**National** Semiconductor

## LMH0034

MH0034 SMPTE 292M / 259M Adaptive Cable Equalizer

## SMPTE 292M / 259M Adaptive Cable Equalizer

### **General Description**

The LMH0034 SMPTE 292M / 259M adaptive cable equalizer is a monolithic integrated circuit for equalizing data transmitted over cable (or any media with similar dispersive loss characteristics). The equalizer operates over a wide range of data rates from 125 Mbps to 1.485 Gbps and supports SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M.

The LMH0034 implements DC restoration to correctly handle pathological data conditions. DC restoration can be bypassed for low data rate applications. The equalizer is flexible in allowing either single-ended or differential input drive.

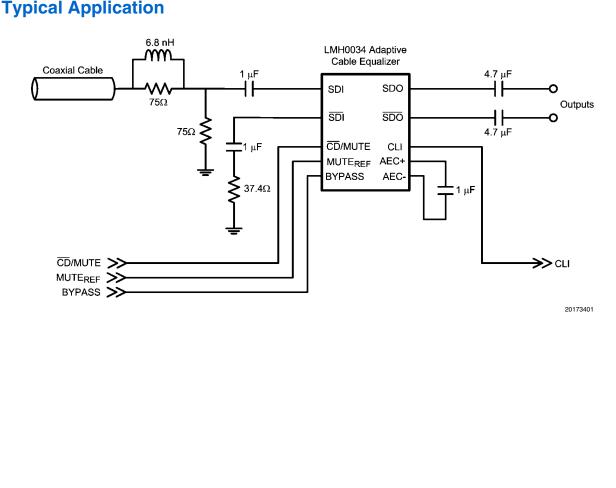
Additional features include a combined carrier detect and output mute pin which mutes the output when no signal is present. A programmable mute reference is used to mute the output at a selectable level of signal degradation. A cable length indicator is provided to determine the amount of cable being equalized.

#### **Features**

- SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M • compliant
- Supports DVB-ASI at 270 Mbps
- Data rates: 125 Mbps to 1.485 Gbps
- Equalizes up to 200 meters of Belden 1694A at 1.485 Gbps or up to 400 meters of Belden 1694A at 270 Mbps
- Manual bypass, cable length indicator, and output mute with a programmable threshold
- Single-ended or differential input
- $50\Omega$  differential outputs
- Single 3.3V supply operation
- 208mW typical power consumption with 3.3V supply
- Replaces the GS1524 and GS1524A

## Applications

- SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M, and SMPTE 259M serial digital interfaces
- Serial digital data equalization and reception
- Data recovery equalization



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## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Voltage	-0.5V to 3.6V
Input Voltage (all inputs)	–0.3V to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3V
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 4 Sec)	+260°C
Package Thermal Resistance	
θ <sub>JA</sub> 16-pin SOIC	+115°C/W
θ <sub>JC</sub> 16-pin SOIC	+105°C/W
ESD Rating (HBM)	8kV
ESD Rating (MM)	250V

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> – V <sub>EE</sub> )	3.3V ±5%
Input Coupling Capacitance	1.0 μF
AEC Capacitor (Connected between	
AEC+ and AEC-)	1.0 µF
Operating Free Air Temperature $(T_A)$	0°C to +85°C

## **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified (Notes 2, 3).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Reference	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>CMIN</sub>	Input Common Mode Voltage		SDI, <u>SDI</u>		1.9		V
V <sub>SDI</sub>	Input Voltage Swing	At LMH0034 input, (Notes 4, 6)	]	720	800	950	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
V <sub>CMOUT</sub>	Output Common Mode Voltage		SDO, <u>SDO</u>		V <sub>CC</sub> – V <sub>SDO</sub> /2		v
V <sub>SDO</sub>	Output Voltage Swing	50 $\Omega$ load, differential	]		750		mV <sub>P-P</sub>
	CLI DC Voltage	0m cable	CLI		2.5		V
		Max cable			1.6		V
	MUTE <sub>REF</sub> DC Voltage (floating)		MUTE <sub>REF</sub>		1.3		V
	MUTE <sub>REF</sub> Range				0.7		V
	CD/MUTE Output Voltage	Carrier not present	CD/MUTE	2.6			V
		Carrier present				0.4	V
	CD/MUTE Input Voltage	Min to mute outputs		3.0			V
		Max to force outputs active				2.0	V
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current	(Note 7)			63	77	mA

