

# 32K x 8 LOW VOLTAGE CMOS STATIC RAM

## **AUGUST 2009**

#### **FEATURES**

- High-speed access times:
  - 10 ns
- · Automatic power-down when chip is deselected
- CMOS low power operation
  - 60 μW (typical) CMOS standby
  - 65 mW (typical) operating
- TTL compatible interface levels
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Fully static operation: no clock or refresh required
- Three-state outputs
- Lead-free available

## **DESCRIPTION**

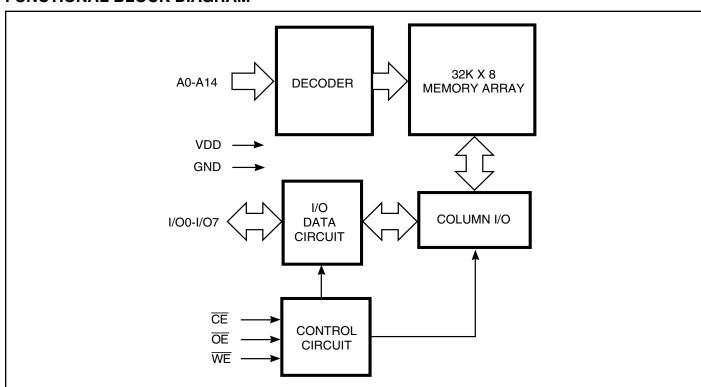
The *ISSI* IS61LV256AL is a very high-speed, low power, 32,768-word by 8-bit static RAM. It is fabricated using *ISSI*'s high-performance CMOS technology. This highly reliable process coupled with innovative circuit design techniques, yields access times as fast as 8 ns maximum.

When  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  is HIGH (deselected), the device assumes a standby mode at which the power dissipation is reduced to 150  $\mu$ W (typical) with CMOS input levels.

Easy memory expansion is provided by using an active LOW Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ). The active LOW Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ) controls both writing and reading of the memory.

The IS61LV256AL is available in the JEDEC standard 28-pin, 300-mil SOJ and the 450-mil TSOP (Type I) packages.

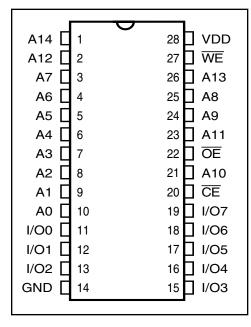
## **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



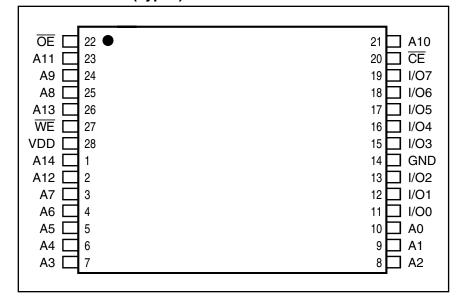
Copyright © 2006 Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc. All rights reserved. ISSI reserves the right to make changes to this specification and its products at any time without notice. ISSI assumes no liability arising out of the application or use of any information, products or services described herein. Customers are advised to obtain the latest version of this device specification before relying on any published information and before placing orders for products.



## PIN CONFIGURATION 28-Pin SOJ



## PIN CONFIGURATION 28-Pin TSOP (Type I)



## **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

A0-A14	Address Inputs
CE	Chip Enable Input
ŌĒ	Output Enable Input
WE	Write Enable Input
1/00-1/07	7 Input/Output
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power
GND	Ground

## **TRUTH TABLE**

Mode	WE	CE	ŌĒ	I/O Operation	VDD Current
Not Selected (Power-down)	Х	Н	Χ	High-Z	ISB1, ISB2
Output Disabled	Н	L	Н	High-Z	Icc
Read	Н	L	L	<b>D</b> оит	Icc
Write	L	L	Χ	Din	Icc

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vdd	Power Supply Voltage Relative to GND	-0.5 to +4.6	V
VTERM	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to +4.6	V
Тѕтс	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
Po	Power Dissipation	1	W
Іоит	DC Output Current	±20	mA

<sup>1.</sup> Stress greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.



## **OPERATING RANGE**

Range	Ambient Temperature	Speed (ns)	$\mathbf{V}_{DD^{(1)}}$
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	10	3.3V, +10%, -5%
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	10	3.3V + 10%, -5%

Note: 1. If operated at 12ns, VDD range is  $3.3V \pm 10\%$ .

