

5 V, SILICON GERMANIUM MMIC MEDIUM OUTPUT POWER AMPLIFIER

DESCRIPTION

The μ PC3225TB is a silicon germanium (SiGe) monolithic integrated circuits designed as IF amplifier for DBS tuners. This IC is manufactured using our 50 GHz f_{max} UHS2 (Ultra High Speed Process) SiGe bipolar process.

FEATURES

- Wideband response : $f_u = 2.8$ GHz TYP. @ 3 dB bandwidth
- Low current : $I_{CC} = 24.5$ mA TYP.
- Medium output power : $P_{O(sat)} = +15.5$ dBm TYP. @ $f = 0.95$ GHz
: $P_{O(sat)} = +12.5$ dBm TYP. @ $f = 2.15$ GHz
- High linearity : $P_{O(1dB)} = +9.0$ dBm TYP. @ $f = 0.95$ GHz
: $P_{O(1dB)} = +7.0$ dBm TYP. @ $f = 2.15$ GHz
- Power gain : $G_P = 32.5$ dB TYP. @ $f = 0.95$ GHz
: $G_P = 33.5$ dB TYP. @ $f = 2.15$ GHz
- Noise Figure : $NF = 3.7$ dB TYP. @ $f = 0.95$ GHz
: $NF = 3.7$ dB TYP. @ $f = 2.15$ GHz
- Supply voltage : $V_{CC} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V
- Port impedance : input/output 50Ω

APPLICATIONS

- IF amplifiers in LNB for DBS converters etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Order Number	Package	Marking	Supplying Form
μ PC3225TB-E3	μ PC3225TB-E3-A	6-pin super minimold (Pb-Free) ^{Note}	C3M	Embossed tape 8 mm wide. 1, 2, 3 pins face the perforation side of the tape. Qty 3 kpcs/reel.

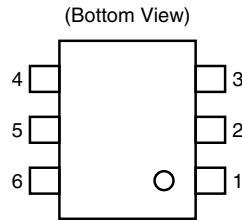
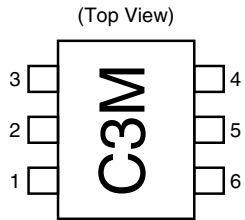
Note With regards to terminal solder (the solder contains lead) plated products (conventionally plated), contact your nearby sales office.

Remark To order evaluation samples, please contact your nearby sales office
Part number for sample order: μ PC3225TB.

Caution Observe precautions when handling because these devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge.

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PIN CONNECTIONS



Pin No.	Pin Name
1	OUTPUT
2	GND
3	V _{CC}
4	INPUT
5	GND
6	GND

PRODUCT LINE-UP OF 5 V-BIAS SILICON MMIC MEDIUM OUTPUT POWER AMPLIFIER
 (T_A = +25°C, f = 1 GHz, V_{CC} = V_{out} = 5.0 V, Z_s = Z_L = 50 Ω)

Part No.	f _u (GHz)	P _{O (sat)} (dBm)	G _P (dB)	NF (dB)	I _{CC} (mA)	Package	Marking
μ PC2708TB	2.9	+10.0	15	6.5	26	6-pin super minimold	C1D
μ PC2709TB	2.3	+11.5	23	5.0	25		C1E
μ PC2710TB	1.0	+13.5	33	3.5	22		C1F
μ PC2776TB	2.7	+8.5	23	6.0	25		C2L
μ PC3223TB	3.2	+12.0	23	4.5	19		C3J
μ PC3225TB	2.8	+15.5 ^{Note}	32.5 ^{Note}	3.7 ^{Note}	24.5		C3M

Note f = 0.95 GHz

Remark Typical performance. Please refer to **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** in detail.

PIN EXPLANATION

Pin No.	Pin Name	Applied Voltage (V)	Pin Voltage (V) ^{Note}	Function and Applications
4	INPUT	–	0.98	Signal input pin. A internal matching circuit, configured with resistors, enables 50 Ω connection over a wide band. A multi-feedback circuit is designed to cancel the deviations of h_{FE} and resistance. This pin must be coupled to signal source with capacitor for DC cut.
1	OUTPUT	Voltage as same as V_{CC} through external inductor	–	Signal output pin. The inductor must be attached between V_{CC} and output pins to supply current to the internal output transistors.
3	V_{CC}	4.5 to 5.5	–	Power supply pin. Which biases the internal input transistor. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize its impedance.
2 5 6	GND	0	–	Ground pin. This pin should be connected to system ground with minimum inductance. Ground pattern on the board should be formed as wide as possible. All the ground pins must be connected together with wide ground pattern to decrease impedance defference.

