Spread Spectrum Clock Generator

MB88161

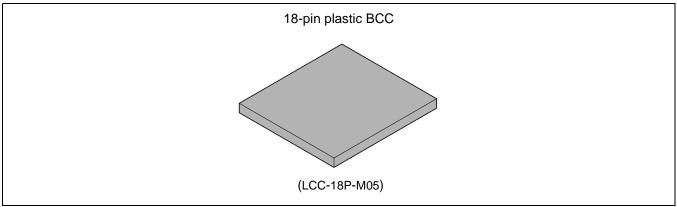
DESCRIPTION

MB88161 is a clock generator for EMI (Electro Magnetic Interference) reduction. The peak of unnecessary radiation noise (EMI) can be attenuated by making the oscillation frequency slightly modulate periodically with the internal modulator.

■ FEATURES

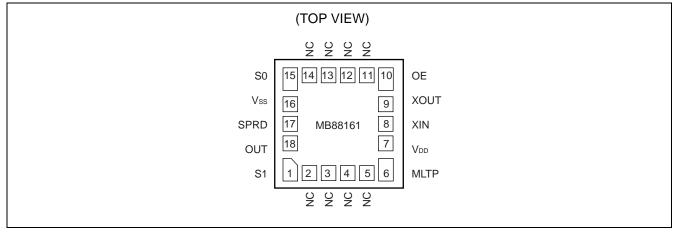
- Input frequency : 20 MHz to 28 MHz (Multiplied by 1), 14 MHz to 40 MHz (Multiplied by 2)
- Multiplication rate : 1, 2
- Output frequency : 20 MHz to 28 MHz (Multiplied by 1), 28 MHz to 80 MHz (Multiplied by 2)
- Modulation rate : no modulation, $\pm 0.5\%$, $\pm 1.0\%$, $\pm 2.0\%$, -1.0%, -2.0%, -4.0% (The terminal can be selected.)
- Equipped with oscillation circuit : Range of oscillation 10 MHz to 40 MHz
- Built-in oscillation stabilization capacitance : 4pF (Typ)
- Modulation clock output Duty : 40% to 60%
- Modulation clock Cycle-Cycle Jitter : Less than 100 ps
- Low current consumption by CMOS process : 7.0 mA (24 MHz : no load, Typ-sample, Typ-condition)
- Power supply voltage : 2.7 V to 3.6 V
- Operating temperature : 40 $^{\circ}C$ to $\,+$ 85 $^{\circ}C$
- Package : BCC 18-pin

PACKAGE





■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin no.	Pin name	I/O	Description	
1	S1	I	Modulation rate setting pin (with pull-up resistance)	
2	NC		Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)	
3	NC	—	Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)	
4	NC	—	Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)	
5	NC	—	Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)	
6	MLTP	I	Multiplication rate setting pin (with pull-down resistance)	
7	Vdd	—	Power supply voltage pin	
8	XIN	I	Resonator connection pin/clock input pin	
9	XOUT	0	Resonator connection pin	
10	OE	I	Clock output enable pin (with pull-up resistance)	
11	NC	—	Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)	
12	NC		Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)	
13	NC	—	Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)	
14	NC		Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)	
15	S0	I	Modulation rate setting pin (with pull-up resistance)	
16	Vss	—	GND pin	
17	SPRD	I	Modulation type setting pin (with pull-up resistance)	
18	OUT	0	Modulation clock output pin (OE= "L" Hi-Z output)	

■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

Pin	Circuit type	Remarks
OE	Note : At $OE =$ "L" 22 kΩ OE signal 800 kΩ H 22 kΩ OE signal H H H H H H H H H H	 With pull-up resistor The value of pull-up resistor is switched by the input level of OE signal. 800 kΩ at OE= "L" (Typ) 22 kΩ at OE= "H" (Typ) CMOS hysteresis input
S0, S1, SPRD	OE signal ΟE signal ΟΕ signal Νοte : At OE="L" Pull Up cut	 With pull-up resistor 50 kΩ (Typ) CMOS hysteresis input Pull-up resistor is disconnected at OE= "L", and internal signal is fixed to "L".
MLTP	Note : At $OE = "L"$ Pull Down cut	 With pull-down resistor 50 kΩ (Typ) CMOS hysteresis input Pull-down resistor is disconnected at OE= "L", and internal signal is fixed to "L".
OUT	OE signal OE signal	 CMOS output IoL = 8.0 mA Hi-Z output at OE= "L"

(Continued)

(Continued)

Pin	Circuit type	Remarks
XIN, XOUT	XIN \swarrow $\frac{1}{777}$ 4 pF \swarrow $500 \text{ k}\Omega$ $\frac{1}{777}$ 4 pF	 Oscillation circuit Built-in feedback resistance : 500 kΩ (Typ) Built-in oscillation stabilization capacitance : 4 pF (Typ)

■ HANDLING DEVICES

Preventing Latch-up

A latch-up can occur if, on this device, (a) a voltage higher than power supply voltage or a voltage lower than GND is applied to an input or output pin or (b) a voltage higher than the rating is applied between power supply and GND. The latch-up, if it occurs, significantly increases the power supply current and may cause thermal destruction of an element. When you use this device, be very careful not to exceed the maximum rating.

