IL</sub>	-1.0	0.8	-0.5	0.8	V	
Input Leakage Current: Any input at V <sub>IN</sub> (0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>IH</sub> [MAX]); all other pins not under test = 0V	I <sub>I</sub>	-2	2	-2	2	µA	4
Output High Voltage: I <sub>O</sub> H = -2mA (3.3V), -5mA (5V)	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	-	2.4	-	V	
Output Low Voltage: I <sub>O</sub> L = 2mA (3.3V), 4.2mA (5V)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	-	0.4	V	
Output Leakage Current: Any output at V <sub>OUT</sub> (0V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 5.5V); DQ is disabled and in High-Z state	I <sub>OZ</sub>	-5	5	-5	5	µA	

## I<sub>cc</sub> OPERATING CONDITIONS AND MAXIMUM LIMITS

(Notes: 1, 2, 3)

PARAMETER/CONDITION	SYM	SPEED	3.3V		5V		UNITS	NOTES
			2K Refresh	4K Refresh	2K Refresh	4K Refresh		
STANDBY CURRENT: TTL (RAS# = CAS# = V <sub>IH</sub> )	Icc1	ALL	1	1	1	1	mA	
STANDBY CURRENT: CMOS (non-S version only) (RAS# = CAS# = other inputs = V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V)	Icc2	ALL	500	500	500	500	μA	
STANDBY CURRENT: CMOS (S version only) (RAS# = CAS# = other inputs = V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V)	Icc2	ALL	150	150	150	150	μA	
OPERATING CURRENT: Random READ/WRITE Average power supply current (RAS#, CAS#, address cycling: t <sub>RC</sub> = t <sub>RC</sub> [MIN])	Icc3	-5 -6	110 100	90 80	140 130	120 110	mA	5, 6
OPERATING CURRENT: EDO PAGE MODE Average power supply current (RAS# = V <sub>IL</sub> , CAS#, address cycling: t <sub>PC</sub> = t <sub>PC</sub> [MIN])	Icc4	-5 -6	110 100	100 90	110 100	100 90	mA	5, 6
REFRESH CURRENT: RAS#-ONLY Average power supply current (RAS# cycling, CAS# = V <sub>IH</sub> : t <sub>RC</sub> = t <sub>RC</sub> [MIN])	Icc5	-5 -6	110 100	90 80	140 130	120 110	mA	5, 6
REFRESH CURRENT: CBR Average power supply current (RAS#, CAS#, address cycling: t <sub>RC</sub> = t <sub>RC</sub> [MIN])	Icc6	-5 -6	110 100	90 80	140 130	120 110	mA	5, 7
REFRESH CURRENT: Extended (S version only) Average power supply current: CAS# = 0.2V or CBR cycling; RAS# = t <sub>RAS</sub> (MIN); WE# = V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V; A0-A11, OE# and DIN = V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V or 0.2V (DIN may be left open)	Icc7	ALL t <sub>RC</sub>	300 62.5	300 31.25	300 62.5	300 31.25	μA μs	5, 7 25
REFRESH CURRENT: Self (S version only) Average power supply current: CBR with RAS# ≥ t <sub>RASS</sub> (MIN) and CAS# held LOW; WE# = V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V; A0-A11, OE# and DIN = V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V or 0.2V (DIN may be left open)	Icc8	ALL	300	300	300	300	μA	5, 7

## CAPACITANCE

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Capacitance: Address pins	$C_{I1}$	5	pF	8
Input Capacitance: RAS#, CAS#, WE#, OE#	$C_{I2}$	7	pF	8
Input/Output Capacitance: DQ	$C_{Io}$	7	pF	8

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Notes: 2, 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 17) ( $V_{cc} [MIN] \leq V_{cc} \leq V_{cc} [MAX]$ )

AC CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS	NOTES
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Access time from column address	$t_{AA}$		25		30	ns	
Column address setup to CAS# precharge	$t_{ACH}$	12		15		ns	
Column address hold time (referenced to RAS#)	$t_{AR}$	38		45		ns	
Column address setup time	$t_{ASC}$	0		0		ns	
Row address setup time	$t_{ASR}$	0		0		ns	
Column address to WE# delay time	$t_{AWD}$	42		49		ns	13
Access time from CAS#	$t_{CAC}$		13		15	ns	14
Column address hold time	$t_{CAH}$	8		10		ns	
CAS# pulse width	$t_{CAS}$	8	10,000	10	10,000	ns	
CAS# LOW to "don't care" during Self Refresh	$t_{CHD}$	15		15		ns	
CAS# hold time (CBR Refresh)	$t_{CHR}$	8		10		ns	7
CAS# to output in Low-Z	$t_{CLZ}$	0		0		ns	
Data output hold after next CAS# LOW	$t_{COH}$	3		3		ns	
CAS# precharge time	$t_{CP}$	8		10		ns	15
Access time from CAS# precharge	$t_{CPA}$		28		35	ns	
CAS# to RAS# precharge time	$t_{CRP}$	5		5		ns	
CAS# hold time	$t_{CSH}$	38		45		ns	
CAS# setup time (CBR Refresh)	$t_{CSR}$	5		5		ns	
CAS# to WE# delay time	$t_{CWD}$	28		35		ns	13
Write command to CAS# lead time	$t_{CWL}$	8		10		ns	
Data-in hold time	$t_{DH}$	8		10		ns	16
Data-in setup time	$t_{DS}$	0		0		ns	16
Output disable	$t_{OD}$	0	12	0	15	ns	
Output Enable	$t_{OE}$		12		15	ns	17
OE# hold time from WE# during READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycle	$t_{OEH}$	8		10		ns	18
OE# HIGH hold from CAS# HIGH	$t_{OEHC}$	5		10		ns	18
OE# HIGH pulse width	$t_{OEP}$	5		5		ns	
OE# LOW to CAS# HIGH setup time	$t_{OES}$	4		5		ns	
Output buffer turn-off delay	$t_{OFF}$	0	12	0	15	ns	20

**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**(Notes: 2, 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 17) ( $V_{cc\ [MIN]} \leq V_{cc} \leq V_{cc\ [MAX]}$ )