Note Pin voltage is measured at $V_{CC} = 5.0 V$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	T _A = +25°C, Pin 1 and 3	6	V
Total Circuit Current	I _{CC}	T _A = +25°C	45	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	T _A = +85°C Note	270	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A		-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}		-55 to +150	°C
Input Power	P _{in}	T _A = +25°C	0	dBm

Note Mounted on double-sided copper-clad 50 × 50 × 1.6 mm epoxy glass PWB

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	The same voltage should be applied to pin 1 and 3.	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A		-40	+25	+85	°C

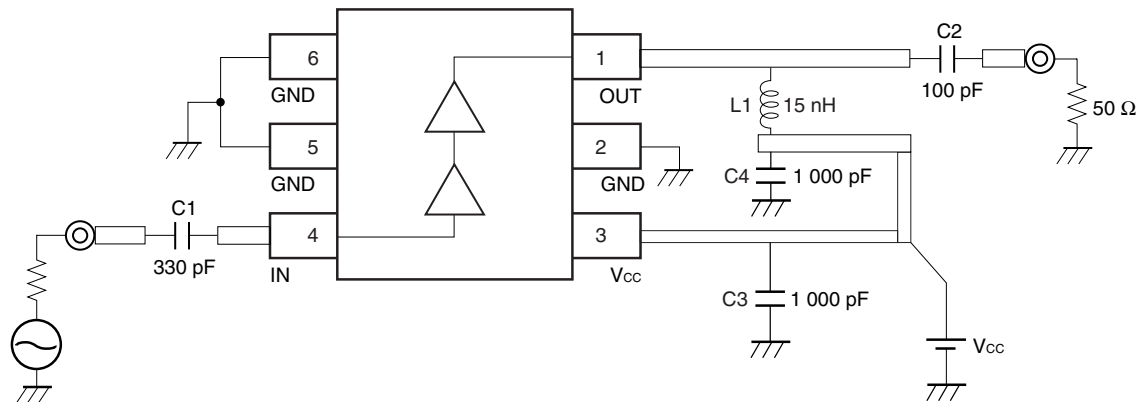
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} = V_{out} = 5.0 V, Z_s = Z_L = 50 Ω)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Circuit Current	I _{CC}	No input signal	20.0	24.5	31.0	mA
Power Gain	G _P	f = 0.95 GHz, P _{in} = -35.0 dBm	30.0	32.5	35.0	dB
		f = 2.15 GHz, P _{in} = -35.0 dBm	30.5	33.5	36.0	
Saturated Output Power	P _{O(sat)}	f = 0.95 GHz, P _{in} = -5.0 dBm	+13.5	+15.5	-	dBm
		f = 2.15 GHz, P _{in} = -5.0 dBm	+10.5	+12.5	-	
Gain 1 dB Compression Output Power	P _{O(1 dB)}	f = 0.95 GHz	+7.0	+9.0	-	dBm
		f = 2.15 GHz	+5.0	+7.0	-	
Noise Figure	NF	f = 0.95 GHz	-	3.7	4.5	dB
		f = 2.15 GHz	-	3.7	4.5	
Upper Limit Operating Frequency	f _u	3 dB down below flat gain at f = 0.95 GHz	-	2.8	-	GHz
Isolation	ISL	f = 0.95 GHz, P _{in} = -35.0 dBm	36.0	41.0	-	dB
		f = 2.15 GHz, P _{in} = -35.0 dBm	36.0	45.0	-	
Input Return Loss	RL _{in}	f = 0.95 GHz, P _{in} = -35.0 dBm	7.0	8.5	-	dB
		f = 2.15 GHz, P _{in} = -35.0 dBm	8.0	11.0	-	
Output Return Loss	RL _{out}	f = 0.95 GHz, P _{in} = -35.0 dBm	7.0	10.5	-	dB
		f = 2.15 GHz, P _{in} = -35.0 dBm	9.5	13.0	-	
Gain Flatness	ΔG _P	f = 0.95 to 2.15 GHz	-	2.5	4.0	dB

OTHER CHARACTERISTICS, FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY**(T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} = V_{out} = 5.0 V, Z_S = Z_L = 50 Ω)**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Reference Value	Unit
Output intercept point	OIP ₃	f = 0.95 GHz	21.0	dBm
		f = 2.15 GHz	16.0	

TEST CIRCUIT



The application circuits and their parameters are for reference only and are not intended for use in actual design-ins.

COMPONENTS OF TEST CIRCUIT FOR MEASURING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	Value	Maker	Type code
C1	330 pF	Murata	GMR36CH
C2	100 pF	Murata	GMR36CH
C3	1 000 pF	Murata	GMR39CH
C4	1 000 pF	Murata	GMR36B
L1	15 nH	Susumu	TFL0816

INDUCTOR FOR THE OUTPUT PIN

The internal output transistor of this IC consumes 24.5 mA, to output medium power. To supply current for output transistor, connect an inductor between the Vcc pin (pin 3) and output pin (pin 1). Select inductance, as the value listed above.

The inductor has both DC and AC effects. In terms of DC, the inductor biases the output transistor with minimum voltage drop to output enable high level. In terms of AC, the inductor makes output-port impedance higher to get enough gain. In this case, large inductance and Q is suitable.

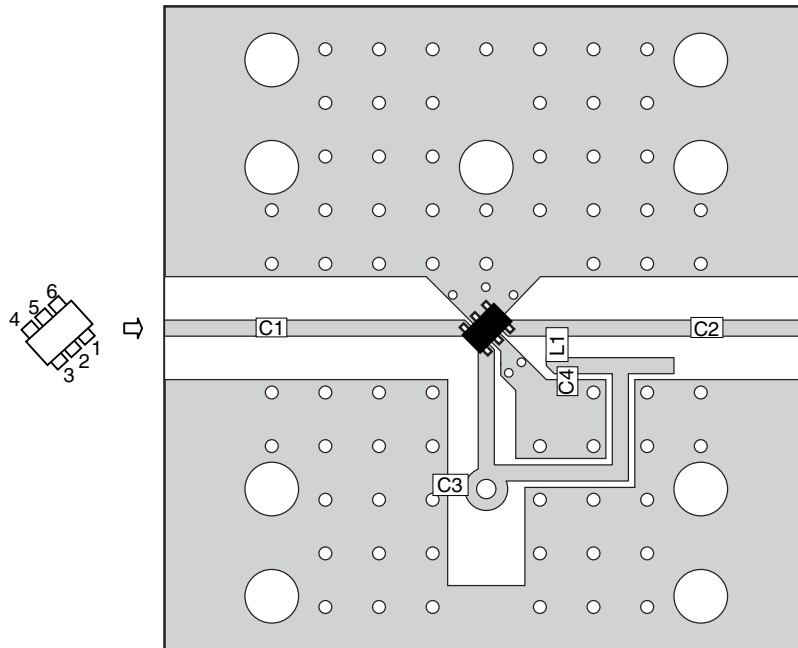
CAPACITORS FOR THE Vcc, INPUT AND OUTPUT PINS