Handling unused pins

Do not leave an unused input pin open, since it may cause a malfunction. Handle by, using a pull-up or pulldown resistor.

Power supply pins

Please design connecting the power supply pin of this device by as low impedance as possible from the current supply source.

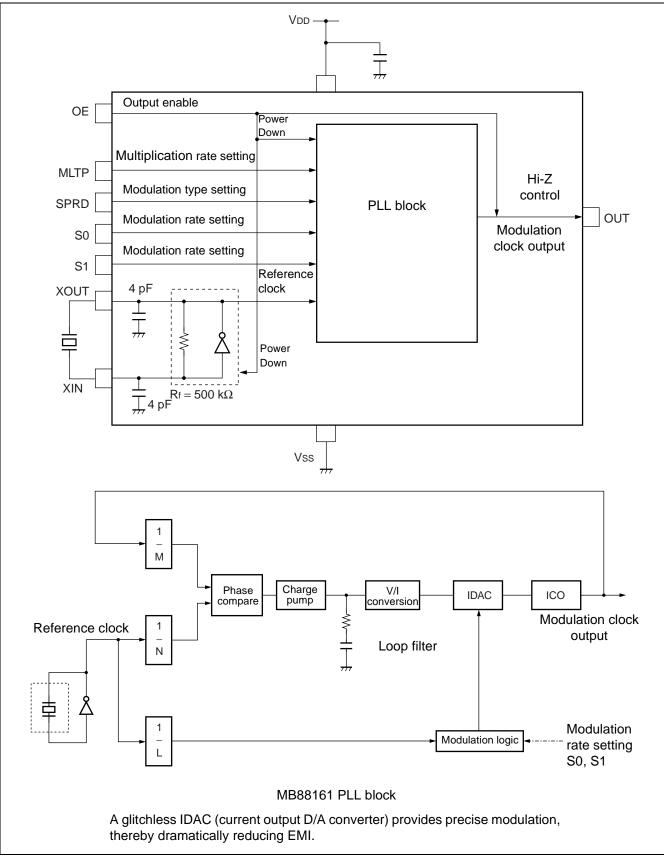
We recommend connecting electrolytic capacitor (about 10 μ F) and the ceramic capacitor (about 0.01 μ F) in parallel between power supply and GND near the device, as a bypass capacitor.

Oscillation circuit

Noise near the XIN pin and XOUT pin may cause the device to malfunction. Design printed circuit boards so that electric wiring of XIN pin or XOUT pin and the resonator do not intersect other wiring.

Design the printed circuit board that surrounds the XIN pin and XOUT pin with ground.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ PIN SETTING

After the pin setting is changed, the stabilization wait time of the modulation clock is required. The stabilization wait time of the modulation clock takes the maximum value of Lock-Up time in "• AC Characteristics" in

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.

Each setting pin contains the pull-up resistor or pull-down resistor. Therefore, these pins is set to default state for input opened.

MLTP multiplication setting

MLTP	Multiplication rate	Input Frequency	Output Frequency	Remarks
L	Multiplied by 1	20 MHz to 28 MHz	20 MHz to 28 MHz	Default
Н	Multiplied by 2	14 MHz to 40 MHz	28 MHz to 80 MHz	

Note : Set MLTP pin to "L" for input opened because MLTP pin has the pull-down resistor.

OE clock output enable

OE	Status	Remarks
L	Modulation clock output (OUT pin) Hi-Z/Power down status	—
Н	Operation status	Default

Note : When OE pin is set to "L", all oscillation circuits/PLL stop and enter power down mode, low-power consumption mode. Modulation clock output (OUT pin) becomes Hi-Z state during the power down. Set OE pin to "H" for input opened because OE pin has the pull-up resistor.

SPRD modulation type setting

SPRD	Modulation type	Remarks
L	Down spread	—
Н	Center spread	Default

Note : Set SPRD pin to "H" for input opened because SPRD pin has the pull-up resistor.

