Digital Signal Processor

General Description

The NJU26126 is a high performance 24-bit digital signal processor. The NJU26126 provides L/R channel independent 10bands PEQ, Low/High bandwidth independent DRC of FIR filter adoption, Tone Control, Lip sync Audio Delay, eala & eala Rebirth of NJRC Original Sound Enhancement, Dynamic Bass Boost, two systems Limiter, and 5.1 channel output function. These kinds of sound functions are suitable for TV, mini-component, CD radio-cassette, Sound bar and speakers system.





NJU26126VC2

FEATURES

- Software

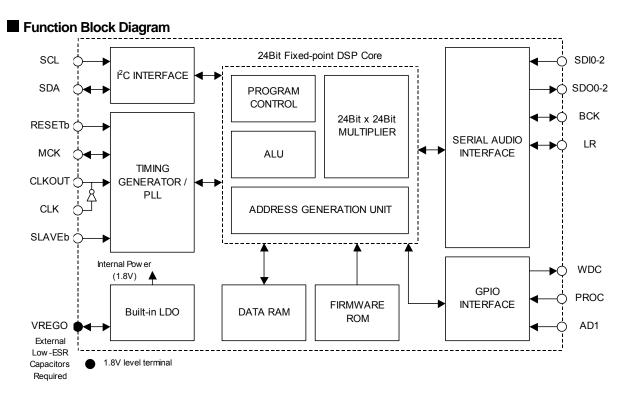
- NJRC Original Sound Enhancement (eala, eala Rebirth, Dynamic Bass Boost)
- HPF, LPF, Center/Sub woofer and Surround output function
- 10bands PEQ (Parametrical Equalizer) : L/R channel independent operation
- DRC (Dynamic Range Compression): 2-bands independent operation (FIR filter adoption)
- Tone Control (Bass / Treble)
- Limiter (SDO0 / SDO1)
- Lip sync Audio Delay (fs=48kHz : Max. 22msec)
- Signal level detector
- Watchdog Clock Output

- Hardware

- 24bit Fixed-point Digital Signal Processing
- Maximum System Clock Frequency: 12.288MHz Max. built-in PLL Circuit
- Digital Audio Interface
- : 3 Input ports / 3 Output ports
- Digital Audio Format : I²S 24bit, Left- justified, Right-justified, BCK : 32/64fs
- Master / Slave Mode

- Master Mode, MCK : 384fs @32kHz, 256fs @48kHz

- : I²C bus (Fast-mode/400kbps) Host Interface
- Power Supply : 3.3V
 - : 5V Input tolerant
- Input terminal Package : SSOP24-C2 (Pb-Free)