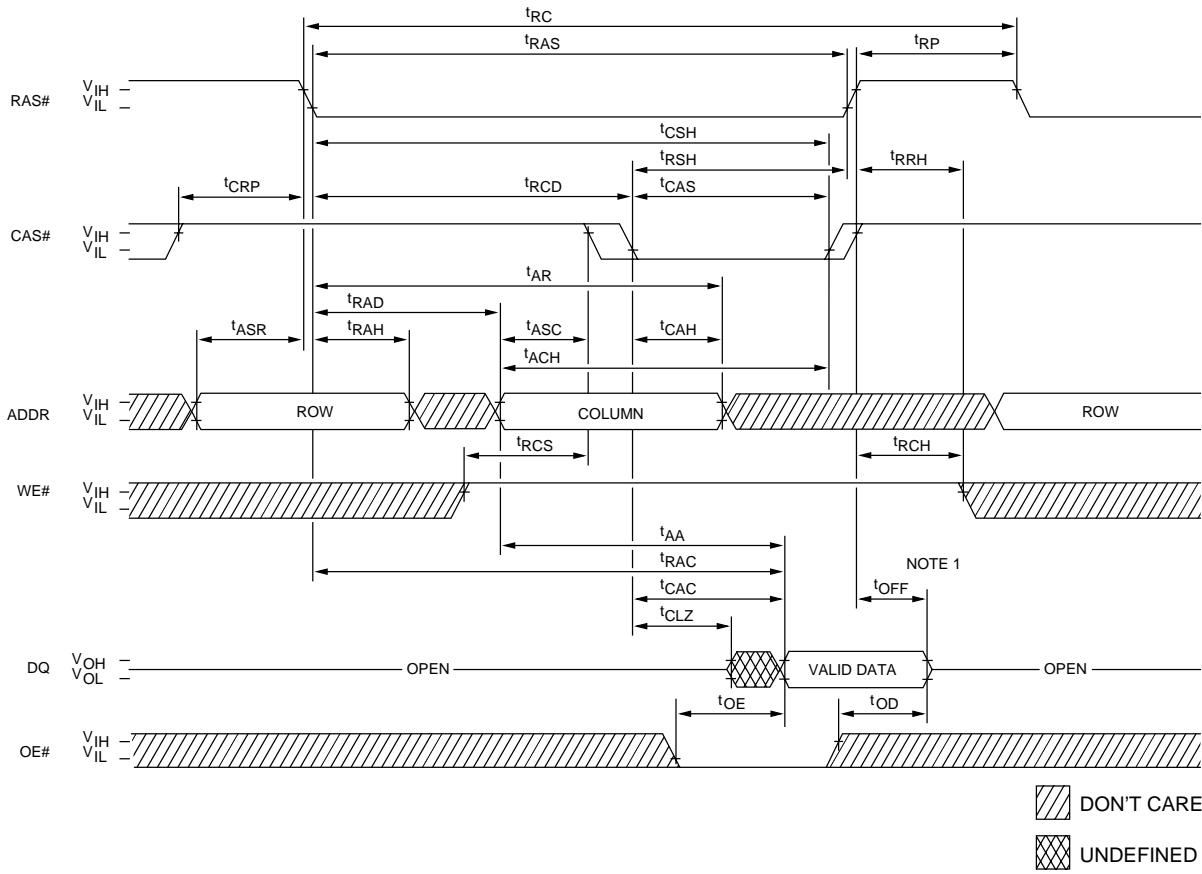
AC CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS	NOTES
PARAMETER		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
OE# setup prior to RAS# during HIDDEN REFRESH cycle	$t_{ORD}$	0		0		ns	
EDO-PAGE-MODE READ or WRITE cycle time	$t_{PC}$	20		25		ns	
EDO-PAGE-MODE READ-WRITE cycle time	$t_{PRWC}$	47		56		ns	
Access time from RAS#	$t_{RAC}$		50		60	ns	19
RAS# to column address delay time	$t_{RAD}$	9		12		ns	21
Row address hold time	$t_{RAH}$	9		10		ns	
RAS# pulse width	$t_{RAS}$	50	10,000	60	10,000	ns	
RAS# pulse width (EDO PAGE MODE)	$t_{RASP}$	50	125,000	60	125,000	ns	
RAS# pulse width during Self Refresh	$t_{RASS}$	100		100		$\mu s$	
Random READ or WRITE cycle time	$t_{RC}$	84		104		ns	
RAS# to CAS# delay time	$t_{RCD}$	11		14		ns	22
Read command hold time (referenced to CAS#)	$t_{RCH}$	0		0		ns	23
Read command setup time	$t_{RCS}$	0		0		ns	
Refresh period (2,048 cycles)	$t_{REF}$		32		32	ms	
Refresh period (4,096 cycles)	$t_{REF}$		64		64	ms	
Refresh period S version	$t_{REF}$		128		128	ms	
RAS# precharge time	$t_{RP}$	30		40		ns	
RAS# to CAS# precharge time	$t_{RPC}$	5		5		ns	
RAS# precharge time exiting Self Refresh	$t_{RPS}$	90		105		ns	
Read command hold time (referenced to RAS#)	$t_{RRH}$	0		0		ns	23
RAS# hold time	$t_{RSH}$	13		15		ns	
READ WRITE cycle time	$t_{RWC}$	116		140		ns	
RAS# to WE# delay time	$t_{RWD}$	67		79		ns	13
Write command to RAS# lead time	$t_{RWL}$	13		15		ns	
Transition time (rise or fall)	$t_T$	2	50	2	50	ns	
Write command hold time	$t_{WCH}$	8		10		ns	
Write command hold time (referenced to RAS#)	$t_{WCR}$	38		45		ns	
WE# command setup time	$t_{WCS}$	0		0		ns	13
Output disable delay from WE#	$t_{WHZ}$	0	12	0	15	ns	
Write command pulse width	$t_{WP}$	5		5		ns	
WE# pulse to disable at CAS# HIGH	$t_{WPZ}$	10		10		ns	
WE# hold time (CBR Refresh)	$t_{WRH}$	8		10		ns	
WE# setup time (CBR Refresh)	$t_{WRP}$	8		10		ns	

## NOTES

1. All voltages referenced to Vss.
2. The minimum specifications are used only to indicate cycle time at which proper operation over the full temperature range ( $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{TA} \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) is ensured.
3. An initial pause of  $100\mu\text{s}$  is required after power-up, followed by eight RAS# refresh cycles (RAS#-ONLY or CBR with WE# HIGH), before proper device operation is ensured. The eight RAS# cycle wake-ups should be repeated any time the  $t_{REF}$  refresh requirement is exceeded.
4. NC pins are assumed to be left floating and are not tested for leakage.
5.  $I_{CC}$  is dependent on output loading and cycle rates. Specified values are obtained with minimum cycle time and the outputs open.
6. Column address changed once each cycle.
7. Enables on-chip refresh and address counters.
8. This parameter is sampled.  $V_{CC} = V_{CC\text{MIN}}$ ;  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ .
9. AC characteristics assume  $t_{T} = 2.5\text{ns}$ .
10.  $V_{IH}$  (MIN) and  $V_{IL}$  (MAX) are reference levels for measuring timing of input signals. Transition times are measured between  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  (or between  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$ ).
11. In addition to meeting the transition rate specification, all input signals must transit between  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  (or between  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$ ) in a monotonic manner.
12. Measured with a load equivalent to two TTL gates and  $100\text{pF}$ ; and  $\text{V}_{OL} = 0.8\text{V}$  and  $\text{V}_{OH} = 2\text{V}$ .
13.  $t_{WCS}$ ,  $t_{RWD}$ ,  $t_{AWD}$  and  $t_{CWD}$  are not restrictive operating parameters.  $t_{WCS}$  applies to EARLY WRITE cycles.  $t_{RWD}$ ,  $t_{AWD}$  and  $t_{CWD}$  apply to READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles. If  $t_{WCS} \geq t_{WCS}$  (MIN), the cycle is an EARLY WRITE cycle and the data output will remain an open circuit throughout the entire cycle. If  $t_{WCS} < t_{WCS}$  (MIN) and  $t_{RWD} \geq t_{RWD}$  (MIN),  $t_{AWD} \geq t_{AWD}$  (MIN) and  $t_{CWD} \geq t_{CWD}$  (MIN), the cycle is a READ-MODIFY-WRITE and the data output will contain data read from the selected cell. If neither of the above conditions is met, the state of data-out is indeterminate. OE# held HIGH and WE# taken LOW after CAS# goes LOW results in a LATE WRITE (OE#-controlled) cycle.  $t_{WCS}$ ,  $t_{RWD}$ ,  $t_{CWD}$  and  $t_{AWD}$  are not applicable in a LATE WRITE cycle.
14. Requires that  $t_{AA}$  and  $t_{RAC}$  are not violated.
15. If CAS# is LOW at the falling edge of RAS#, Q will be maintained from the previous cycle. To initiate a new