Capacitors of 1 000 pF are recommendable as the bypass capacitor for the Vcc pin. Capacitors of 330 pF for the input pin and 100 pF for the output pin are recommendable as the coupling capacitors.

The bypass capacitor connected to the Vcc pin is used to minimize ground impedance of Vcc pin. So, stable bias can be supplied against Vcc fluctuation.

The coupling capacitors, connected to the input and output pins, are used to cut the DC and minimize RF serial impedance. Their capacitances are therefore selected as lower impedance against a 50 Ω load. The capacitors thus perform as high pass filters, suppressing low frequencies to DC.

ILLUSTRATION OF THE TEST CIRCUIT ASSEMBLED ON EVALUATION BOARD



COMPONENT LIST

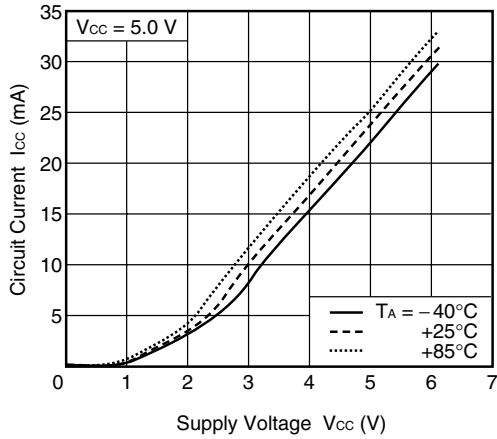
	Value
C1	330 pF
C2	100 pF
C3, C4	1 000 pF
L1	15 nH

Notes

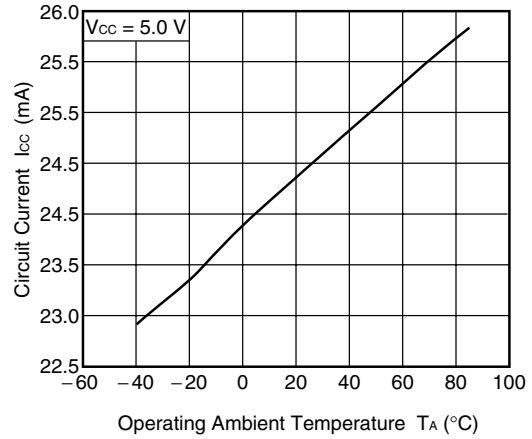
1. 30 × 30 × 0.4 mm double sided copper clad polyimide board.
2. Back side: GND pattern
3. Solder plated on pattern
4. ○: Through holes

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

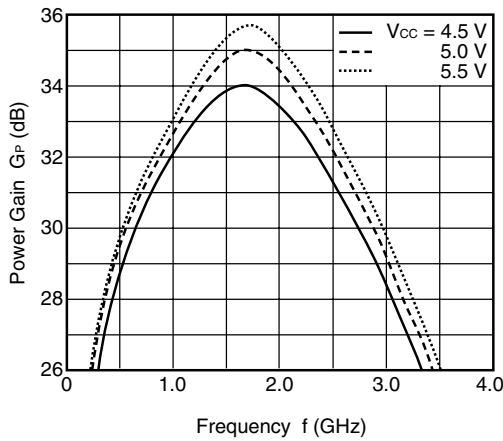
CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



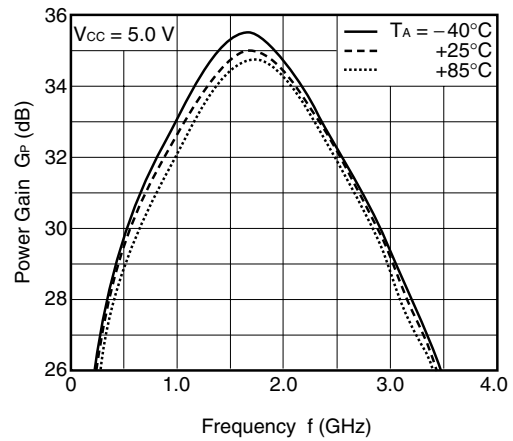
CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. OPERATING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



