

Precision Reference

FEATURES

- Low Drift—20ppm/°C Max Slope f
- Trimmed Output Voltage
- Operates in Series or Shunt Mode
- Output Sinks and Sources in Series Mode
- Very Low Noise < 1ppm p-p (0.1Hz to 10Hz)
- >100dB Ripple Rejection
- Minimum Input-Output Differential of 1V
- 100% Noise Tested

APPLICATIONS

- A to D and D to A Converters
- Precision Regulators
- Digital Voltmeters
- Inertial Navigation Systems
- Precision Scales
- Portable Reference Standard

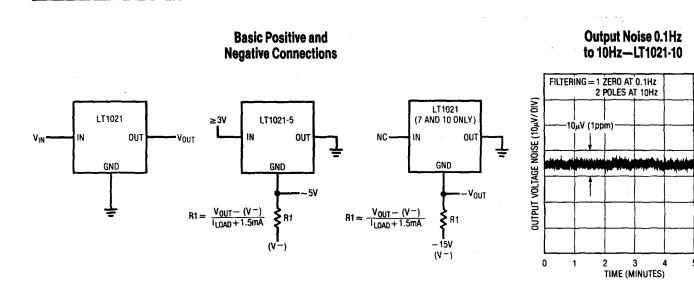
DESCRIPTION

The LT1021 is a precision reference with ultra low drift and noise, extremely good long term stability, and almost total immunity to input voltage variations. The reference output will both source and sink up to 10mA. Three voltages are available; 5V, 7V and 10V. The 7V and 10V units can be used as shunt regulators (two terminal zeners) with the same precision characteristics as the three terminal connection. Special care has been taken to minimize thermal regulation effects and temperature induced hysteresis.

The LT1021 references are based on a buried zener diode structure which eliminates noise and stability problems associated with surface breakdown devices. Further, a subsurface zener exhibits better temperature drift and time stability than even the best band-gap references.

Unique circuit design makes the LT1021 the first IC reference to offer ultra low drift without the use of high power on-chip heaters.

The LT1021-7 uses no resistive divider to set output voltage, and therefore exhibits the best long term stability and temperature hysteresis. The LT1021-5 and LT1021-10 are intended for systems requiring a precise 5V or 10V reference, with an initial tolerance as low as 0.05%.*



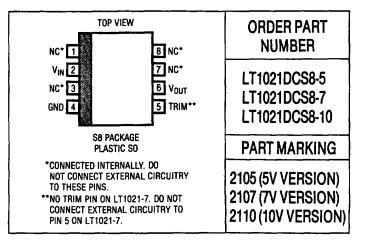


^{*}Units specified at 10ppm/°C maximum drift and 0.1% output voltage tolerance are available on request.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Input Voltage
LT1021-5
LT1021-710V
LT1021-1016V
Trim Pin to Ground Voltage
Positive Equal to Vout
Negative – 20V
Output Short Circuit Duration
V _{IN} = 35V 10 sec
V _{IN} ≤20VIndefinite
Operating Temperature Range0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range
All Devices – 65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS LT1021-5 VIN = 10V, IOUT = 0, TA = 25°C, unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER			LT1021D-5			
	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Note 1)			4.95	5.00	5.05	٧
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 2)	0°C≤T _J ≤70°C			5	20	ppm/°C
Line Regulation (Note 3)	7.2V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 10V	•	<u> </u>	4	12 20	ppm/V ppm/V
	10V≤V _{IN} ≤40V	•		2	6 10	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Sourcing Current)	0≤l _{OUT} ≤10mA (Note 3)	•		10	20 35	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Load Regulation (Sinking Current)	0≤I _{OUT} ≤10mA (Note 3)		<u>-</u>	60	100 150	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Supply Current		•		0.8	1.2 1.5	mA mA
Output Voltage Noise (Note 5)	0.1Hz≤f≤10Hz 10Hz≤f≤1kHz			3 2.2	3.5	μVp-p μVrms
Long Term Stability of Output Voltage				15		ppm/√khrs
Temperature Hysteresis of Output	$\Delta T = \pm 25^{\circ}C$			10		ppm