DSP Block Diagram

NJU26126 Block Diagram

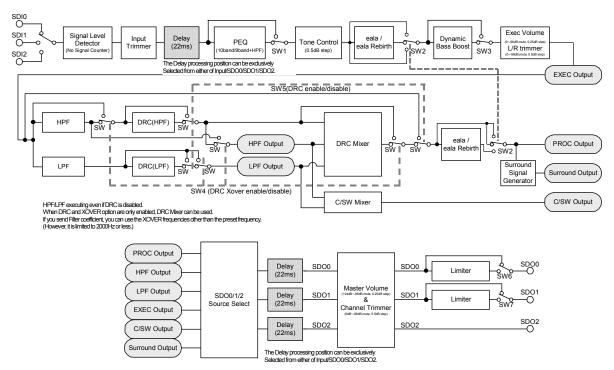


Fig. 2 NJU26126 Function Diagram

Pin Configuration

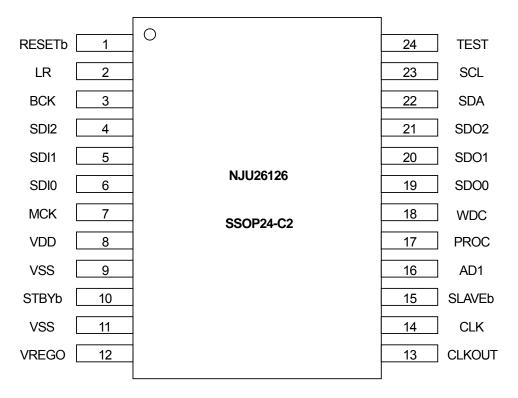


Fig. 3 NJU26126 Pin Configuration

Pin Description

Table 1 Pin Description

-		· · ·		
No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	
1	RESETb	Ι	RESET (active Low)	
2	LR	I/O	LR Clock	
3	BCK	I/O	Bit Clock	
4	SDI2	Ι	Audio Data Input 2 L/R	
5	SDI1	1	Audio Data Input 1 L/R	
6	SDI0	Ι	Audio Data Input 0 L/R	
7	MCK	I/O	Master Clock	
8	VDD	-	Power Supply +3.3V	
9	VSS	-	GND	
10	STBYb	Ι	For TEST (Connected to VDD)	
11	VSS	-	GND	
12	VREGO	ΡI	Built-in Power Supply Bypass	

No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
13	CLKOUT	0	OSC Output
14	CLK	Ι	OSC Clock Input
15	SLAVEb	Ι	Slave select
16	AD1	Ι	I ² C Address
17	PROC	Ι	Status select after Reset DSP
18	WDC	OD	Clock for Watch Dog Timer
19	SDO0	0	Audio Data Output 0
20	SDO1	0	Audio Data Output 1
21	SDO2	0	Audio Data Output 2
22	SDA	OD	I ² C I/O
23	SCL		I ² C Clock
24	TEST		For TEST(Connected to VSS)

I : Input, O : Output, I/O: Bi-directional, OD: Open-Drain I/O, PI: Power Supply Bypass
 AD1 (No.16) pin and PROC (No.17) pin are input pins. WDC (No.18) pin is open-drain pin with pull-up resistance.

However, these pins operate as bi-directional pins. No.16pin and No.17pin connect with V_{DD} or V_{SS} through 3.3k Ω resistance. No.18pin do not connect or connect with V_{DD} through 3.3k Ω resistance when unused.

VREGO (No.12) pin is a built-in power supply bypass pin. Connect low-ESR capacitor of 4.7uF and 0.01uF in parallel between VSS (No.11) pin. A built-in power supply is used only for NJU26126 operation. Be not short-circuited of this pin. Do not take out the current, and connect other power supplies.

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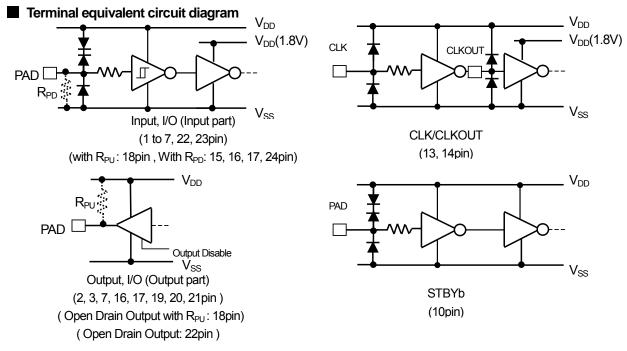
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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2Absolute Maximum Ratings(Vss=0V=GND, Ta=25°C)							
Paramet	er	Symbol	Rating	Units			
Supply Voltage *		V _{DD}	-0.3 to 4.2	V			
Supply Voltage By	/pass *	V _{REGO}	-0.3 to 2.3	V			
	In	V _{x(IN)}	-0.3 to 5.5 (V _{DD} ≥ 3.0V)				
	I/O, OD	$V_{x(I\!/\!O)} \;, V_{x(OD)}$	-0.3 to 4.2 (V_{DD} < 3.0V)				
Pin Voltage *	Out	V _{x(OUT)}		V			
	CLK	V _{x(CLK)}	-0.3 to 4.2				
	CLKOUT	V _{x(CLKOUT)}					
Power Dissipation		P _D	565	mW			
Operating Voltage		T _{OPR}	-40 to 85	°C			
Storage Temperat	ure	T _{STR}	-40 to 125	°C			

* The LSI must be used inside of the "Absolute maximum ratings". Otherwise, a stress may cause permanent damage to the LSI.