- cycle and clear the data-out buffer, CAS# must be pulsed HIGH for  $t_{CP}$ .
16. These parameters are referenced to CAS# leading edge in EARLY WRITE cycles and WE# leading edge in LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles.
17. If OE# is tied permanently LOW, LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE operations are not permissible and should not be attempted. Additionally, WE# must be pulsed during CAS# HIGH time in order to place I/O buffers in High-Z.
18. LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles must have both  $t_{OD}$  and  $t_{OEH}$  met (OE# HIGH during WRITE cycle) in order to ensure that the output buffers will be open during the WRITE cycle. The DQs will provide the previously read data if CAS# remains LOW and OE# is taken back LOW after  $t_{OEH}$  is met. If CAS# goes HIGH prior to OE# going back LOW, the DQs will remain open.
19. Requires that  $t_{AA}$  and  $t_{CAC}$  are not violated.
20.  $t_{OFF}$  (MAX) defines the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition and is not referenced to  $\text{V}_{OH}$  or  $\text{V}_{OL}$ . It is referenced from the rising edge of RAS# or CAS#, whichever occurs last.
21. The  $t_{RAD}$  (MAX) limit is no longer specified.  $t_{RAD}$  (MAX) was specified as a reference point only. If  $t_{RAD}$  was greater than the specified  $t_{RAD}$  (MAX) limit, then access time was controlled exclusively by  $t_{AA}$  ( $t_{RAC}$  and  $t_{CAC}$  no longer applied). With or without the  $t_{RAD}$  (MAX) limit,  $t_{AA}$ ,  $t_{RAC}$  and  $t_{CAC}$  must always be met.
22. The  $t_{RCD}$  (MAX) limit is no longer specified.  $t_{RCD}$  (MAX) was specified as a reference point only. If  $t_{RCD}$  was greater than the specified  $t_{RCD}$  (MAX) limit, then access time was controlled exclusively by  $t_{CAC}$  ( $t_{RAC}$  [MIN] no longer applied). With or without the  $t_{RCD}$  limit,  $t_{AA}$  and  $t_{CAC}$  must always be met.
23. Either  $t_{RCH}$  or  $t_{RRH}$  must be satisfied for a READ cycle.
24. A HIDDEN REFRESH may also be performed after a WRITE cycle. In this case, WE# is LOW and OE# is HIGH.
25. The refresh period is extended from 32ms (2K refresh) or 64ms (4K refresh) to 128ms (both 2K and 4K refreshes). For 4K refresh,  $t_{RC} = 31.25\mu\text{s}$  (128ms / 4,096 rows =  $31.25\mu\text{s}$ ) and for 2K refresh,  $t_{RC} = 62.5\mu\text{s}$  (128ms / 2,048 rows =  $62.5\mu\text{s}$ ).

### READ CYCLE



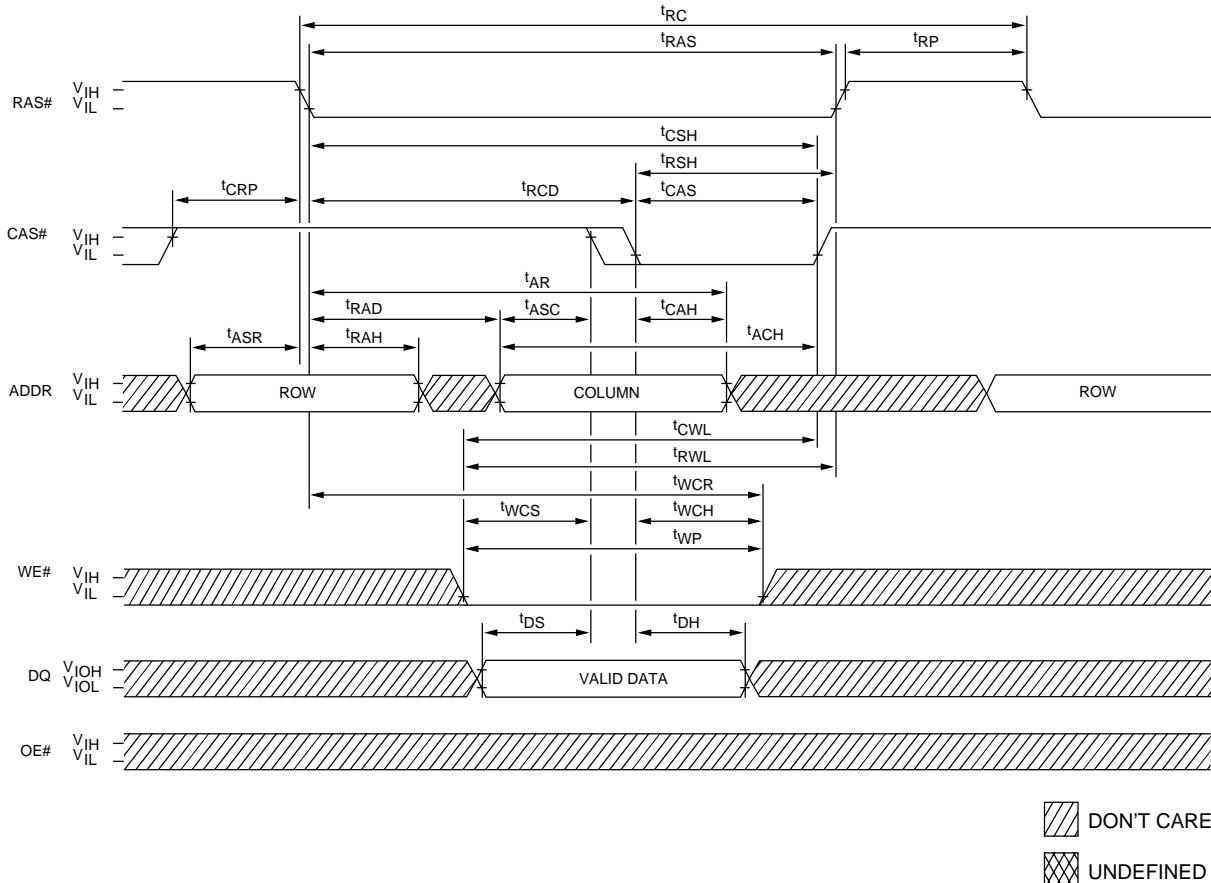
### TIMING PARAMETERS

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>AA</sub>		25		30	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	12		15		ns
t <sub>AR</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>ASC</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>ASR</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CAC</sub>		13		15	ns
t <sub>CAH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CAS</sub>	8	10,000	10	10,000	ns
t <sub>CLZ</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CRP</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>OD</sub>	0	12	0	15	ns
t <sub>OE</sub>		12		15	ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>OFF</sub>	0	12	0	15	ns
t <sub>RAC</sub>		50		60	ns
t <sub>RAD</sub>	9		12		ns
t <sub>RAH</sub>	9		10		ns
t <sub>RAS</sub>	50	10,000	60	10,000	ns
t <sub>RC</sub>	84		104		ns
t <sub>RCD</sub>	11		14		ns
t <sub>RCH</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RCS</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	30		40		ns
t <sub>RRH</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RSH</sub>	13		15		ns