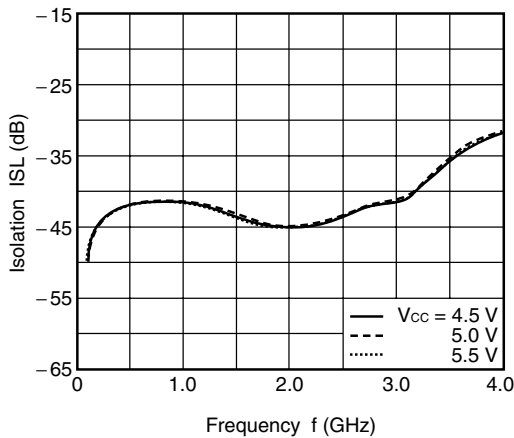
POWER GAIN vs. FREQUENCY



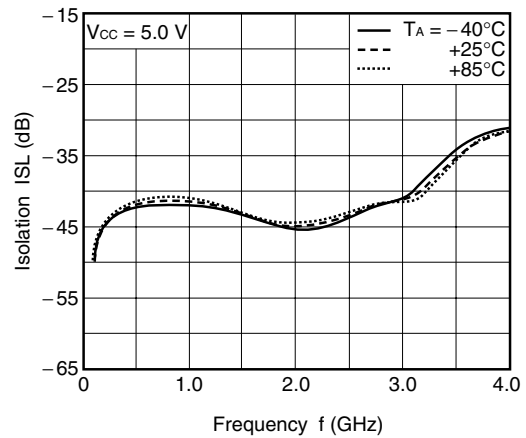
POWER GAIN vs. FREQUENCY



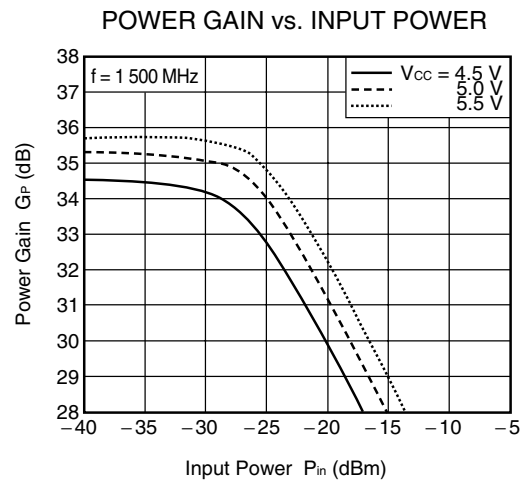
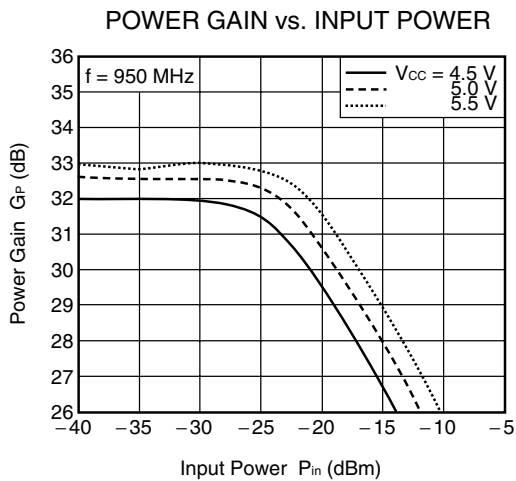
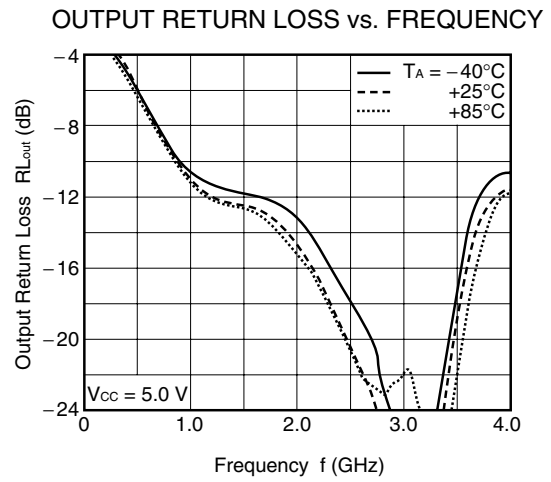
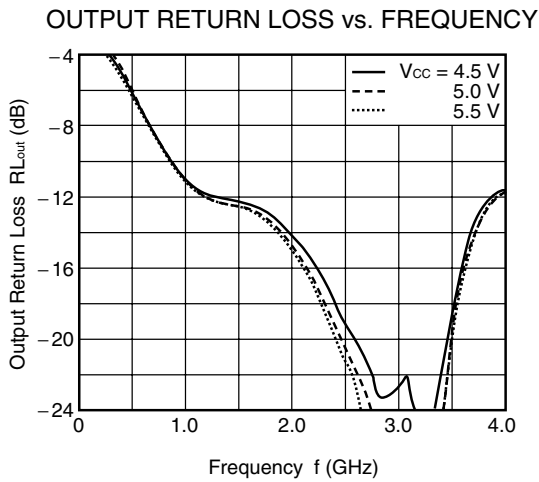
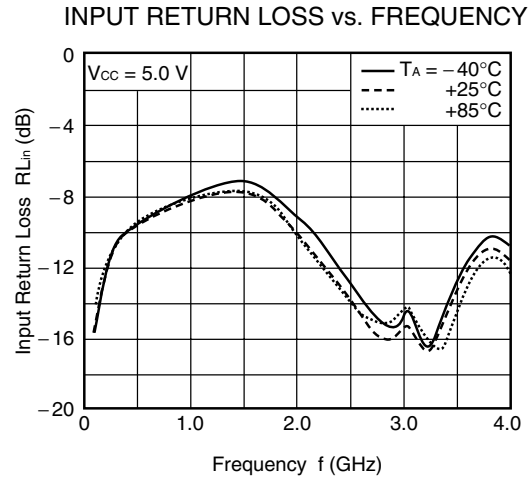
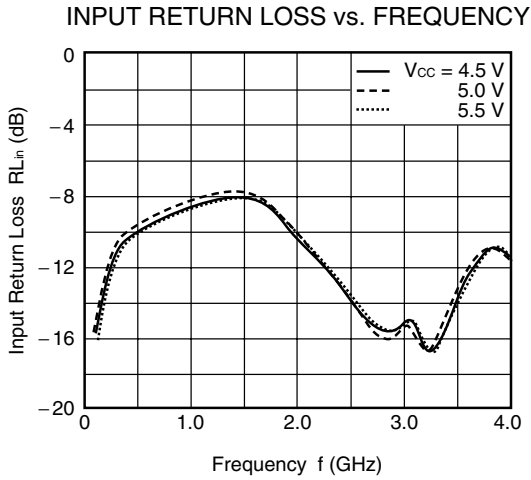
ISOLATION vs. FREQUENCY