J	
* V _{DD}	: 8 pin
* V _{REGO}	: 12 pin
* V _{x(IN)}	: 1, 4, 5, 6, 10, 15, 23, 24 pin
* V _{x(OD)}	: 22 pin
* V _{x(I/O)}	: 2, 3, 7, 16, 17, 18 pin
* V _{x(OUT)}	: 19, 20, 21 pin
* V _{x(CLK)}	: 14 pin
* V _{x(CLKOUT)}	: 13 pin





Electric Characteristics

Table 3 Electric Characteristics	$(V_{DD}=3.3V, f_{OSC}=12.288MHz, Ta=25^{\circ}C)$					
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Operating Voltage *1	V _{DD}	V _{DD} pin	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Operating Current	I _{DD}	At no load	-	20	35	mA
High Level Input Voltage	V _H		V _{DD} x 0.7	-	V _{DD} ^{*2}	
Low Level Input Voltage	VL		0	-	V _{DD} x 0.3	v
High Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	(I _{OH} = -1mA)	V _{DD} x 0.8	-	V _{DD}	v
Low Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}	(I _{OL} = 1mA)	0	-	V _{DD} x 0.2	
	I _{IN}	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{DD}	-10	-	10	μΑ
Leakage Current *4	I _{IN(PU)}		-120	-	10	
	I _{IN(PD)}		-10	-	120	
Clock Frequency	f _{OSC}		10	12.288	13	MHz
Clock Jitter *5	f _{JIT(CC)}	CLK, MCK ^{*6}	0	-	3.0	ns
Clock Duty Cycle	r _{EC}		45	50	55	%

*1

*2 Input pin, Output pin and Open-Drain input/output pin are +5.0V tolerant except CLK input pin.

*3 Except No.18pin: WDC (Open-Drain output) and No.22: SDA (Open-Drain input/output).

*4 I_{IN(PU)}: 18pin, I_{IN(PD)}: 15, 16, 17, 24 pin

*5 Clock Jitter shows Cycle-to-cycle period jitter (JEDEC JESD65).

*6 Provide clock frequency for f_{OSC} spec. NJU26126 needs clock frequency 12.288MHz when sampling rate is 48kHz.

1. Power Supply, Input/Output terminal, Clock, Reset

1.1 Power Supply

The NJU26126 has a power supply V_{DD} . To setup good power supply condition, the decoupling capacitors should be implemented at the all power supply terminals.

The NJU26126 include a built-in power supply (LDO) for internal logic. A built-in power supply generates 1.8V (-10% to +10%). VREGO (No.12) pin is a built-in power supply bypass pin. Connect low-ESR capacitor of 4.7uF and 0.01uF in parallel between VSS (No.11) pin.

A built-in power supply is used only for NJU26126 operation. Be not short-circuited of this pin. Do not take out the current, and connect other power supplies.

1.2 Input/Output terminal

It restricts, when the input terminals (AD1, PROC, RESETb, SDI0, SDI1, SDI2, STBYb, SLAVEb, SCL, TEST pins), the input/output terminals (LR, BCK, MCK pins) and the bi-directional Open-drain terminal (SDA pin) of NJU26126, and V_{DD} are supplied on regular voltage (V_{DD} =3.3V), and it becomes +5V Input tolerant.

1.3 Clock

The NJU26126 CLK pin requires the system clock that should be related to the sample frequency 256 Fs.

(For example : Fs=48kHz CLK=12.288MHz)

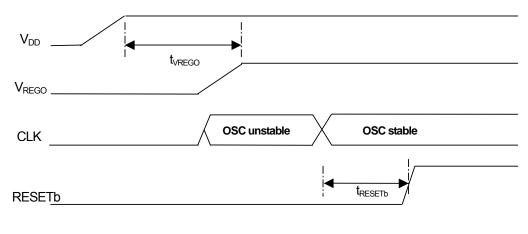
It is possible to be generated the system clock by connecting a crystal oscillator between CLK and CLKOUT. CLK/CLKOUT pins are not 5V tolerant, so check the voltage level of these pins. When SLAVEb pin is fixed on Low level, NJU26126 supplies the system clock from MCK pin. Fix the clock input pin not used to Low level because either the CLK pin or the MCK pin is supplied in NJU26126.