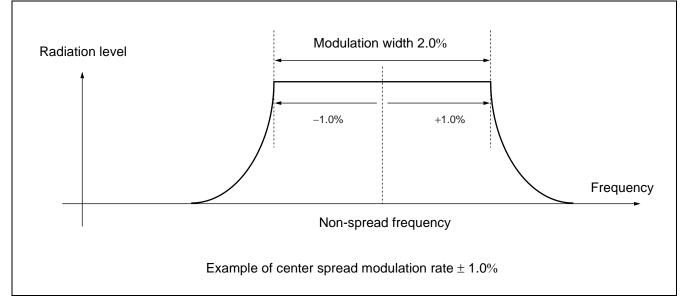
S0/S1 modulation rate setting

S1	SO	Modulat	Remarks		
51	At down spread		At center spread	- Remarks	
L	L	No modulation	No modulation	—	
L	Н	- 1.0%	$\pm 0.5\%$	—	
Н	L	- 4.0%	± 2.0%	—	
Н	Н	- 2.0%	± 1.0%	Default	

Note : Set S1 pin and S0 pin to "H" for input opened because S1 pin and S0 pin have the pull-up resistor.

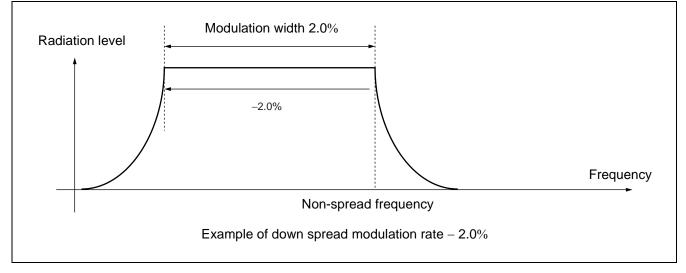
Center spread

Spectrum is spread (modulated) by centering on the non-spread frequency.



Down spread

Spectrum is spread (modulated) below the non-spread frequency.

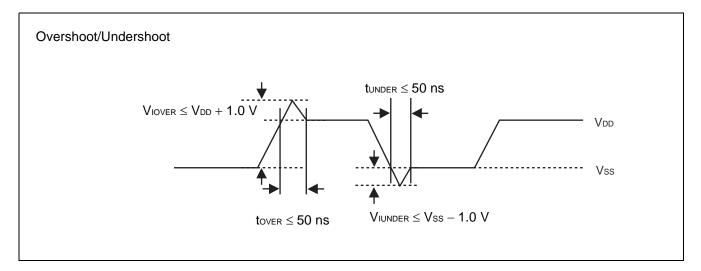


■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Deremeter	Symbol	Rating			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	
Power supply voltage*	Vdd	- 0.5	+ 4.0	V	
Input voltage*	Vı	Vss - 0.5	$V_{\text{DD}} + 0.5$	V	
Output voltage*	Vo	Vss - 0.5	Vdd + 0.5	V	
Storage temperature	Tst	- 55	+ 125	°C	
Operation junction temperature	TJ	- 40	+ 125	°C	
Output current	lo	- 14	+ 14	mA	
Overshoot	VIOVER		V_{DD} + 1.0 (tover \leq 50 ns)	V	
Undershoot	Viunder	Vss-1.0 (tunder \leq 50 ns)	—	V	

* : The parameter is based on $V_{SS} = 0.0 V$.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

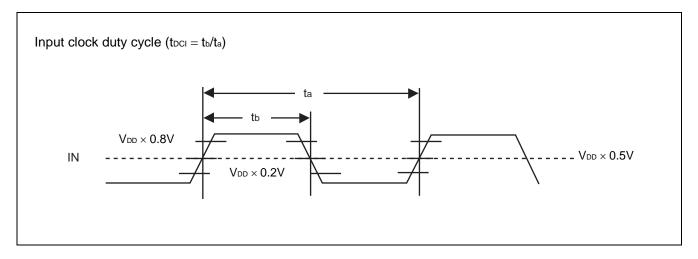
(Vss = 0.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Din	Conditions	Value			11:0:14
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vdd	Vdd		2.7	3.3	3.6	V
"H" level input voltage	Vін	XIN, MLTP,	—	$V_{\text{DD}} \times 0.80$		$V_{\text{DD}} + 0.3$	V
"L" level input voltage	VIL	OE, SPRD, S1, S0		Vss	_	$V_{\text{DD}} \times 0.20$	V
Input clock duty cycle	t DCI	XIN	Input frequency 14 MHz to 40 MHz	40	50	60	%
Operating temperature	Та			- 40		+ 85	°C