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Over Operating Range)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Max.	Unit
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = Min., Iон = -2.0 mA		2.4	_	V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = Min., I <sub>OL</sub> = 4.0 mA		_	0.4	V
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage			2.2	VDD + 0.3	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage(1)			-0.3	0.8	V
ILI	Input Leakage	$GND \leq Vin \leq Vdd$	Com.	-1	1	μA
			Ind.	-2	2	
ILO	Output Leakage	GND ≤ Vo∪т ≤ VDD, Outputs Disabled	Com.	-1	1	μA
			Ind.	-2	2	

<sup>1.</sup> VIL (min.) = -0.3V (DC); VIL (min.) = -2.0V (pulse width  $\leq 2.0$  ns). VIH (max.) = VDD + 0.5V (DC); VIH (max.) = VDD + 2.0V (pulse width  $\leq 2.0$  ns).

<sup>2.</sup> Not more than one output should be shorted at one time. Duration of the short circuit should not exceed 30 seconds.



## POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(1)</sup> (Over Operating Range)

				-10	ns	
Sym.	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Max.	Unit
lcc1	VDD Operating Supply Current	$V_{DD} = Max., \overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	Com. Ind.	_	20 25	mA
lcc2	VDD Dynamic Operating Supply Current	$V_{DD} = Max., \overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}, f = f_{MAX}$	Com. Ind. typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	_ _ _	30 35 20	mA
ISB1	TTL Standby Current (TTL Inputs)	$\begin{aligned} &V_{DD} = Max., \\ &V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL} \\ &\overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}, f = 0 \end{aligned}$	Com. Ind.	_ _	1	mA
ISB2	CMOS Standby Current (CMOS Inputs)	$\label{eq:decomposition} \begin{split} & \frac{V_{DD} = Max.,}{CE} \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V,\\ & V_{IN} \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V, \text{ or }\\ & V_{IN} \leq 0.2V,  f = 0 \end{split}$	Com. Ind. typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	_	40 50 2	μΑ

#### Notes:

1. At f = fmax, address and data inputs are cycling at the maximum frequency, f = 0 means no input lines change.

## CAPACITANCE(1,2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Unit
Cin	Input Capacitance	VIN = 0V	6	pF
Соит	Output Capacitance	Vout = 0V	5	pF

- 1. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 2. Test conditions:  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , f = 1 MHz,  $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ .

<sup>2.</sup> Typical values are measured at VDD = 3.3V, TA = 25°C and not 100% tested.



## READ CYCLE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(1)</sup> (Over Operating Range)

		-10	ns	-12	ns	
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
<b>t</b> RC	Read Cycle Time	10	_	12	_	ns
<b>t</b> AA	Address Access Time	_	10	_	12	ns
tона	Output Hold Time	2	_	2	_	ns
<b>t</b> ACE	CE Access Time	_	10	_	12	ns
<b>t</b> DOE	OE Access Time	_	5	_	5	ns
tLZOE <sup>(2)</sup>	OE to Low-Z Output	0	_	0	_	ns
thzoe(2)	OE to High-Z Output	_	5	_	5	ns
tLZCE <sup>(2)</sup>	CE to Low-Z Output	3	_	3	_	ns
thzce <sup>(2)</sup>	CE to High-Z Output	_	5		6	ns
<b>t</b> PU <sup>(3)</sup>	CE to Power-Up	0		0		ns
<b>t</b> PD <sup>(3)</sup>	CE to Power-Down	_	10	_	12	ns

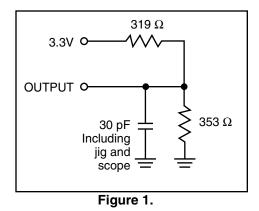
#### Notes:

2. Tested with the load in Figure 2. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady-state voltage. Not 100% tested.

## **ACTEST CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Unit
Input Pulse Level	0V to 3.0V
Input Rise and Fall Times	3 ns
Input and Output Timing	1.5V
and Reference Levels	
Output Load	See Figures 1 and 2

## **ACTEST LOADS**



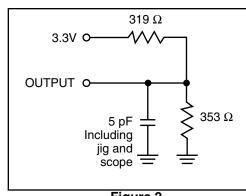


Figure 2.