The frequency divider for Master mode matched to the clock 256 times of Fs is installed in NJU26126. When clock except 256 times of Fs is used by Master mode, be careful to use because a dividing frequency of Master mode changes. Please check enough and decide parameter.

1.4 Reset

To initialize the NJU26126, RESETb pin should be set Low level during some period. After some period of Low level, RESETb pin should be High level. This procedure starts the initialization of the NJU26126. After the power supply and the oscillation of the NJU26126 becomes stable, RESETb pin must be kept Low-level more than t_{RESETb} period. (Fig.5)

After RESETb pin level goes to "High" (after reset release), a setup of the internal hardware of a Serial Host Interface completes NJU26126 within 10msec. Then, it will be in the state which can communicate.



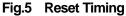


Table 4 Reset Til	me
Symbol	Time
t _{vREGO}	≥ 10msec
t _{RESETb}	≥ 1.0msec

Note :

All the I/O terminals and the Open-Drain I/O terminals compulsorily enter the state of the high-impedance when it is made RESETb=Low. However, the pull-up/pull-down of the terminal that has adhered the pull-up/pull-down is effective.

Don't stop the supply of a clock while operating. NJU26126 installs PLL circuit internally. If the supply of a clock is stopped, PLL circuit cannot be sent a clock to the inside and NJU26126 does not operate normally.

If supply of a clock is stopped or the NJU26126 is reset again, putting a normal clock into CLK terminal, the period RESETb terminal of t_{RESETb} is kept "Low" level.(Table 4) Next, the NJU26126 is reset. Then redo from initial setting.

2. Digital Audio Clock

Digital audio data needs to synchronize and transmit between digital audio systems. The NJU26126 - master mode / slave mode - both of the modes are supported.

- In Master mode;

Use the clock of BCKO and a LRO pin output clock for digital audio data transfer.

- In Slave mode;

The clock output from a master device is needed for the input terminal of BCKI and LRI.

A device in the system generates the transmitted clock become a standard. The other devices are set according to the transmitted clock. The device generating transmitted clock is called Master Device. The device according to the transmitted clock is called Slave Device. NJU26126 usually operates Slave Device. However, NJU26126 becomes Master Device in case of SLAVEb set the High level and NJU26126 is set Master mode by firmware command. In Slave mode, clock inputted to the BCK pin and the LR pin is used to digital audio signal transmission. In Master mode, clock outputted to the BCK pin and the LR pin is used to digital audio signal transmission.

2.1 Audio Clock

Three kinds of clocks are needed for digital audio data transfer.

- (1) LR clock (LR) is needed by serial-data transmission. It is the same as the sampling frequency of a digital audio signal.
- (2) Bit clock (BCK) is needed by serial-data transmission. It becomes the multiple of LR clock.
- (3) Master clock (MCK) is needed by A/D, D/A converter, etc. It becomes the multiple of LR clock. It is not related to serial audio data transmission.

In SLAVEb is High level, the MCK pin becomes buffer output pin for input clock to the CLK pin after NJU26126 resets. The MCK output is able to be stopped by firmware command.

In SLAVEb is Low level, MCK pin becomes system clock input pin. It is not insure to change the logical switch of SLAVEb pin during operating. If it is necessary to change SLAVEb pin setting, reset NJU26126 every time.

SLAVEb and firmware setting	LR pin	BCK pin	MCK pin
SLAVEb="Low" Firmware: each	LR clock input	Bit clock input	NJU26126 operating clock input (MCK or CLK)
SLAVEb="H" Firmware: Slave	DSP slave operating	DSP slave operating	Master clock output
SLAVEb="H" Firmware: Master	LR clock output DSP Master operating	Bit clock output DSP Master operating	(Buffer of CLK)

Table 5SLAVEb, BCK, LR, MCK

In NJU26126 is used by 256 times of Maximum sampling frequency, NJU26126 is able to output LR clock of same sampling rate and two-third times of sampling rate, and output BCK clock of 32 times sampling rate and 64 times sampling rate in Master mode.