**NOTE:** 1. t<sub>OFF</sub> is referenced from rising edge of RAS# or CAS#, whichever occurs last.

### EARLY WRITE CYCLE



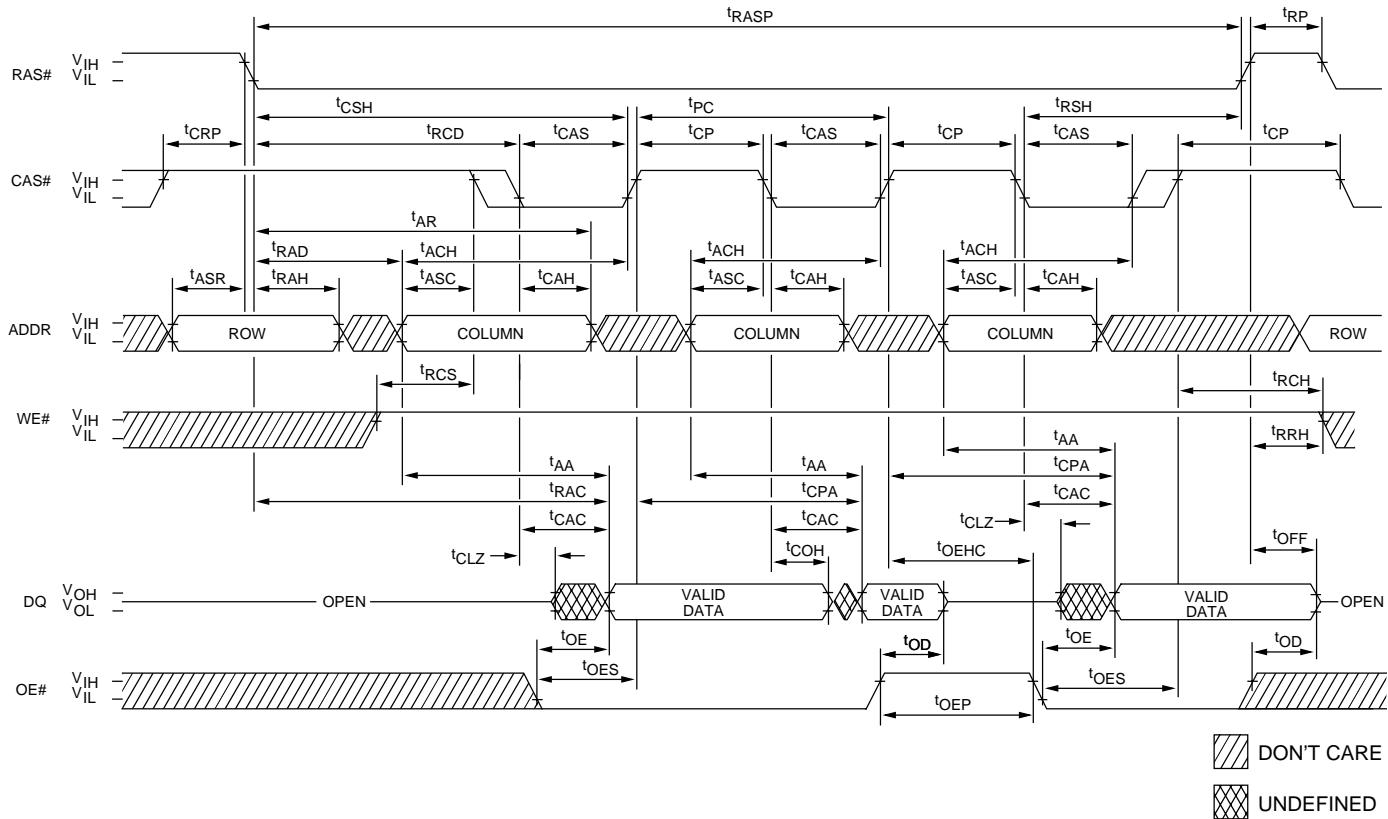
### TIMING PARAMETERS

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>ACH</sub>	12		15		ns
t <sub>AR</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>ASC</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>ASR</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CAH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CAS</sub>	8	10,000	10	10,000	ns
t <sub>CRP</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>CWL</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RAD</sub>	9		12		ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>RAH</sub>	9		10		ns
t <sub>RAS</sub>	50	10,000	60	10,000	ns
t <sub>RC</sub>	84		104		ns
t <sub>RCD</sub>	11		14		ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	30		40		ns
t <sub>RSH</sub>	13		15		ns
t <sub>RWL</sub>	13		15		ns
t <sub>WCH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>WCR</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>WCS</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>WP</sub>	5		5		ns



### EDO-PAGE-MODE READ CYCLE

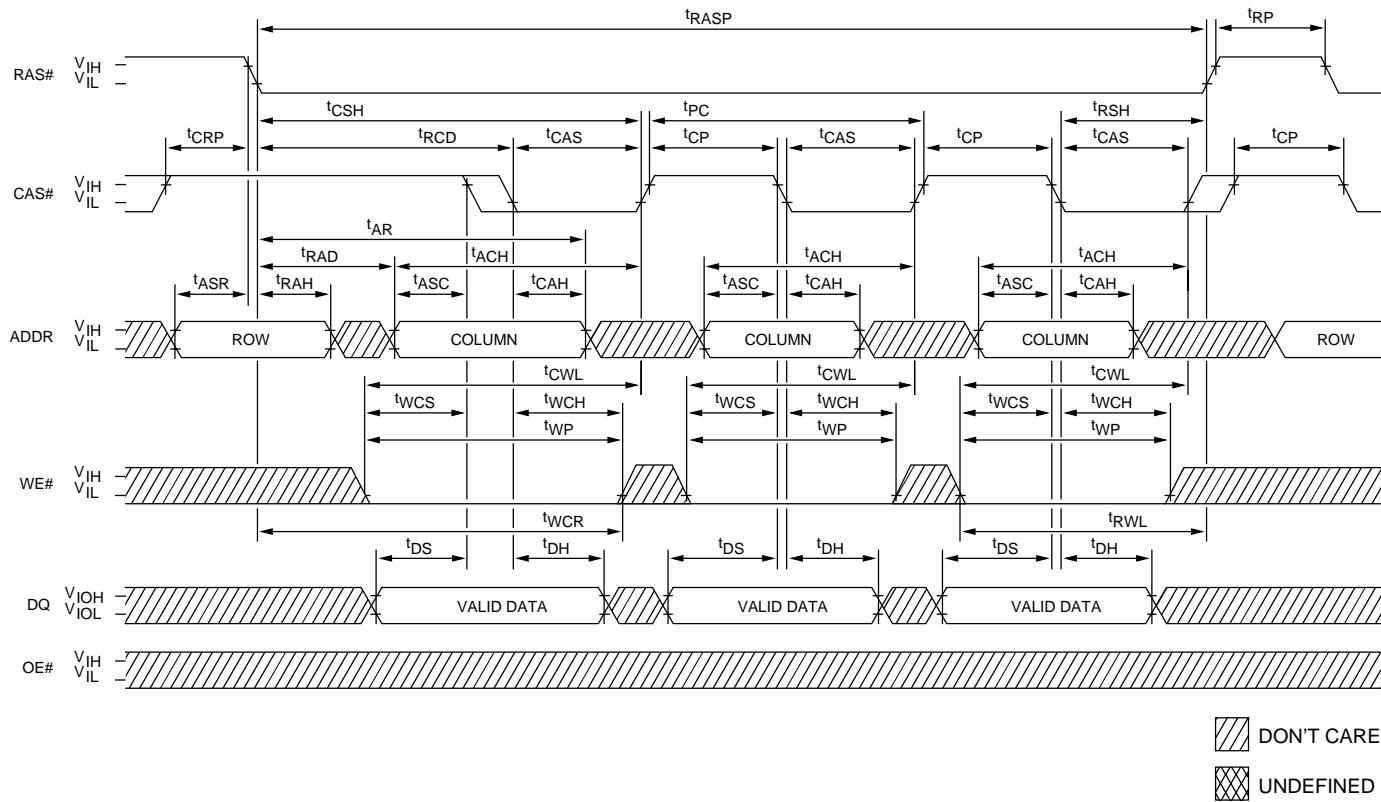


### TIMING PARAMETERS

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>AA</sub>		25		30	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	12		15		ns
t <sub>AR</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>ASC</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>ASR</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CAC</sub>		13		15	ns
t <sub>CAH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CAS</sub>	8	10,000	10	10,000	ns
t <sub>CLZ</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>COH</sub>	3		3		ns
t <sub>CP</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CPA</sub>		28		35	ns
t <sub>CRP</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>OD</sub>	0	12	0	15	ns
t <sub>OE</sub>		12		15	ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>OEH</sub>	5		10		ns
t <sub>OEP</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>OES</sub>	4		5		ns
t <sub>OFF</sub>	0	12	0	15	ns
t <sub>PC</sub>	20		25		ns
t <sub>RAC</sub>		50		60	ns
t <sub>RAD</sub>	9		12		ns
t <sub>RAH</sub>	9		10		ns
t <sub>RASP</sub>	50	125,000	60	125,000	ns
t <sub>RCD</sub>	11		14		ns
t <sub>RCH</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RCS</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	30		40		ns
t <sub>RRH</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RSH</sub>	13		15		ns

### EDO-PAGE-MODE EARLY WRITE CYCLE

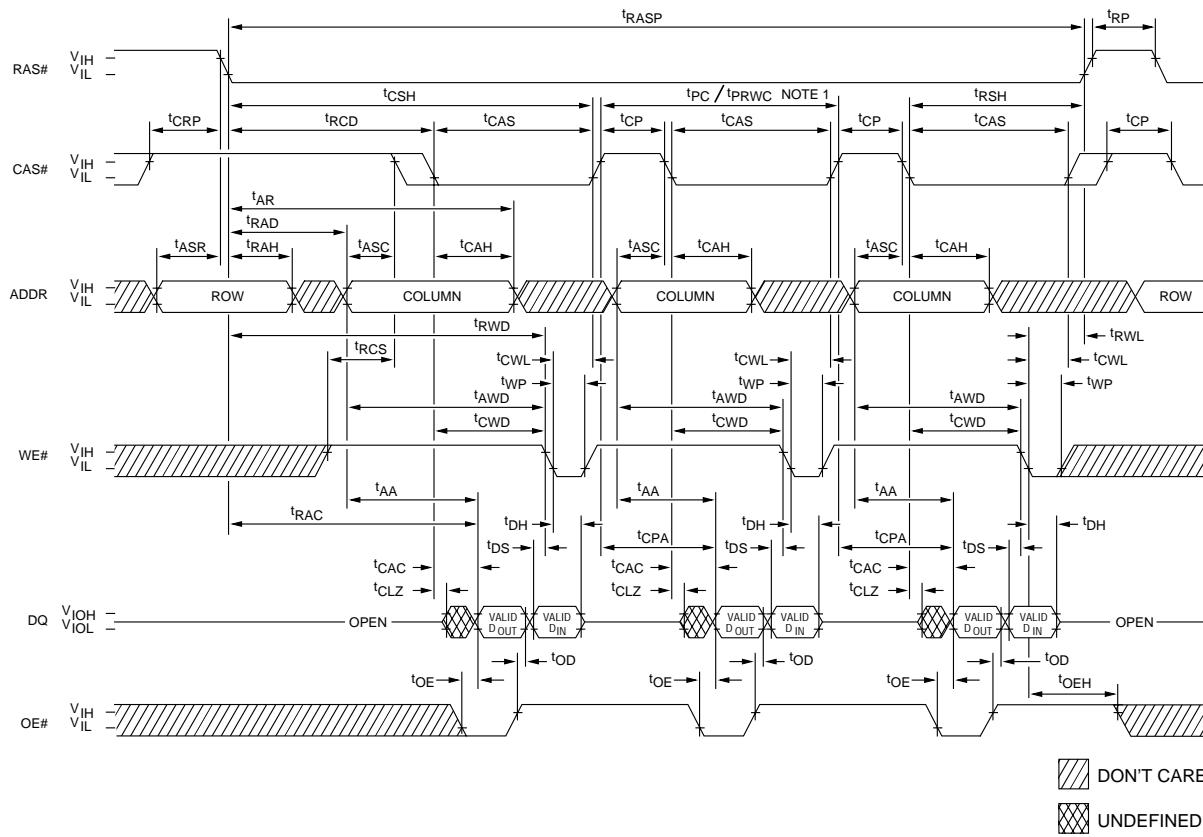


### TIMING PARAMETERS

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_{ACH}$	12		15		ns
$t_{AR}$	38		45		ns
$t_{ASC}$	0		0		ns
$t_{ASR}$	0		0		ns
$t_{CAH}$	8		10		ns
$t_{CAS}$	8	10,000	10	10,000	ns
$t_{CP}$	8		10		ns
$t_{CRP}$	5		5		ns
$t_{CSH}$	38		45		ns
$t_{CWL}$	8		10		ns
$t_{DH}$	8		10		ns
$t_{DS}$	0		0		ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_{PC}$	20		25		ns
$t_{RAD}$	9		12		ns
$t_{RAH}$	9		10		ns
$t_{RASP}$	50	125,000	60	125,000	ns
$t_{RCD}$	11		14		ns
$t_{RP}$	30		40		ns
$t_{RSH}$	13		15		ns
$t_{RWL}$	13		15		ns
$t_{WCH}$	8		10		ns
$t_{WCR}$	38		45		ns
$t_{WCS}$	0		0		ns
$t_{WP}$	5		5		ns

