

$0.5~\Omega$ CMOS 1.8 V to 5.5 V 2:1 Mux/SPDT Switches

ADG819/ADG820

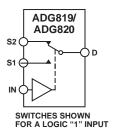
FEATURES

Low On Resistance 0.8 Ω Max at 125°C 0.25 Ω Max On Resistance Flatness 1.8 V to 5.5 V Single Supply 200 mA Current Carrying Capability Automotive Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C Rail-to-Rail Operation 6-Lead SOT-23 Package, 8-Lead μ SOIC Package, and 6-Bump MicroCSP (Micro Chip Scale Package) ADG819 Fast Switching Times Typical Power Consumption (<0.01 μ W) TTL-/CMOS-Compatible Inputs Pin Compatible with the ADG719 (ADG819)

APPLICATIONS

Power Routing
Battery-Powered Systems
Communication Systems
Data Acquisition Systems
Cellular Phones
Modems
PCMCIA Cards
Hard Drives
Relay Replacement

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG819 and the ADG820 are monolithic, CMOS, SPDT (single-pole, double-throw) switches. These switches are designed on a submicron process that provides low power dissipation yet gives high switching speed, low On resistance, and low leakage currents.

Low power consumption and an operating supply range of $1.8\,\mathrm{V}$ to $5.5\,\mathrm{V}$ make the ADG819 and ADG820 ideal for battery-powered, portable instruments.

Each switch of the ADG819 and the ADG820 conducts equally well in both directions when on. The ADG819 exhibits breakbefore-make switching action, thus preventing momentary shorting when switching channels. The ADG820 exhibits make-before-break action.

The ADG819 and the ADG820 are available in a 6-lead SOT-23 package and an 8-lead $\mu SOIC$ package. The ADG819 is also available in a 2×3 bump 1.14 mm \times 2.18 mm MicroCSP package. This chip occupies only a 1.14 mm \times 2.18 mm area, making it the ideal candidate for space-constrained applications.

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. Very low ON resistance, 0.5Ω typical
- 2. 1.8 V to 5.5 V single-supply operation
- 3. High current carrying capability
- 4. Tiny 6-lead SOT-23 package, 8-lead μ SOIC package, and 2 \times 3 bump 1.14 mm \times 2.18 mm MicroCSP package (ADG819 only)

REV. 0

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$ADG819/ADG820 — SPECIFICATIONS^1 \; (v_{\text{dd}} = 5 \; \text{V} \; \pm \; 10\%, \; \text{GND} = 0 \; \text{V.})$

