

LTC1064-1

^{OGY} Low Noise, 8th Order, Clock Sweepable Elliptic Lowpass Filter

FEATURES

- 8th Order Filter in a 14-Pin Package
- No External Components
- 100:1 Clock to Center Ratio
- 150µV_{RMS} Total Wideband Noise
- 0.03% THD or Better
- 50kHz Maximum Corner Frequency
- Operates from ±2.37V to ±8V Power Supplies
- Passband Ripple Guaranteed Over Full Military Temperature Range

APPLICATIONS

- Antialiasing Filters
- Telecom PCM Filters

DESCRIPTION

The LTC[®]1064-1 is an 8th order, clock sweepable elliptic (Cauer) lowpass switched capacitor filter. The passband ripple is typically ± 0.15 dB, and the stopband attenuation at 1.5 times the cutoff frequency is 68dB or more.

An external TTL or CMOS clock programs the value of the filter's cutoff frequency. The clock to cutoff frequency ratio is 100:1.

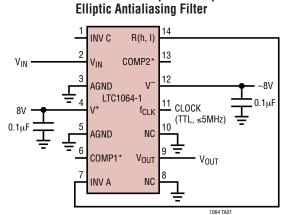
No external components are needed for cutoff frequencies up to 20kHz. For cutoff frequencies over 20kHz two low value capacitors are required to maintain passband flatness. The LTC1064-1 features low wideband noise and low harmonic distortion even for input voltages up to $3V_{RMS}$. In fact the LTC1064-1 overall performance completes with equivalent multiple op amp RC active realizations.

The LTC1064-1 is available in a 14-pin DIP or 16-pin surface mounted SW package.

The LTC1064-1 is pin compatible with the LTC1064-2.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

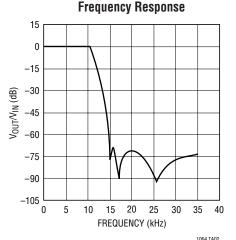


8th Order Clock Sweepable Lowpass

NOTE: THE POWER SUPPLIES SHOULD BE BYPASSED BY A $0.1 \mu F$ CAPACITOR CLOSE TO THE PACKAGE.

FOR SERVO OFFSET NULLING APPLICATIONS, PIN 1 IS THE 2ND STAGE SUMMING JUNCTION.

*FOR CUTOFF FREQUENCY ABOVE 20kHz, USE COMPENSATION CAPACITORS (5pF TO 56pF) BETWEEN PIN 13 AND PIN 1 AND PIN 6 AND PIN 7.



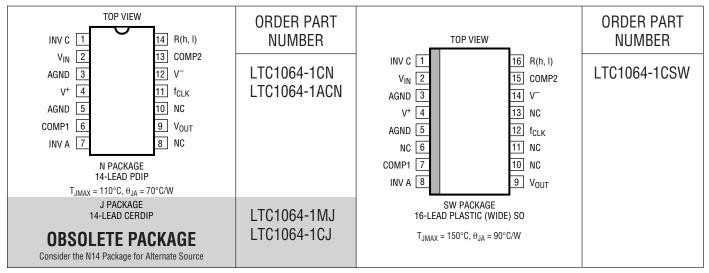
8th ORDER CLOCK SWEEPABLE LOWPASS ELLIPTIC ANTIALIASING FILTER MAINTAINS, FOR 0.1Hz \pm f_{CUTOFF} \pm 10kHz, A \pm 0.15dB PASSBAND RIPPLE AND 72dB STOPBAND ATTENUATION AT 1.5 \times f_{CUTOFF}. TOTAL WIDEBAND NOISE = 150µV_{RMS}, THD = 0.03% FOR V_{IN} = 1V_{RMS}

