

# LMC660

## CMOS Quad Operational Amplifier

### General Description

The LMC660 CMOS Quad operational amplifier is ideal for operation from a single supply. It operates from +5V to +15.5V and features rail-to-rail output swing in addition to an input common-mode range that includes ground. Performance limitations that have plagued CMOS amplifiers in the past are not a problem with this design. Input  $V_{OS}$ , drift, and broadband noise as well as voltage gain into realistic loads (2 k $\Omega$  and 600 $\Omega$ ) are all equal to or better than widely accepted bipolar equivalents.

This chip is built with National's advanced Double-Poly Silicon-Gate CMOS process.

See the LMC662 datasheet for a dual CMOS operational amplifier with these same features.

### Features

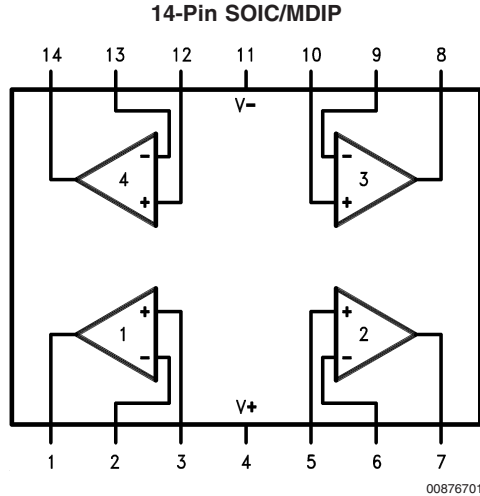
- Rail-to-rail output swing
- Specified for 2 k $\Omega$  and 600 $\Omega$  loads
- High voltage gain: 126 dB

- Low input offset voltage: 3 mV
- Low offset voltage drift: 1.3  $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
- Ultra low input bias current: 2 fA
- Input common-mode range includes  $V^-$
- Operating range from +5V to +15.5V supply
- $I_{SS} = 375 \mu\text{A}/\text{amplifier}$ ; independent of  $V^+$
- Low distortion: 0.01% at 10 kHz
- Slew rate: 1.1 V/ $\mu\text{s}$

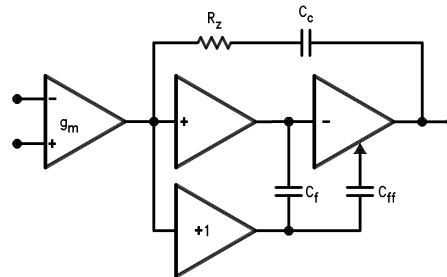
### Applications

- High-impedance buffer or preamplifier
- Precision current-to-voltage converter
- Long-term integrator
- Sample-and-Hold circuit
- Peak detector
- Medical instrumentation
- Industrial controls
- Automotive sensors

### Connection Diagram



LMC660 Circuit Topology (Each Amplifier)



00876704

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 3)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Differential Input Voltage	±Supply Voltage
Supply Voltage	16V
Output Short Circuit to V <sup>+</sup>	(Note 11)
Output Short Circuit to V <sup>-</sup>	(Note 1)
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
Storage Temp. Range	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage at Input/Output Pins	(V <sup>+</sup> ) + 0.3V, (V <sup>-</sup> ) - 0.3V
Current at Output Pin	±18 mA
Current at Input Pin	±5 mA
Current at Power Supply Pin	35 mA

Power Dissipation	(Note 2)
Junction Temperature	150°C
ESD tolerance (Note 8)	1000V

**Operating Ratings**

Temperature Range	
LMC660AI	-40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +85°C
LMC660C	0°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +70°C
Supply Voltage Range	4.75V to 15.5V
Power Dissipation	(Note 9)
Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> ) (Note 10)	
14-Pin SOIC	115°C/W
14-Pin MDIP	85°C/W

**DC Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise specified, all limits guaranteed for T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C. **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes. V<sup>+</sup> = 5V, V<sup>-</sup> = 0V, V<sub>CM</sub> = 1.5V, V<sub>O</sub> = 2.5V and R<sub>L</sub> > 1MΩ unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Conditions	Typ (Note 4)	LMC660AI	LMC660C	Units
			Limit (Note 4)	Limit (Note 4)	
Input Offset Voltage		1	3 <b>3.3</b>	6 <b>6.3</b>	mV max
Input Offset Voltage Average Drift		1.3			μV/°C
Input Bias Current		0.002	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	pA max
Input Offset Current		0.001	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	pA max
Input Resistance		>1			TeraΩ
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	0V ≤ V <sub>CM</sub> ≤ 12.0V V <sup>+</sup> = 15V	83	70 <b>68</b>	63 <b>62</b>	dB min
Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio	5V ≤ V <sup>+</sup> ≤ 15V V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5V	83	70 <b>68</b>	63 <b>62</b>	dB min
Negative Power Supply Rejection Ratio	0V ≤ V <sup>-</sup> ≤ -10V	94	84 <b>83</b>	74 <b>73</b>	dB min
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sup>+</sup> = 5V & 15V For CMRR ≥ 50 dB	-0.4	-0.1 <b>0</b>	-0.1 <b>0</b>	V max
		V <sup>+</sup> - 1.9	V <sup>+</sup> - 2.3 <b>V<sup>+</sup> - 2.5</b>	V <sup>+</sup> - 2.3 <b>V<sup>+</sup> - 2.4</b>	V min
Large Signal Voltage Gain	R <sub>L</sub> = 2 kΩ (Note 5) Sourcing	2000	440 <b>400</b>	300 <b>200</b>	V/mV min
		500	180 <b>120</b>	90 <b>80</b>	V/mV min
	R <sub>L</sub> = 600Ω (Note 5) Sourcing	1000	220 <b>200</b>	150 <b>100</b>	V/mV min
		250	100 <b>60</b>	50 <b>40</b>	V/mV min

## DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Unless otherwise specified, all limits guaranteed for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes.  $V^+ = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V^- = 0\text{V}$ ,  $V_{\text{CM}} = 1.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_O = 2.5\text{V}$  and  $R_L > 1\text{M}\Omega$  unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Conditions	Typ (Note 4)	LMC660AI	LMC660C	Units	
			Limit (Note 4)	Limit (Note 4)		
Output Swing	$V^+ = 5\text{V}$ $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to $V^+/2$	4.87	4.82 <b>4.79</b>	4.78 <b>4.76</b>	V min	
		0.10	0.15 <b>0.17</b>	0.19 <b>0.21</b>	V max	
	$V^+ = 5\text{V}$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ to $V^+/2$	4.61	4.41 <b>4.31</b>	4.27 <b>4.21</b>	V min	
		0.30	0.50 <b>0.56</b>	0.63 <b>0.69</b>	V max	
	$V^+ = 15\text{V}$ $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to $V^+/2$	14.63	14.50 <b>14.44</b>	14.37 <b>14.32</b>	V min	
		0.26	0.35 <b>0.40</b>	0.44 <b>0.48</b>	V max	
	$V^+ = 15\text{V}$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ to $V^+/2$	13.90	13.35 <b>13.15</b>	12.92 <b>12.76</b>	V min	
		0.79	1.16 <b>1.32</b>	1.45 <b>1.58</b>	V max	
	Output Current $V^+ = 5\text{V}$	Sourcing, $V_O = 0\text{V}$	22	16 <b>14</b>	13 <b>11</b>	mA min
		Sinking, $V_O = 5\text{V}$	21	16 <b>14</b>	13 <b>11</b>	mA min
	Output Current $V^+ = 15\text{V}$	Sourcing, $V_O = 0\text{V}$	40	28 <b>25</b>	23 <b>21</b>	mA min
		Sinking, $V_O = 13\text{V}$ (Note 11)	39	28 <b>24</b>	23 <b>20</b>	mA min
Supply Current	All Four Amplifiers $V_O = 1.5\text{V}$	1.5	2.2 <b>2.6</b>	2.7 <b>2.9</b>	mA max	

## AC Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, all limits guaranteed for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes.  $V^+ = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V^- = 0\text{V}$ ,  $V_{\text{CM}} = 1.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_O = 2.5\text{V}$  and  $R_L > 1\text{M}\Omega$  unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Conditions	Typ (Note 4)	LMC660AI	LMC660C	Units
			Limit (Note 4)	Limit (Note 4)	
Slew Rate	(Note 6)	1.1	0.8 <b>0.6</b>	0.8 <b>0.7</b>	V/ $\mu\text{s}$ min
Gain-Bandwidth Product		1.4			MHz
Phase Margin		50			Deg
Gain Margin		17			dB
Amp-to-Amp Isolation	(Note 7)	130			dB
Input Referred Voltage Noise	$F = 1\text{ kHz}$	22			$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Input Referred Current Noise	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	0.0002			$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

## AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Unless otherwise specified, all limits guaranteed for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes.  $V^+ = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V^- = 0\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_O = 2.5\text{V}$  and  $R_L > 1\text{M}\Omega$  unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Conditions	Typ (Note 4)	LMC660AI	LMC660C	Units
			Limit (Note 4)	Limit (Note 4)	
Total Harmonic Distortion	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $A_V = -10$ $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_O = 8\text{ V}_{PP}$ $V^+ = 15\text{V}$	0.01			%

**Note 1:** Applies to both single supply and split supply operation. Continuous short circuit operation at elevated ambient temperature and/or multiple Op Amp shorts can result in exceeding the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . Output currents in excess of  $\pm 30\text{ mA}$  over long term may adversely affect reliability.

**Note 2:** The maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ .

**Note 3:** Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. The guaranteed specifications apply only for the test conditions listed.

**Note 4:** Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm. Limits are guaranteed by testing or correlation.

**Note 5:**  $V^+ = 15\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CM} = 7.5\text{V}$  and  $R_L$  connected to  $7.5\text{V}$ . For Sourcing tests,  $7.5\text{V} \leq V_O \leq 11.5\text{V}$ . For Sinking tests,  $2.5\text{V} \leq V_O \leq 7.5\text{V}$ .