## **AC Electrical Characteristics**

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified (Note 3).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Reference	Min	Тур	Max	Units
BR <sub>MIN</sub>	Minimum Input Data Rate		SDI, SDI		125		Mbps
BR <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Input Data Rate					1485	Mbps
	Jitter for various cable lengths (with equalizer pathological)	270 Mbps, Belden 1694A, 400 meters (Note 4)			0.2		UI
		270 Mbps, Belden 8281, 280 meters (Note 4)			0.2		UI
		1.485 Gbps, Belden 1694A, 140 meters (Note 4)			0.25		UI
		1.485 Gbps, Belden 8281, 100 meters (Note 4)			0.25		UI
		1.485 Gbps, Belden 1694A, 200 meters (Note 4)			0.3		
t <sub>r</sub> ,t <sub>f</sub>	Output Rise Time, Fall Time	20% - 80%, (Note 4)	SDO, SDO		100	220	ps
	Mismatch in Rise/Fall Time	(Note 4)	7		2	15	ps
t <sub>os</sub>	Output Overshoot	(Note 4)			1	5	%
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Resistance	single-ended, (Note 5)			50		Ω
RL <sub>IN</sub>	Input Return Loss	(Note 8)	SDI, SDI	15	18-20		dB
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance	single-ended	7		1.3		kΩ
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	single-ended, (Note 5)	7		1		pF

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those parameter values beyond which the life and operation of the device cannot be guaranteed. The stating herein of these maximums shall not be construed to imply that the device can or should be operated at or beyond these values. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" specifies acceptable device operating conditions.

Note 2: Current flow into device pins is defined as positive. Current flow out of device pins is defined as negative. All voltages are stated referenced to V<sub>EE</sub> = 0 Volts.

Note 3: Typical values are stated for V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.3V and T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.

Note 4: Specification is guaranteed by characterization.

Note 5: Specification is guaranteed by design.

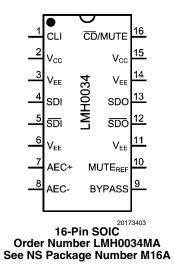
Note 6: The maximum input voltage swing assumes a nonstressing, DC-balance signal; specifically, the SMPTE-recommended color bar test signal. Pathological or other stressing signals may not be used. This specification is for 0m cable only.

Note 7: Supply current depends on the amount of cable being equalized. The current is highest for short cable and decreases as the cable length is increased. Refer to *Figures 1, 2*.

Note 8: Input return loss is dependent on board design. The LMH0034 meets this specification on the SD034 evaluation board from 5MHz to 1.5GHz.

# LMH0034

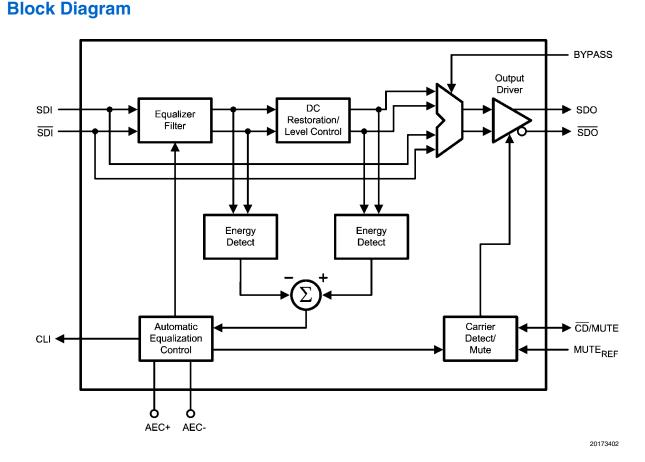
## **Connection Diagram**



## **Pin Descriptions**

Pin #	Name	Description
1	CLI	Cable length indicator. Provides a voltage inversely proportional to the cable length being equalized.
2	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive power supply (+3.3V).
3	V <sub>EE</sub>	Negative power supply (ground).
4	SDI	Serial data true input.
5	SDI	Serial data complement input.
6	V <sub>EE</sub>	Negative power supply (ground).
7	AEC+	AEC loop filter external capacitor (1µF) positive connection.
8	AEC-	AEC loop filter external capacitor (1µF) negative connection.
9	BYPASS	Bypasses equalization and DC restoration when high. No equalization occurs in this mode.
10	MUTE <sub>REF</sub>	Mute reference. Determines the maximum cable to be equalized before muting. May be unconnected for maximum equalization.
11	V <sub>EE</sub>	Negative power supply (ground).
12	SDO	Serial data complement output.
13	SDO	Serial data true output.
14	V <sub>EE</sub>	Negative power supply (ground).
15	V <sub>cc</sub>	Positive power supply (+3.3V).
16	CD/MUTE	Bi-directional carrier detect and output mute. CD/MUTE is high when no signal is present. If unconnected, MUTE is controlled automatically by carrier detect. To force MUTE on, tie to V <sub>CC</sub> . To disable MUTE, tie to GND. CD/MUTE has no function in BYPASS mode.

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## **Device Operation**

#### **BLOCK DESCRIPTION**

The **Equalizer Filter** block is a multi-stage adaptive filter. If Bypass is high, the equalizer filter is disabled.

The DC Restoration / Level Control block receives the differential signals from the equalizer filter block. This block incorporates a self-biasing DC restoration circuit to fully DC restore the signals. If Bypass is high, this function is disabled. The signals before and after the DC Restoration / Level Control block are used to generate the Automatic Equalization Control (AEC) signal. This control signal sets the gain and bandwidth of the equalizer filter. The loop response in the AEC block is controlled by an external  $1\mu$ F capacitor placed across the AEC+ and AEC- pins. Cable Length Indicator (CLI) is derived from this block.

