

Micropower Low Dropout References

FEATURES

- 200mV Max Dropout at 10mA Output Current
- 4µA Typical Quiescent Current
- 0.15% Max Initial Accuracy
- No Output Capacitor Required
- Output Sources 10mA, Sinks 2mA
- 40ppm/°C Max Drift
- Voltage Options: 2.5V, 3V, 4.1V, 5V and Adjustable

APPLICATIONS

- Battery-Powered Systems
- Handheld Instruments
- Precision Power Supplies
- A/D and D/A Converters

DESCRIPTION

The LTC®1798/LTC1798-2.5/LTC1798-3/LTC1798-4.1/LTC1798-5 are micropower bandgap references that combine high accuracy and low drift with very low supply current and small package size. The combination of ultralow quiescent current and low dropout voltage of only 200mV (max) makes them ideal for battery-powered equipment. The output voltage is set by an external resistor divider for the adjustable LTC1798.

This series of references uses curvature compensation to obtain low temperature coefficient and trimmed thin-film resistors to achieve high output accuracy. These references can source up to 10mA and sink up to 2mA, making them ideal for precision regulator applications. They are stable without an output bypass capacitor, but are also stable with capacitance up to 1 μ F. This feature is important in critical applications where PC board space is a premium and fast settling is demanded.

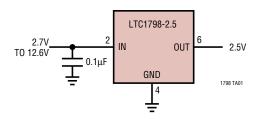
The LTC1798 series references provided power dissipation advantages over shunt references. In addition to supply current, shunt references must also idle the entire load current to operate.

The LTC1798 series is available in the SO-8 package.

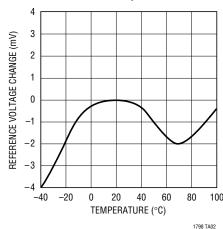
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TYPICAL APPLICATION

2.5V Battery-Powered Reference



LTC1798-2.5 Temperature Drift

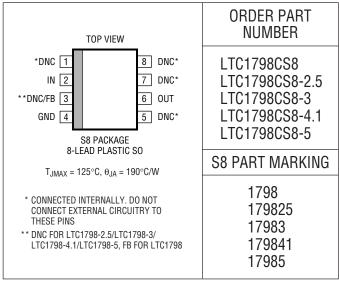


ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

Supply Voltage	
Input Voltages	
Output Voltages	0.3V to 13V
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	
(Note 2)	40°C to 100°C
Specified Temperature Range	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range (Note 3).	65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult factory for parts specified with wider operating temperature range.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

OUTPUT	TEMPERATURE	400110407	TEMPERATURE	PACKAC	
VOLTAGE (V)	RANGE (°C)	ACCURACY (%)	COEFFICIENT (ppm/°C)	SO-8 ORDER NUMBER	PART MARKING
2.5	0 to 70	0.15	40	LTC1798CS8-2.5	179825
3	0 to 70	0.15	40	LTC1798CS8-3	17983
4.096	0 to 70	0.15	40	LTC1798CS8-4.1	179841
5	0 to 70	0.15	40	LTC1798CS8-5	17985
Adjustable	0 to 70	0.4	40	LTC1798CS8	1798

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ullet denotes specifications which apply over the full specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOMINAL)} + 0.2V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA unless otherwise noted. FB = OUT for the LTC1798.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range		•			12.6	V
I _{IN}	Input Current	FB = OUT for LTC1798			4.0	6.5	μА
			•			8.5	μΑ
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage (Note 4)	LTC1798, FB = OUT		2.3755	2.385	2.3945	V
		LTC1798 ADJ		-0.4		0.4	%
		LTC1798-2.5		2.4963	2.5	2.5037	V
		LTC1798-3		2.9955	3	3.0045	V
		LTC1798-4.1		4.090	4.096	4.102	V
		LTC1798-5		4.9925	5	5.0075	V
		LTC1798 All Fixed Options		-0.15		0.15	%



