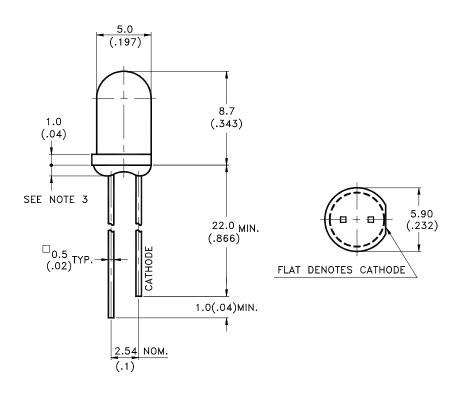
LITEON LITE-ON ELECTRONICS, INC.

Property of Lite-On Only

Features

- * High luminous intensity output.
- * Low power consumption.
- * High efficiency.
- * Versatile mounting on P.C. board or panel.
- * I.C. Compatible/low current requirements.
- * Popular T-13/4 diameter.

Package Dimensions



Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LTL2H3VEK	Water Clear	AlInGaP Red

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is \pm 0.25mm(.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm(.04") max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Part No.: LTL2H3VEK of 4 Page:



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Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating U		
Power Dissipation	120	mW	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	130	mA	
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA	
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.6	mA/℃	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

Part No.: LTL2H3VEK Page: 2 of 4



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Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	1900	5000		mcd	I _F = 20mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2 θ 1/2		15		deg	Note 2 (Fig.5)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λР		632		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λd		624		nm	Note 4
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_{F}		2.0	2.4	V	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$
Reverse Current	$I_{ m R}$			100	μ A	$V_R = 5V$
Capacitance	С		40		pF	$V_F = 0$, $f = 1MHz$

NOTE: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

- 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. Iv classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 4. The dominant wavelength, λ d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

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Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

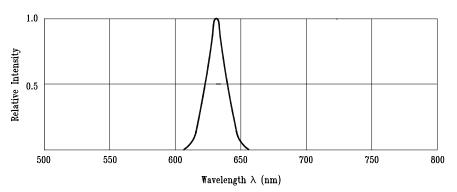
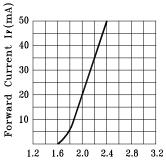


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength



Forward Voltage Vr (V)
Fig.2 Forward Current vs.
Forward Voltage

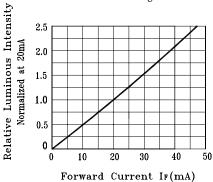


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity
vs. Forward Current

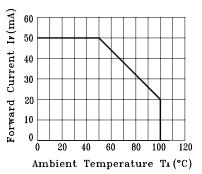


Fig.3 Forward Current
Derating Curve

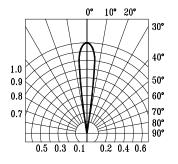


Fig.5 Spatial Distribution

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