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Operating Temperature Range

LTC1064-1M (**OBSOLETE**) -55°C to 125°C LTC1064-1C/AC -40°C to 85°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The • denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating

temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C. $V_S = \pm 7.5$ V, $f_{CLK} = 1$ MHz, R1 = 10k, C1 = 10pF, TTL or CMOS clock input level unless otherwise specified.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | | MIN | ТҮР | MAX | UNITS |
|---|---|---|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------|
| Passband Gain, LTC1064-1, 1A | Referenced to 0dB, 1Hz to 0.1f _C | • | | ±0.1 | ±0.35 | dB |
| Gain TempCo | | | | 0.0002 | | dB/°C |
| Passband Edge Frequency, f _C | | | | 10 ± 1% | | kHz |
| Gain at f _C LTC1064-1 LTC1064-1A | Referenced to Passband Gain | • | -1.25 -0.75 | | 0.85 0.65 | dB dB |
| –3dB Frequency | | | | 10.7 | | kHz |
| Passband Ripple (Note 1) LTC1064-1 LTC1064-1A | $0.1 f_C$ to $0.85 f_C$ Referenced to Passband Gain, Measured at 6.25 kHz and 8.5 kHz | • | | ±0.15 ±0.1 | ±0.32 ±0.19 | dB dB |
| Ripple TempCo | | | | 0.0004 | | dB/°C |
| Stopband Attenuation LTC1064-1 LTC1064-1A | At 1.5f _C Referenced to 0dB | • | 66 68 | 72 72 | | dB dB |
| Stopband Attenuation LTC1064-1 LTC1064-1A | At 2f _C Referenced to 0dB | • | 67 68 | 72 72 | | dB dB |



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. V_S = ±7.5V, f_{CLK} = 1MHz, R1 = 10k, C1 = 10pF, TTL or CMOS clock input level unless otherwise specified.

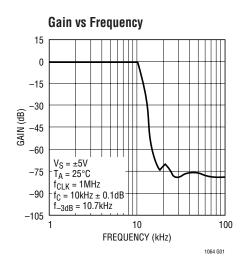
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | | MIN | ТҮР | MAX | UNITS |
|--|--|---|----------------|------------------|---------------------|--|
| Input Frequency Range | | | 0 | | f _{CLK} /2 | kHz |
| Output Voltage Swing and Operating Input Voltage Range | $V_{S} = \pm 2.37V$ $V_{S} = \pm 5V$ $V_{S} = \pm 7.5V$ | • | ±1 ±3 ±5 | | | V V V |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | $V_S = \pm 5V$, Input = $1V_{RMS}$ at 1kHz $V_S = \pm 7.5V$, Input = $3V_{RMS}$ at 1kHz | | | 0.015 0.03 | | % % |
| Wideband Noise | $V_S = \pm 5V$, Input = GND 1Hz to 999kHz $V_S = \pm 7.5V$, Input = GND 1Hz to 999kHz | | | 150 165 | | μV _{RMS} μV _{RMS} |
| Output DC Offset LTC1064-1 LTC1064-1A Output DC Offset TempCo | $V_{\rm S}$ = ±7.5V, Pin 2 Grounded $V_{\rm S}$ = ±5V | | | 50 50 –100 | 175 125 | mV mV µV/°C |
| Input Impedance | | | 10 | 20 | | kΩ |
| Output Impedance | f _{OUT} = 10kHz | | | 2 | | Ω |
| Output Short-Circuit Current | Source/Sink | | | 3/1 | | mA |
| Clock Feedthrough | | | | 200 | | μV _{RMS} |
| Maximum Clock Frequency | 50% Duty Cycle, $V_S = \pm 7.5V$ | | | | 5 | MHz |
| Power Supply Current | V _S = ±2.37V | • | | 10 | 22 | mA |
| | $V_{S} = \pm 5V$ | • | | 12 | 23 26 | mA mA |
| | $V_S = \pm 7.5 V$, f _{CLK} = 1MHz | • | | 16 | 28 32 | mA mA |
| Power Supply Voltage Range | | • | ±2.37 | | ±8 | V |

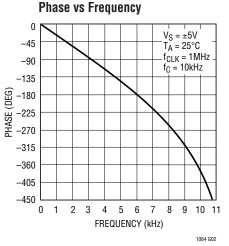
Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: For tighter specifications please contact LTC Marketing.