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics

Denementen	Ourseland	D :	Oomditions		Value		Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	
Power supply current	lcc	Vdd	24 MHz output no load capacitance	—	7.0	11.0	mA
Power down current	IPD	Vdd	At power down (At OE="L")		5	20	μA
Output voltage	Vон	OUT	"H" level output, Іон= – 8 mA	$0.8\times V_{\text{DD}}$		Vdd	V
	Vol	001	"L" level output, Io∟ = 8 mA	Vss		$0.2\times V_{\text{DD}}$	V
Output impedance	Zoc	OUT	20 MHz to 80 MHz	—	30		Ω
Load capacitance	C∟	OUT	20 MHz to 80 MHz			15	pF
Built-in oscillation stabilization capacitance	Cosc	XIN, XOUT			4	_	pF
	Rpuoeh	OE	$V_{\text{IH}}=0.8 \times V_{\text{DD}}$	10	25	100	kΩ
	Rpuoel	OE	VIL=0.0V	500	800	1200	kΩ
Input pull-up resistance	Rpu	OE, SPRD, S1, S0	VIL=0.0V	25	50	200	kΩ
Input pull-down resistance	Rpd	MLTP	Vih=Vdd	25	50	200	kΩ

(Ta = - 40 °C to ~+ 85 °C, V_{DD} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V, V_{SS} = 0.0 V)

Note : When OE pin is set to "L", the pull-up resistor connected to SPRD pin, S1 pin, and S0 pin and the pull-down resistor connected to MLTP pin are disconnected, and internal signal is fixed to "L". See "■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE" for details.

• AC Characteristics

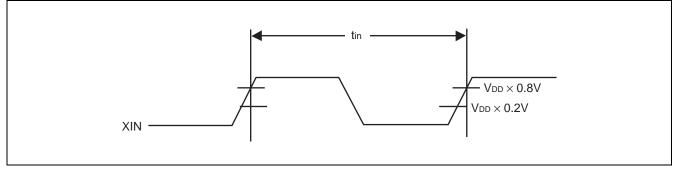
(Ta = - 40 °C to $\,+$ 85 °C, V_{DD} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V, V_{SS} = 0.0 V)

Demonster	Ourseland	Dim	Q a malifi a ma		Value		L la it
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	- Unit
Input fraguanay	fin	XIN	MLTP= "L" Crystal oscillation input	20		28	MHz
Input frequency	lin		MLTP= "H" Crystal oscillation input	14	_	40	
Crystal oscillation	f×	XIN,	MLTP= "L" Fundamental oscillation	20		28	- MHz
frequency	IX	XOUT	MLTP= "H" Fundamental oscillation	14		40	
Output frequency	fouт	OUT	MLTP= "L"	20		28	MHz
Output hequency	1001	001	MLTP= "H"	28	—	80	
Output clock rise time	tr	OUT	$0.2 \times V_{DD}$ to $0.8 \times V_{DD}$ Load capacitance 15pF	0.4		4.0	ns
Output clock fall time	tf	OUT	$0.2 \times V_{DD}$ to $0.8 \times V_{DD}$ Load capacitance 15 pF	0.4	_	4.0	ns
Output clock duty cycle	t DCC	OUT	$0.5 imes V_{\text{DD}}$	40		60	%
Modulation frequency	fмор	OUT	Input frequency at 24MHz Multiplied by 1		32.0		- kHz
modulation nequency	IMOD	001	Input frequency at 24MHz Multiplied by 2		21.3	_	
Lock-Up time	t∟ĸ	OUT	—	—	4	10	ms
Cycle-Cycle jitter	tuc	OUT	Ta= + 25°C, V _{DD} =3.3V, No load capacitance, Standard deviation σ	_		100	ps
Output enable "L" width	t oelw	OE	—	1			μS
Power supply rise time	t vdr	Vdd	0.0V to 2.7V	100			μS
Output Hi-Z start time after power down entry	t PEZ	OUT	Rise time or fall time of "OE" at 5 ns			10	ns
Output Hi-Z release time after power down exit	tPIZ	OUT	Rise time or fall time of "OE" at 5 ns	0			ns
Output start time after power down exit	tpio	OUT	Rise time or fall time of "OE" at 5 ns Load capacitance 15 pF			10	ns

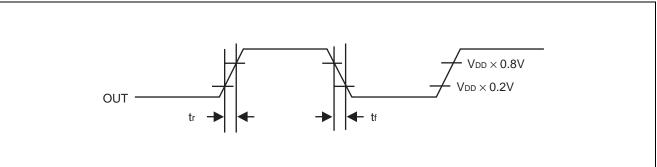
Note : The stabilization wait time of the modulation clock is required after the power is turned on or when the clock output enable setting (OE pin), multiplication setting (MLTP pin) or modulation rate setting (S1pin and S0 pin) is changed. The stabilization wait time of the modulation clock takes the maximum value of Lock-Up time.

