

## ADG726/ADG732

### FEATURES

- 1.8 V to 5.5 V Single Supply
- $\pm 2.5$  V Dual-Supply Operation
- 4  $\Omega$  On Resistance
- 0.5  $\Omega$  On Resistance Flatness
- 48-Lead TQFP or 48-Lead 7 mm  $\times$  7 mm CSP Packages
- Rail-to-Rail Operation
- 30 ns Switching Times
- Single 32-to-1 Channel Multiplexer
- Dual/Differential 16-to-1 Channel Multiplexer
- TTL/CMOS Compatible Inputs
- For Functionally Equivalent Devices with Serial Interface  
See ADG725/ADG731

### APPLICATIONS

- Optical Applications
- Data Acquisition Systems
- Communication Systems
- Relay Replacement
- Audio and Video Switching
- Battery-Powered Systems
- Medical Instrumentation
- Automatic Test Equipment

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG726/ADG732 are monolithic CMOS 32-channel/dual 16-channel analog multiplexers. The ADG732 switches one of 32 inputs (S1-S32) to a common output, D, as determined by the 5-bit binary address lines A0, A1, A2, A3, and A4. The ADG726 switches one of 16 inputs as determined by the 4-bit binary address lines A0, A1, A2, and A3.

On-chip latches facilitate microprocessor interfacing. The ADG726 device may also be configured for differential operation by tying CSA and CSB together. An  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  input is used to enable or disable the devices. When disabled, all channels are switched OFF.

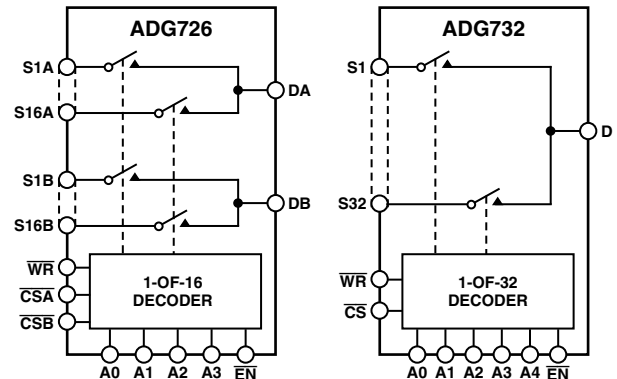
These multiplexers are designed on an enhanced submicron process that provides low power dissipation yet gives high switching speed, very low on resistance, and leakage currents. They operate from a single supply of +1.8 V to +5.5 V and a  $\pm 2.5$  V dual supply, making them ideally suited to a variety of applications. On resistance is in the region of a few ohms and is closely matched between switches and very flat over the full signal range. These parts can operate equally well as either multiplexers or demultiplexers and have an input signal range that extends to the supplies. In the OFF condition, signal levels up to the supplies are blocked. All channels exhibit break-before-make switching action, preventing momentary shorting when switching channels.

They are available in either 48-lead CSP or TQFP packages.

### REV. 0

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### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS



### PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

1. +1.8 V to +5.5 V single- or  $\pm 2.5$  V dual-supply operation. These parts are specified and guaranteed with +5 V  $\pm$  10%, +3 V  $\pm$  10% single-supply, and  $\pm 2.5$  V  $\pm$  10% dual-supply rails.
2. On resistance of 4  $\Omega$
3. Guaranteed break-before-make switching action
4. 7 mm  $\times$  7 mm 48-lead chip scale package (CSP) or 48-lead TQFP package

# ADG726/ADG732—SPECIFICATIONS<sup>1</sup>

( $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $GND = 0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	B Version		Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
	+25°C	-40°C to +85°C		
<b>ANALOG SWITCH</b>				
Analog Signal Range		0 V to $V_{DD}$	V	
On Resistance ( $R_{ON}$ )	4		$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$ to $V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$ ;
	5.5	6	$\Omega$ max	Test Circuit 1
On Resistance Match Between Channels ( $\Delta R_{ON}$ )		0.3	$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$ to $V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$
		0.8	$\Omega$ max	
On Resistance Flatness ( $R_{FLAT(ON)}$ )	0.5		$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$ to $V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$
		1	$\Omega$ max	
<b>LEAKAGE CURRENTS</b>				
Source OFF Leakage $I_S$ (OFF)	$\pm 0.01$		nA typ	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$
	$\pm 0.25$	$\pm 1$	nA max	$V_D = 4.5\text{ V}/1\text{ V}$ , $V_S = 1\text{ V}/4.5\text{ V}$ ;
Drain OFF Leakage $I_D$ (OFF)	$\pm 0.05$		nA typ	Test Circuit 2
ADG726	$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 2.5$	nA max	$V_D = 4.5\text{ V}/1\text{ V}$ , $V_S = 1\text{ V}/4.5\text{ V}$ ;
ADG732	$\pm 1$	$\pm 5$	nA max	Test Circuit 3
Channel ON Leakage $I_D$ , $I_S$ (ON)	$\pm 0.05$		nA typ	$V_D = V_S = 1\text{ V}$ , or $4.5\text{ V}$ ;
ADG726	$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 2.5$	nA max	Test Circuit 4
ADG732	$\pm 1$	$\pm 5$	nA max	
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS</b>				
Input High Voltage, $V_{INH}$		2.4	V min	
Input Low Voltage, $V_{INL}$		0.8	V max	
Input Current				
$I_{INL}$ or $I_{INH}$	0.005		$\mu\text{A}$ typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or $V_{INH}$
		$\pm 0.5$	$\mu\text{A}$ max	
$C_{IN}$ , Digital Input Capacitance	5		pF typ	
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS<sup>2</sup></b>				
$t_{TRANSITION}$	23		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ , Test Circuit 5
	34	40	ns max	$V_{S1} = 3\text{ V}/0\text{ V}$ , $V_{S32} = 0\text{ V}/3\text{ V}$
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, $t_D$	18		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
	1		ns min	$V_S = 3\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 6
$t_{ON}(\overline{CS}, \overline{WR})$	18		ns typ	$V_S = 3\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
	25	32	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
$t_{OFF}(\overline{CS}, \overline{WR})$	17		ns typ	$V_S = 3\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
	23	29	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
$t_{ON}(\overline{EN})$	24		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
	32	40	ns max	$V_S = 3\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 8
$t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$	16		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
	22	25	ns max	$V_S = 3\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 8
Charge Injection	5		pC typ	$V_S = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 0\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$ ;
				Test Circuit 9
OFF Isolation	-72		dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ;
				Test Circuit 10
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	-72		dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ;
				Test Circuit 11
-3 dB Bandwidth				$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ ; Test Circuit 12
ADG726	34		MHz typ	
ADG732	18		MHz typ	
$C_S$ (OFF)	13		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_D$ (OFF)				
ADG726	170		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG732	340		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_D$ , $C_S$ (ON)				
ADG726	175		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG732	350		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
<b>POWER REQUIREMENTS</b>				
$I_{DD}$	10		$\mu\text{A}$ typ	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$
		20	$\mu\text{A}$ max	Digital Inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V