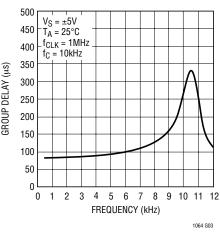
GROUP DELAY

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS





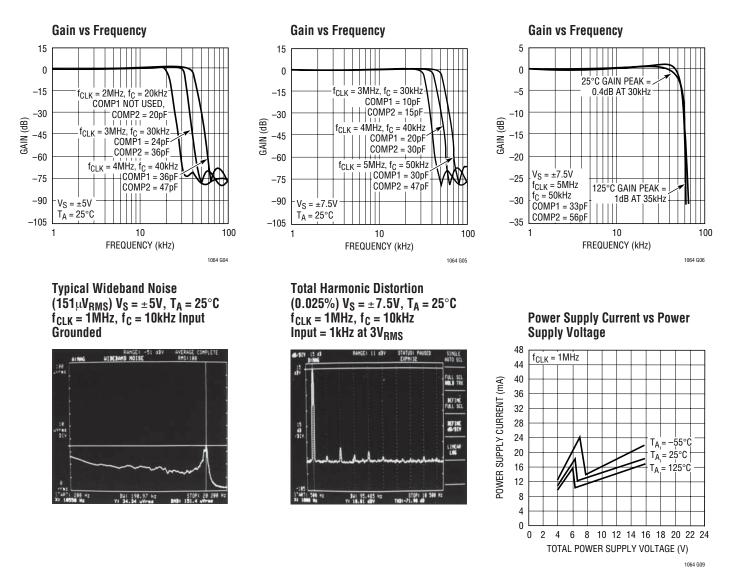
Group Delay



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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



PIN FUNCTIONS (Pin Numbers Refer to the 14-Pin Package)

COMP1, INV A, COMP2, INV C (Pins 1,6,7, and 13): For filter cutoff frequencies higher than 20kHz, in order to minimize the passband ripple, compensation capacitors should be added between Pin 6 and Pin 7 (COMP1) and Pin 1 and Pin 13 (COMP2). For COMP1 (COMP2), add 1pF (1.5pF) mica capacitor for each kHz increase in cutoff frequency above 20kHz. For more detail refer to Gain vs Frequency graphs.

V_{IN}, **V**_{OUT} (**Pins 2**, **9**): The input Pin 2 is connected to an 18k resistor tied to the inverting input of an op amp. Pin 2

is protected against static discharge. The device's output, Pin 9, is the output of an op amp which can typically source/ sink 3mA/1mA. Although the internal op amps are unity gain stable, driving long coax cables is not recommended.

When testing the device for noise and distortion, the output, Pin 9, should be buffered (Figure 4). *The op amp power supply wire (or trace) should be connected directly to the power source.*

AGND (Pins 3, 5): For dual supply operation these pins should be connected to a ground plane. For single supply 10641fa



PIN FUNCTIONS (Pin Numbers Refer to the 14-Pin Package)

operation both pins should be tied to one half supply (Figure 2). Also Pin 8 and Pin 10, although they are not internally connected should be tied to analog ground or system ground. This improves the clock feedthrough performance.

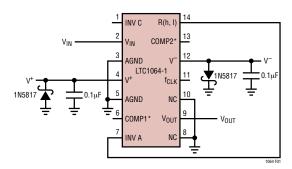
V⁺, **V⁻** (Pins 4, 12): The V⁺ and V⁻ pins should be bypassed with a 0.1μ F capacitor to an adequate analog ground. Low noise, nonswitching power supplies are recommended. *To avoid latchup when the power supplies exhibit high turn-on transients, a 1N5817 Schottky diode should be added from the V⁺ and V⁻ pins to ground* (*Figure 1*).

