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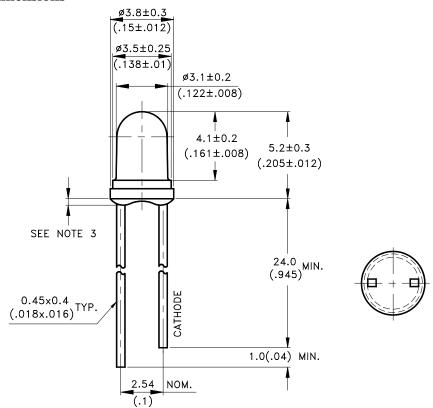
LITE-ON TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

Property of Lite-On Only

Features

- * Low power consumption.
- * High efficiency.
- * Versatile mounting on P.C. Board or panel.
- * I.C. Compatible/low current requirement.
- * 3.1 mm diameter package.

Package Dimensions



Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LTL-1CHG-031	Green Diffused	Green

of

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NOTES:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm(.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm(.04") max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

	Part No. : LTL-1CHG-031	
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Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	90	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA
Derating Linear From 50	0.4	mA/
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 to + 100	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 100	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260 for 5 Seconds	



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Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	3.7	12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10 mA$ Note 1,4
Viewing Angle	2 1/2		60		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	Р		565		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	d	568	573	578	nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width			30		nm	
Forward Voltage	VF		2.1	2.6	V	$I_F = 20 m A$
Reverse Current	Ir			100	μA	$V_R = 5V$
Capacitance	С		35		pF	$V_F = 0$, $f = 1MHz$

Note: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission International De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

- 2. 1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. The dominant wavelength, d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 4. The Iv guarantee should be added $\pm 15\%$.

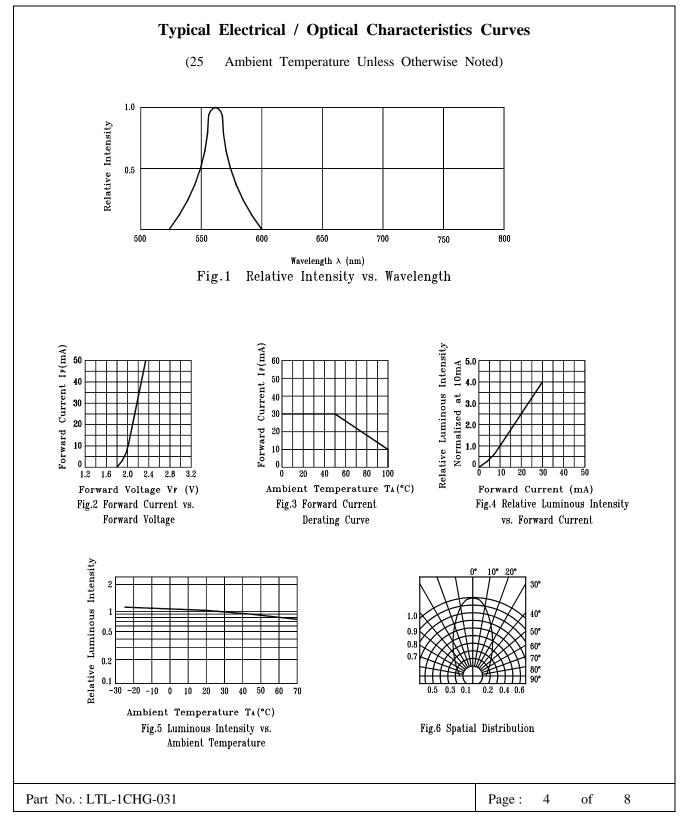
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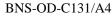
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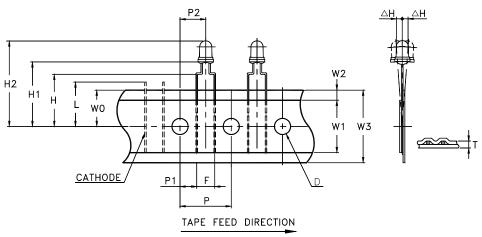
LITE-ON TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

Property of Lite-On Only

Features

- * Compatible with radial lead automatic insertion equipment.
- * Most radial lead plastic lead lamps available packaged in tape and reel.
- * 5mm (0.197") formed lead spacing available.
- * Reel packaging simplifies handling and testing.

Package Dimensions



			Specif	ication	
Item	Symbol	Mini	imum	Max	imum
		mm	inch	mm	inch
Tape Feed Hole Diameter	D	3.8	0.149	4.2	0.165
Component Lead Pitch	F	4.8	0.188	5.8	0.228
Front to Rear Deflection	Н			2.0	0.078
Height of Seating Plane	Н	15.5	0.610	16.5	0.649
Feed Hole to Bottom of Component	H1	25.0	0.984	27.0	1.063
Feed Hole to Overall Component Height	H2	29.9	1.177	32.5	1.280
Lead Length After Component Height	L	V	V0	11.0	0.433
Feed Hole Pitch	Р	12.4	0.488	13.0	0.511
Lead Location	P1	3.15	0.124	4.55	0.179
Center of Component Location	P2	5.05	0.198	7.65	0.301
Total Taped Thickness	Т			0.90	0.035
Feed Hole Location	W0	8.5	0.334	9.75	0.384
Adhesive Tape Width	W1	12.5	0.492	13.5	0.531
Adhesive Tape Position	W2	0	0	3.0	0.118
Tape Width	W3	17.5	0.689	19.0	0.748
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Property of Lite-On Only

CAUTIONS

1. Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications).Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

2. Storage

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LEDs if necessary.

4. Lead Forming & Assembly

During lead forming, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of LED lens. Do not use the base of the leadframe as a fulcrum during forming.

Lead forming must be done before soldering, at normal temperature.

During assembly on PCB, use minimum clinch force possible to avoid excessive mechanical stress.

5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point. Dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions :

Solderi	ng iron	Wave se	oldering
Temperature Soldering time	300°C Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time	100°C Max. 60 sec. Max. 260°C Max. 10 sec. Max.

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and/or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED. IR reflow is not suitable process for through hole type LED lamp product.

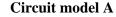
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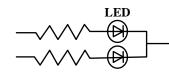
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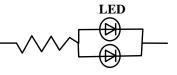
6. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.



Circuit model B





- (A) Recommended circuit
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs

7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handing

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no light up" at low currents. To verify for ESD damage, check for "light up" and Vf of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

The Vf of "good" LEDs should be >2.0V@0.1mA for InGaN product and >1.4V@0.1mA for AlInGaP product.

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Suggested checking list :

Training and Certification

- 1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
- 2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
- 2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
- 3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
- 4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

Personnel Grounding

- 1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
- 2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
- 3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?
- 4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
- 5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: *50V for Blue LED.

Device Handling

- 1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
- 2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
- 3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
- 4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

Others

- 1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
- 2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
- 3. Are audit records complete and on file?

8. Others

White LED is materialized by combining blue LED and phosphors. Color of White LED is changed a little by an operating current.

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement, without prior notice.

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