$\blacksquare \text{ OUTPUT CLOCK DUTY CYCLE (tbcc = tb/ta)}$

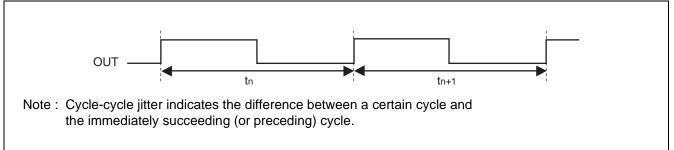
■ INPUT FREQUENCY (fin = 1/tin)



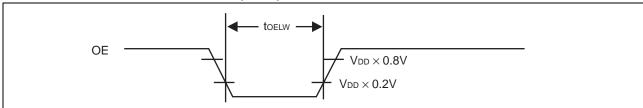
■ OUTPUT CLOCK RISE TIME/OUTPUT CLOCK FALL TIME (tr/tr)



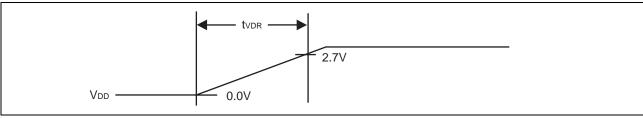
$\blacksquare CYCLE-CYCLE JITTER (t_{JC} = | t_n - t_{n+1} |)$



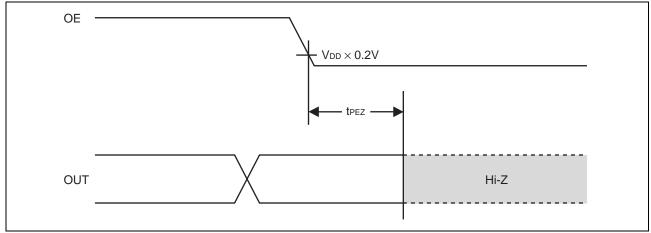
■ OUTPUT ENABLE "L" WIDTH (toelw)



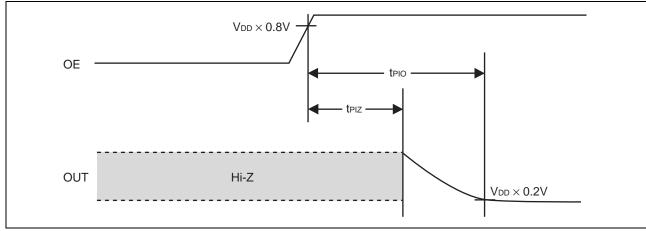
■ POWER SUPPLY RISE TIME (tvDR)



■ OUTPUT Hi-Z START TIME AFTER POWER DOWN ENTRY (tpez)

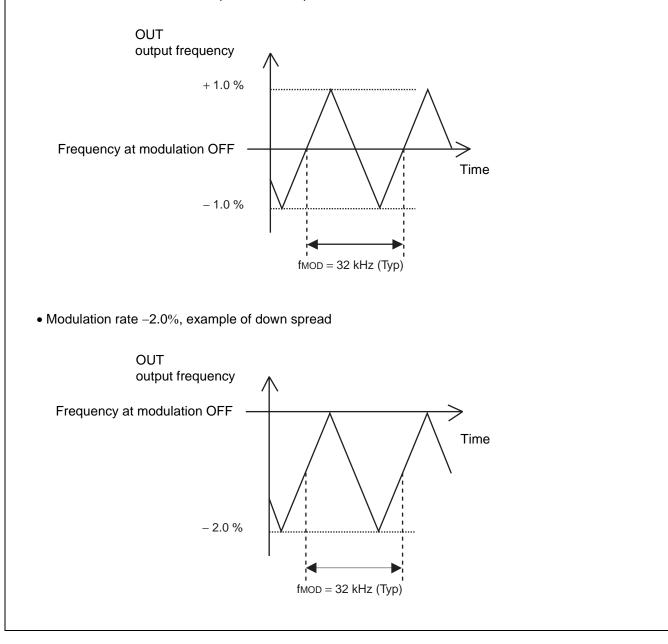


■ OUTPUT HI-Z RELEASE TIME • OUTPUT START TIME AFTER POWER DOWN EXIT (tpiz • tpio)