## NOTES

<sup>1</sup>Temperature range is as follows: B Version: -40°C to +85°C.

<sup>2</sup>Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

# SPECIFICATIONS<sup>1</sup> ( $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ , $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ , $GND = 0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	B Version		Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
	+25°C	-40°C to +85°C		
<b>ANALOG SWITCH</b>				
Analog Signal Range		0 V to $V_{DD}$	V	
On Resistance ( $R_{ON}$ )	7		$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V to }V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$ ; Test Circuit 1
	11	12	$\Omega$ max	
On Resistance Match Between Channels ( $\Delta R_{ON}$ )		0.35	$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V to }V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$
		1	$\Omega$ max	
On Resistance Flatness ( $R_{FLAT(ON)}$ )		3	$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V to }V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$
<b>LEAKAGE CURRENTS</b>				
Source OFF Leakage $I_S$ (OFF)	$\pm 0.01$		nA typ	$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ $V_S = 3\text{ V/1 V}$ , $V_D = 1\text{ V/3 V}$ ; Test Circuit 2
	$\pm 0.25$	$\pm 1$	nA max	
Drain OFF Leakage $I_D$ (OFF)	$\pm 0.05$		nA max	$V_S = 1\text{ V/3 V}$ , $V_D = 3\text{ V/1 V}$ ; Test Circuit 3
ADG726	$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 2.5$	nA max	
ADG732	$\pm 1$	$\pm 5$	nA max	
Channel ON Leakage $I_D$ , $I_S$ (ON)	$\pm 0.05$		nA typ	$V_S = V_D = 1\text{ V or }3\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 4
ADG726	$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 2.5$	nA max	
ADG732	$\pm 1$	$\pm 5$	nA max	
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS</b>				
Input High Voltage, $V_{INH}$		2.0	V min	
Input Low Voltage, $V_{INL}$		0.7	V max	
Input Current				
$I_{INL}$ or $I_{INH}$	0.005		$\mu\text{A}$ typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or $V_{INH}$
		$\pm 0.5$	$\mu\text{A}$ max	
$C_{IN}$ , Digital Input Capacitance	5		pF typ	
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS<sup>2</sup></b>				
$t_{TRANSITION}$	34		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; Test Circuit 5
	52	62	ns max	$V_{S1} = 2\text{ V/0 V}$ , $V_{S32} = 0\text{ V/2 V}$
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, $t_D$	26		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; $V_S = 2\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 6
	1		ns min	$V_S = 2\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
$t_{ON}(\overline{WR}, \overline{CS})$	29		ns typ	$V_S = 2\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
	43	52	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; $V_S = 2\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
$t_{OFF}(\overline{WR}, \overline{CS})$	26		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; $V_S = 2\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
	38	42	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; $V_S = 2\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
$t_{ON}(\overline{EN}, \overline{WR})$	33		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; $V_S = 3\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 8
	48	55	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; $V_S = 3\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 8
$t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$	19		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; $V_S = 2\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 8
	25	28	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; $V_S = 2\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 8
Charge Injection	1		pC typ	$V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 0\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$ ; Test Circuit 9
Off Isolation	-72		dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ; Test Circuit 10
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	-72		dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ; Test Circuit 11
-3 dB Bandwidth				$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ ; Test Circuit 12
ADG726	34		MHz typ	
ADG732	18		MHz typ	
$C_S$ (OFF)	13		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_D$ (OFF)				
ADG726	170		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG732	340		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_D$ , $C_S$ (ON)				
ADG726	175		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG732	350		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
<b>POWER REQUIREMENTS</b>				
$I_{DD}$	5		$\mu\text{A}$ typ	$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$ Digital Inputs = 0 V or 3.3 V
		10	$\mu\text{A}$ max	