Parameter	25°C	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +125°C ²	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			$0~V~to~V_{DD}$	V	
ON Resistance (R _{ON})	0.5		DD	Ω typ	$V_S = 0 \text{ V to } V_{DD}, I_S = 100 \text{ mA};$
Oly	0.6	0.7	0.8	Ω max	Test Circuit 1
ON Resistance Match Between					
Channels (ΔR_{ON})	0.06			Ω typ	$V_S = 0 \text{ V to } V_{DD}$, $I_S = 100 \text{ mA}$
OIV	0.08	0.1	0.12	Ω max	3
ON Resistance Flatness (R _{FLAT(ON)})	0.1			Ωtyp	$V_S = 0 \text{ V to } V_{DD}, I_S = 100 \text{ mA}$
(-TEAT(ON))	0.17	0.2	0.25	Ω max	.3
I FARACE CURRENTEC					37 8837
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					$V_{\rm DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$
Source OFF Leakage I _S (OFF)	±0.01	. 0	. 10	nA typ	$V_S = 4.5 \text{ V/1 V}, V_D = 1 \text{ V/4.5 V};$
	±0.25	± 3	± 10	nA max	Test Circuit 2
Channel ON Leakage I _D , I _S (ON)	±0.01	. 0	. 0 =	nA typ	$V_S = V_D = 1 \text{ V}, \text{ or } V_S = V_D = 4.5 \text{ V};$
	±0.25	±3	±25	nA max	Test Circuit 3
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V _{INH}			2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V _{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current					
I _{INL} or I _{INH}	0.005			μA typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INI}$ or V_{INH}
-IIVL 4IIVH			± 0.1	μA max	THE STRING
C _{IN.} Digital Input Capacitance	5		_ 3.1	pF typ	
				Prop	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ³					
ADG819					D 700 G 07 D
$t_{ m ON}$	35	F 0	~ ~	ns typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF,$
	45	50	55	ns max	$V_S = 3 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
$t_{ m OFF}$	10			ns typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF,$
	16	18	21	ns max	$V_S = 3 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM}	5			ns typ	$R_{L} = 50 \Omega, C_{L} = 35 pF,$
1 D C 000			1	ns min	$V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 3 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 5
ADG820	1.0				D 700 G 07 D
$t_{ m ON}$	10			ns typ	$R_{L} = 50 \Omega, C_{L} = 35 pF,$
	18	20	22	ns max	$V_S = 3 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
${ m t}_{ m OFF}$	26			ns typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF,$
	40	45	50	ns max	V _S = 3 V; Test Circuit 4
Make-Before-Break Time Delay, t_{MBB}	15			ns typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 pF$,
			1	ns min	$V_S = 0 V$; Test Circuit 6
Charge Injection	20			pC typ	$V_S = 2.5 \text{ V}, R_S = 0 \Omega, C_L = 1 \text{ nF};$
					Test Circuit 7
Off Isolation	-71			dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega, C_L = 5 pF, f = 100 kHz;$
					Test Circuit 8
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	-72			dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 100 kHz$;
					Test Circuit 10
Bandwidth –3 dB	17			MHz typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$; Test Circuit 9
C_{S} (OFF)	80			pF typ	f = 1 MHz
$C_{D,}C_{S}(ON)$	300			pF typ	f = 1 MHz
POWER REQUIREMENTS					$V_{\rm DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$
					Digital Inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V
I_{DD}	0.001			μA typ	
טט		1.0	2.0	μA max	
		1.0	~.0	M I IIIUA	

 $^{^1}T$ emperature range is as follows: $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$. 2ON resistance parameters tested with $I_S=10$ mA.

³Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

$SPECIFICATIONS^{1}(v_{DD}=2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V, GND}=0 \text{ V.})$

Parameter	25°C	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +125°C ²	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH Analog Signal Range ON Resistance (R _{ON})	0.7		0 V to V _{DD}	V Ω typ	V = 0 V to V = I = 100 mA
	1.4	1.5	1.6	Ω max	$V_S = 0 \text{ V to } V_{DD}, I_S = 100 \text{ mA};$ Test Circuit 1
ON Resistance Match Between Channels (ΔR_{ON})	0.06	0.13	0.13	Ω typ Ω max	$V_S = 0 \text{ V to } V_{DD}, I_S = 100 \text{ mA}$
ON Resistance Flatness (R _{FLAT(ON)})	0.25			Ω typ	$V_S = 0 \text{ V to } V_{DD}, I_S = 100 \text{ mA}$
LEAKAGE CURRENTS Source OFF Leakage I _S (OFF)	±0.01 ±0.25	±3	±10	nA typ nA max	$V_{\rm DD} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ $V_{\rm S} = 3.3 \text{ V}/1 \text{ V}, V_{\rm D} = 1 \text{ V}/3.3 \text{ V};$ Test Circuit 2
Channel ON Leakage I _D , I _S (ON)	$\pm 0.01 \\ \pm 0.25$	± 3	±25	nA typ nA max	$V_S = V_D = 1 \text{ V}, \text{ or } V_S = V_D = 3.3 \text{ V};$ Test Circuit 3
DIGITAL INPUTS Input High Voltage, V _{INH} Input Low Voltage, V _{INL} Input Current			2.0 0.8	V min V max	
$ m I_{INL}$ or $ m I_{INH}$ $ m C_{IN,}$ Digital Input Capacitance	0.005		±0.1	μΑ typ μΑ max pF typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH}
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ³ ADG819					
t _{ON}	40 60	65	70	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 pF$, $V_S = 1.5 V$; Test Circuit 4
$t_{ m OFF}$	10 16	18	21	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 pF$, $V_S = 1.5 V$; Test Circuit
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM}	40		1	ns typ ns min	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 pF$, $V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 1.5 V$; Test Circuit 5
ADG820					
$t_{ m ON}$	20 35	40	45	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, $V_S = 1.5 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
t _{OFF}	30 45	50	55	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, $V_S = 1.5 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
Make-Before-Break Time Delay, t_{MBB} Charge Injection	10		1	ns typ ns min pC typ	$R_{L} = 50 \ \Omega, \ C_{L} = 35 \ pF,$ $V_{S} = 1.5 \ V; \ Test \ Circuit \ 6$ $V_{S} = 1.5 \ V, \ R_{S} = 0 \ \Omega, C_{L} = 1 \ nF;$
Off Isolation	-71			dB typ	Test Circuit 7 $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 100 kHz$;
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	-72			dB typ	Test Circuit 8 $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 100 kHz$;
Bandwidth -3 dB C _S (OFF) C _D , C _S (ON)	17 80 300			MHz typ pF typ pF typ	Test Circuit 10 $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$; Test Circuit 9 f = 1 MHz f = 1 MHz
POWER REQUIREMENTS				r- Jr	V _{DD} = 3.6 V
I_{DD}	0.001	1.0	2.0	μΑ typ μΑ max	Digital Inputs = 0 V or 3.6 V