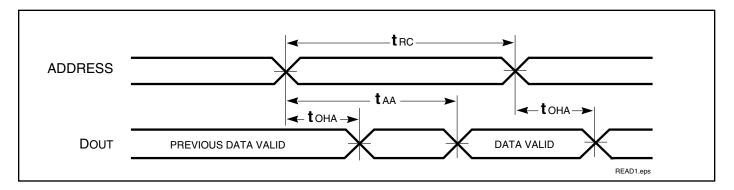
<sup>1.</sup> Test conditions assume signal transition times of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V and output loading specified in Figure 1.

<sup>3.</sup> Not 100% tested.

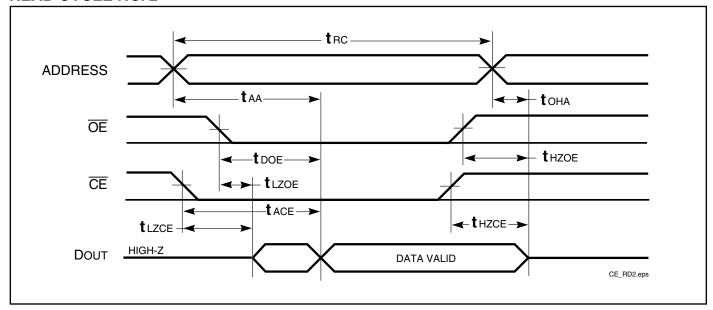


## **AC WAVEFORMS**

## READ CYCLE NO. 1<sup>(1,2)</sup>



## **READ CYCLE NO. 2<sup>(1,3)</sup>**



- 1. WE is HIGH for a Read Cycle.
- 2. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}$  = VIL.
- 3. Address is valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  LOW transitions.



## WRITE CYCLE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS(1,2) (Over Operating Range)

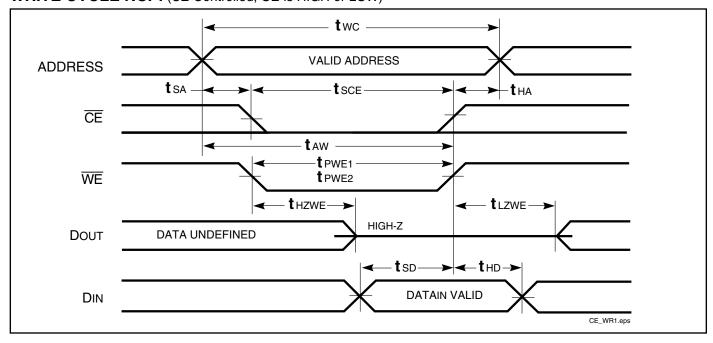
		-10	ns	-12	ns	
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
twc	Write Cycle Time	10	_	12	_	ns
tsce	CE to Write End	8	_	8	_	ns
taw	Address Setup Time to Write End	8	_	8	_	ns
tна	Address Hold from Write End	0	_	0	_	ns
<b>t</b> sa	Address Setup Time	0	_	0	_	ns
tpwE1	WE Pulse Width (OE HIGH)	7	_	8	_	ns
tpwE2	WE Pulse Width (OE LOW)	10	_	12	_	ns
tsp	Data Setup to Write End	6.5	_	7	_	ns
<b>t</b> HD	Data Hold from Write End	0	_	0	_	ns
thzwe <sup>(3)</sup>	WE LOW to High-Z Output	_	3.5	_	5	ns
tLZWE <sup>(3)</sup>	WE HIGH to Low-Z Output	0	_	0	_	ns

#### Notes:

- 1. Test conditions assume signal transition times of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V and output loading specified in Figure 1.
- 2. The internal write time is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  LOW and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  LOW. All signals must be in valid states to initiate a Write, but any one can go inactive to terminate the Write. The Data Input Setup and Hold timing are referenced to the rising or falling edge of the signal that terminates the Write.
- 3. Tested with the load in Figure 2. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady-state voltage. Not 100% tested.