INV A, R(h, I) (Pins 7, 14): A very short connection between Pin 14 and Pin 7 is recommended. This connection should be preferably done under the IC package. In a

breadboard, use a one inch, or less, shielded coaxial cable; the shield should be grounded. In a PC board, use a one inch trace or less; surround the trace by a ground plane.

NC (Pins 8, 10): The "no connection" pins preferably should be grounded.

f_{CLK} (Pin 11): For \pm 5V supplies the logic threshold level is 1.4V. For \pm 8V and 0V to 5V supplies the logic threshold levels are 2.2V and 3V respectively. The logic threshold levels vary \pm 100mV over the full military temperature range. The recommended duty cycle of the input clock is 50% although for clock frequencies below 500kHz the clock "on" time can be as low as 200ns. The maximum clock frequency for \pm 5V supplies is 4MHz. For \pm 7V supplies and above, the maximum clock frequency is 5MHz. Do not allow the clock levels to exceed the power supplies. For clock level shifting (see Figure 3).



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Figure 1. Using Schottky Diodes to Protect the IC from Power Supply Spikes

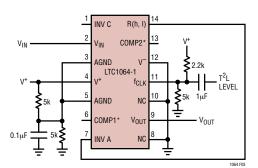


Figure 3. Level Shifting the Input T^2L Clock for Single Supply Operation, V+ >6V.

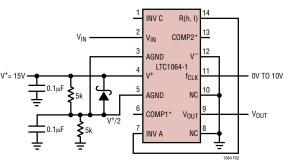


Figure 2. Single Supply Operation. If Fast Power Up or Down Transients are Expected, Use a 1N5817 Schottky Diode Between Pin 4 and Pin 5.

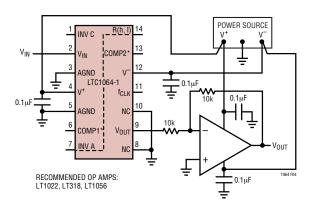
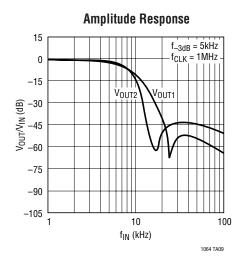


Figure 4. Buffering the Filter Output. The Buffer Op Amp Should Not Share the LTC1064-1 Power Lines.

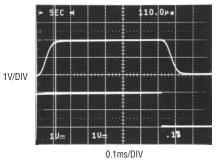
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

С łŀ \sim 47.5k INV C R(h, I) 2 LT1056 13 V_{OUT1} COMP2³ VIN V_{IN1} 3 12 AGND V LTC1064-1 <u>11</u> f_{CLK} = 200 0.1µF V+ fclk T × f_{-3dB} 0.1µF 10 NC AGND VOUT COMP1* V_{OUT2} 5 NC INV A (μF) C f_3dB **Å**^{47.5k} 1064 TA06 OUTPUT1 WIDEBAND NOISE: $50\mu V_{RMS}$ OUTPUT2 WIDEBAND NOISE: 110µV_{BMS} V_{IN2}

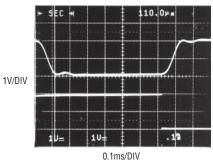
Transitional Elliptic-Bessel Dual 5th Order Lowpass Filter