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS LT1021-7 $V_{\text{IN}} = 12V$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 0$, $T_{\text{A}} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS				
		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Note 1)		6.95	7.00	7.05	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 2)	T _{MIN} ≤T _J ≤T _{MAX}		5	20	ppm/°C



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS LT1021-7 $V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted

		LT		LT1021D-7		
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN TYP		MAX	UNITS
Line Regulation (Note 3)	8.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 12V			1 2	4	ppm/V ppm/V
	12V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 40V			0.5 1	2 4	ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Sourcing Current)	0 ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 10mA (Note 3)	•		12	25 40	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Load Regulation (Shunt Mode)	1.2mA≤I _{SHUNT} ≤10mA (Notes 3, 4)	•		50	100 150	ppm/mA ppm/mA
Supply Current (Series Mode)	·	•		0.75	1.2 1.5	mA mA
Minimum Current (Shunt Mode)	V _{IN} is Open	•		0.7	1.0 1.2	mA mA
Output Voltage Noise (Note 5)	0.1Hz≤f≤10Hz 10Hz≤f≤1kHz		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 2.5	4	μVp-p μVrms
Long Term Stability of Output Voltage				7		ppm/√khrs
Temperature Hysteresis of Output	$\Delta T = \pm 25^{\circ}C$			3		ppm

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS LT1021-10 $V_{\text{IN}} = 15V$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 0$, $T_{\text{A}} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER			LT1021D-10			
	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage (Note 1)			9.95	10.00	10.05	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 2)	T _{MIN} ≤T _J ≤T _{MAX}			5	20	ppm/°C
Line Regulation (Note 3)	11.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 14V.5 14.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 40V	•		1 0.5	4 6 2 4	ppm/V ppm/V ppm/V ppm/V
Load Regulation (Sourcing Current)	0≤I _{OUT} ≤10mA (Note 3)	•	-	12	25 40	ppm/mA
Load Regulation (Shunt Mode)	1.7mA ≤ I _{SHUNT} ≤ 10mA (Notes 3, 4)	•		50	100 150	ppm/m/ ppm/m/
Series Mode Supply Current		•		1.2	1.7 2.0	mA mA
Shunt Mode Minimum Current	V _{IN} is Open	•		1.1	1.5 1.7	mA mA
Output Voltage Noise (Note 5)	0.1Hz≤f≤10Hz 0.1Hz≤f≤1kHz			6 3.5	6	μVp-p μVrms
Long Term Stability of Output Voltage	Δt = 1000 Hrs Non-Cumulative			15		ppm/√khrs
Temperature Hysteresis of Output	$\Delta T = \pm 25^{\circ}C$			5		ppm

The denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

Note 1: Output voltage is measured immediately after turn-on. Changes due to chip warm-up are typically less than 0.005%.

Note 2: Temperature coefficient is guaranteed as a slope from room temperature (25°C) to 0°C and 70°C, also known as a "butterfly" specification.

Note 3: Line and load regulation are measured on a pulse basis. Output changes due to die temperature change must be taken into account separately. Package thermal resistance is 110°C/W.

Note 4: Shunt mode regulation is measured with the input open. With the input connected, shunt mode current can be reduced to 0mA. Load regulation will remain the same.

Note 5: RMS noise is measured with a single high pass filter at 10Hz and a 2-pole low pass filter at 1 kHz. The resulting output is full wave rectified and then integrated for a fixed period, making the final reading an average as opposed to RMS. A correction factor of 1.1 is used to convert from average to RMS, and a second correction of 0.88 is used to correct for the non-ideal bandpass of the filters.

Peak-to-peak noise is measured with a single high pass filter at 0.1Hz and a 2-pole low pass filter at 10Hz. The unit is enclosed in a still-air environment to eliminate thermocouple effects on the leads. Test time is 10 seconds.