**NOTES**<sup>1</sup>Temperature ranges are as follows: B Version: -40°C to +85°C.<sup>2</sup>Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

# ADG726/ADG732 SPECIFICATIONS<sup>1</sup>

**DUAL SUPPLY** ( $V_{DD} = +2.5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = -2.5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $GND = 0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	B Version -40°C to +85°C		Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
	+25°C			
<b>ANALOG SWITCH</b>				
Analogue Signal Range		$V_{SS}$ to $V_{DD}$	V	
On Resistance ( $R_{ON}$ )	4		$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = V_{SS}$ to $V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$ ; Test Circuit 1
	5.5	6	$\Omega$ max	
On Resistance Match Between Channels ( $\Delta R_{ON}$ )		0.3	$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = V_{SS}$ to $V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$
		0.8	$\Omega$ max	
On Resistance Flatness ( $R_{FLAT(ON)}$ )	0.5		$\Omega$ typ	$V_S = V_{SS}$ to $V_{DD}$ , $I_{DS} = 10\text{ mA}$
		1	$\Omega$ max	
<b>LEAKAGE CURRENTS</b>				
Source OFF Leakage $I_S$ (OFF)	$\pm 0.01$		nA typ	$V_{DD} = +2.75\text{ V}$ , $V_{SS} = -2.75\text{ V}$ $V_S = +2.25\text{ V}/-1.25\text{ V}$ , $V_D = -1.25\text{ V}/+2.25\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 2
	$\pm 0.25$	$\pm 0.5$	nA max	
Drain OFF Leakage $I_D$ (OFF)	$\pm 0.05$		nA max	$V_S = +2.25\text{ V}/-1.25\text{ V}$ , $V_D = -1.25\text{ V}/+2.25\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 3
ADG726	$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 2.5$	nA max	
ADG732	$\pm 1$	$\pm 5$	nA max	
Channel ON Leakage $I_D$ , $I_S$ (ON)	$\pm 0.05$		nA typ	$V_S = V_D = +2.25\text{ V}/-1.25\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 4
ADG726	$\pm 0.5$	$\pm 2.5$	nA max	
ADG732	$\pm 1$	$\pm 5$	nA max	
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS</b>				
Input High Voltage, $V_{INH}$		1.7	V min	
Input Low Voltage, $V_{INL}$		0.7	V max	
Input Current				
$I_{INL}$ or $I_{INH}$	0.005		$\mu\text{A}$ typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or $V_{INH}$
		$\pm 0.5$	$\mu\text{A}$ max	
$C_{IN}$ , Digital Input Capacitance	5		pF typ	
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS<sup>2</sup></b>				
$t_{TRANSITION}$	33		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ; Test Circuit 5
	45	51	ns max	$V_{S1} = 1.5\text{ V}/0\text{ V}$ , $V_{S32} = 0\text{ V}/1.5\text{ V}$
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, $t_D$	15		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
	1		ns min	$V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 6
$t_{ON}(\overline{CS}, \overline{WR})$	21		ns typ	$V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
	30	37	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
$t_{OFF}(\overline{CS}, \overline{WR})$	20		ns typ	$V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 7
	29	35	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
$t_{ON}(\overline{EN}, \overline{WR})$	26		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
	37		ns max	$V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 8
$t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$	18		ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ ;
	26	29	ns max	$V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 8
Charge Injection	1		pC typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 0\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$ ; Test Circuit 9
OFF Isolation	-72		dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ; Test Circuit 10
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	-72		dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ; Test Circuit 11
-3 dB Bandwidth				$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$ ; Test Circuit 12
ADG726	34		MHz typ	
ADG732	18		MHz typ	
$C_S$ (OFF)	13		pF typ	
$C_D$ (OFF)				
ADG726	137		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG732	275		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_D$ , $C_S$ (ON)				
ADG726	150		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
ADG732	300		pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
<b>POWER REQUIREMENTS</b>				
$I_{DD}$	10	20	$\mu\text{A}$ typ	$V_{DD} = +2.75\text{ V}$
			$\mu\text{A}$ max	Digital Inputs = 0 V or +2.75 V
$I_{SS}$	10	20	$\mu\text{A}$ typ	$V_{SS} = -2.75\text{ V}$
			$\mu\text{A}$ max	Digital Inputs = 0 V or +2.75 V

## NOTES

<sup>1</sup>Temperature range is as follows: B Version: -40°C to +85°C.

<sup>2</sup>Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1, 2, 3</sup>

Parameter	Limit at T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	Unit	Conditions/Comments
t <sub>1</sub>	0	ns min	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ to $\overline{\text{WR}}$ Setup Time
t <sub>2</sub>	0	ns min	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ to $\overline{\text{WR}}$ Hold Time
t <sub>3</sub>	10	ns min	$\overline{\text{WR}}$ Pulsewidth
t <sub>4</sub>	10	ns min	Time between $\overline{\text{WR}}$ Cycles
t <sub>5</sub>	5	ns min	Address, Enable Setup Time
t <sub>6</sub>	2	ns min	Address, Enable Hold Time

## NOTES

<sup>1</sup>See Figure 1.<sup>2</sup>All input signals are specified with tr = tf = 1 ns (10% to 90% of V<sub>DD</sub>).<sup>3</sup>Guaranteed by design and characterization, not production tested.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

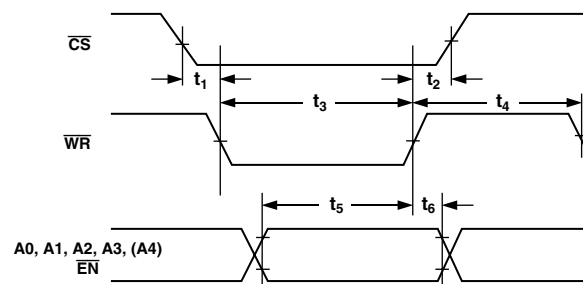


Figure 1. Timing Diagram

Figure 1 shows the timing sequence for latching the switch address and enable inputs. The latches are level sensitive; therefore, while  $\overline{\text{WR}}$  is held low, the latches are transparent and the switches respond to changing the address and enable the inputs.