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Table 6 Input clock (In Slave mode)

Mode	Clock Signal	Multiple Frequency	32kHz	44.1kHz	48kHz	
DSP Slave	LR	1fs	32kHz	44.1kHz	48kHz	
	BCK (32fs)	32fs	1.024MHz	1.4112MHz	1.536MHz	
	BCK (64fs)	64fs	2.048MHz	2.822MHz	3.072MHz	
	MCK (SLAVEb="L")	Input terminal	: Clock is generated by MCK or CLK			
	MCK (SLAVEb="H")	Buffer output of CLK	12.288MHz			

Table 7 Output clock (In Master mode)

Mode	Clock Signal	Multiple Frequency	CLK pin frequency			
Node Clock Signal		Multiple r requency	32kHz	44.1kHz	48kHz	
	LR	1fs	32kHz	-	48kHz	
	BCK (32fs)	32fs	1.024MHz	-	1.536MHz	
	BCK (64fs)	64fs	2.048MHz	-	3.072MHz	
	MCK	Buffer output of CLK		12.288MHz		

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3. Digital Audio Interface

3.1 Digital Audio Data Format

The NJU26126 can use three kinds of formats hereafter as industry-standard digital audio data format.

(1) I²S : MSB is put on the 2nd bit of LR clock change rate.(1 bit is delayed to left stuffing)

(2) Left-justified : LR clock -- MSB is placed for changing.

(3) Right-justified : LSB is placed just before LR clock change rate.

The main differences among three kinds of formats are in the position relation between LR clock (LR) and an audio data (SDI, SDO).

- In every format: : a left channel is transmitted previously.

- In Right/Left-justified : LR clock ='High' shows a left channel.

- I²S : LR clock="Low" shows a left channel.
- The Bit clock BCK is used as a shift clock of transmission data. The number of clocks more than the number of sum total transmission bits of a L/R channel is needed at least.
- One cycle of LR clock is one sample of a stereo audio data. The frequency of LR clock becomes equal to a sample rate (Fs).
- The NJU26126 supports serial data format which includes 32(32fs) or 64(64fs) BCK clocks. This serial data format is applied to both MASTER and SLAVE mode.

3.2 Serial Audio Data Input/output

The NJU26126 audio interface includes 3 data input lines: SDI0, SDI1 and SDI2 (Table 8). 3 data output lines: SDO0, SDO1 and SDO2. (Table 9).

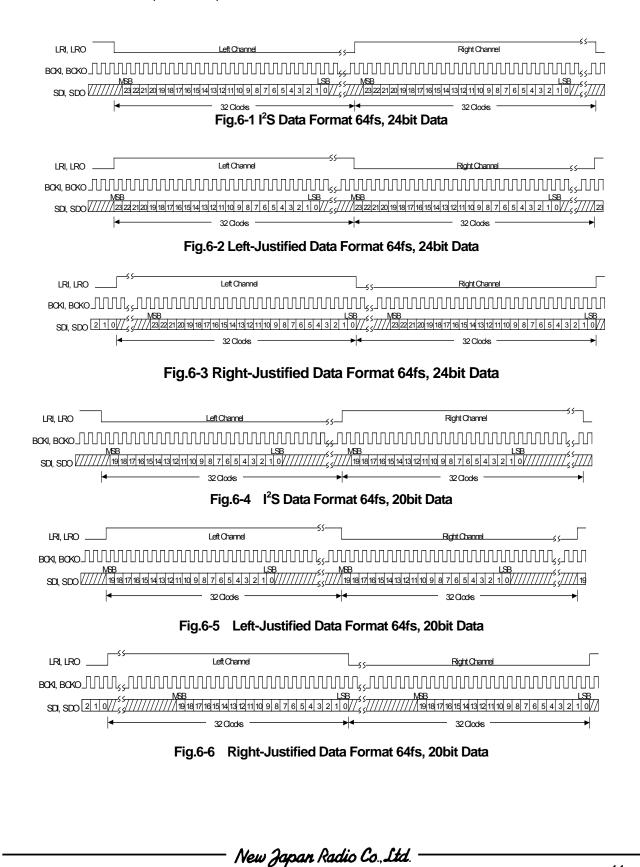
Table 0	Table o Senai Addio Input Fin Description						
Pin No.	Symbol	Description					
6	SDI0	Audio Data Input 0 L/R					
5	SDI1	Audio Data Input 1 L/R					
4	SDI2	Audio Data Input 2 L/R					

