

# AN5276

## 5 W × 2-ch (19V, 8 Ω) power amplifier with variable audio output and volume control

### Overview

The AN5276 is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for 5.0 W (19 V, 8 Ω) output audio power amplifier. It is a dual channel SEPP IC suitable for stereo operation in TV application.

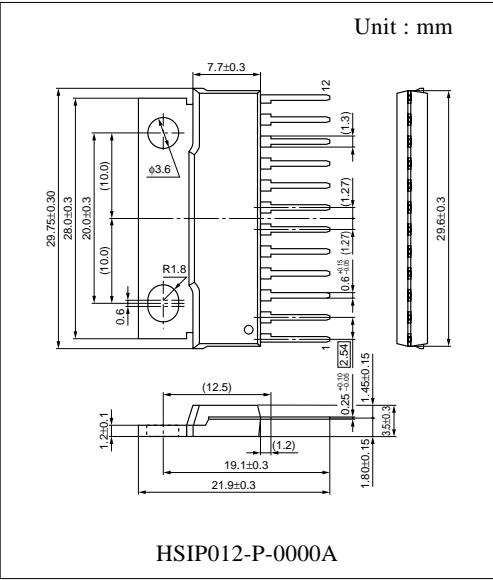
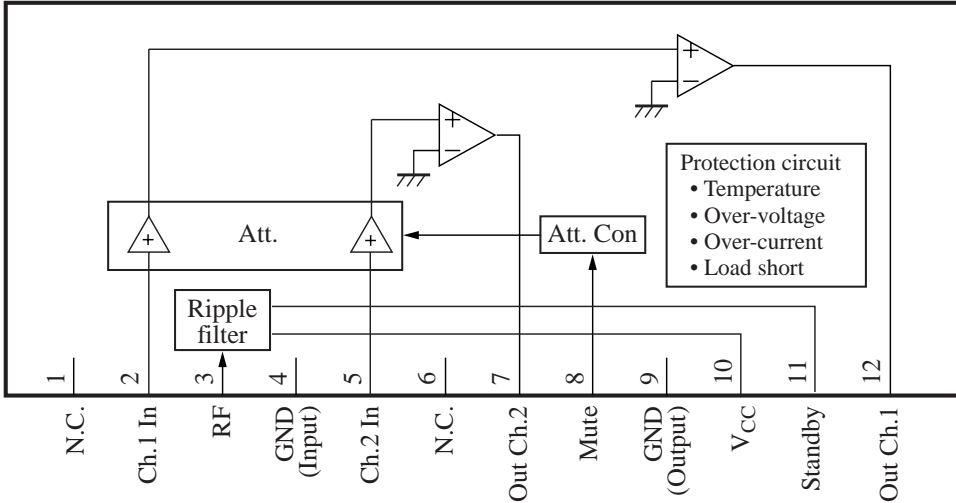
### Features

- Few external components :
  - No Boucherot cells(output C, R)
  - No Bootstrap Capacitors
  - No Negative Feedback Capacitors
- Built-in muting circuit
- Built-in stand-by circuit
- Built-in various protection circuits  
(Load-short, thermal, over-voltage and current)
- High ripple rejection(55 dB)
- Compatible with AN5275, AN5277
- Operating voltage range 10 V to 24 V(19 V typ.)

### Applications

- TV

### Block Diagram



Downloaded from Elcodis.com electronic components distributor

### ■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Descriptions	Pin No.	Descriptions
1	N.C.	7	Ch.2 output
2	Ch.1 input	8	Mute
3	Ripple filter	9	Output GND
4	Input GND	10	V <sub>CC</sub>
5	Ch.2 input	11	Standby
6	N.C.	12	Ch.1 output

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	26.0	V
Supply current	I <sub>CC</sub>	4.0	A
Power dissipation *2	P <sub>D</sub>	37.5	W
Operating ambient temperature *1	T <sub>opr</sub>	-25 to +75	°C
Storage temperature *1	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C

Note) \*1 : Except these items, all other measurements are taken at T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C.

\*2 : T<sub>a</sub> = 75 °C.