Input data is latched on the rising edge of  $\overline{\text{WR}}$ . The ADG726 has two  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  inputs. This enables the part to be used either as a dual 16-1 channel multiplexer or a differential 16-channel multiplexer. If a differential output is required, tie  $\overline{\text{CSA}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CSB}}$  together.

# ADG726/ADG732

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>1</sup>

(T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

V <sub>DD</sub> to V <sub>SS</sub> .....	7 V
V <sub>DD</sub> to GND .....	-0.3 V to +7 V
V <sub>SS</sub> to GND .....	+0.3 V to -7 V
Analog Inputs <sup>2</sup> .....	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3 V to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 V or 30 mA, Whichever Occurs First
Digital Inputs <sup>2</sup> .....	-0.3 V to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 V or 30 mA, Whichever Occurs First
Peak Current, S or D .....	60 mA (Pulsed at 1 ms, 10% Duty Cycle Max)
Continuous Current, S or D .....	30 mA
Operating Temperature Range	
Industrial (B Version) .....	-40°C to +85°C

Storage Temperature Range .....	-65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature .....	150°C
Thermal Impedence (Four-layer board)	
48-Lead LFCSP .....	25°C/W
48-Lead TQFP .....	54.6°C/W
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 sec) .....	300°C
IR Reflow, Peak Temperature (<20 sec) .....	235°C

## NOTES

<sup>1</sup>Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

<sup>2</sup>Overvoltages at A, EN, WR, CS, S, or D will be clamped by internal diodes. Current should be limited to the maximum ratings given.

## ORDERING GUIDE

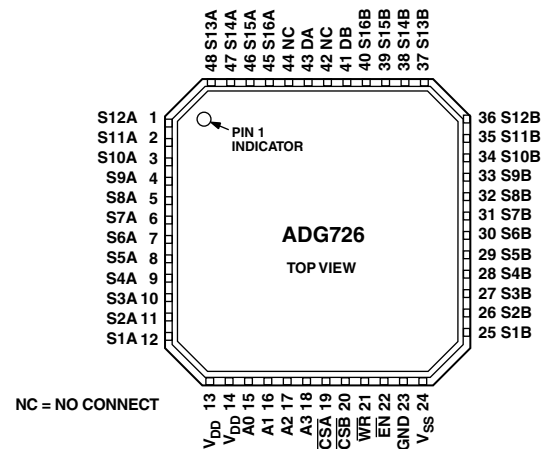
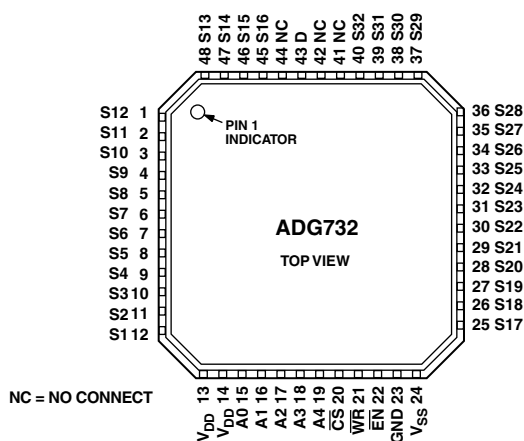
Model	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option
ADG726BCP	-40°C to +85°C	Chip Scale Package (LPCSP)	CP-48
ADG726BSU	-40°C to +85°C	Thin Quad Flatpack (TQFP)	SU-48
ADG732BCP	-40°C to +85°C	Chip Scale Package (LPCSP)	CP-48
ADG732BSU	-40°C to +85°C	Thin Quad Flatpack (TQFP)	SU-48

## CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the ADG726/ADG732 features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



## PIN CONFIGURATIONS LFCSP and TQFP



**Table I. ADG726 Truth Table**

A3	A2	A1	A0	$\overline{EN}$	$\overline{CSA}$	$\overline{CSB}$	$\overline{WR}$	ON Switch
X	X	X	X	X	1	1	L->H	Retains Previous Switch Condition
X	X	X	X	X	1	1	X	No Change in Switch Condition
X	X	X	X	1	0	0	0	NONE
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	S1A-DA, S1B-DB
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	S2A-DA, S2B-DB
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	S3A-DA, S3B-DB
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	S4A-DA, S4B-DB
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	S5A-DA, S5B-DB
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	S6A-DA, S6B-DB
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	S7A-DA, S7B-DB
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	S8A-DA, S8B-DB
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	S9A-DA, S9B-DB
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	S10A-DA, S10B-DB
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	S11A-DA, S11B-DB
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	S12A-DA, S12B-DB
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	S13A-DA, S13B-DB
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	S14A-DA, S14B-DB
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	S15A-DA, S15B-DB
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	S16A-DA, S16B-DB