Table 8 Serial Audio Input Pin Description

Table 9 Serial Audio Output Pin Description

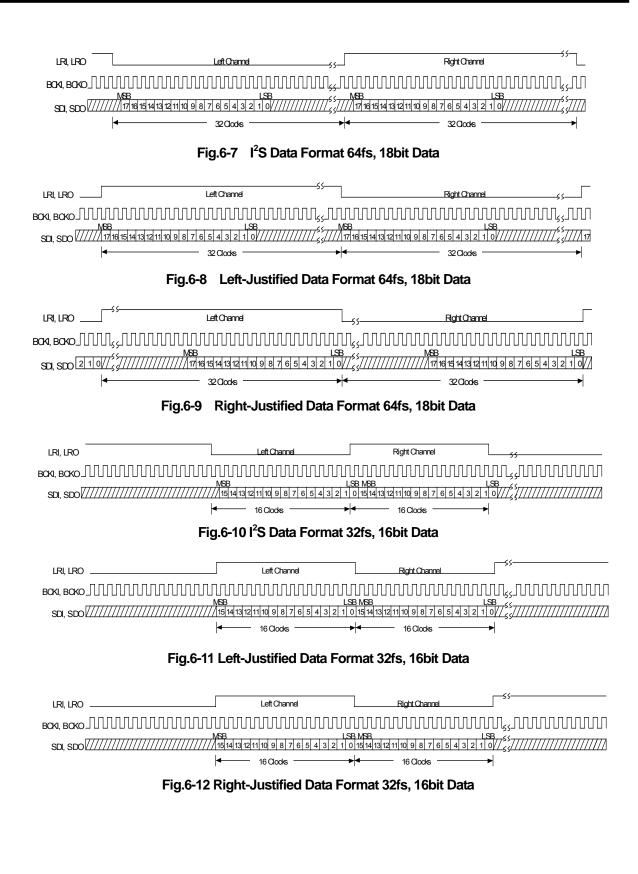
Pin No.	Symbol	Description
19	SDO0	Audio Data Output 0
20	SDO1	Audio Data Output 1
21	SDO2	Audio Data Output 2

The NJU26126 can use three kinds of formats hereafter as industry-standard digital audio data format; (1) I^2S (2) Left-Justified (3) Right-justified and 16 / 18 / 20 / 24bits data length. (Fig.6-1 to Fig6-12) An audio interface input and output data format become the same data format.



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3.3 Serial Audio Input Timing

Table 10Serial Audio Input Timing Parameters(V _{DD} =3.3V, Ta=25°C						a=25°C)
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Units
BCK Frequency *	f _{BCKI}		-	-	6.5	MHz
BCK Period * Low Pulse Width High Pulse Width	t _{sı∟} t _{sıн}		75 75	-	-	ns
BCK to LR Time **	t _{SLI}		40	-	-	ns
LR to BCK Time **	t _{LSI}		40	-	-	ns
Data Setup Time	t _{DS}		15	-	-	ns
Data Hold Time	t _{DH}		15	-	-	ns

Sorial Audio Input Timing Parameters Table 10

* It is the regulation of absolute maximum ratings. Maximum frequency of BCK is limited.

** It is the regulation in slave mode.

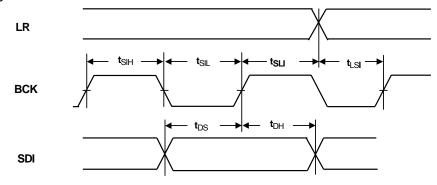
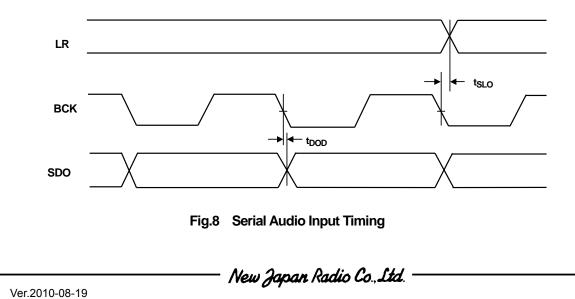


Fig.7 Serial Audio Input Timing

Table 11 Serial Audio Output Timing Parameters				((V _{DD} =3.3V, Ta=25°C)		
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Units	
BCK to LR Time *	t _{slo}		-15	-	15	ns	
Data Output Delay	t _{DOD}	- C _L =25pF	-	-	15	ns	

* It is the regulation in Master mode.