**Note 6:**  $V^+ = 15\text{V}$ . Connected as Voltage Follower with  $10\text{V}$  step input. Number specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rates.

**Note 7:** Input referred.  $V^+ = 15\text{V}$  and  $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$  connected to  $V^+/2$ . Each amp excited in turn with  $1\text{ kHz}$  to produce  $V_O = 13\text{ V}_{PP}$ .

**Note 8:** Human Body Model is  $1.5\text{ k}\Omega$  in series with  $100\text{ pF}$ .

**Note 9:** For operating at elevated temperatures the device must be derated based on the thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$  with  $P_D = (T_J - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ .

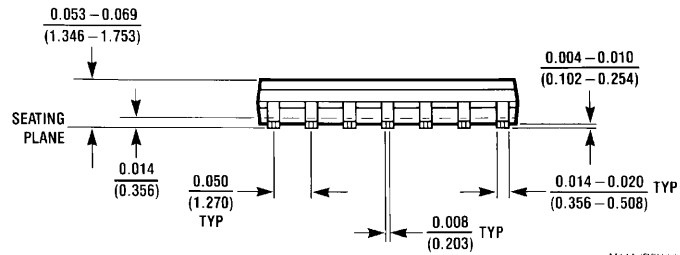
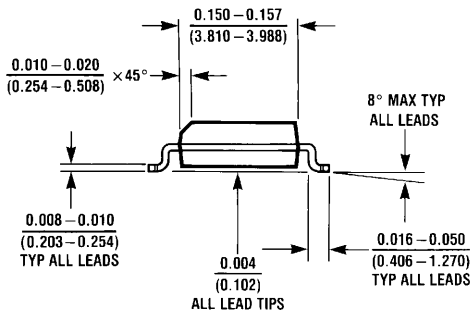
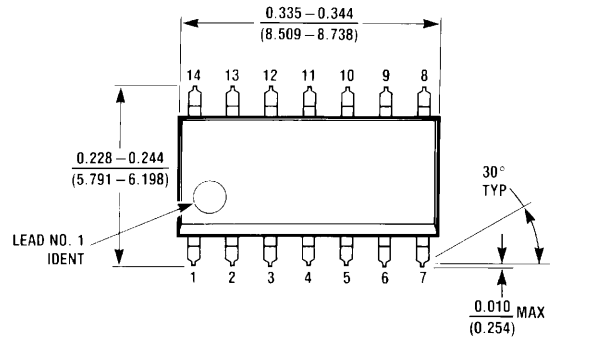
**Note 10:** All numbers apply for packages soldered directly into a PC board.

**Note 11:** Do not connect output to  $V^+$  when  $V^+$  is greater than  $13\text{V}$  or reliability may be adversely affected.

## Ordering Information

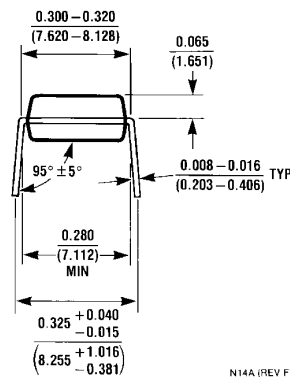
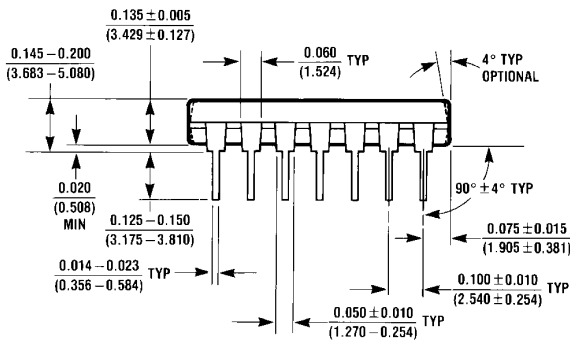
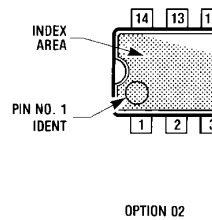
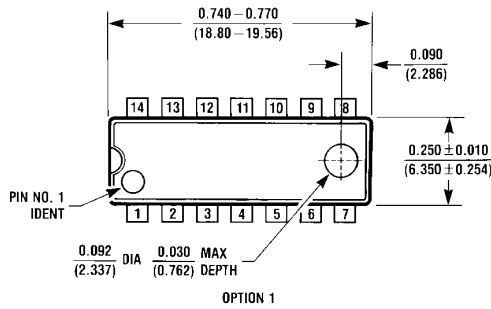
Package	Temperature Range		Transport Media	NSC Drawing
	Industrial $-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	Commercial $0^\circ\text{C}$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$		
14-Pin SOIC	LMC660AIM	LMC660CM	Rail	M14A
	LMC660AIMX	LMC660CMX	Tape and Reel	
14-Pin M DIP	LMC660AIN	LMC660CN	Rail	N14A

**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



M14A (REV H)

**14-Pin SOIC**  
NS Package Number M14A



N14A (REV F)

**14-Pin MDIP**  
NS Package Number N14A