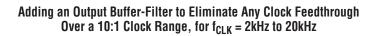


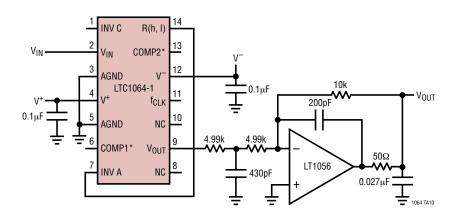








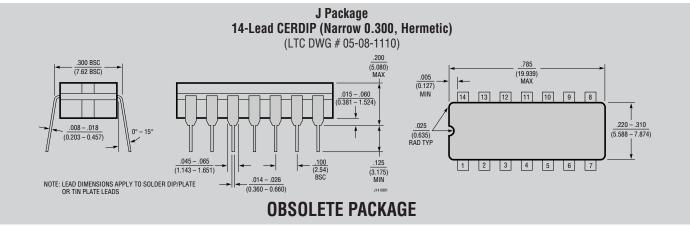




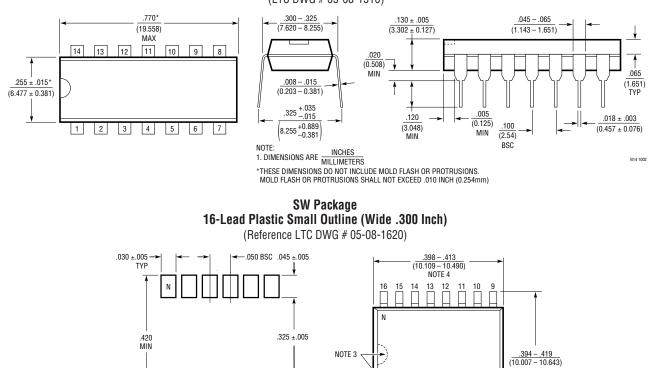
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PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



N Package 14-Lead PDIP (Narrow 0.300) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)



N/2

 $\frac{.037 - .045}{(0.940 - 1.143)}$

(0.102 - 0.305)

S16 (WIDE) 050

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

 $\frac{.093 - .104}{(2.362 - 2.642)}$

<u>.050</u> (1.270)

BSC

 $\frac{.014 - .019}{(0.356 - 0.482)}$

TYP

NOTE

1. DIMENSIONS IN (MILLIMETERS)

. PIN 1 IDEN1, NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGES ARE THE MANUFACTURING OPTIONS. THE PART MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT ANY OF THE OPTIONS

INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR

2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE 3. PIN 1 IDENT, NOTCH ON TOP

OPTIONS 4. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT

PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .006" (0.15mm)

Information furnished by Linear Technology Corporation is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for its use. Linear Technology Corporation makes no representation that the interconnection of its circuits as described herein will not infringe on existing patent rights.

3

RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD LAYOUT

<u>.291 – .299</u> (7.391 – 7.595)

NOTE 4

× 45°

 $\frac{.016 - .050}{(0.406 - 1.270)}$

 $\frac{.010 - .029}{(0.254 - 0.737)}$

NOTE 3

2

<u>.005</u> (0.127)

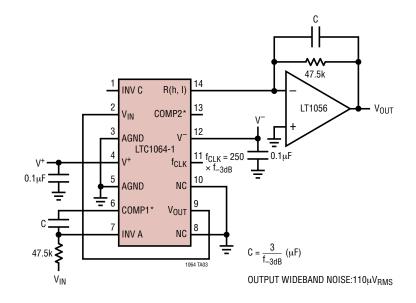
RAD MÍN

<u>.009 - .013</u> (0.229 - 0.330) N/2

0° - 8° TYP

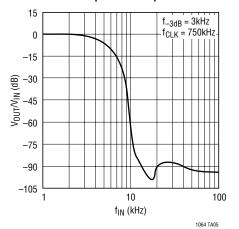
TECHNOLOGY

TYPICAL APPLICATION

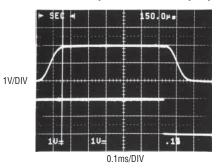


Transitional Elliptic-Bessel 10th Order Lowpass Filter

Amplitude Response



Transient Response to a 2V Step Input



RELATED PARTS

| PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | COMMENTS |
|-------------|---|--|
| LTC1069-1 | 8th Order Elliptic Lowpass | S0-8 Package, Low Power |
| LTC1069-6 | Single Supply, 8th Order Elliptic Lowpass | S0-8 Package, Very Low Power |
| LTC1569-6 | DC Accurate, 10th Order, Lowpass | Internal Precision Clock, Low Power |
| LTC1569-7 | DC Accurate, 10th Order, Lowpass | Internal Precision Clock, S0-8 Package |