



Power line chokes

Current-compensated D core double chokes
250 V AC, 0.7 ... 4.6 A, 3.3 ... 68 mH

Series/Type: B82734R/W

Date: August 2010


Current-compensated D core double chokes

Rated voltage 250 V AC
Rated current 0.7 A to 4.6 A
Rated inductance 3.3 mH to 68 mH

Construction

- Current-compensated double choke
- Closed rectangular ferrite core
- Closed polycarbonate coil former (UL 94 V-0)
- Without encapsulation
- 2-section winding
- Clearance and creepage distances ≥ 3 mm

Features

- High resonance frequency due to 2-section winding
- Approx. 1% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Low leakage due to closed core shape
- High pulse strength
- Low whirring noise
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2)
- UL¹⁾ and ENEC/VDE approvals 
- Recyclable owing to omission of encapsulation and glue
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Switch-mode power applications
- Electronic ballasts for lamps

Terminals

- Base material CuNi18Zn20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped
- Pins 0.7 × 0.7 (mm)
- Lead spacing 15 × 12.5 (mm)

Marking

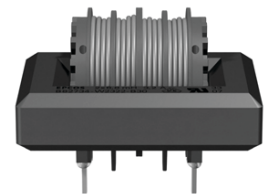
Manufacturer, rated inductance, rated current, ordering code, approval symbols, date of manufacture (WWYY)

Delivery mode

Blister tray in cardboard box



B82734R

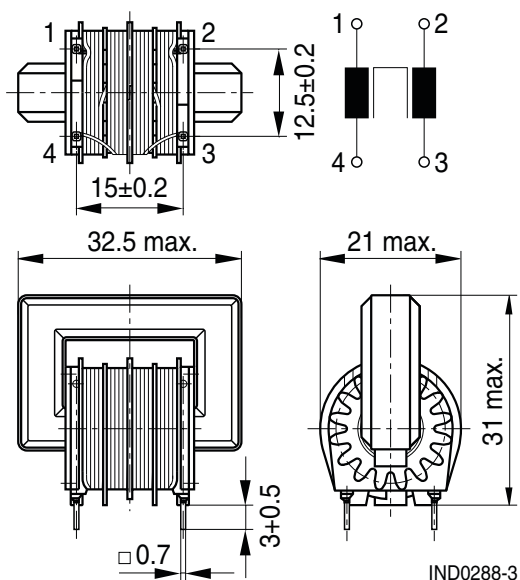


B82734W

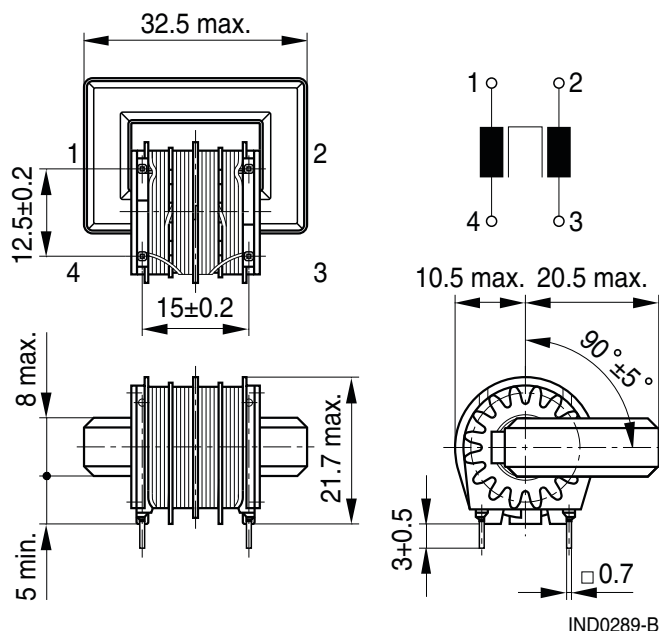
1) UL approval with 300 V AC.

Dimensional drawings and pin configurations

Vertical version (B82734R)



Horizontal version (B82734W)





Tolerances to ISO 2768-C unless otherwise noted.