X = Don't Care

**Table II. ADG732 Truth Table**

A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	$\overline{EN}$	$\overline{CS}$	$\overline{WR}$	Switch Condition
X	X	X	X	X	X	1	L->H	Retains Previous Switch Condition
X	X	X	X	X	X	1	X	No Change in Switch Condition
X	X	X	X	X	1	0	0	NONE
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	4
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	6
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	7
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	8
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	10
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	11
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	12
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	13
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	14
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	15
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	16
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	18
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	19
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	20
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	21
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	22
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	23
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	24
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	25
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	26
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	27
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	28
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	29
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	30
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	31
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	32

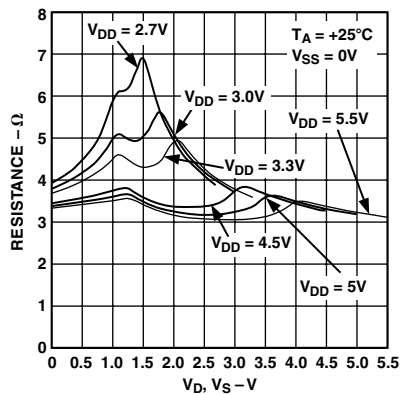
X = Don't Care

## TERMINOLOGY

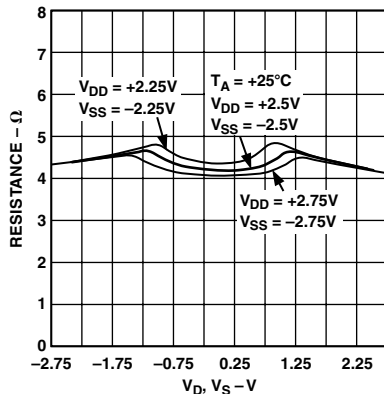
$V_{DD}$	Most Positive Power Supply Potential
$V_{SS}$	Most Negative Power Supply in a Dual-Supply Application. In single-supply applications, connect to GND.
$I_{DD}$	Positive Supply Current
$I_{SS}$	Negative Supply Current
GND	Ground (0 V) Reference
S	Source Terminal. May be an input or output.
D	Drain Terminal. May be an input or output.
IN	Logic Control Input
$V_D (V_S)$	Analog Voltage on Terminals D and S
$R_{ON}$	Ohmic Resistance between D and S
$\Delta R_{ON}$	On Resistance Match between any two channels, i.e., $R_{ONmax} - R_{ONmin}$
$R_{FLAT(ON)}$	Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.
$I_S (OFF)$	Source Leakage Current with the Switch OFF
$I_D (OFF)$	Drain Leakage Current with the Switch OFF
$I_D, I_S (ON)$	Channel Leakage Current with the Switch ON
$V_{INL}$	Maximum Input Voltage for Logic "0"
$V_{INH}$	Minimum Input Voltage for Logic "1"
$I_{INL}(I_{INH})$	Input Current of the Digital Input
$C_S (OFF)$	OFF Switch Source Capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.
$C_D (OFF)$	OFF Switch Drain Capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.
$C_D, C_S(ON)$	ON Switch Capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.
$C_{IN}$	Digital Input Capacitance
$t_{TRANSITION}$	Delay Time Measured between the 50% and 90% Points of the Digital Inputs and the Switch ON Condition when Switching from One Address State to Another
$t_{ON}(\overline{EN})$	Delay Time between the 50% and 90% Points of the $\overline{EN}$ Digital Input and the Switch ON Condition
$t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$	Delay Time between the 50% and 90% Points of the $\overline{EN}$ Digital Input and the Switch OFF Condition
$t_{OPEN}$	OFF Time Measured between the 80% Points of Both Switches when Switching from One Address State to Another
Charge Injection	A Measure of the Glitch Impulse Transferred from the Digital Input to the Analog Output During Switching
OFF Isolation	A Measure of Unwanted Signal Coupling through an OFF Switch
Crosstalk	A Measure of Unwanted Signal Coupling from One Channel to Another as a Result of Parasitic Capacitance
ON Response	The Frequency Response of the ON Switch
Insertion Loss	The Loss Due to the On Resistance of the Switch



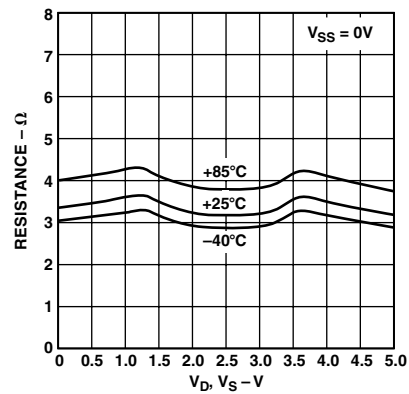
# Typical Performance Characteristics—ADG726/ADG732



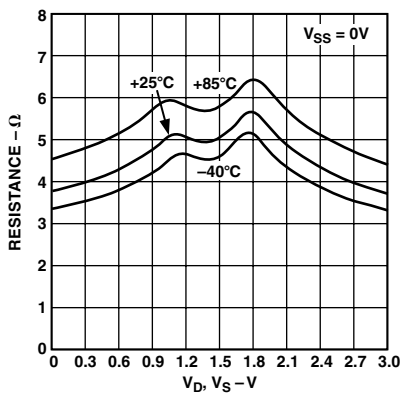
TPC 1. On Resistance vs.  $V_D(V_S)$ , Single Supply