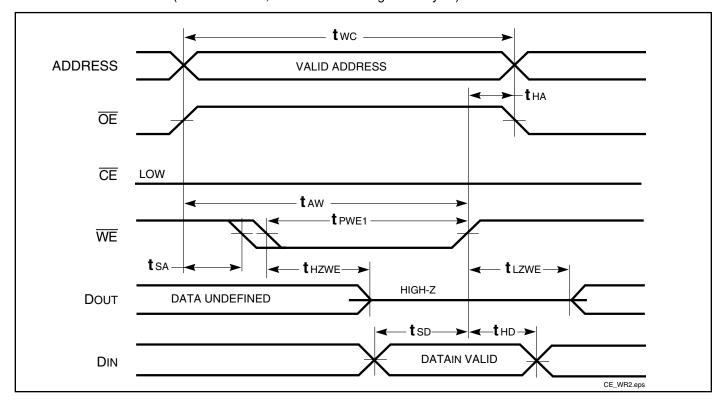
## **AC WAVEFORMS**

## WRITE CYCLE NO. 1 (CE Controlled, OE is HIGH or LOW) (1)

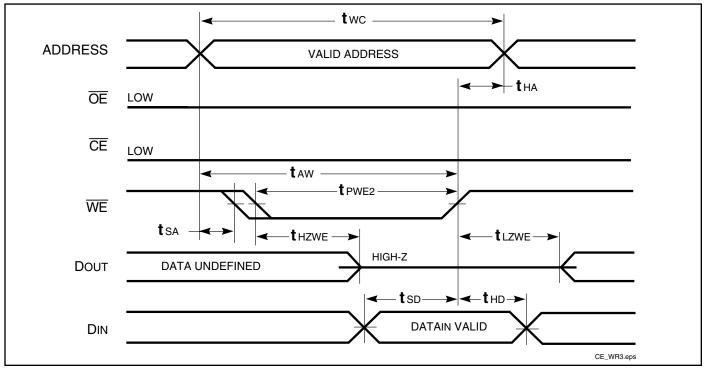




## WRITE CYCLE NO. 2 (WE Controlled, OE is HIGH During Write Cycle) (1,2)



## WRITE CYCLE NO. 3 (WE Controlled, OE is LOW During Write Cycle) (1)



- 1. The internal write time is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  LOW and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  LOW. All signals must be in valid states to initiate a Write, but any one can go inactive to terminate the Write. The Data Input Setup and Hold timing are referenced to the rising or falling edge of the signal that terminates the Write.
- 2. I/O will assume the High-Z state if  $\overline{OE} > V_{IH}$ .

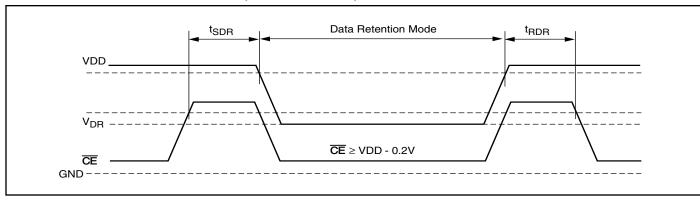


## **DATA RETENTION SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter	<b>Test Condition</b>		Min.	Typ. <sup>(1)</sup>	Max.	Unit
VDR	VDD for Data Retention	See Data Retention Waveform		2.0		3.6	V
IDR	Data Retention Current	$V_{DD} = 2.0V, \overline{CE} \ge V_{DD} - 0.2V$	Com.	_	2	40	μA
		$V_{\text{IN}} \ge V_{\text{DD}} - 0.2V$ , or $V_{\text{IN}} \le V_{\text{SS}} + 0.2V$	Ind.	_	_	50	
tsdr	Data Retention Setup Time	See Data Retention Waveform		0		_	ns
<b>t</b> RDR	Recovery Time	See Data Retention Waveform		trc		_	ns

## Note:

## **DATA RETENTION WAVEFORM (CE Controlled)**



<sup>1.</sup> Typical Values are measured at VDD = 3.3V,  $TA = 25^{\circ}C$  and not 100% tested.



## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Commercial Range: 0°C to +70°C

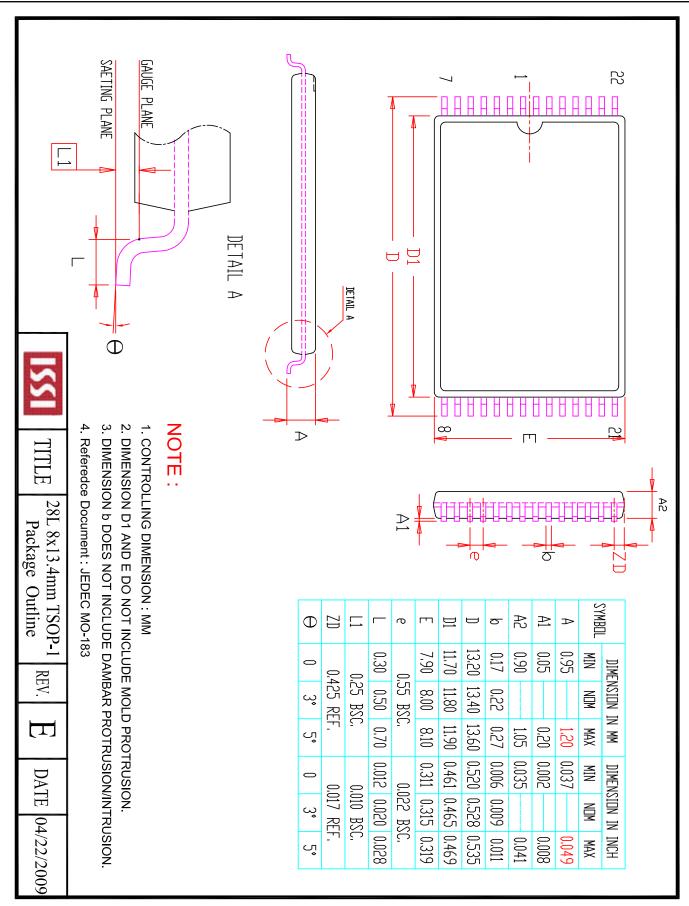
Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package
10	IS61LV256AL-10T	TSOP - Type I
	IS61LV256AL-10TL	TSOP - Type I, Lead-free
	IS61LV256AL-10J	300-mil Plastic SOJ
	IS61LV256AL-10JL	300-mil Plastic SOJ, Lead-free

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

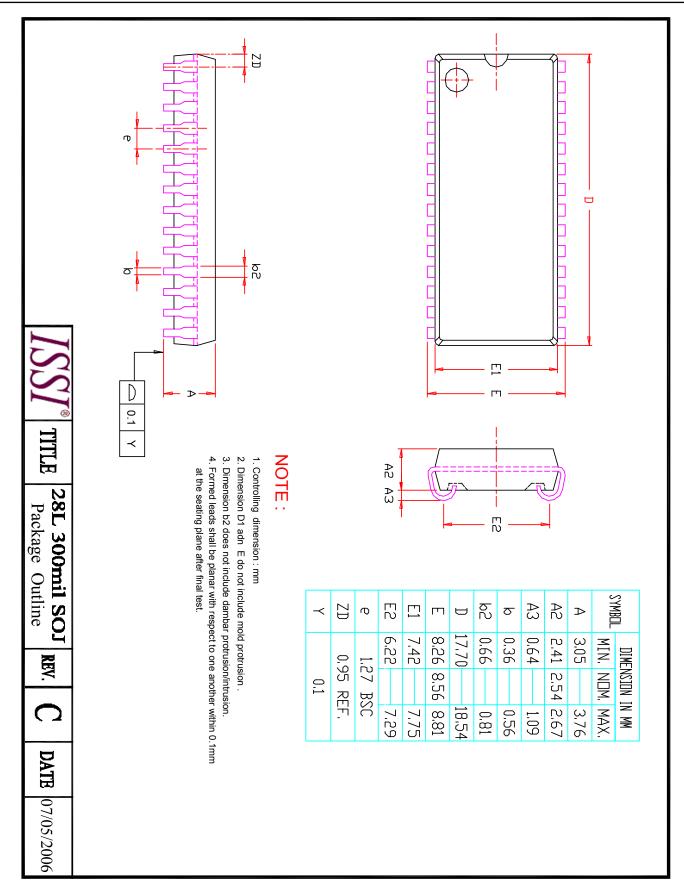
Industrial Range: -40°C to +85°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package
10	IS61LV256AL-10TI	TSOP - Type I
	IS61LV256AL-10TLI	TSOP - Type I, Lead-free
	IS61LV256AL-10JI	300-mil Plastic SOJ
	IS61LV256AL-10JLI	300-mil Plastic SOJ, Lead-free









Downloaded from Elcodis.com electronic components distributor