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¹Temperature range is as follows: -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C. ²ON resistance parameters tested with $I_{S} = 10$ mA. ³Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

$(T_A = 25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$
V_{DD} to GND $$
Analog Inputs ² 0.3 V to V_{DD} + 0.3 V or
30 mA, Whichever Occurs First
Digital Inputs ² -0.3 V to $V_{DD} + 0.3 \text{ V}$ or
30 mA, Whichever Occurs First
Peak Current, S or D 400 mA
(Pulsed at 1 ms, 10% Duty Cycle Max)
Continuous Current, S or D
Operating Temperature Range
Industrial -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C
Automotive -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature
μSOIC Package
θ_{JA} Thermal Impedance
θ_{JC} Thermal Impedance
SOT-23 Package (4-Layer Board)
θ_{JA} Thermal Impedance

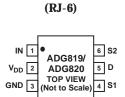
θ_{JA} Thermal Impedance	TBD
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 sec)	300°C
IR Reflow, Peak Temperature (<20 sec)	235°C

NOTES

Table I. Truth Table for the ADG819/ADG820

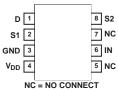
IN	Switch S1	Switch S2	
0	ON	OFF	
1	OFF	ON	

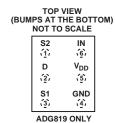
PIN CONFIGURATIONS 8-Lead μSOIC



6-Lead SOT-23







2 × 3 MicroCSP

ORDERING GUIDE

Model Option	Temperature Range	Brand ¹	Package Description	Package
ADG819BRM	-40°C to +125°C	SNB	μSOIC (MicroSmall Outline IC)	RM-8
ADG819BRT	-40°C to +125°C	SNB	SOT-23 (Plastic Surface-Mount)	RJ-6 ²
ADG819BCB	-40°C to +85°C	SNB	MicroCSP (Micro Chip Scale Package)	$CB-6^2$
ADG820BRM	-40°C to +125°C	SPB	μSOIC (MicroSmall Outline IC)	RM-8
ADG820BRT	-40°C to +125°C	SPB	SOT-23 (Plastic Surface-Mount)	RJ-6 ²

NOTES

¹ Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

² Overvoltages at IN, S, or D will be clamped by internal diodes. Current should be limited to the maximum ratings given.

¹Branding on these packages is limited to three characters due to space constraints.

²Contact factory for availability.