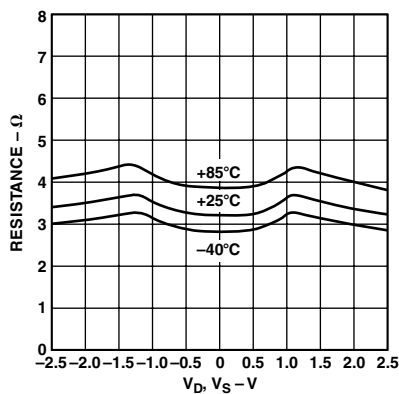
TPC 2. On Resistance vs.  $V_D(V_S)$ , Dual Supply



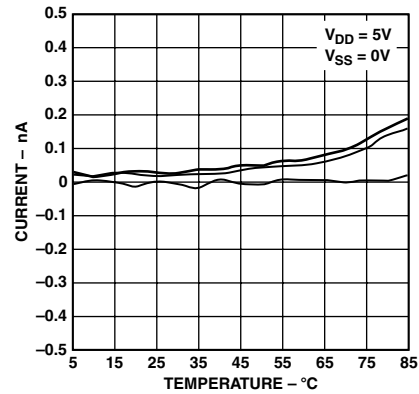
TPC 3. On Resistance vs.  $V_D(V_S)$  for Different Temperatures, Single Supply



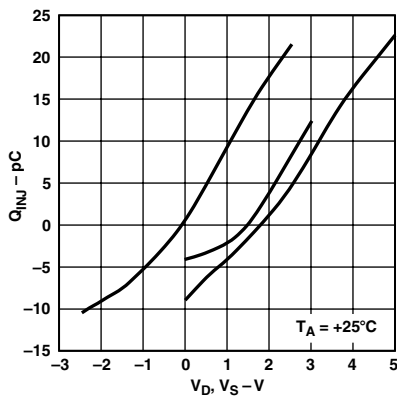
TPC 4. On Resistance vs.  $V_D(V_S)$ , Single Supply



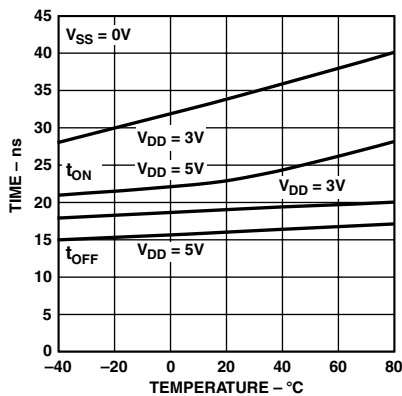
TPC 5. On Resistance vs.  $V_D(V_S)$ , Dual Supply



