Quad 150 MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier

## FEATURES

Single AD8041 and Dual AD8042 Also Available
Fully Specified at +3 V, +5 V , and $\pm 5$ V Supplies
Output Swings to Within 25 mV of Either Rail
Input Voltage Range Extends 200 mV Below Ground
No Phase Reversal with Inputs 1 V Beyond Supplies
Low Power of $2.75 \mathrm{~mA} /$ Amplifier
High Speed and Fast Settling on +5 V
$150 \mathrm{MHz}-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ Bandwidth ( $\mathrm{G}=+1$ )
170 V/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ Slew Rate
40 ns Settling Time to 0.1\%
Good Video Specifications ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega, \mathrm{G}=+2$ )
Gain Flatness of 0.1 dB to 12 MHz
0.06\% Differential Gain Error
$0.15^{\circ}$ Differential Phase Error
Low Distortion
-68 dBc Total Harmonic @ 5 MHz
Outstanding Load Drive Capability
Drives 30 mA 0.5 V from Supply Rails
APPLICATIONS
Active Filters
Video Switchers
Distribution Amplifiers
A/D Driver
Professional Cameras
CCD Imaging Systems
Ultrasound Equipment (Multichannel)

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The AD8044 is a quad, low power, voltage feedback, high speed amplifier designed to operate on $+3 \mathrm{~V},+5 \mathrm{~V}$, or $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies. It has true single-supply capability with an input voltage range extending 200 mV below the negative rail and within 1 V of the positive rail.


Figure 1. Output Swing: Gain $=-1, R_{L}=2 k \Omega$

## CONNECTION DIAGRAM <br> 14-Lead Plastic DIP and SOIC



The output voltage swing extends to within 25 mV of each rail, providing the maximum output dynamic range. Additionally, it features gain flatness of 0.1 dB to 12 MHz , while offering differential gain and phase error of $0.04 \%$ and $0.22^{\circ}$ on a single +5 V supply. This makes the AD8044 useful for video electronics, such as cameras, video switchers, or any high speed portable equipment. The AD8044's low distortion and fast settling make it ideal for active filter applications.
The AD8044 offers low power supply current of 13.1 mA max and can run on a single +3.3 V power supply. These features are ideally suited for portable and battery-powered applications where size and power are critical.
The wide bandwidth of 150 MHz , along with $170 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ of slew rate on a single +5 V supply, make the AD8044 useful in many general-purpose, high speed applications where dual power supplies of up to $\pm 6 \mathrm{~V}$ and single supplies from +3 V to +12 V are needed. The AD8044 is available in 14-lead PDIP and SOIC.


Figure 2. Frequency Response: Gain $=+1, V_{S}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$