**EDO-PAGE-MODE READ-WRITE CYCLE  
(LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles)**



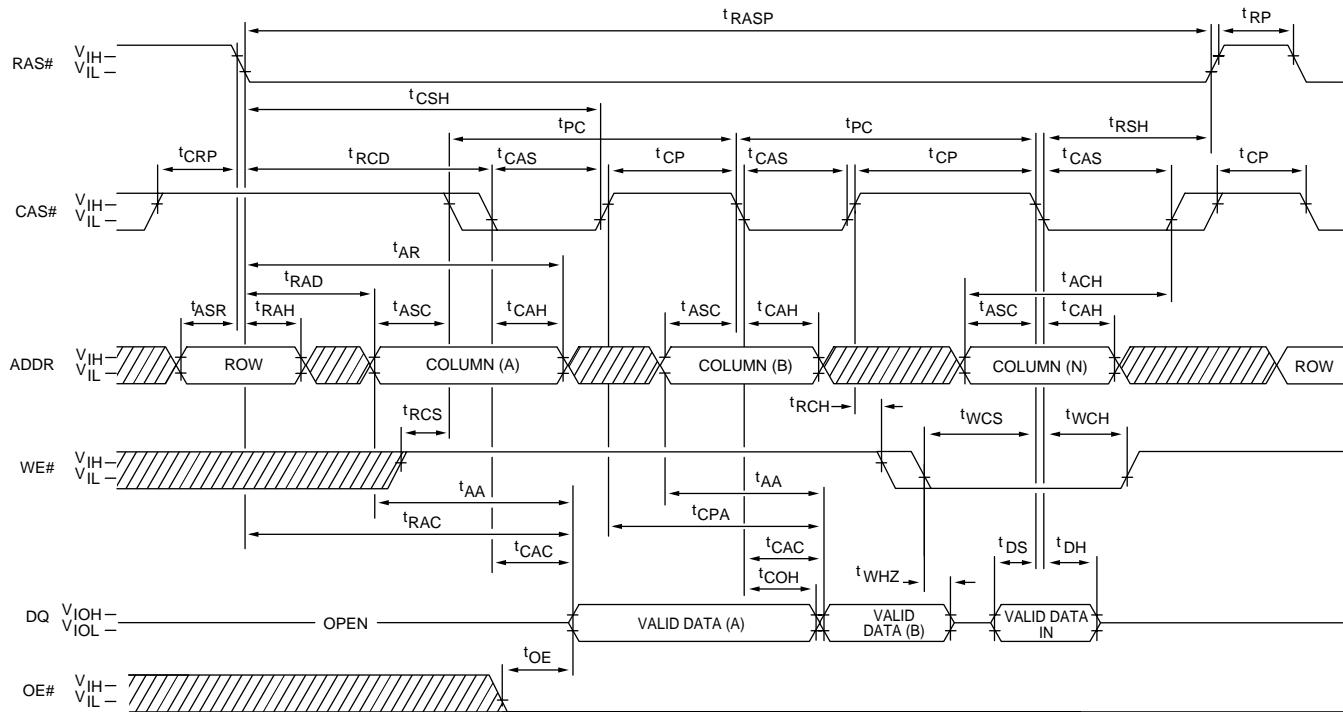
**TIMING PARAMETERS**

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>AA</sub>		25		30	ns
t <sub>AR</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>ASC</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>ASR</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>AWD</sub>	42		49		ns
t <sub>CAC</sub>		13		15	ns
t <sub>CAH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CAS</sub>	8	10,000	10	10,000	ns
t <sub>CLZ</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CP</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CPA</sub>		28		35	ns
t <sub>CRP</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>CWD</sub>	28		35		ns
t <sub>CWL</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	0		0		ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>OD</sub>	0	12	0	15	ns
t <sub>OE</sub>			12		ns
t <sub>OEH</sub>	8			10	ns
t <sub>PC</sub>	20			25	ns
t <sub>PRWC</sub>	47			56	ns
t <sub>RAC</sub>			50		ns
t <sub>RAD</sub>	9			12	ns
t <sub>RAH</sub>	9			10	ns
t <sub>RASP</sub>	50	125,000	60	125,000	ns
t <sub>RCD</sub>	11		14		ns
t <sub>RCS</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	30		40		ns
t <sub>RSH</sub>	13		15		ns
t <sub>RWD</sub>	67		79		ns
t <sub>RWL</sub>	13		15		ns
t <sub>WP</sub>	5		5		ns

NOTE: 1. t<sub>PC</sub> is for LATE WRITE cycles only.

**EDO-PAGE-MODE READ EARLY WRITE CYCLE  
(Pseudo READ-MODIFY-WRITE)**



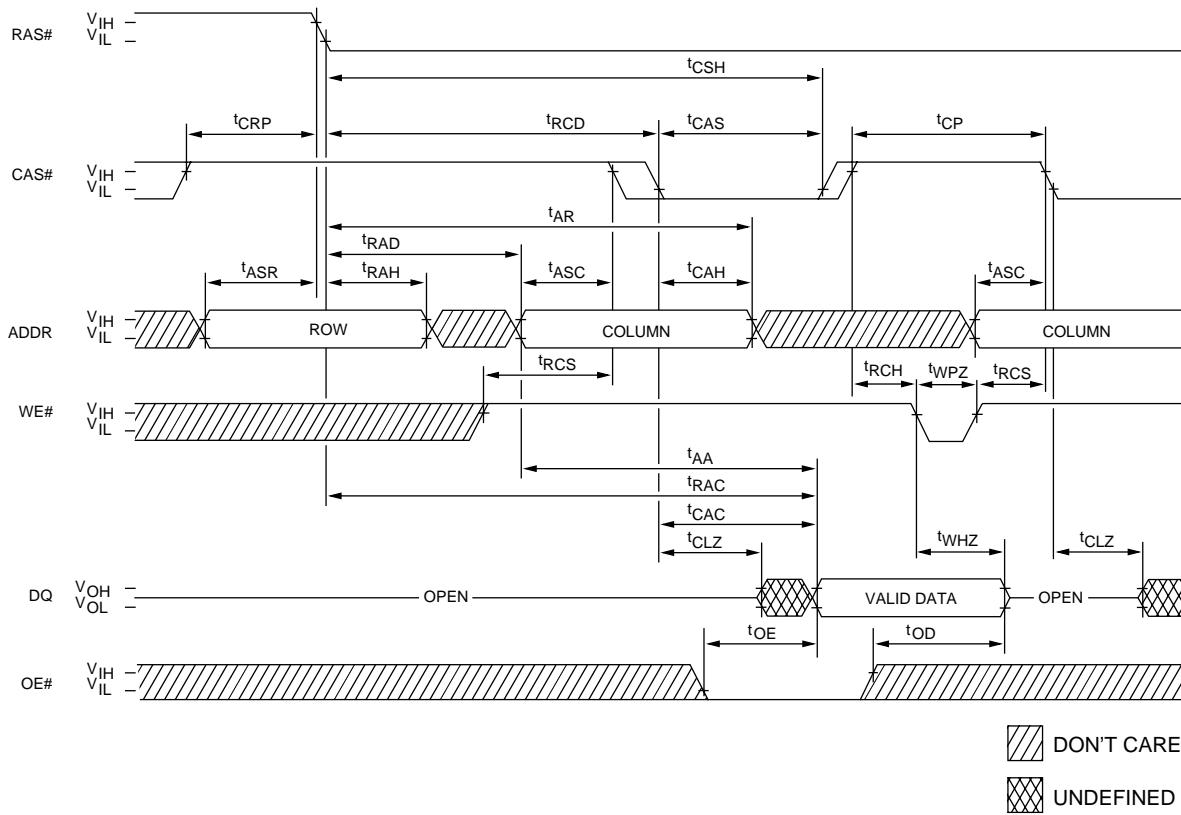
DON'T CARE

UNDEFINED

**TIMING PARAMETERS**

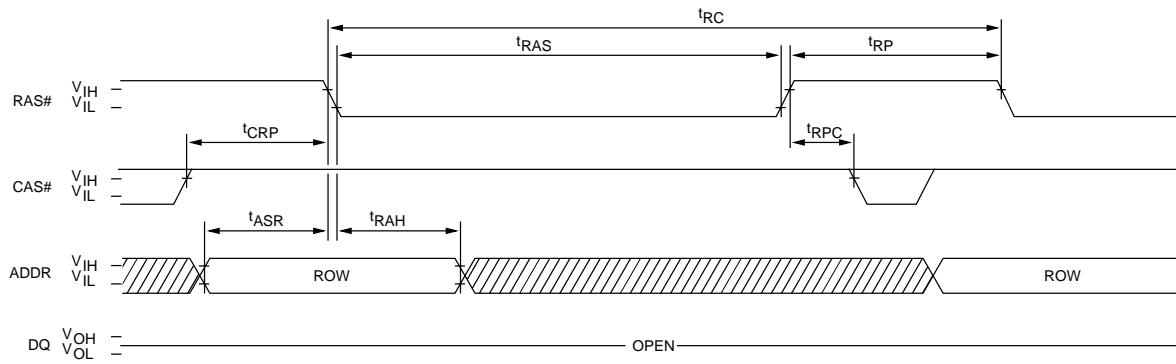
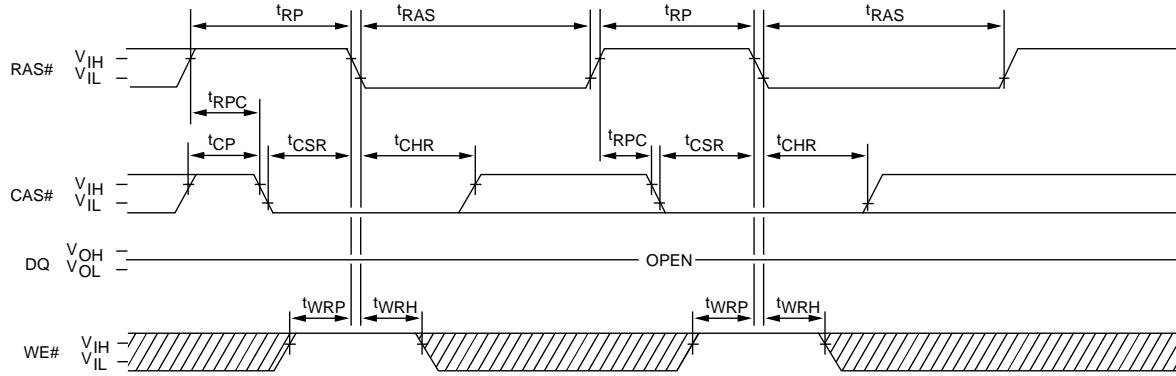
SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>AA</sub>		25		30	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	12		15		ns
t <sub>AR</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>ASC</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>ASR</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CAC</sub>		13		15	ns
t <sub>CAH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CAS</sub>	8	10,000	10	10,000	ns
t <sub>COH</sub>	3		3		ns
t <sub>CP</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CPA</sub>		28		35	ns
t <sub>CRP</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	0		0		ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>OE</sub>		12		15	ns
t <sub>PC</sub>	20		25		ns
t <sub>RAC</sub>		50		60	ns
t <sub>RAD</sub>	9		12		ns
t <sub>RAH</sub>	9		10		ns
t <sub>RASP</sub>	50	125,000	60	125,000	ns
t <sub>RCD</sub>	11		14		ns
t <sub>RCH</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RCS</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	30		40		ns
t <sub>RSH</sub>	13		15		ns
t <sub>WCH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>WCS</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>WHZ</sub>	0	12	0	15	ns

**READ CYCLE**  
 (With WE#-controlled disable)

**TIMING PARAMETERS**

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>AA</sub>		25		30	ns
t <sub>AR</sub>	38		45		ns
t <sub>ASC</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>ASR</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CAC</sub>		13		15	ns
t <sub>CAH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CAS</sub>	8	10,000	10	10,000	ns
t <sub>CLZ</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CP</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CRP</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	38		45		ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>OD</sub>	0	12	0	15	ns
t <sub>OE</sub>		12		15	ns
t <sub>RAC</sub>		50		60	ns
t <sub>RAD</sub>	9		12		ns
t <sub>RAH</sub>	9		10		ns
t <sub>RCD</sub>	11		14		ns
t <sub>RCH</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>RCS</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>WHZ</sub>	0	12	0	15	ns
t <sub>WPZ</sub>	10		10		ns

**RAS#-ONLY REFRESH CYCLE**  
(OE# and WE# = DON'T CARE)

**CBR REFRESH CYCLE**  
(Addresses and OE# = DON'T CARE)


DON'T CARE

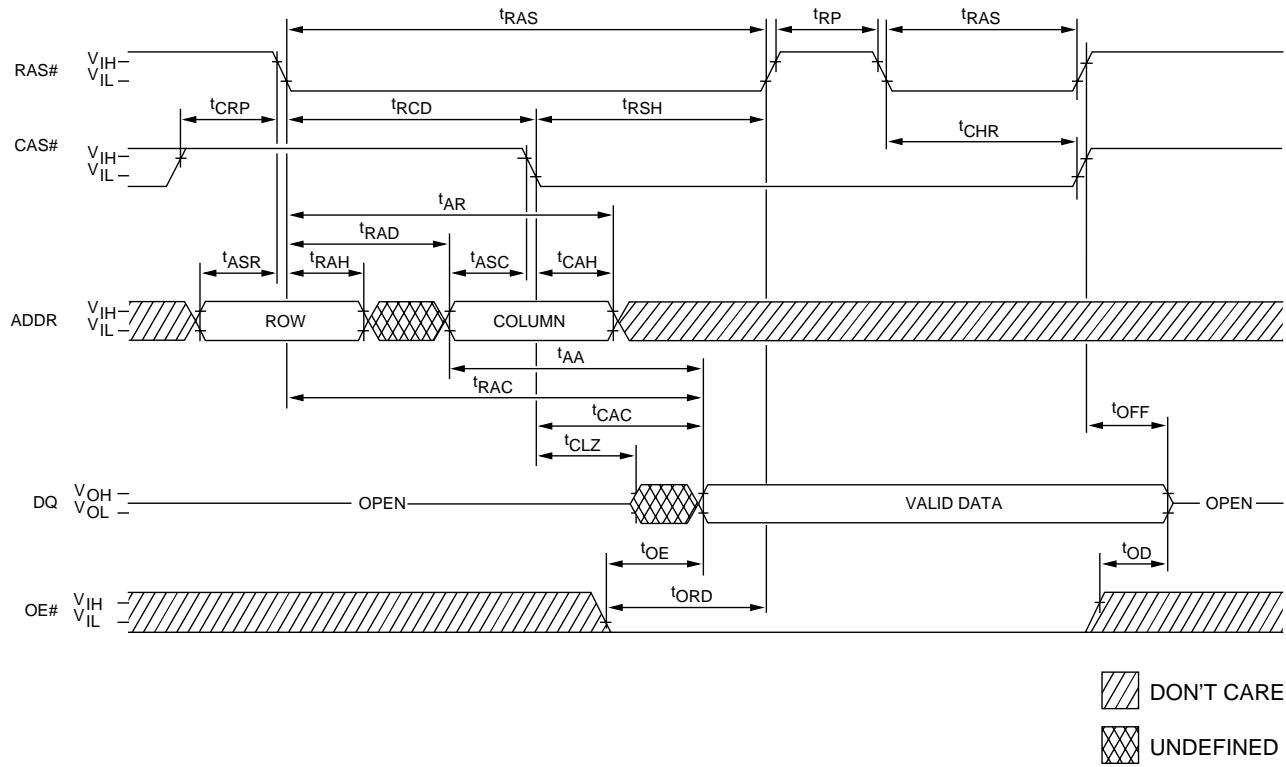
UNDEFINED

**TIMING PARAMETERS**

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>ASR</sub>	0		0		ns
t <sub>CHR</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CP</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>CRP</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>CSR</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>RAH</sub>	9		10		ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>RAS</sub>	50	10,000	60	10,000	ns
t <sub>RC</sub>	84		104		ns
t <sub>RP</sub>	30		40		ns
t <sub>RPC</sub>	5		5		ns
t <sub>WRH</sub>	8		10		ns
t <sub>WRP</sub>	8		10		ns

**HIDDEN REFRESH CYCLE<sup>24</sup>  
(WE# = HIGH; OE# = LOW)**



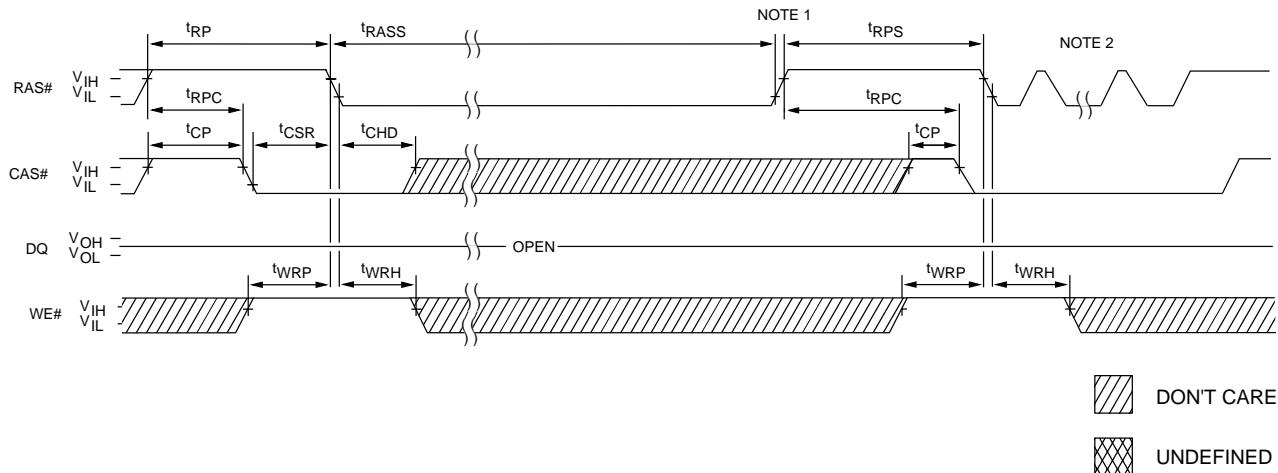
□ DON'T CARE  
▨ UNDEFINED

**TIMING PARAMETERS**

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t'AA		25		30	ns
t'AR	38		45		ns
t'ASC	0		0		ns
t'ASR	0		0		ns
t'CAC		13		15	ns
t'CAH	8		10		ns
t'CHR	8		10		ns
t'CLZ	0		0		ns
t'CRP	5		5		ns
t'OD	0	12	0	15	ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t'OE				15	ns
t'OFF	0	12	0	15	ns
t'ORD	0		0		ns
t'RAC			50		ns
t'RAD	9		12		ns
t'RAH	9		10		ns
t'RAS	50	10,000	60	10,000	ns
t'RCD	11		14		ns
t'RP	30		40		ns
t'RSH	13		15		ns