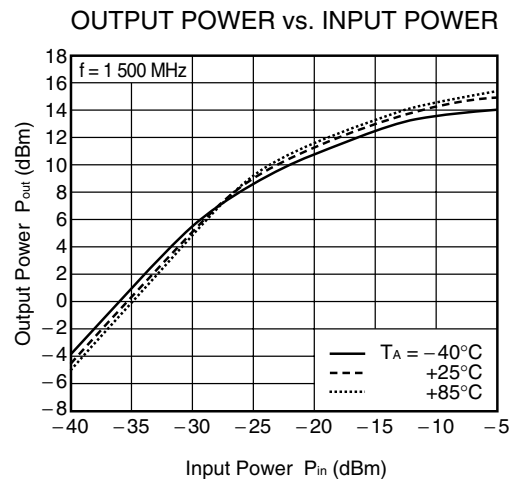
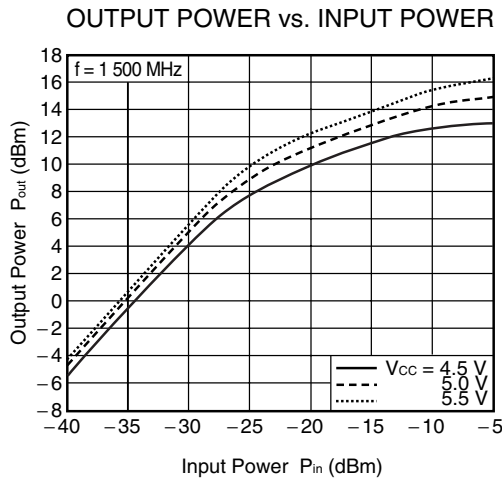
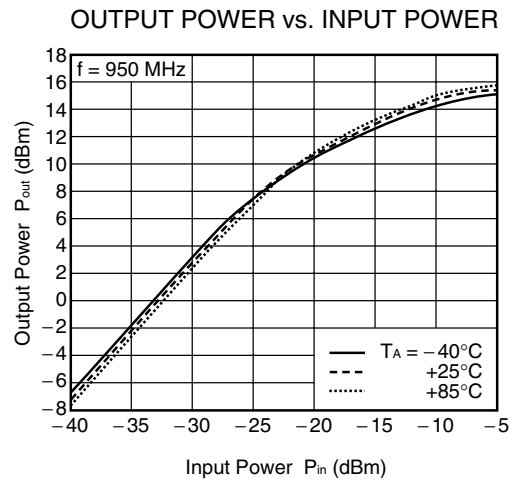
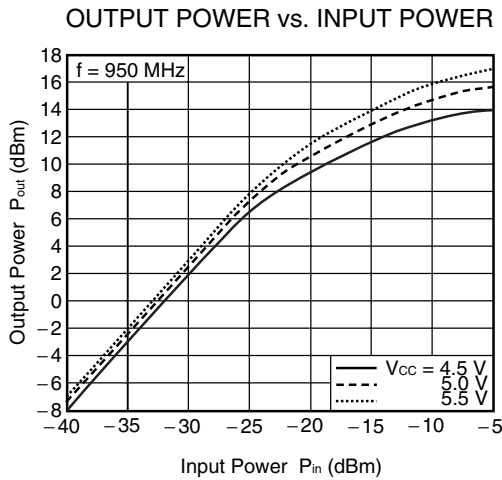
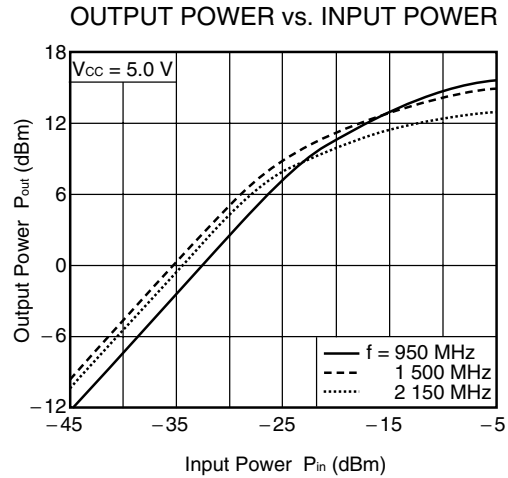
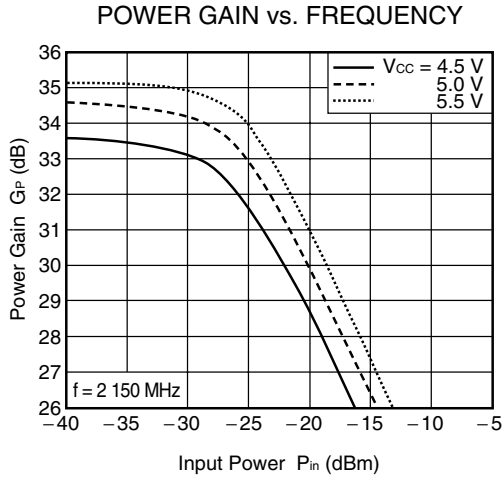
ISOLATION vs. FREQUENCY