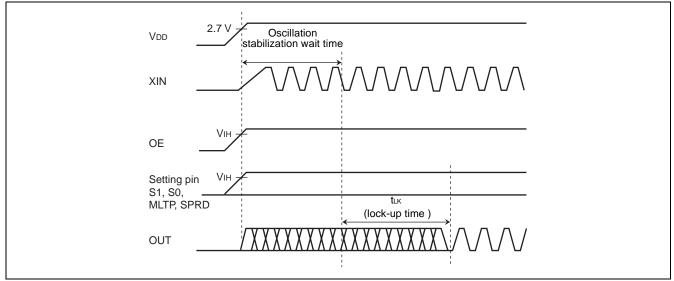


MODULATION WAVEFORM

 \bullet Modulation rate $\pm 1.0\%$, example of center spread



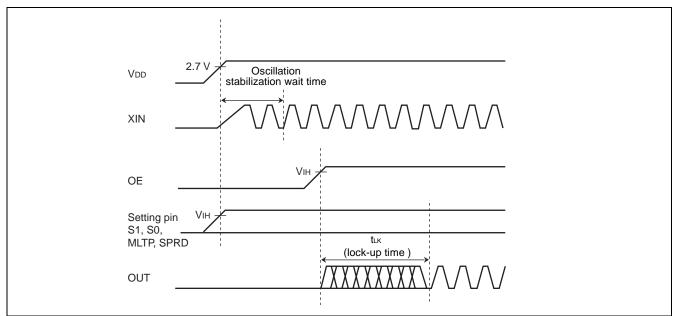
■ LOCK-UP TIME



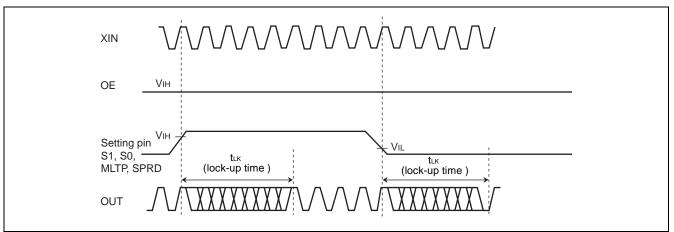
The clock stabilization wait time is required when the power is turned on.

If the OE pin is fixed at "H" level, the maximum time after the power is turned on until the required clock is obtained is (the stabilization wait time of input clock to XIN pin) + (the lock-up time " t_{LK} ").

For the stabilization wait time of input clock to the XIN pin, check the characteristics of the resonator or oscillator used.



If the OE pin is used for power down control, the required clock is obtained at most the lock-up time "tLK" after the OE pin goes "H" level.

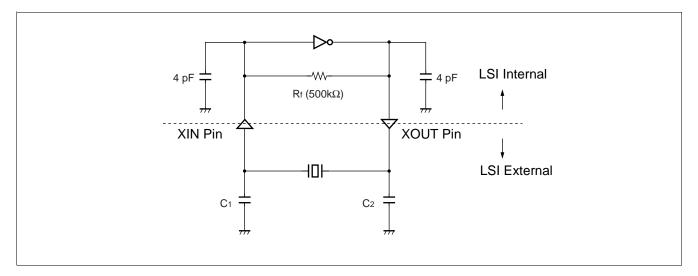


If the setting pin (S1, S0, MLTP, or SPRD) is used for control during normal operation, the required clock is obtained at most the lock-up time "tLk" after the level at the pin is determined.

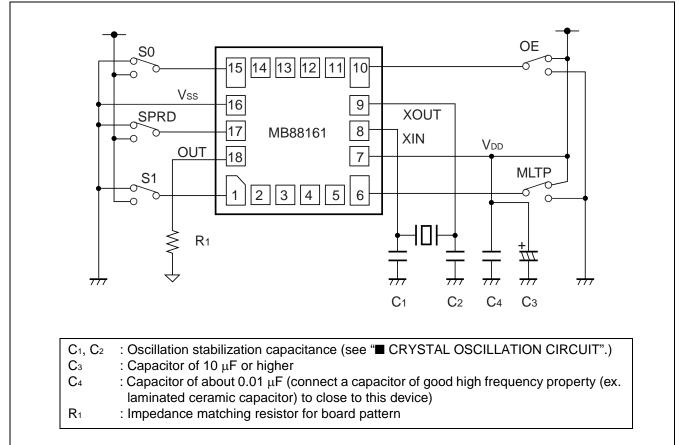
Note : The wait time for the clock signal output from the OUT pin to become stable is required after the IC is released from power-down mode by the OE pin or after another pin's setting is changed. During the period until the output clock signal becomes stable, the output frequency, output clock duty cycle, modulation period, and Cycle-Cycle jitter characteristic cannot be guaranteed. It is therefore advisable to perform processing such as cancelling a reset of the device at the succeeding stage after the lock-up time.

CRYSTAL OSCILLATION CIRCUIT

The figure below shows the connection example about general crystal resonator. The oscillation circuit has the built-in feedback resistor ($500k\Omega$) and oscillation stabilization capacitance (4 pF). Because the value of oscillation stabilization capacitance must be adjusted to the most suitable value of individual oscillator, add the capacitance (C1 and C2) to LSI external if necessary.