Host Interface

The NJU26126 can be controlled via Serial Host Interface (SHI) using I²C bus. Data transfers are in 8 bit packets (1 byte) when using either format. Refer to serial Host Interface Pin Description.(Table 12)

Pin No.	Symbol (l ² C bus)	I ² C bus Format
16	AD1	I ² C bus address Bit
22	SDA	Serial Data Input/Output (Open Drain Input/Output)
23	SCL	Serial Clock

Table 12	Serial Host Interface Pin Description	on

Note : SDA pin (No.22) is a bi-directional open drain terminal. This pin requires a pull-up resister.

AD1 (No.16) pin is input pin with pull-down. AD1 (No.16) pin is connected with V_{DD} or V_{SS} through $3.3k\Omega$ resistance.

When NJU26126 is stopped by power supply VDD, SDA pin and SCL pin become Hi-Z. But these pins are not 5V tolerant when VDD stops.

I²C bus

I²C bus interface transfers data to the SDA pin and clocks data to the SCL pin. SDA pin is a bi-directional open drain and requires a pull-up resister.

AD1 pin is used to configure the seven-bit SLAVE address of the serial host interface. (Table 13) This offers additional flexibility to a system design by two different SLAVE addresses of the NJU26126. An address can be arbitrarily set up by the AD1 pin. The I²C address of AD1 is decided by connection of AD1 pin.

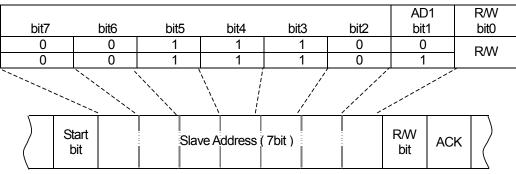


Table 13I²C bus SLAVE Address

* SLAVE address is 0 when AD1 is "Low". SLAVE address is 1 when AD1 is "High".

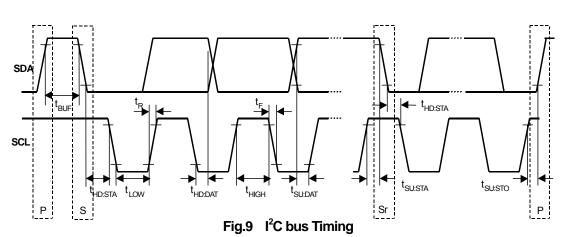
* SLAVE address is 0 when R/W is "W". SLAVE address is 1 when R/W is "R".

Note : The serial host interface supports "Standard-Mode (100kbps)" and "Fast-Mode (400kbps)" I²C bus data transfer.

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Table 14 I ² C bus Interface Timing Parar	(V _{DD} =3.3V, f _{OSC} =12.288MHz, Ta=25°C)			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
SCL Clock Frequency	f _{SCL}	0	400	KHz
Start Condition Hold Time	t _{HD:STA}	0.6	-	μs
SCL "Low" Duration	t _{LOW}	1.3	-	μs
SCL "High" Duration	t _{HIGH}	0.6	-	μs
Start Condition Setup Time	t _{su:sta}	0.6	-	μs
Data Hole Time ^{*1}	t _{HD:DAT}	0	0.9	μs
Data Setup Time	t _{SU:DAT}	250	-	Ns
Rising Time	t _R	-	1000	Ns
Falling Time	t _F	-	300	Ns
Stop Condition Setup Time	t _{su:sto}	0.6	-	μs
Bus Release Time ^{*2}	t _{BUF}	1.3	-	μs

Table 14 I²C bus Interface Timing Parameters



Note :

- *1 $t_{HD:DAT}$: Keep data 100ns hold time to avoid indefinite state by SCL falling edge.
- *2 This item shows the interface specification. The interval of a continuous command is specified separately.