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| Parameter | Conditions | AD8044A |  |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE <br> -3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ p-p <br> Bandwidth for 0.1 dB Flatness <br> Slew Rate <br> Full Power Response <br> Settling Time to $1 \%$ <br> Settling Time to $0.1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{G}=+1 \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{G}=-1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=4 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p} \\ & \mathrm{G}=-1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step } \end{aligned}$ | 80 $140$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 12 \\ & 170 \\ & 26 \\ & 30 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |  | MHz <br> MHz <br> V/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> MHz <br> ns <br> ns |
| NOISE/DISTORTION PERFORMANCE <br> Total Harmonic Distortion <br> Input Voltage Noise <br> Input Current Noise <br> Differential Gain Error (NTSC) <br> Differential Phase Error (NTSC) <br> Crosstalk | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} p-\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{f}=5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{G}=+2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -68 \\ & 16 \\ & 850 \\ & 0.04 \\ & 0.22 \\ & -60 \end{aligned}$ |  | dB <br> $\mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ <br> $\mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ <br> \% <br> Degrees <br> dB |
| DC PERFORMANCE <br> Input Offset Voltage <br> Offset Drift <br> Input Bias Current <br> Input Offset Current Open-Loop Gain | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}^{-}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{MIN}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}} \end{aligned}$ | $82$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 8 \\ & 2 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 94 \\ & 88 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 8 \\ & \\ & 4.5 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 1.2 \end{aligned}$ | mV <br> mV <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ <br> dB <br> dB |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS <br> Input Resistance <br> Input Capacitance <br> Input Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.5 V | $80$ | $\begin{aligned} & 225 \\ & 1.6 \\ & -0.2 \text { to } 4 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS <br> Output Voltage Swing <br> Output Current <br> Short Circuit Current <br> Capacitive Load Drive | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\text {MIN }}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { Sourcing } \\ & \text { Sinking } \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \text { to } 4.75 \\ & 0.55 \text { to } 4.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.03 \text { to } 4.975 \\ & 0.075 \text { to } 4.91 \\ & 0.25 \text { to } 4.65 \\ & 30 \\ & 45 \\ & 85 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ |
| POWER SUPPLY <br> Operating Range <br> Quiescent Current <br> Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=0,+5 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 13.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE |  | -40 |  | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Conditions | AD8044A |  |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE <br> -3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ p-p <br> Bandwidth for 0.1 dB Flatness <br> Slew Rate <br> Full Power Response <br> Settling Time to $1 \%$ <br> Settling Time to $0.1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{G}=+1 \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{G}=-1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} p-\mathrm{p} \\ & \mathrm{G}=-1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step } \end{aligned}$ | $80$ $110$ | $\begin{aligned} & 135 \\ & 10 \\ & 150 \\ & 22 \\ & 35 \\ & 55 \end{aligned}$ |  | MHz <br> MHz <br> V/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> MHz <br> ns <br> ns |
| NOISE/DISTORTION PERFORMANCE <br> Total Harmonic Distortion <br> Input Voltage Noise <br> Input Current Noise <br> Differential Gain Error (NTSC) <br> Differential Phase Error (NTSC) <br> Crosstalk | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} p-\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{G}=-1, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \text { to } 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \text {, Input } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \text { to } 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \text {, Input } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{f}=5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{G}=+2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -48 \\ & 16 \\ & 600 \\ & 0.13 \\ & 0.3 \\ & -60 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{dB} \\ \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \\ \mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \\ \% \\ \text { Degrees } \\ \mathrm{dB} \end{array}$ |
| DC PERFORMANCE <br> Input Offset Voltage <br> Offset Drift <br> Input Bias Current <br> Input Offset Current <br> Open-Loop Gain | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}} \end{aligned}$ | $80$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 8 \\ & 2 \\ & \\ & 0.2 \\ & 92 \\ & 88 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.5 \\ & 7.5 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 1.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS <br> Input Resistance <br> Input Capacitance <br> Input Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.5 V | $76$ | $\begin{aligned} & 225 \\ & 1.6 \\ & -0.2 \text { to } 2 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ |  | $k \Omega$ <br> pF <br> V <br> dB |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS <br> Output Voltage Swing <br> Output Current <br> Short Circuit Current <br> Capacitive Load Drive | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \text { to } 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ <br> Sourcing <br> Sinking $\mathrm{G}=+2$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.17 \text { to } 2.82 \\ & 0.35 \text { to } 2.55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.025 \text { to } 2.98 \\ & 0.06 \text { to } 2.93 \\ & 0.15 \text { to } 2.75 \\ & 25 \\ & 30 \\ & 50 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ |  | V <br> V <br> V <br> mA <br> mA <br> mA <br> pF |
| POWER SUPPLY <br> Operating Range <br> Quiescent Current <br> Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=0,+3 \mathrm{~V},+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $3$ $70$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.5 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE |  | 0 |  | $+70$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Conditions | AD8044A |  |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE <br> -3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<0.5 \mathrm{~V} p-\mathrm{p}$ <br> Bandwidth for 0.1 dB Flatness <br> Slew Rate <br> Full Power Response <br> Settling Time to $0.1 \%$ <br> Settling Time to $0.01 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{G}=+1 \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{G}=-1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=8 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} p-\mathrm{p} \\ & \mathrm{G}=-1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 160 \\ & 15 \\ & 190 \\ & 29 \\ & 30 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |  | MHz <br> MHz <br> V/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> MHz <br> ns <br> ns |
| NOISE/DISTORTION PERFORMANCE <br> Total Harmonic Distortion <br> Input Voltage Noise <br> Input Current Noise <br> Differential Gain Error (NTSC) <br> Differential Phase Error (NTSC) <br> Crosstalk | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{G}=+2 \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{f}=5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{G}=+2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -72 \\ & 16 \\ & 900 \\ & 0.06 \\ & 0.15 \\ & -60 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \\ & \mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \\ & \% \\ & \text { Degrees } \\ & \mathrm{dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| DC PERFORMANCE <br> Input Offset Voltage <br> Offset Drift <br> Input Bias Current <br> Input Offset Current Open-Loop Gain | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}} \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}} \end{aligned}$ | 82 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4 \\ & 10 \\ & 2 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 96 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.5 \\ & 9 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 1.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS <br> Input Resistance <br> Input Capacitance <br> Input Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=-5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.5 V | 76 | $\begin{aligned} & 225 \\ & 1.6 \\ & -5.2 \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS <br> Output Voltage Swing <br> Output Current <br> Short Circuit Current <br> Capacitive Load Drive | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\text {MIN }}-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=-4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to }+4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { Sourcing } \\ & \text { Sinking } \\ & \mathrm{G}=+2 \end{aligned}$ | $-4.6 \text { to }+4.6$ | $\begin{aligned} & -4.97 \\ & -4.85 \\ & -4.5 \mathrm{t} \\ & 30 \\ & 60 \\ & 100 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |  | V <br> V <br> V <br> mA <br> mA <br> mA <br> pF |
| POWER SUPPLY <br> Operating Range <br> Quiescent Current <br> Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=-5,+5 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.5 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 13.6 \end{aligned}$ | V <br> mA <br> dB |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE |  | -40 |  | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Specifications subject to change without notice.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ${ }^{1}$



## MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION

The maximum power that can be safely dissipated by the AD8044 is limited by the associated rise in junction temperature. The maximum safe junction temperature for plastic encapsulated devices is determined by the glass transition temperature of the plastic, approximately $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Exceeding this limit temporarily may cause a shift in parametric performance due to a change in the stresses exerted on the die by the package. Exceeding a junction temperature of $+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for an extended period can result in device failure.

While the AD8044 is internally short-circuit protected, this may not be sufficient to guarantee that the maximum junction temperature $\left(+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ is not exceeded under all conditions. To ensure proper operation, it is necessary to observe the maximum power derating curves.


Figure 3. Maximum Power Dissipation vs. Temperature

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Temperature <br> Range | Package <br> Description | Package <br> Option |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AD8044AN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 14-Lead PDIP | $\mathrm{N}-14$ |
| AD8044AR-14 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 14-Lead SOIC | $\mathrm{R}-14$ |
| AD8044AR-14-REEL | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 14-Lead SOIC 13" REEL | $\mathrm{R}-14$ |
| AD8044AR-14-REEL7 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 14-Lead SOIC 7" REEL | $\mathrm{R}-14$ |
| AD8044ARZ-14* | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 14-Lead Plastic SOIC | $\mathrm{R}-14$ |
| AD8044ARZ-14-REEL* | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 14-Lead SOIC 13" REEL | $\mathrm{R}-14$ |
| AD8044ARZ-14-REEL7* | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 14-Lead SOIC 7" REEL | $\mathrm{R}-14$ |

* $\mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{Pb}$ free part


## CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the AD8016 features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

## 14-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line Package [PDIP] ( $\mathrm{N}-14$ )

Dimensions shown in inches and (millimeters)


CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES; MILLIMETER DIMENSIONS (IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF INCH EQUIVALENTS FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN

14-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC] Narrow Body
(R-14)
Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)


COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012AB
CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS
CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS
(IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN