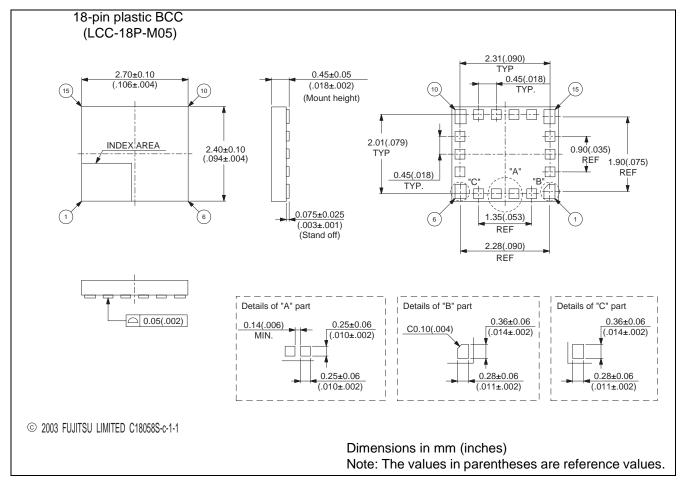
■ INTERCONNECTION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE



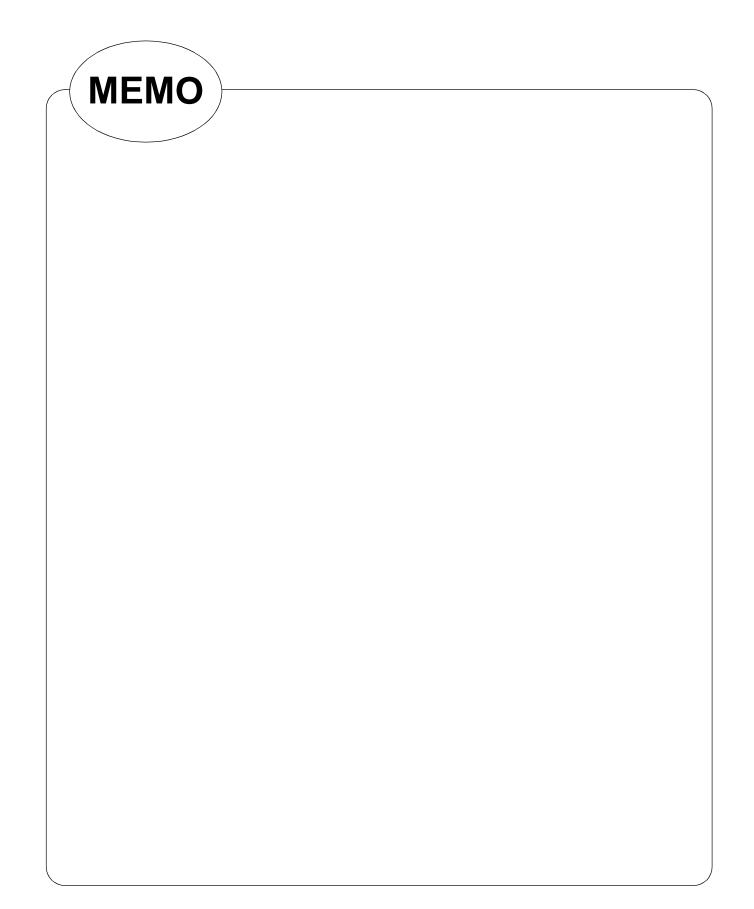
■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part no.	Package	Emboss taping
MB88161PVB-G-EFE1	18-pin plastic BCC	EF type
MB88161PVB-G-ERE1	(LCC-18P-M05)	ER type