### ■ Recommended Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Range	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	10.0 to 24.0	V

■ Electrical Characteristics at  $V_{CC} = 19\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ ,  $R_L = 8\ \Omega$ ,  $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Quiescent current	$I_{CQ}$	$V_{IN} = 0\text{ mV}$	—	35	70	mA
Output end noise voltage *1	$V_{NO}$	No input, $R_g = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	—	0.22	0.4	mV
Voltage gain	$G_V$	$V_{IN} = 57\text{ mV}$	32	34	36	dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$V_{IN} = 57\text{ mV}$	—	0.2	0.4	%
Maximum Output Power	$P_O$	$V_{CC} = 22\text{ V}$ , THD = 10 %	5.6	7.0	—	W
Maximum Output power	$P_O$	$V_{CC} = 19\text{ V}$ , THD = 10 %	4.0	5.0	—	W
Ripple rejection ratio *1	RR	$V_r = 1\text{ V}_{rms}$ $f_r = 120\text{ Hz}$ , $R_g = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	45	55	—	dB
Channel balance	CB	$V_{IN} = 57\text{ mV}$	-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Muting Ratio	MR	$V_{IN} = 57\text{ mV}$	70	80	—	dB
Muting control voltage	$V_{MUTE}$	$V_{IN} = 57\text{ mV}$ , MR $\geq 70\text{ dB}$	3.0	—	—	V
Standby control voltage 'on'	$V_{STD-ON}$	No input, $I_{CC} \leq 0.1\text{ mA}$	—	—	5.0	V
Standby control voltage 'off'	$V_{STD-OFF}$	No input, $I_{CC} \geq 17\text{ mA}$	8.5	—	—	V
Channel crosstalk	CT	$V_{IN} = 57\text{ mV}$ , $R_g = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	50	60	—	dB

Note) \*1 : For this measurement, use the 20 Hz to 20 kHz (12 dB/OCT) filter.

### ■ Terminal Equivalent Circuits

Pin No.	Equivalent circuit	Description	DC voltage (V)
1	—	Not connected	—
2		Ch.1 input This is the amplifier input pin.	0
3		Ripple filter This is the pin to connect the positive terminal of a ripple filter capacitor.	$V_{CC} - 1.5V_{BE}$
4	—	Input GND Input ground pin	0
5		Ch.2 input This is the amplifier input pin.	—
6	—	Not connected	—

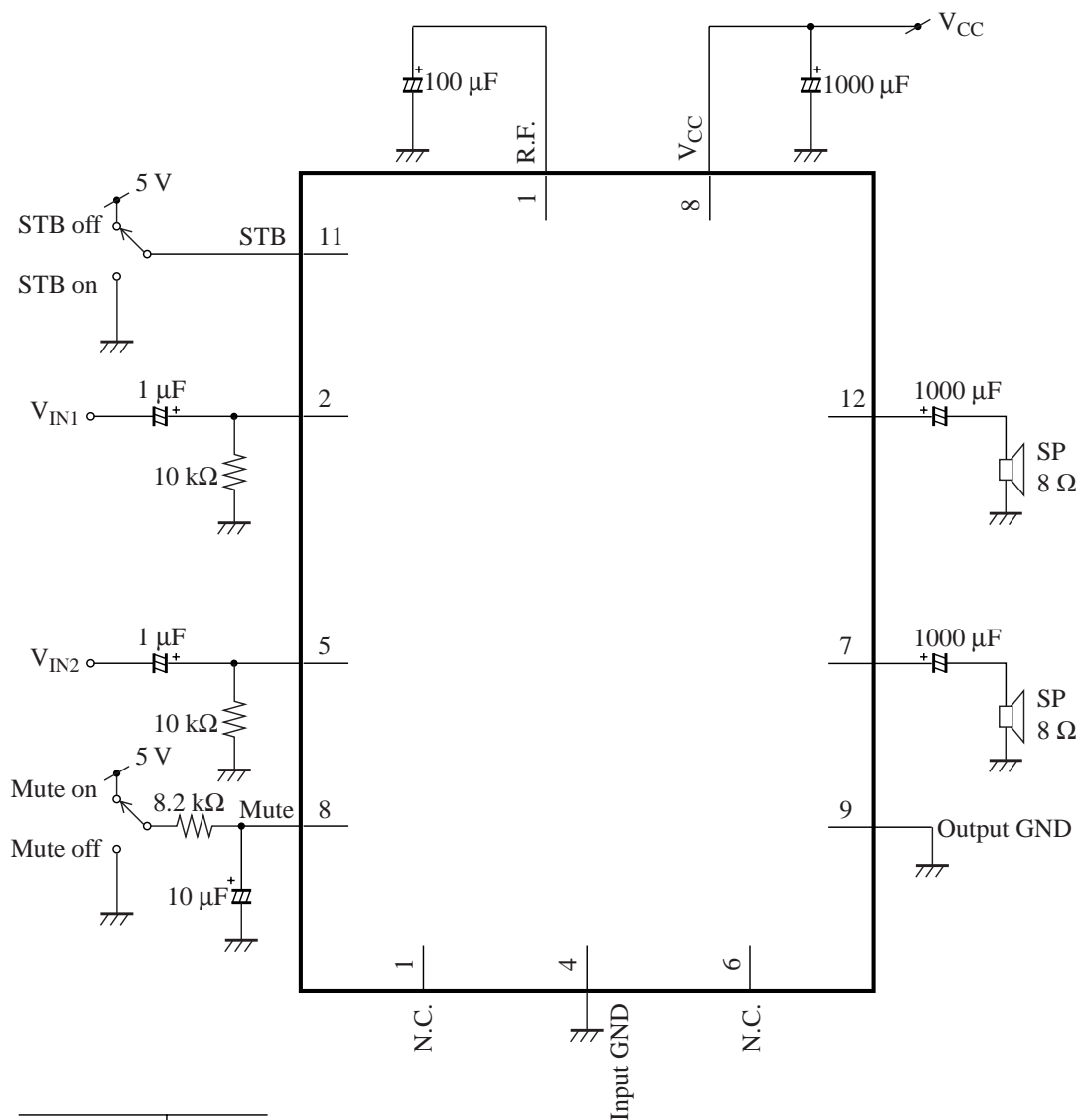
■ Terminal Equivalent Circuits (continued)

Pin No.	Equivalent circuit	Description	DC voltage (V)
7		Ch.2 output Ch.2 output pin	$V_{CC}/2$
8		Mute Mute input pin. Mute 'on' = 5 V Mute 'off' = 0 V	—
9	—	Output GND Ch.1 & Ch.2 output ground.	0
10	—	$V_{CC}$ This is the power supply pin.	19 V(typ.)

■ Terminal Equivalent Circuits (continued)

Pin No.	Equivalent circuit	Description	DC voltage (V)
11		<p>Standby This is the standby control pin.</p>	—
12		<p>Ch.1 output Ch.1 output pin</p>	$V_{CC}/2$

■ Application Circuit Example



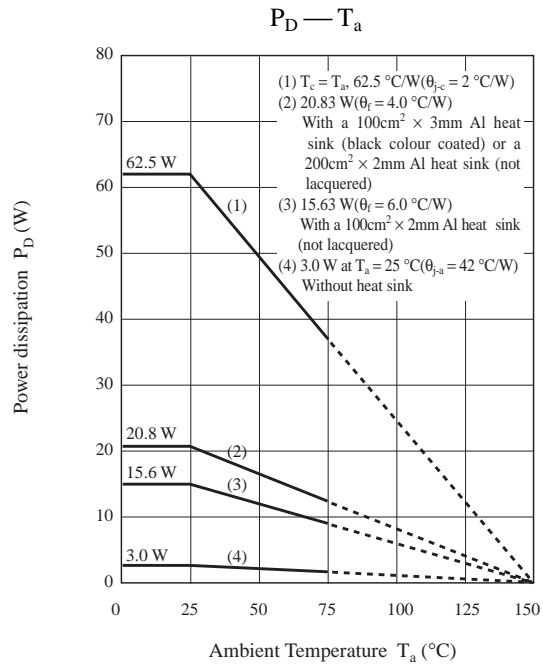
STB off	V <sub>CC</sub>
STB on	0 V
Mute off	0 V
Mute on	5 V

■ Usage Notes

- 1) External heatsink is needed when used. External heatsink should be fixed to the chassis.
- 2) Fin of the IC can be connected to GND.
- 3) Please prevent output to V<sub>CC</sub> short and output to GND short.
- 4) The temperature protection circuit will operate at T<sub>j</sub> around 150 °C. However, if temperature decreases, the protection circuit would automatically be deactivated and resume normal operation.

### ■ Technical Information

- $P_D - T_a$  curves of HSI P012-P-0000A





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