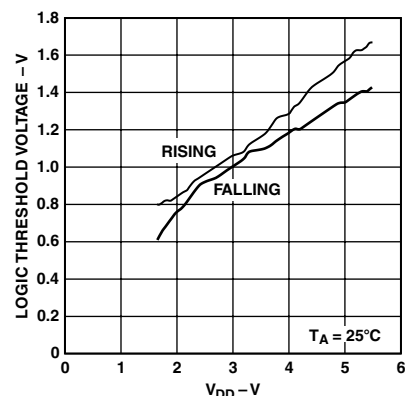
TPC 6. Leakage Currents vs. Temperature



TPC 7. ADG732 Charge Injection vs. Source Voltage

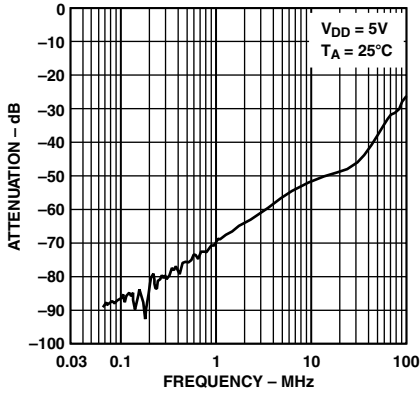


TPC 8.  $t_{ON}/t_{OFF}$  Times vs. Temperature

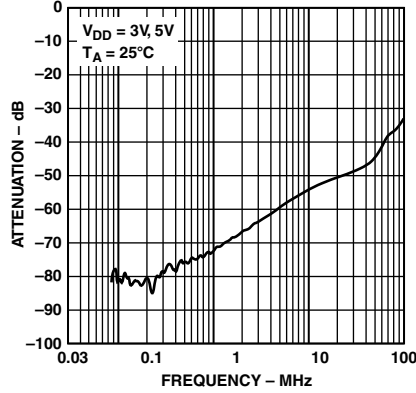


TPC 9. Logic Threshold Voltage vs. Supply Voltage

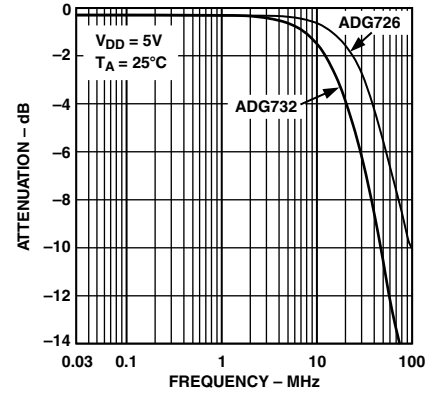
# ADG726/ADG732



TPC 10. OFF Isolation vs. Frequency

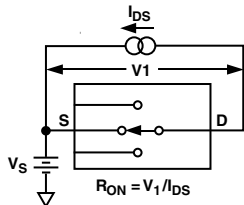


TPC 11. Crosstalk vs. Frequency

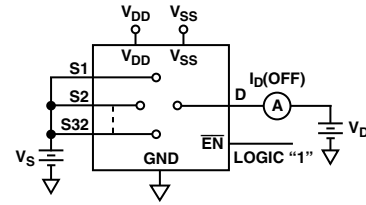


TPC 12. ON Response vs. Frequency

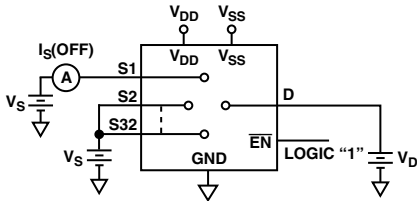
## Test Circuits



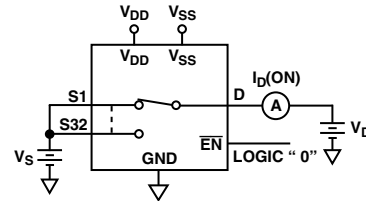
Test Circuit 1. On Resistance



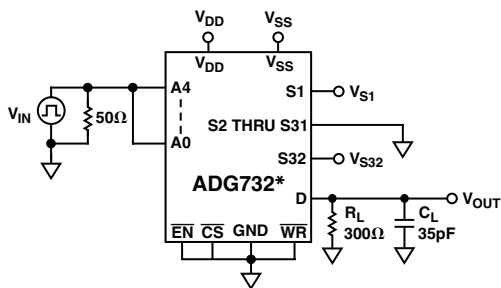
Test Circuit 3.  $I_D$  (OFF)



Test Circuit 2.  $I_S$  (OFF)

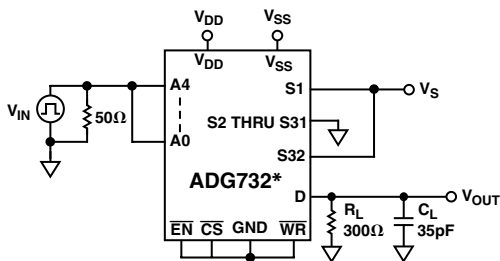
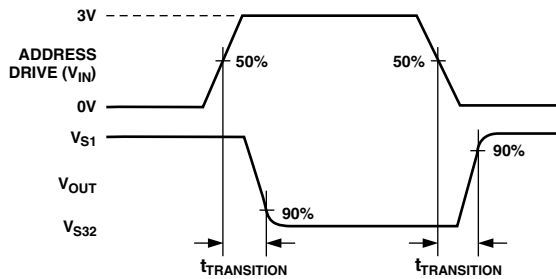


Test Circuit 4.  $I_D$  (ON)



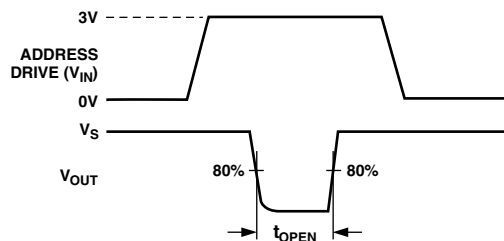
\*SIMILAR CONNECTION FOR ADG726

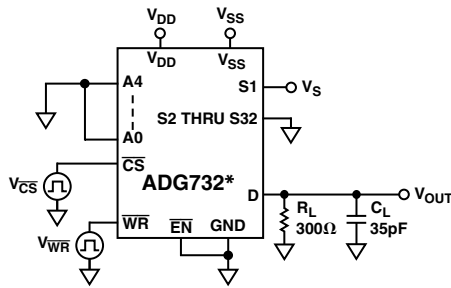
Test Circuit 5. Switching Time of Multiplexer,  $t_{TRANSITION}$



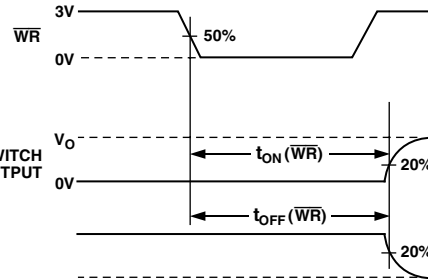
\*SIMILAR CONNECTION FOR ADG726

Test Circuit 6. Break-Before-Make Delay,  $t_{OPEN}$

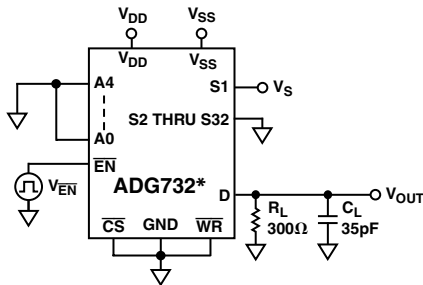




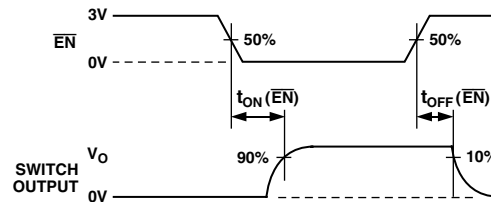
\*SIMILAR CONNECTION FOR ADG726



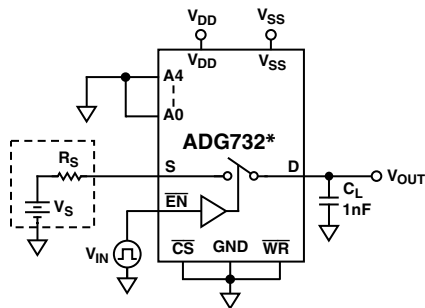
Test Circuit 7. Write Turn-ON and Turn-OFF Time,  $t_{ON}$ ,  $t_{OFF}$  ( $\overline{WR}$ )