**SELF REFRESH CYCLE**  
(Addresses and OE# = DON'T CARE)



**TIMING PARAMETERS**

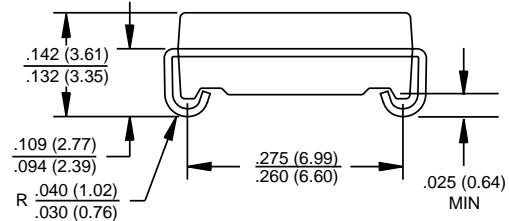
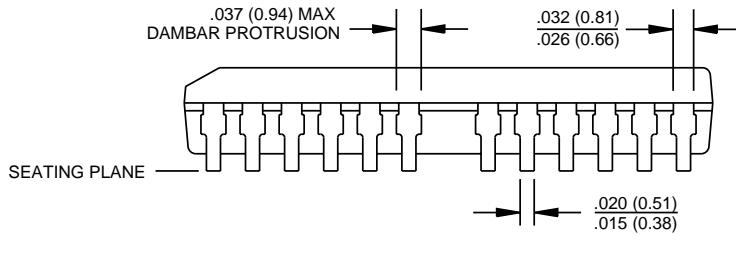
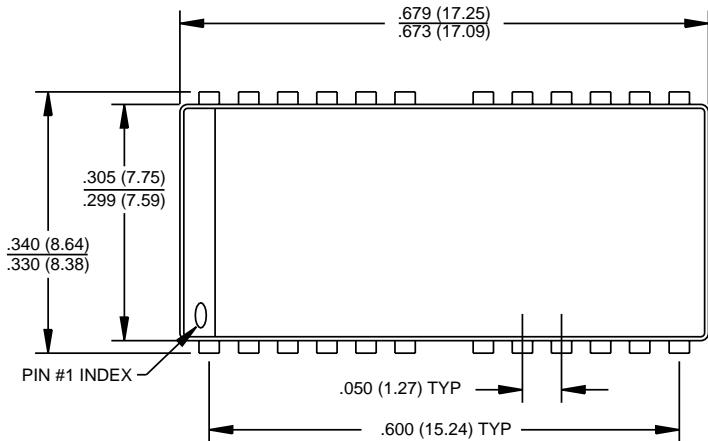
SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_{CHD}$	15		15		ns
$t_{CP}$	8		10		ns
$t_{CSR}$	5		5		ns
$t_{RASS}$	100		100		$\mu s$
$t_{RP}$	30		40		ns

SYMBOL	-5		-6		UNITS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_{RPC}$	5		5		ns
$t_{RPS}$	90		105		ns
$t_{WRH}$	8		10		ns
$t_{WRP}$	8		10		ns

**NOTE:** 1. Once  $t_{RASS}$  (MIN) is met and RAS# remains LOW, the DRAM will enter Self Refresh mode.  
2. Once  $t_{RPS}$  is satisfied, a complete burst of all rows should be executed.

**24/26-PIN PLASTIC SOJ (300 mil)**

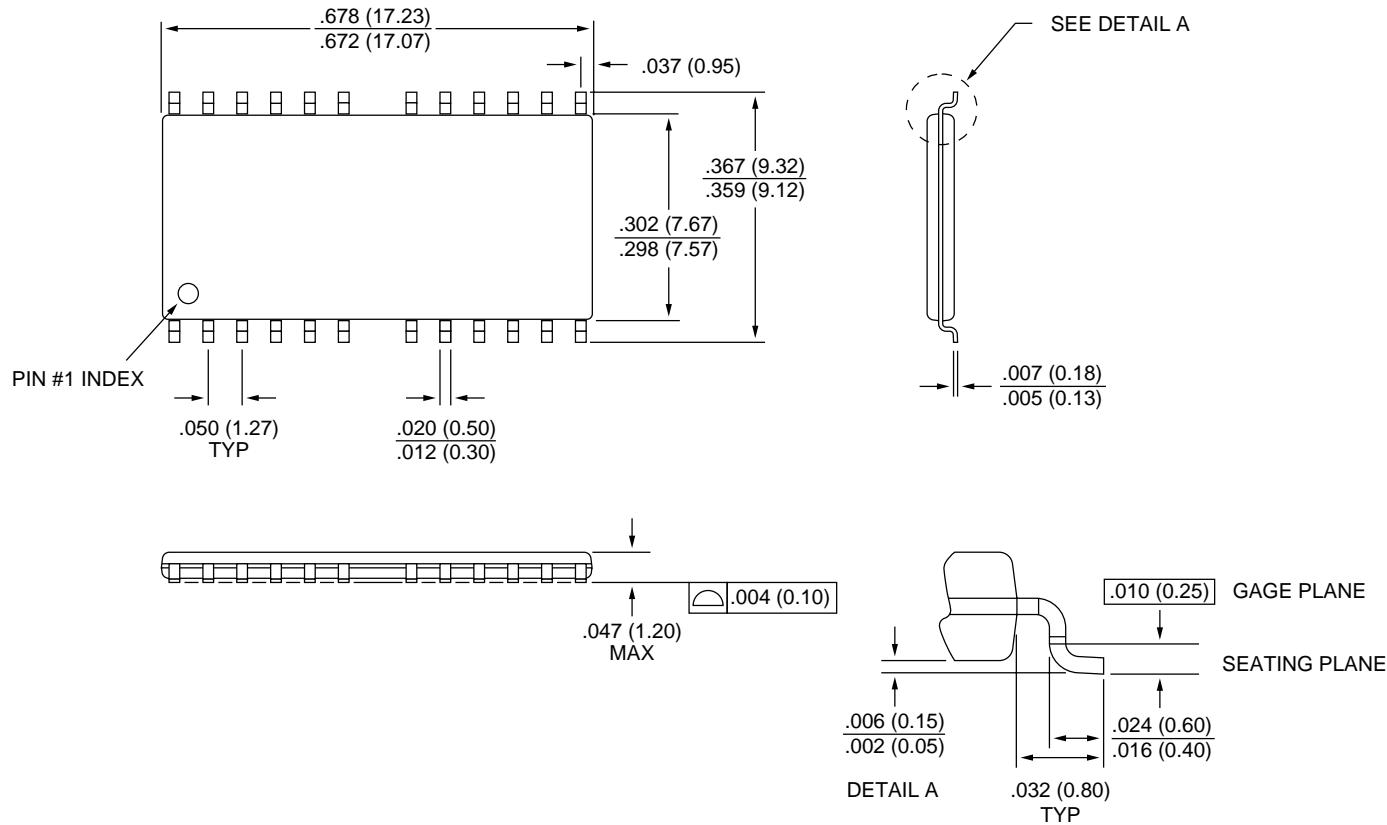
**DA-2**



**NOTE:** 1. All dimensions in inches (millimeters)  $\frac{\text{MAX}}{\text{MIN}}$  or typical where noted.  
 2. Package width and length do not include mold protrusion; allowable mold protrusion is .01" per side.

**24/26-PIN PLASTIC TSOP (300 mil)**

DB-2



**NOTE:** 1. All dimensions in inches (millimeters)  $\frac{\text{MAX}}{\text{MIN}}$  or typical where noted.  
 2. Package width and length do not include mold protrusion; allowable mold protrusion is .01" per side.

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