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ullet denotes specifications which apply over the full specified temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOMINAL)} + 0.2V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA unless otherwise noted. FB = OUT for the LTC1798.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
e _n	Output Voltage Noise (Note 5)	0.1Hz ≤ f ≤ 10Hz			8		ppm _{P-P}
TC	Output Voltage Temp Coefficient (Note 6)	$T_{MIN} \le T_{J} \le T_{MAX}$	•		15	40	ppm/°C
V _{OUT} /V _{IN}	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT(NOMINAL)} + 0.2V)$ to 12.6V	•		30	120	ppm/V
V _{OUT} /I _{OUT}	Load Regulation (Note 7)	Sourcing 0mA to 10mA	•		0.1	0.3	mV/mA
		Sinking 0mA to 2mA	•		1.75	4.0 6.5	mV/mA mV/mA
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Output Current	V _{OUT} Shorted to GND V _{OUT} Shorted to V _{IN}		20 2	40 4		mA mA
ΔV_{DO}	Dropout Voltage (Note 8)	$I_{OUT} = 0$, $\Delta V_{OUT} \le 0.1\%$ $I_{OUT} = 10$ mA, $\Delta V_{OUT} \le 0.1\%$	•			100 200	mV mV
V _{HYST}	Output Hysteresis (Note 9)	$\Delta T = -40$ °C to 85°C $\Delta T = 0$ °C to 70°C			200 50		ppm ppm
I _{FB}	FB Pin Input Current	LTC1798, OUT = FB			10		nA

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.

Note 2: The LTC1798 is guaranteed functional over the operating temperature range of -40° C to 100° C.

Note 3: If the part is stored outside of the specified operating temperature range, the output may shift due to hysteresis.

Note 4: ESD (Electostatic Discharge) sensitive device. Extensive use of ESD protection devices are used internal to the LTC1798, however, high electrostatic discharge can damage or degrade the device. Use proper ESD handling precautions.

Note 5: Peak-to-peak noise is measured with a single pole highpass filter at 0.1Hz and 2-pole lowpass filter at 10Hz.

Note 6: Temperature coefficient is the change in output voltage divided by the nominal output voltage divided by the specified temperature range.

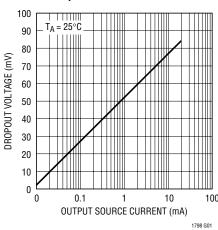
Note 7: Load regulation is measured on a pulse basis from no load to the specified load current. Output changes due to die temperature change must be taken into account separately.

Note 8: Dropout voltage is $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ when V_{OUT} falls to 0.1% below its nominal value at $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V$.

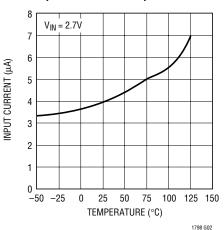
Note 9: Hysteresis in output voltage is created by package stress that differs depending on whether the IC was previously at a higher or lower temperature. Output voltage is always measured at 25°C, but the IC is cycled hot or cold before successive measurements. Hysteresis is not normally a problem for operational temperature excursions where the instrument might be stored at high or low temperature.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

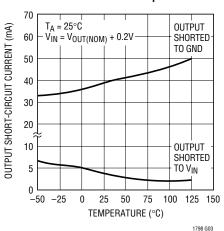
LTC1798-2.5* Dropout Voltage vs Output Source Current



LTC1798-2.5*
Input Current vs Temperature



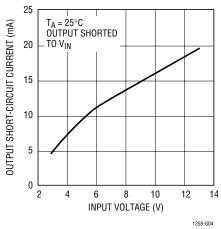
LTC1798 Series Output Short-Circuit Current vs Temperature



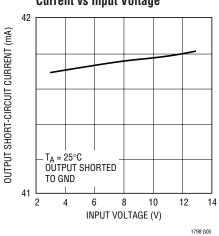
*Similar performance characteristics can be expected for all voltage options.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

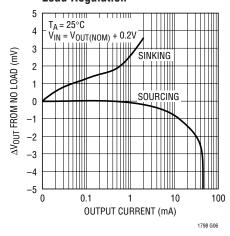
LTC1798-2.5* Output Short-Circuit Current vs Input Voltage



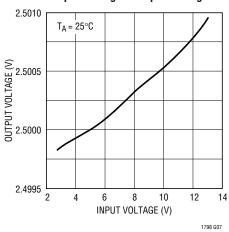
LTC1798-2.5* Output Short-Circuit Current vs Input Voltage



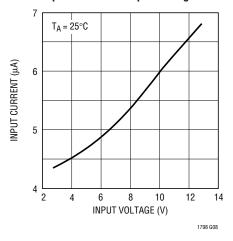
LTC1798 Series Load Regulation



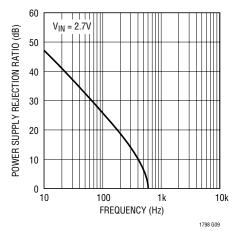
LTC1798-2.5* Output Voltage vs Input Voltage



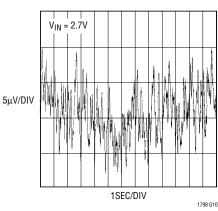
LTC1798-2.5*
Input Current vs Input Voltage



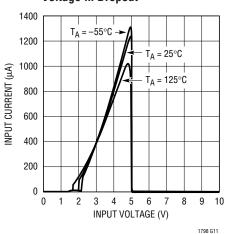
LTC1798-2.5 PSRR vs Frequency



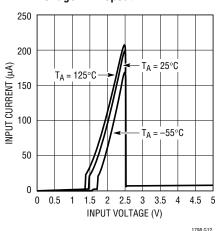
LTC1798-2.5 0.1Hz to 10Hz Noise



LTC1798-5 Input Current vs Input Voltage in Dropout



LTC1798-2.5 Input Current vs Input Voltage in Dropout



PIN FUNCTIONS

DNC (Pins 1, 5, 7, 8): Do Not Connect. Connected internally for post package trim. These pins must be left unconnected.

IN (Pin 2): Positive Supply. Bypassing with a $0.1\mu F$ capacitor is recommended if the output loading changes. $(V_{OUT}+0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$.

DNC (Pin 3): (LTC1798-2.5/LTC1798-3/LTC1798-4.1/LTC1798-5) Do Not Connect. Connected internally for post package trim. This pin must be left unconnected.

FB (**Pin 3**): (LTC1798) Resistor Divider Feedback Pin. Connect a resistor divider from OUT to GND and the center tap to FB. This pin sets the output potential.

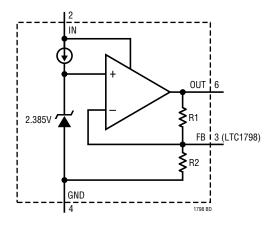
$$V_{OUT} = 2.385V \left(\frac{R1 + R2}{R2}\right)$$
; R1 is connected from OUT

to FB and R2 from FB to GND. Selecting R2 \geq 10k will make I_{OUT} < 250 μ A.

GND (Pin 4): Negative Supply or Ground Connection.

OUT (Pin 6): Reference Output. The output can source up to 10mA and sink up to 2mA. It is stable with output bypass capacitor ranging from $0\mu F$ to $1\mu F$.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



NOTE: R1 AND R2 ARE NOT CONNECTED FOR LTC1798

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Longer Battery Life

Series references have an advantage over shunt style references. To operate, shunt references require a resistor between the power supply and the output. This resistor must be chosen to supply the maximum current that is demanded by the circuit being regulated. When the circuit being controlled is not operating at this maximum current, the shunt reference must always sink this current, resulting in high power dissipation and short battery life.

The LTC1798 series low dropout references do not require a current setting resistor and can operate with any supply voltage from ($V_{OUT(NOMINAL)} + 0.2V$) to 12.6V. When the circuitry being regulated does not demand current, the LTC1798 series reduces its dissipation and battery life is extended. If the reference is not delivering load current it dissipates only 10.8 μ W when operating on a 2.7V supply for LTC1798-2.5, yet the same connection can deliver 10mA of load current when demanded.

Output Bypass Capacitor

The LTC1798 series is designed to be stable with or without capacitive loads. With no capacitive load, the reference is ideal for fast settling applications, or where PC board space is at a premium.