Dimensions in mm

Technical data and measuring conditions

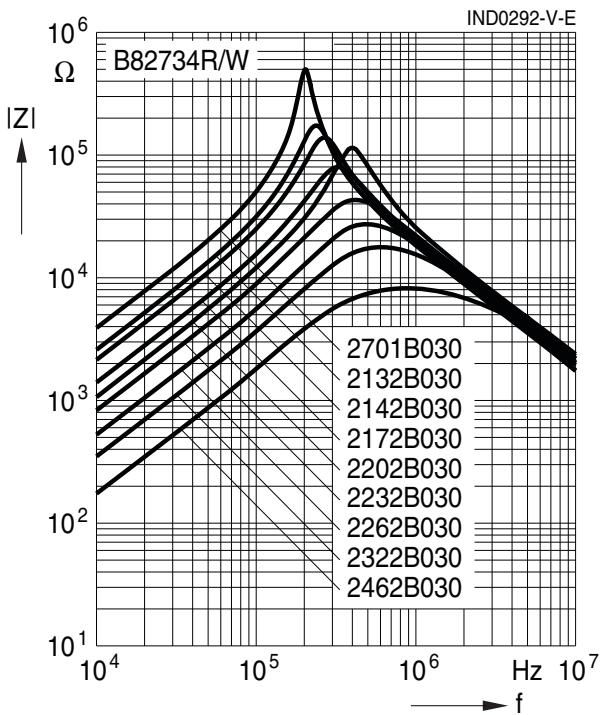
Rated voltage V_R	250 V AC (50/60 Hz)
Test voltage V_{test}	1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)
Rated temperature T_R	40 °C / 60 °C
Rated current I_R	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature
Rated inductance L_R	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 0.1 mA, 20 °C Inductance is specified per winding.
Inductance tolerance	-30%/+50% at 20 °C
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I_R , 20 °C
Stray inductance $L_{stray,typ}$	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 5 mA, 20 °C, typical values
DC resistance R_{typ}	Measured at 20 °C, typical values, specified per winding
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: (245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)
Storage conditions (packaged)	-25 °C ... +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH
Weight	Approx. 30 g
Approvals	EN 60938-2, UL 1283

Characteristics and ordering codes

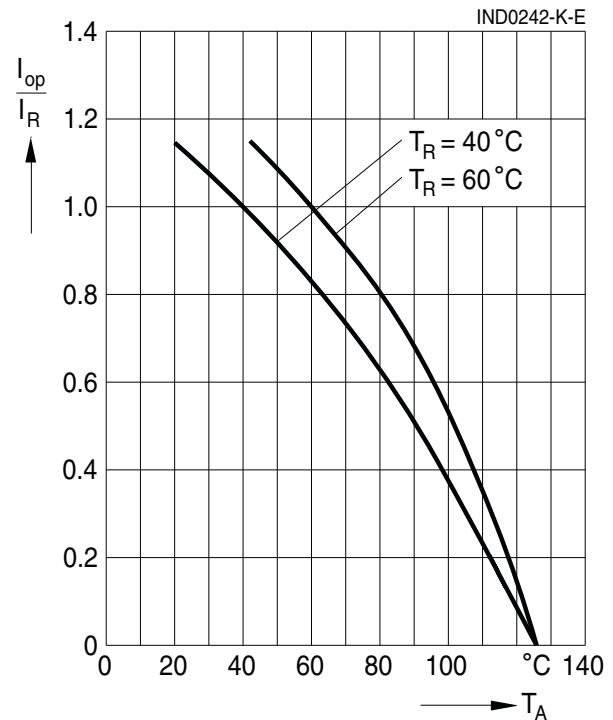
I_R A	L_R mH	$L_{stray,typ}$ μ H	R_{typ} m Ω	T_R $^{\circ}$ C	Ordering code		Approvals	
					Vertical version	Horizontal version		
0.7	68	410	1450	60	B82734R2701B030	B82734W2701B030	×	×
1.3	47	250	560	40	B82734R2132B030	B82734W2132B030	×	×
1.4	39	210	460	40	B82734R2142B030	B82734W2142B030	×	×
1.7	27	140	320	40	B82734R2172B030	B82734W2172B030	×	×
2.0	20	105	240	40	B82734R2202B030	B82734W2202B030	×	×
2.3	15	80	185	40	B82734R2232B030	B82734W2232B030	×	×
2.6	10	53	130	40	B82734R2262B030	B82734W2262B030	×	×
3.2	6.8	35	85	40	B82734R2322B030	B82734W2322B030	×	×
4.6	3.3	17	46	40	B82734R2462B030	B82734W2462B030	×	×

× = approval granted

Impedance $|Z|$ versus frequency f
measured with windings in parallel at 20 $^{\circ}$ C
typical values



Current derating I_{op}/I_R
versus ambient temperature T_A



Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there. Derating must be applied in case the ambient temperature in the application exceeds the rated temperature of the component.
 - Ensure the operation temperature (which is the sum of the ambient temperature and the temperature rise caused by losses / self-heating) of the component in the application does not exceed the maximum value specified in the climatic category.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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