The **Carrier Detect / Mute** block generates the carrier detect signal and controls the mute function of the output. This block utilizes the bi-directional  $\overline{CD}/MUTE$  signal along with **Mute Reference (MUTE**<sub>RFF</sub>).

The Output Driver produces SDO and SDO.

#### **CABLE LENGTH INDICATOR (CLI)**

The cable length indicator provides a voltage to indicate the length of cable being equalized. The CLI voltage decreases as the cable length increases.

#### MUTE REFERENCE (MUTE<sub>REF</sub>)

The mute reference determines the amount of cable to equalize before automatically muting the outputs. This is set by applying a voltage inversely proportional to the length of cable to equalize. As the applied MUTE<sub>REF</sub> voltage is increased, the amount of cable that can be equalized before carrier detect is de-asserted and the outputs are muted is decreased. MUTE<sub>REF</sub> may be left unconnected for maximum equalization before muting.

#### CARRIER DETECT / MUTE (CD/MUTE)

Carrier Detect / Mute is bi-directional, serving as both a carrier detect (output function) and mute (input function).

When used as an output,  $\overline{\text{CD}}/\text{MUTE}$  determines if a valid signal is present at the LMH0034 input. If  $\text{MUTE}_{\text{REF}}$  is used, the carrier detect threshold will be altered accordingly.  $\overline{\text{CD}}/\text{MUTE}$  provides a high voltage when no signal is present at the LMH0034 input, and the outputs are automatically muted.  $\overline{\text{CD}}/\text{MUTE}$  is low when a valid input signal has been detected, and the outputs are automatically enabled.

As an input,  $\overline{CD}/MUTE$  can be used to override the carrier detect and manually mute or enable the LMH0034 outputs. Applying a high input to  $\overline{CD}/MUTE$  will mute the LMH0034 outputs. Applying a low input will force the outputs to be active regardless of the length of cable or the state of MUTE<sub>REF</sub>.

#### **INPUT INTERFACING**

The LMH0034 accepts either differential or single-ended input. The input must be AC coupled. Transformer coupling is not supported.

The LMH0034 correctly handles equalizer pathological signals for standard definition and high definition serial digital video, as described in SMPTE RP 178 and RP 198, respectively.

#### **OUTPUT INTERFACING**

The SDO and  $\overline{\text{SDO}}$  outputs are internally loaded with 50 $\Omega$ . They produce a 750 mV<sub>P-P</sub> differential output, or a 375 mV<sub>P-P</sub> single-ended output.

### **Application Information**

#### PCB LAYOUT RECOMMENDATIONS

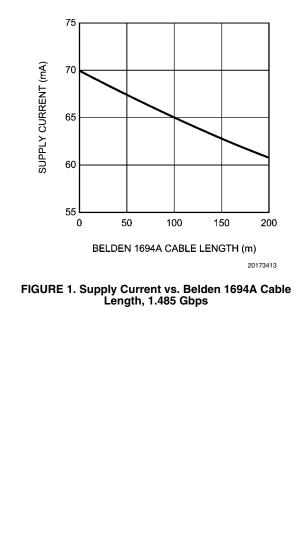
Please refer to the following Application Note on National's website: AN-1372, "LMH0034 PCB Layout Techniques."

#### **REPLACING THE GENNUM GS1524**

The LMH0034 is form-fit-function compatible with the Gennum GS1524 and GS1524A.

#### SUPPLY CURRENT VS. CABLE LENGTH

The supply current ( $I_{CC}$ ) depends on the amount of cable being equalized. The current is highest for short cable and decreases as the cable length is increased. *Figure 1* shows supply current vs. Belden 1694A cable length for 1.485 Gbps data and *Figure 2* shows supply current vs. Belden 1694A cable length for 270 Mbps data.



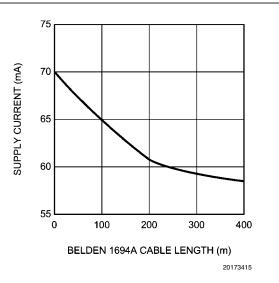
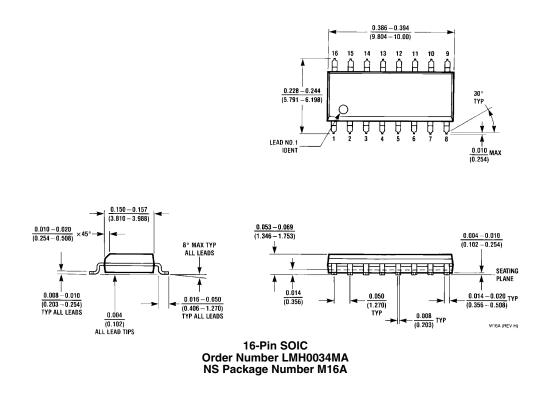


FIGURE 2. Supply Current vs. Belden 1694A Cable Length, 270 Mbps





## Notes

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