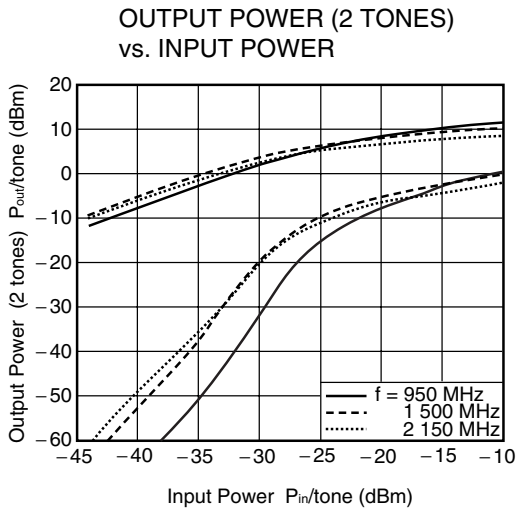
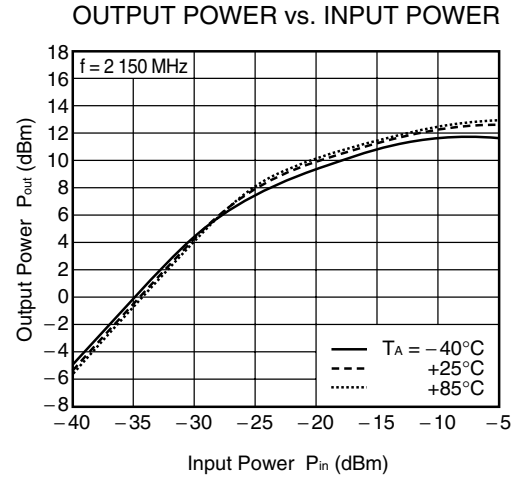
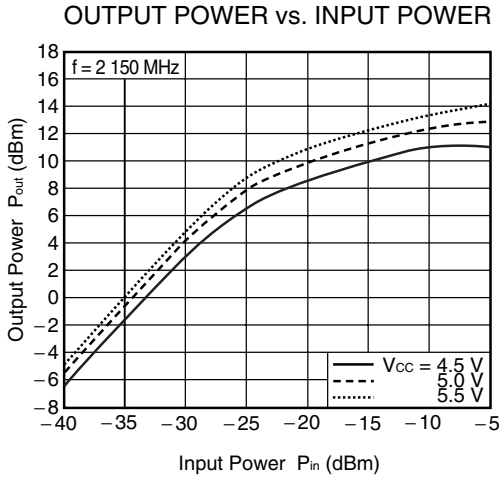
Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.



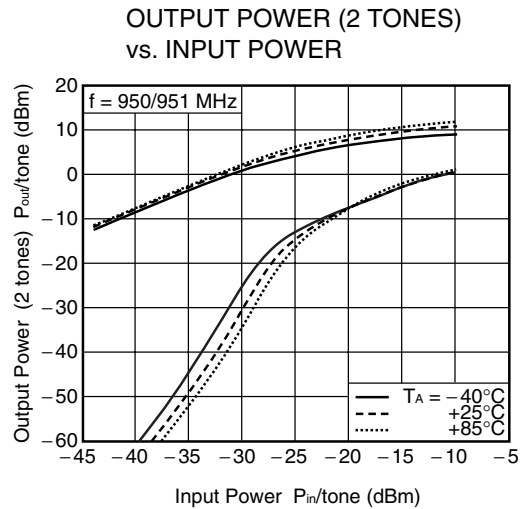
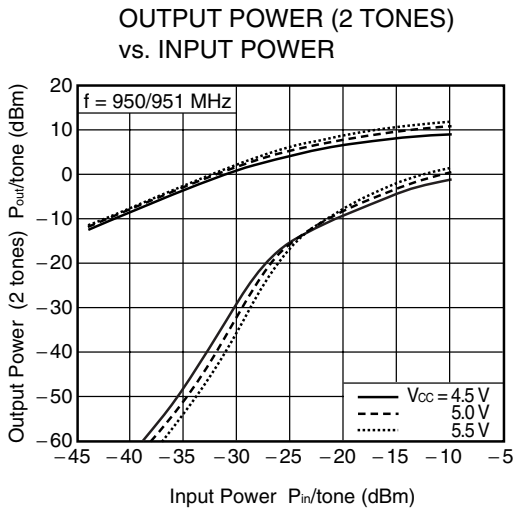
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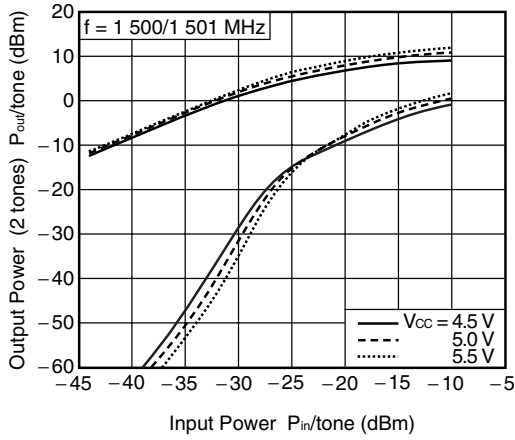