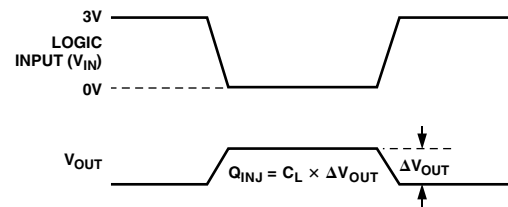
\*SIMILAR CONNECTION FOR ADG726



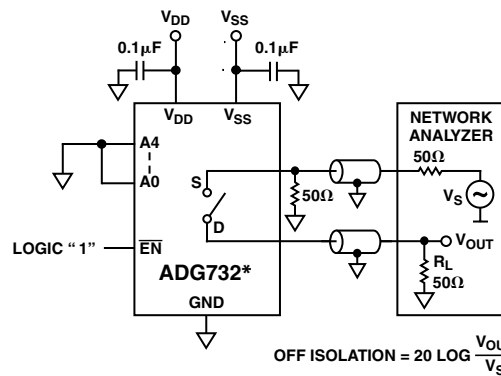
Test Circuit 8. Enable Delay,  $t_{ON}(\overline{EN})$ ,  $t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$



\*SIMILAR CONNECTION FOR ADG726



Test Circuit 9. Charge Injection

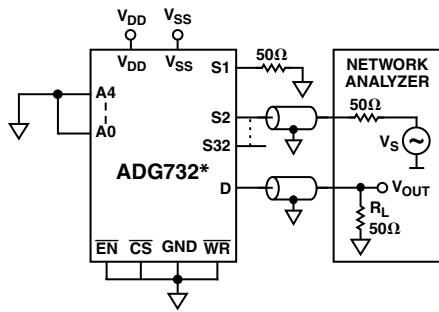


$$\text{OFF ISOLATION} = 20 \text{ LOG } \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_S}$$

\*SIMILAR CONNECTION FOR ADG726

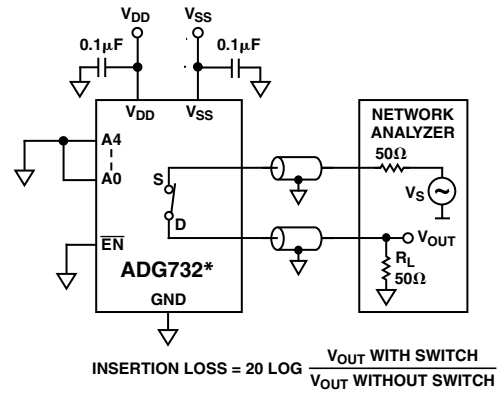
Test Circuit 10. OFF Isolation

# ADG726/ADG732



\*SIMILAR CONNECTION FOR ADG726  
CHANNEL-TO-CHANNEL CROSSTALK =  $20 \text{ LOG}_{10} (V_{OUT7}/V_S)$

Test Circuit 11. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk



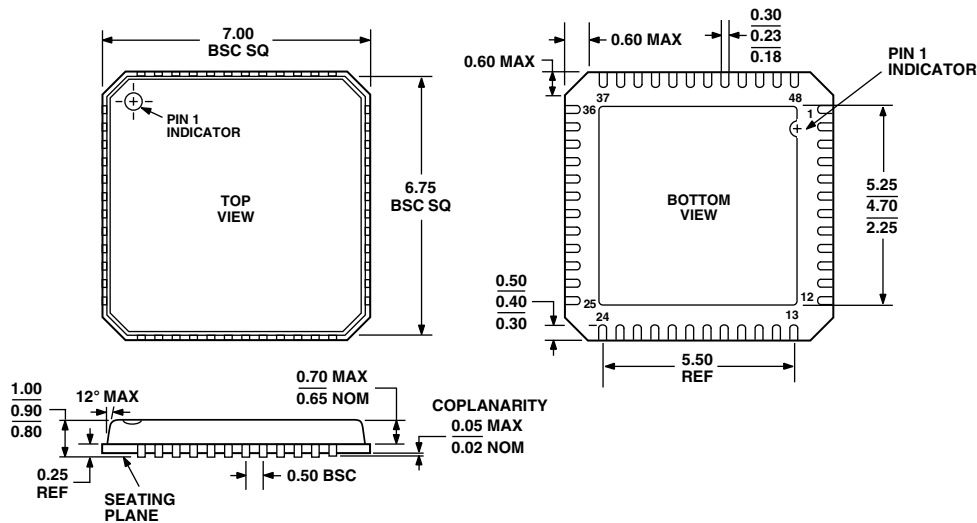
\*SIMILAR CONNECTION FOR ADG726

Test Circuit 12. Bandwidth

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

### 48-Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP] (CP-48)

Dimensions shown in millimeters



### 48-Lead Thin Plastic Quad Flatpack [TQFP] (SU-48)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