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Pin setting

The NJU26126 operates default command setting after resetting the NJU26126. In addition, the NJU26126 restricts operation at power on by setting PROC pin (No.17) (Table 15). This pin is input pin. However, this pin operates as bi-directional pin. Connect with V_{DD} or V_{SS} through $3.3k\Omega$ resistance.

Pin No.	Symbol	Setting	Function
17	PROC	"High"	The NJU26126 does not operate after reset. Sending start command is required for starting operation.
17	"Low"		The NJU26126 operates default setting after reset. The default value of Master Volume is Mute.

WatchDog Clock

The NJU26126 outputs clock pulse through WDC (No.18) pin during normal operation.

The NJU26126 generates a clock pulse through the WDC terminal after resetting the NJU26126. The WDC clock is useful to check the status of the NJU26126 operation. For example, a microcomputer monitors the WDC clock and checks the status of the NJU26126. When the WDC clock pulse is lost or not normal clock cycle, the NJU26126 does not operate correctly. Then reset the NJU26126 and set up the NJU26126 again. Watchdog clock output cycle is about 170msec.

Note: If input and output of an audio signal stop and an audio interface stops, WDC can't output. That is because it has controlled based on the signal of an audio interface.

■ NJU26126 Command Table

Table 16 NJU26126 Command

No.	Command
1	Set Task
2	Fs Select
3	Smooth Control setup
4	Input Select
5	SDO0 output source select
6	SDO1 output source select
7	SDO2 output source select
8	DRC mode select
9	DRC Xover frequency select
10	Delay setup
11	System Status Configuration
12	Tone Control (Bass@100Hz)
13	Tone Control (Treble@10kHz)
14	Limiter (SDO0) time constant setup
15	Limiter (SDO0) ratio / limit &boost level setup
16	Limiter (SDO1) time constant setup
17	Clipper (SDO1) ratio / limit &boost level setup
18	Trimmer Setup
19	DRC (HPF) ratio & time constant setup
20	DRC (LPF) ratio & time constant setup

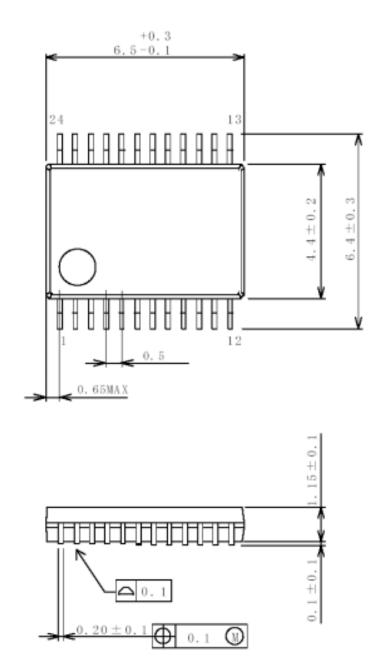
Command
DRC (HPF) threshold level setup
DRC (LPF) threshold level setup
PEQ Setup
eala / eala Rebirth setup
User define Xover filter coefficient setup
User define Xover filter Freq. select
D.B.B ratio & time constant setup
D.B.B threshold level setup
D.B.B filter setup
Signal detection setup
Firmware Version Number
Firmware Revision Number
Software Reset
No signal counter read
No signal counter reset
No signal detection output enable
No signal detection output disable
Boot with Mute
Boot with Un-mute
No Operation (Nop)

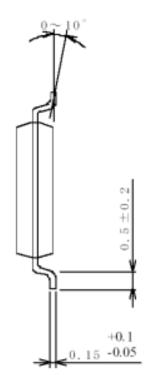
Please demand details of the command separately.

(JRC)

Package

SSOP24-C2, Pb-Free





[CAUTION] The specifications on this databook are only given for information, without any guarantee as regards either mistakes or omissions. The application circuits in this databook are described only to show representative usages of the product and not intended for the guarantee or permission of any right including the industrial rights.

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