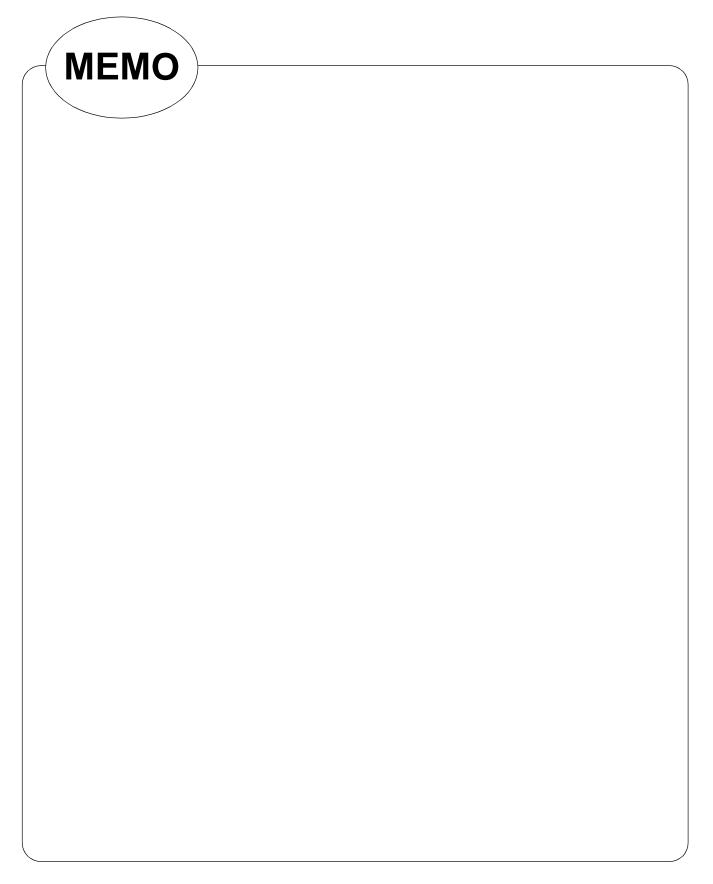
■ PACKAGE DIMENSION



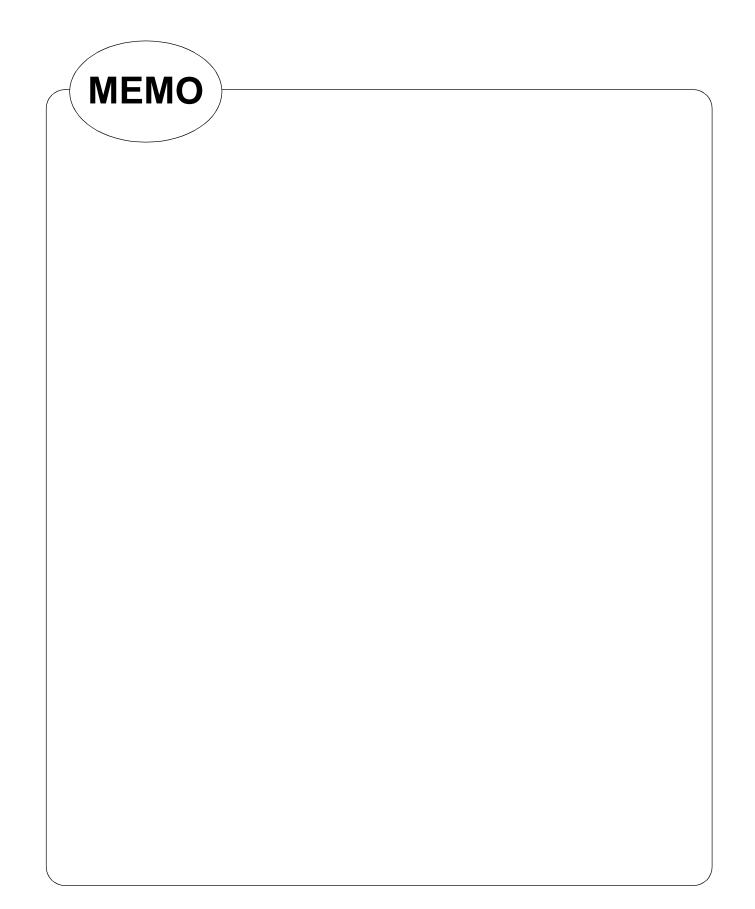












FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS LIMITED

Shinjuku Dai-Ichi Seimei Bldg. 7-1, Nishishinjuku 2-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 163-0722, Japan Tel: +81-3-5322-3347 Fax: +81-3-5322-3387 http://jp.fujitsu.com/fml/en/

For further information please contact:

North and South America

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC. 1250 E. Arques Avenue, M/S 333 Sunnyvale, CA 94085-5401, U.S.A. Tel: +1-408-737-5600 Fax: +1-408-737-5999 http://www.fma.fujitsu.com/

Europe

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS EUROPE GmbH Pittlerstrasse 47, 63225 Langen, Germany Tel: +49-6103-690-0 Fax: +49-6103-690-122 http://emea.fujitsu.com/microelectronics/

Korea

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS KOREA LTD. 206 KOSMO TOWER, 1002 Daechi-Dong, Kangnam-Gu,Seoul 135-280 Korea Tel: +82-2-3484-7100 Fax: +82-2-3484-7111 http://www.fmk.fujitsu.com/

Asia Pacific

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE LTD. 151 Lorong Chuan, #05-08 New Tech Park, Singapore 556741 Tel: +65-6281-0770 Fax: +65-6281-0220 http://www.fujitsu.com/sg/services/micro/semiconductor/

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS SHANGHAI CO., LTD. Rm.3102, Bund Center, No.222 Yan An Road(E), Shanghai 200002, China Tel: +86-21-6335-1560 Fax: +86-21-6335-1605 http://cn.fujitsu.com/fmc/

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS PACIFIC ASIA LTD. 10/F., World Commerce Centre, 11 Canton Road Tsimshatsui, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: +852-2377-0226 Fax: +852-2376-3269 http://cn.fujitsu.com/fmc/tw

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