TERMINOLOGY

V _{DD} GND	Most Positive Power Supply Potential Ground (0 V) Reference
I_{DD}	Positive Supply Current
S	Source Terminal. May be an input or output.
D	Drain Terminal. May be an input or output.
IN	Logic Control Input
R_{ON}	Ohmic Resistance between D and S
ΔR_{ON}	ON Resistance Match between Any Two Channels, i.e., R _{ON} max – R _{ON} min
$R_{FLAT(ON)}$	Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of ON resistance as
	measured over the specified analog signal range.
I _S (OFF)	Source Leakage Current with the Switch OFF
I_D , I_S (ON)	Channel Leakage Current with the Switch ON
$V_{\rm D}(V_{\rm S})$	Analog Voltage on Terminals D, S
V_{INL}	Maximum Input Voltage for Logic "0"
V_{INH}	Minimum Input Voltage for Logic "1"
$I_{INL}(I_{INH})$	Input Current of the Digital Input
C _S (OFF)	OFF Switch Source Capacitance
C_D , C_S (ON)	ON Switch Capacitance
t_{ON}	Delay between applying the digital control input and the output switching ON.
t_{OFF}	Delay between applying the digital control input and the output switching OFF.
t_{BBM}	OFF time or ON time measured between the 90% points of both switches when switching from one address state to another.
$t_{ m MBB}$	ON time measured between the 80% points of both switches when switching from one address state to another.
Charge Injection	A measure of the glitch impulse transferred from the digital input to the analog output during switching.
Crosstalk	A measure of unwanted signal coupled through from one channel to another as a result of parasitic capacitance.
OFF Isolation	A measure of unwanted signal coupling through an OFF switch.
Bandwidth	Frequency at which the output is attenuated by -3 dB.
ON Response	Frequency Response of the ON Switch
Insertion Loss	Loss due to the ON Resistance of the Switch

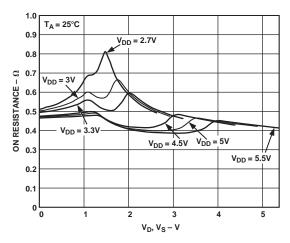
CAUTION_

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the ADG819/ ADG820 features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

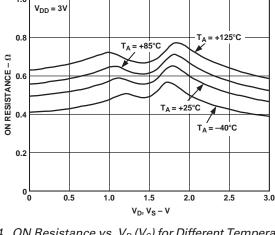


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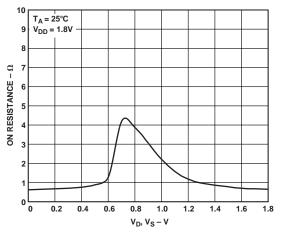
ADG819/ADG820 – Typical Performance Characteristics



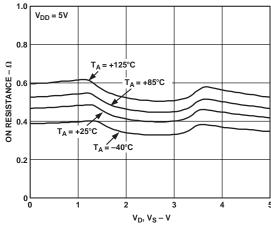
TPC 1. ON Resistance vs. V_D (V_S)



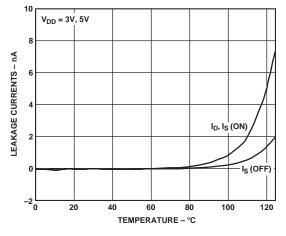
TPC 4. ON Resistance vs. V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures



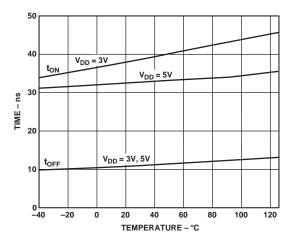
TPC 2. ON Resistance vs. V_D (V_S)



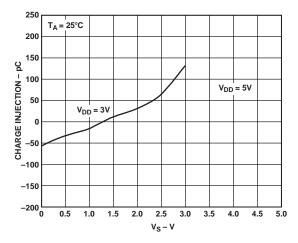
TPC 5. ON Resistance vs. V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures



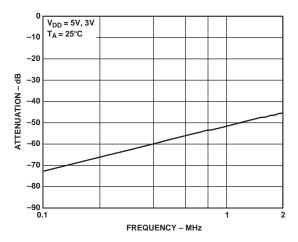
TPC 3. Leakage Currents vs. Temperatures



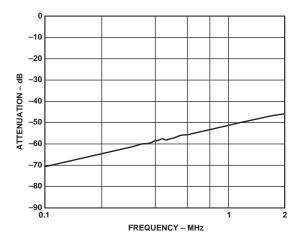
TPC 6. t_{ON}/t_{OFF} Times vs. Temperature (ADG819)