In applications with significant output loading changes, an output bypass capacitor of up to $1\mu F$ can be used to improve the output transient response. Figure 1 shows the response of the reference to a 1mA to $0\mu A$ load step with a $1\mu F$ output capacitor. If more than $1\mu F$ of output

capacitance is required, a resistor in series with the capacitor is recommended to reduce the output ringing. Figure 2 illustrates the use of a damping resistor for capacitive loads greater than $1\mu F$. Figure 3 shows the resistor and capacitor values required to achieve critical damping.

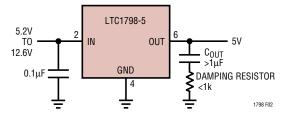


Figure 2. Adding a Damping Resistor with Output Capacitors Greater Than 1µF

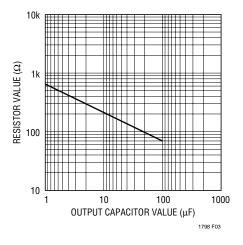
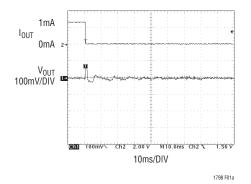


Figure 3. Damping Resistance vs Output Capacitor Value



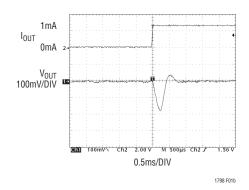


Figure 1. Reference Output Load Transient Response, 1µF Output Capacitor





APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Internal P-Channel Pass Transistor

The LTC1798 series features an internal P-channel MOSFET pass transistor. This provides several advantages over similar designs using a PNP bipolar pass transistor.

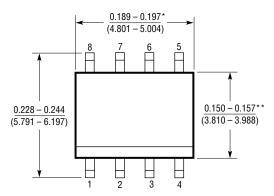
These references consume only 4µA of quiescent current under light and heavy loads as well as in dropout; whereas, PNP-based references waste considerable amounts of current when the pass transistor is saturated. In addition, the LTC1798 series provides a lower dropout voltage (200mV max) than PNP-based references.

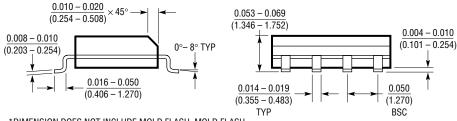
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150)

(LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)

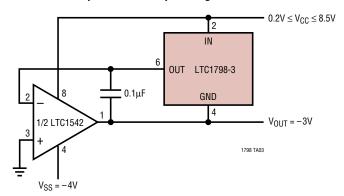




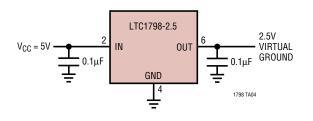
- *DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE
- *DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

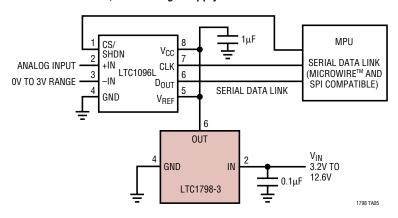
Micropower Low Dropout Negative Reference



Supply Splitter



Low Power, Low Voltage Supply Reference for LTC1096L



MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corporation.

RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT®1389	Nanopower Precision Shunt Voltage Reference	800nA Quiescent Current, 0.05% Max, 10ppm/°C Max Drift 1.25V and 2.5V Versions, SO-8 Package
LT1634	Micropower Precision Shunt Voltage Reference	0.05% Max, 25ppm/°C Max Drift, 1.25V, 2.5V, 4.096V and 5V Outputs
LT1460	Micropower Series Reference	0.075% Max, 10ppm/°C Max Drift, 2.5V, 5V and 10V Outputs
LT1461	Micropower Precision Series Voltage Reference	0.04% Max, 3ppm/°C Max Drift, 35µA Quiescent Current
LT1790	SOT-23, LDO Precision Micropower Reference	0.05% Max, 10ppm/°C Max, 2.5V, 60μA Supply