$V_{CC} = 5.0\ \text{V}, \Delta f = 1\ \text{MHz}$
 $f = 950/951\ \text{MHz} : OIP_3 = 21.0\ \text{dBm}$
 $f = 1\ 500/1\ 501\ \text{MHz} : OIP_3 = 18.2\ \text{dBm}$
 $f = 2\ 150/2\ 151\ \text{MHz} : OIP_3 = 16.0\ \text{dBm}$

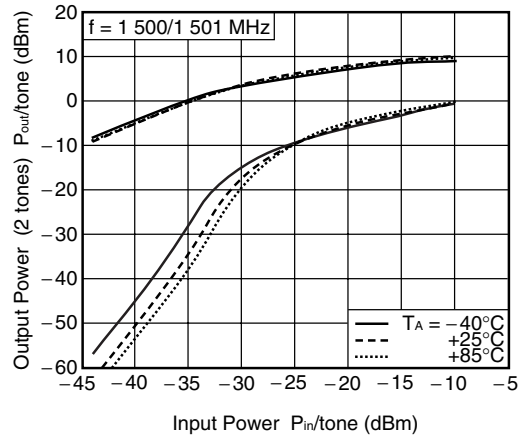


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

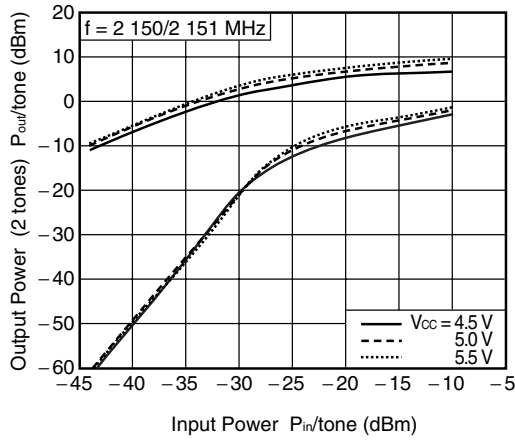
OUTPUT POWER (2 TONES)
vs. INPUT POWER



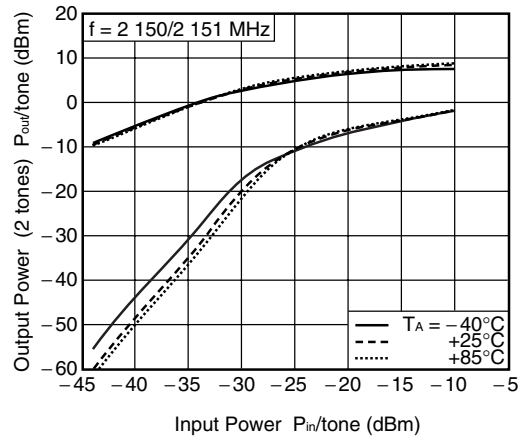
OUTPUT POWER (2 TONES)
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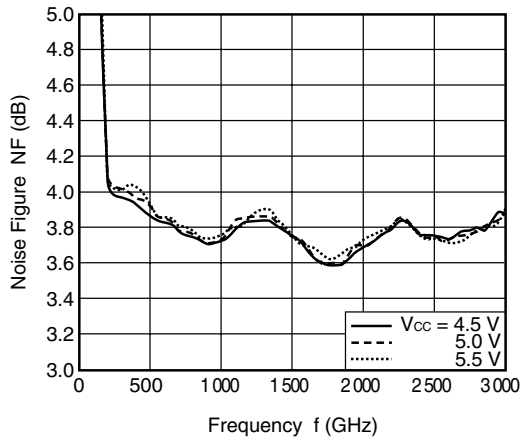
OUTPUT POWER (2 TONES)
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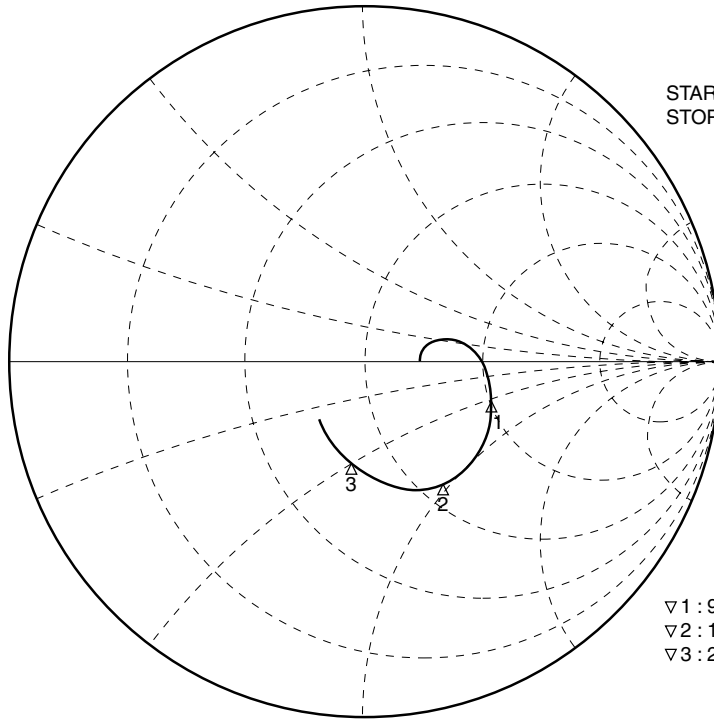
NOISE FIGURE vs. FREQUENCY



Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

S-PARAMETERS (T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} = V_{out} = 5.0 V)

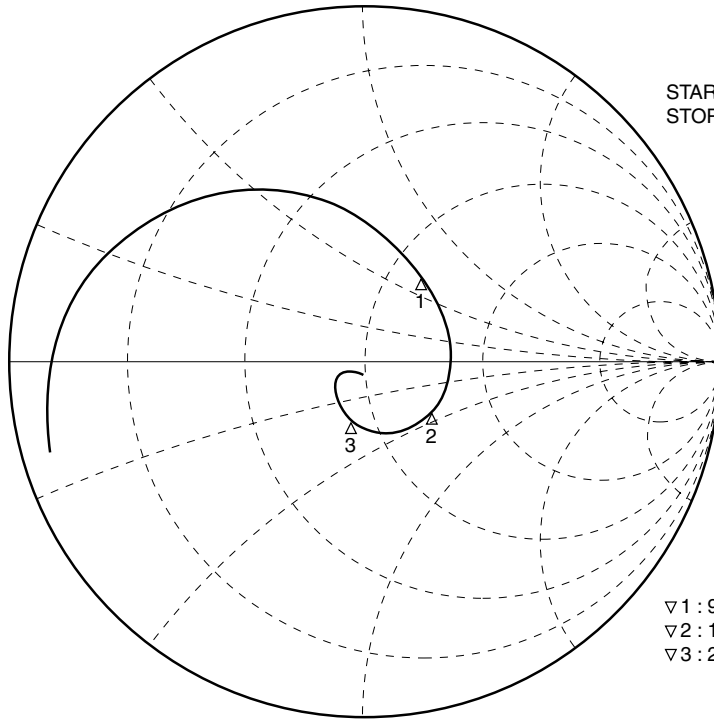
S₁₁-FREQUENCY



START : 100.000 000 MHz
STOP : 3 000.000 000 MHz

▽1 : 950 MHz	100.41 Ω	-31.537 Ω	5.3124 pF
▽2 : 1 600 MHz	58.686 Ω	-47.725 Ω	2.0843 pF
▽3 : 2 150 MHz	39.938 Ω	-24.401 Ω	3.0338 pF

S₂₂-FREQUENCY

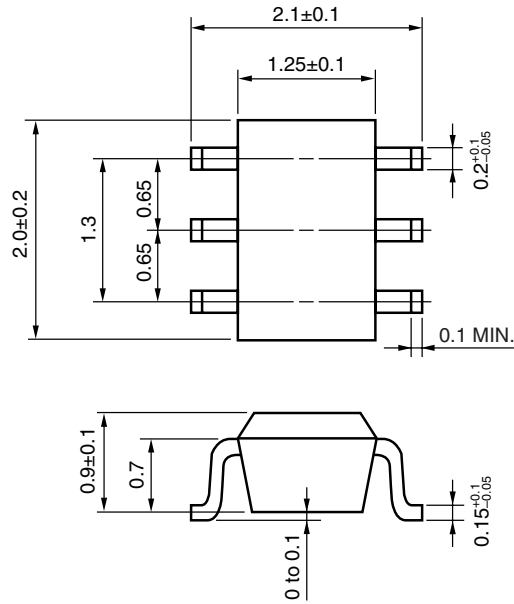


START : 100.000 000 MHz
STOP : 3 000.000 000 MHz

▽1 : 950 MHz	60.637 Ω	32.730 Ω	5.4835 nH
▽2 : 1 600 MHz	70.195 Ω	-20.405 Ω	4.8754 pF
▽3 : 2 150 MHz	44.370 Ω	-14.407 Ω	5.1383 pF

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

6-PIN SUPER MINIMOLD (UNIT: mm)



NOTES ON CORRECT USE

- (1) Observe precautions for handling because of electro-static sensitive devices.
- (2) Form a ground pattern as widely as possible to minimize ground impedance (to prevent undesired oscillation).
All the ground pins must be connected together with wide ground pattern to decrease impedance difference.
- (3) The bypass capacitor should be attached to the V_{CC} pin.
- (4) The inductor (L) must be attached between V_{CC} and output pins. The inductance value should be determined in accordance with desired frequency.
- (5) The DC cut capacitor must be attached to input and output pin.

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

This product should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions. For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, contact your nearby sales office.

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Condition Symbol
Infrared Reflow	Peak temperature (package surface temperature) : 260°C or below Time at peak temperature : 10 seconds or less Time at temperature of 220°C or higher : 60 seconds or less Preheating time at 120 to 180°C : 120±30 seconds Maximum number of reflow processes : 3 times Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass) : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	IR260
Wave Soldering	Peak temperature (molten solder temperature) : 260°C or below Time at peak temperature : 10 seconds or less Preheating temperature (package surface temperature) : 120°C or below Maximum number of flow processes : 1 time Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass) : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	WS260
Partial Heating	Peak temperature (terminal temperature) : 350°C or below Soldering time (per side of device) : 3 seconds or less Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass) : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	HS350

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

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