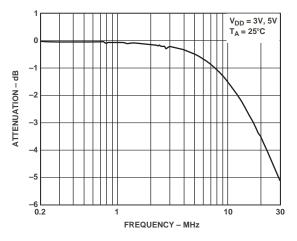
TPC 7. Charge Injection vs. Source Voltage



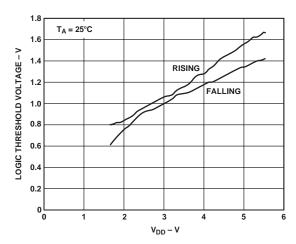
TPC 8. OFF Isolation vs. Frequency



TPC 9. Crosstalk vs. Frequency



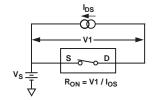
TPC 10. ON Response vs. Frequency



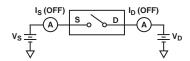
TPC 11. Logic Threshold vs. Supply Voltage

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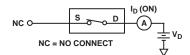
Test Circuits



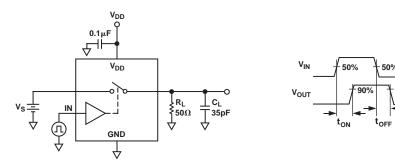
Test Circuit 1. ON Resistance



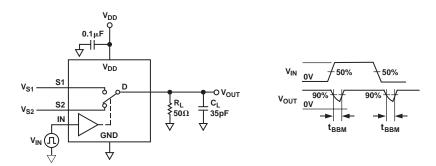
Test Circuit 2. OFF Leakage



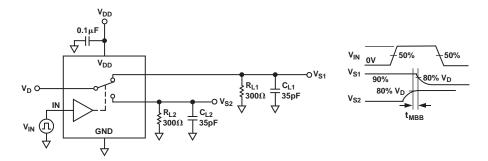
Test Circuit 3. ON Leakage



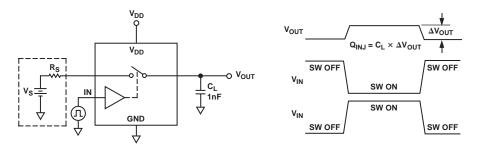
Test Circuit 4. Switching Times



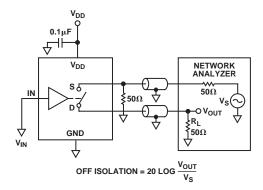
Test Circuit 5. Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM} (ADG819 Only)



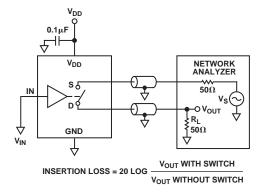
Test Circuit 6. Make-Before-Break Time Delay, t_{MBB} (ADG820 Only)



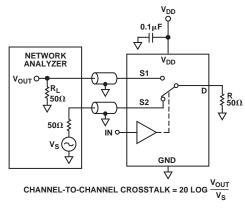
Test Circuit 7. Charge Injection



Test Circuit 8. OFF Isolation



Test Circuit 9. Bandwidth



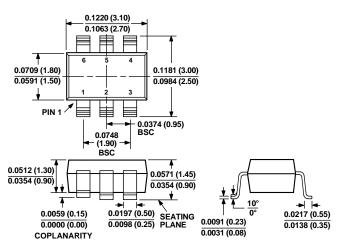
Test Circuit 10. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk

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OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

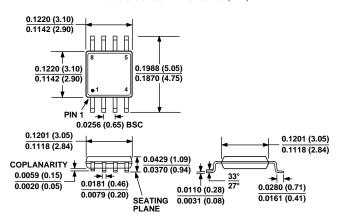
6-Lead Plastic Surface-Mount Package (RJ-6)

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm)



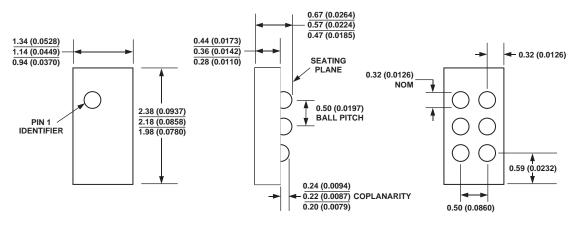
8-Lead µSOIC Package (RM-8)

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm)



2×3 Array for MicroCSP (CB-6)

Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)



CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS (IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN