

Low power JFET dual operational amplifiers

Features

- Very low power consumption : 200 μ A
- Wide common-mode (up to V_{CC}^+) and differential voltage ranges
- Low input bias and offset currents
- Output short-circuit protection
- High input impedance JFET input stage
- Internal frequency compensation
- Latch up free operation
- High slew rate : 3.5V/ μ s

Description

The TL062, TL062A and TL062B are high-speed JFET input single operational amplifiers. Each of these JFET input operational amplifiers incorporates well matched, high-voltage JFET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit.

The devices feature high slew rates, low input bias and offset currents, and low offset voltage temperature coefficient.

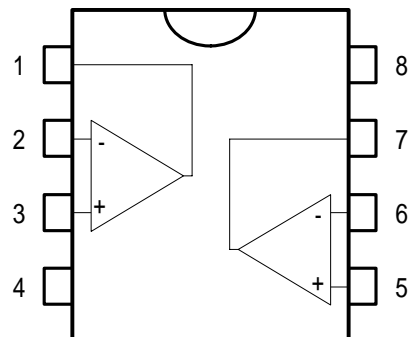


N
DIP8
(Plastic package)



D
SO-8
(Plastic micropackage)

Pin connections
(top view)



- 1 - Output 1
- 2 - Inverting input 1
- 3 - Non-inverting input 1
- 4 - V_{CC}^-
- 5 - Non-inverting input 2
- 6 - Inverting input 2
- 7 - Output 2
- 8 - V_{CC}^+

2 Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | | | Unit |
|-------------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| | | TL062M, AM, BM | TL062I, AI, BI | TL062C, AC, BC | |
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage ⁽¹⁾ | ±18 | | | V |
| V _i | Input voltage ⁽²⁾ | ±15 | | | V |
| V _{id} | Differential input voltage ⁽³⁾ | ±30 | | | V |
| P _{tot} | Power dissipation | 680 | | | mW |
| | Output short-circuit duration ⁽⁴⁾ | Infinite | | | |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range | -65 to +150 | -65 to +150 | -65 to +150 | °C |
| R _{thja} | Thermal resistance junction to ambient ^{(5) (6)} SO-8 DIP8 | | | | °C/W |
| | | 125 85 | | | |
| R _{thjc} | Thermal resistance junction to case ^{(5) (6)} SO-8 DIP8 | | | | °C/W |
| | | 40 41 | | | |
| ESD | HBM: human body model ⁽⁷⁾ | 900 | | | V |
| | MM: machine model ⁽⁸⁾ | 150 | | | V |
| | CDM: charged device model ⁽⁹⁾ | 1.5 | | | kV |

- All voltage values, except differential voltage, are with respect to the zero reference level (ground) of the supply voltages where the zero reference level is the midpoint between V_{CC}⁺ and V_{CC}⁻.
- The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 volts, whichever is less.
- Differential voltages are the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
- The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.
- Short-circuits can cause excessive heating and destructive dissipation.
- R_{th} are typical values.
- Human body model: 100pF discharged through a 1.5kΩ resistor between two pins of the device, done for all couples of pin combinations with other pins floating.
- Machine model: a 200pF cap is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged directly between two pins of the device with no external series resistor (internal resistor < 5Ω), done for all couples of pin combinations with other pins floating.
- Charged device model: all pins plus package are charged together to the specified voltage and then discharged directly to the ground.

Table 2. Operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | TL062M, AM, BM | TL062I, AI, BI | TL062C, AC, BC | Unit |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage range | 6 to 36 | | | V |
| T _{oper} | Operating free-air temperature range | -55 to +125 | -40 to +105 | 0 to +70 | °C |

3 Electrical characteristics

Table 3. $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$, $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | TL062M | | | TL062I | | | TL062C | | | Unit |
|-----------------|---|------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| V_{io} | Input offset voltage ($R_S = 50\Omega$) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 3 | 6 15 | | 3 | 6 9 | | 3 | 15 20 | mV |
| DV_{io} | Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage ($R_S = 50\Omega$) | | 10 | | | 10 | | | 10 | | $\mu V/^{\circ}C$ |
| I_{io} | Input offset current ⁽¹⁾ $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 5 | 100 20 | | 5 | 100 10 | | 5 | 200 5 | pA nA |
| I_{ib} | Input bias current ⁽¹⁾ $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 30 | 200 50 | | 30 | 200 20 | | 30 | 400 10 | pA nA |
| V_{icm} | Input common mode voltage range | ± 11.5 | +15 -12 | | ± 11.5 | +15 -12 | | ± 11 | +15 -12 | | V |
| V_{opp} | Output voltage swing ($R_L = 10k\Omega$) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | 20 20 | 27 | | 20 20 | 27 | | 20 20 | 27 | | V |
| A_{vd} | Large signal voltage gain $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_o = \pm 10V$, $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | 4 4 | 6 | | 4 4 | 6 | | 3 3 | 6 | | V/mV |
| GBP | Gain bandwidth product $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$ | | 1 | | | 1 | | | 1 | | MHz |
| R_i | Input resistance | | 10^{12} | | | 10^{12} | | | 10^{12} | | Ω |
| CMR | Common mode rejection ratio $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 80 | 86 | | 80 | 86 | | 70 | 76 | | dB |
| SVR | Supply voltage rejection ratio $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 80 | 95 | | 80 | 95 | | 70 | 95 | | dB |
| I_{CC} | Supply current, no load $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$, no load, no signal | | 200 | 250 | | 200 | 250 | | 200 | 250 | μA |
| V_{o1}/V_{o2} | Channel separation $A_v = 100$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ | | 120 | | | 120 | | | 120 | | dB |
| P_D | Total power consumption $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$, no load, no signal | | 6 | 7.5 | | 6 | 7.5 | | 6 | 7.5 | mW |
| SR | Slew rate $V_i = 10V$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $A_v = 1$ | 1.5 | 3.5 | | 1.5 | 3.5 | | 1.5 | 3.5 | | V/ μs |

Table 3. $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$, $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ (unless otherwise specified) (continued)

| Symbol | Parameter | TL062M | | | TL062I | | | TL062C | | | Unit |
|----------|--|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|------------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| t_r | Rise time $V_i = 20mV$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $A_v = 1$ | | 0.2 | | | 0.2 | | | 0.2 | | μs |
| K_{ov} | Overshoot factor (see Figure 15) $V_i = 20mV$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $A_v = 1$ | | 10 | | | 10 | | | 10 | | % |
| e_n | Equivalent input noise voltage $R_S = 100\Omega$, $f = 1kHz$ | | 42 | | | 42 | | | 42 | | $\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$ |

1. The input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

Table 4. $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$, $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | TL062AC, AI, AM | | | TL062BC, BI, BM | | | Unit |
|-----------|--|-----------------|------------|----------|-----------------|------------|----------|------------------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| V_{io} | Input offset voltage ($R_S = 50\Omega$) $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 3 | 6 7.5 | | 2 | 3 5 | mV |
| DV_{io} | Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage ($R_S = 50\Omega$) | | 10 | | | 10 | | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |
| I_{io} | Input offset current ⁽¹⁾ $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 5 | 100 3 | | 5 | 100 3 | pA nA |
| I_{ib} | Input bias current ⁽¹⁾ $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 30 | 200 7 | | 30 | 200 7 | nA |
| V_{icm} | Input common mode voltage range | ± 11.5 | +15 -12 | | ± 11.5 | +15 -12 | | |
| V_{opp} | Output voltage swing ($R_L = 10k\Omega$) $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | 20 20 | 27 | | 20 20 | 27 | | V |
| A_{vd} | Large signal voltage gain $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_o = \pm 10V$, $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | 4 4 | 6 | | 4 4 | 6 | | V/mV |
| GBP | Gain bandwidth product $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$ | | 1 | | | 1 | | MHz |
| R_i | Input resistance | | 10^{12} | | | 10^{12} | | Ω |
| CMR | Common mode rejection ratio $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 80 | 86 | | 80 | 86 | | dB |

Table 4. $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$, $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise specified) (continued)

| Symbol | Parameter | TL062AC, AI, AM | | | TL062BC, BI, BM | | | Unit |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|------|------|-----------------|------|------|------------------------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| SVR | Supply voltage rejection ratio $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 80 | 95 | | 80 | 95 | | dB |
| I_{CC} | Supply current, no load $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$, no load, no signal | | 200 | 250 | | 200 | 250 | μA |
| V_{o1}/V_{o2} | Channel separation $A_v = 100$, $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ | | 120 | | | 120 | | |
| P_D | Total power consumption $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$, no load, no signal | | 6 | 7.5 | | 6 | 7.5 | mW |
| SR | Slew rate $V_i = 10V$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $A_v = 1$ | 1.5 | 3.5 | | 1.5 | 3.5 | | $V/\mu s$ |
| t_r | Rise time $V_i = 20mV$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $A_v = 1$ | | 0.2 | | | 0.2 | | μs |
| K_{ov} | Overshoot factor (see Figure 15) $V_i = 20mV$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$, $A_v = 1$ | | 10 | | | 10 | | % |
| e_n | Equivalent input noise voltage $R_S = 100\Omega$, $f = 1kHz$ | | 42 | | | 42 | | $\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$ |

1. The input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

Figure 20. DIP8 package mechanical data

| Ref. | Dimensions | | | | | |
|------|-------------|------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| | Millimeters | | | Inches | | |
| | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| A | | | 5.33 | | | 0.210 |
| A1 | 0.38 | | | 0.015 | | |
| A2 | 2.92 | 3.30 | 4.95 | 0.115 | 0.130 | 0.195 |
| b | 0.36 | 0.46 | 0.56 | 0.014 | 0.018 | 0.022 |
| b2 | 1.14 | 1.52 | 1.78 | 0.045 | 0.060 | 0.070 |
| c | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.36 | 0.008 | 0.010 | 0.014 |
| D | 9.02 | 9.27 | 10.16 | 0.355 | 0.365 | 0.400 |
| E | 7.62 | 7.87 | 8.26 | 0.300 | 0.310 | 0.325 |
| E1 | 6.10 | 6.35 | 7.11 | 0.240 | 0.250 | 0.280 |
| e | | 2.54 | | | 0.100 | |
| eA | | 7.62 | | | 0.300 | |
| eB | | | 10.92 | | | 0.430 |
| L | 2.92 | 3.30 | 3.81 | 0.115 | 0.130 | 0.150 |

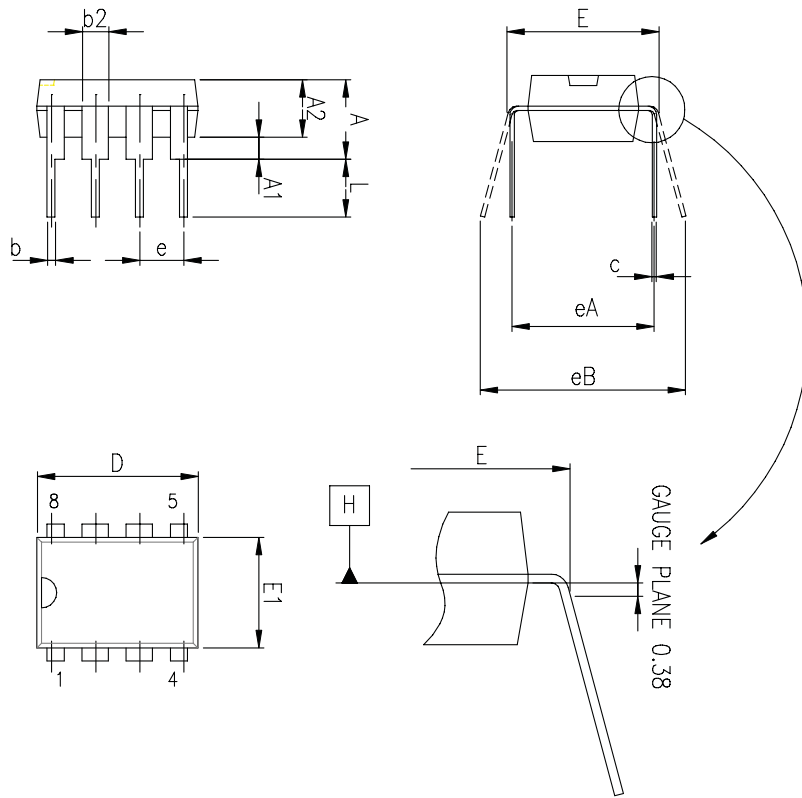
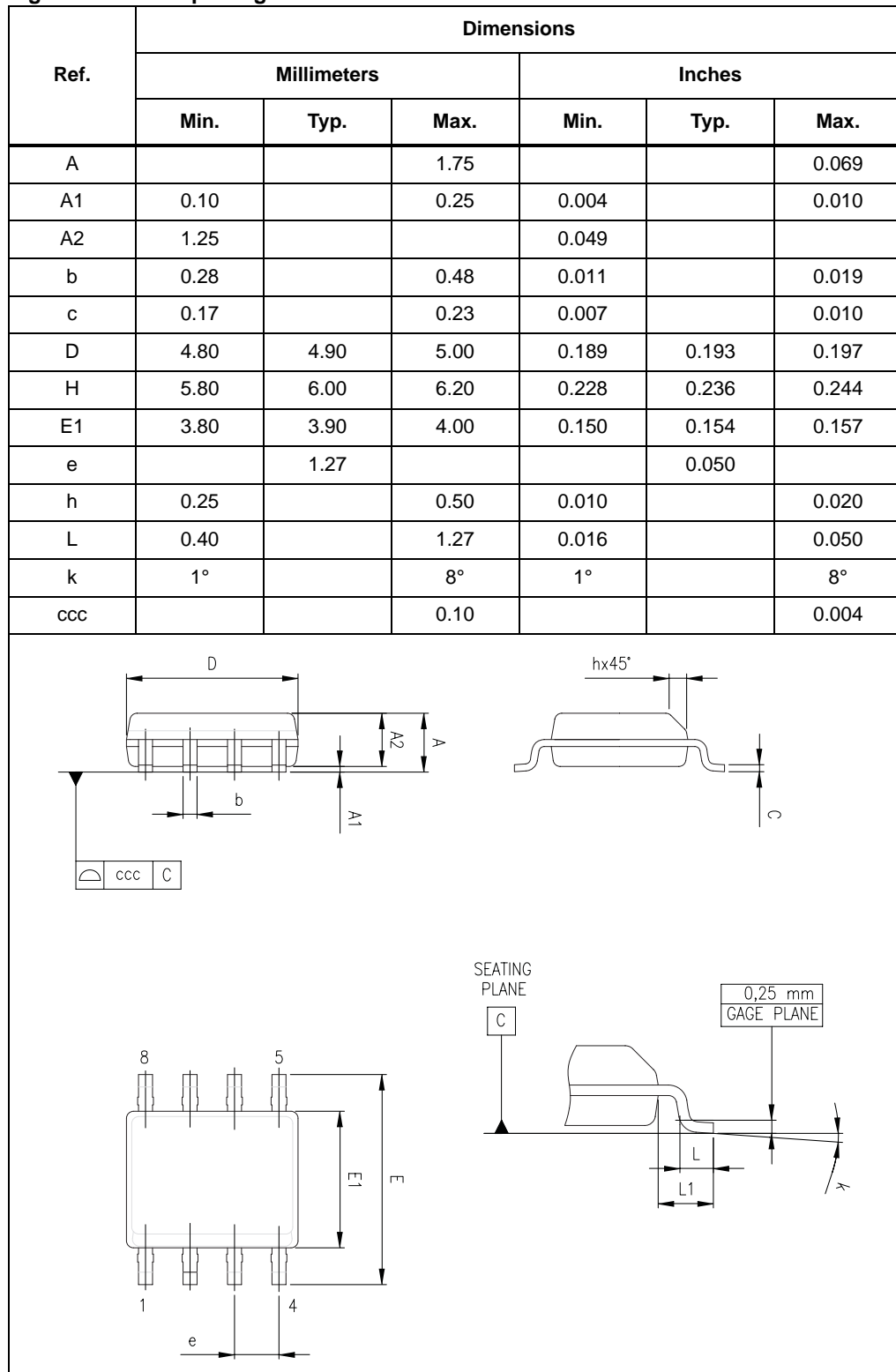


Figure 21. SO-8 package mechanical data



6 Ordering information

Table 5. Order codes

| Part number | Temperature range | Package | Packing | Marking |
|---|-------------------|---------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| TL062MN TL062AMN TL062BMN | -55°C, +125°C | DIP8 | Tube | TL062MN TL062AMN TL062BMN |
| TL062MD/MDT TL062AMD/AMDT TL062BMD/BMDT | | SO-8 | Tube or tape & reel | 062M 062AM 062BM |
| TL062IN TL062AIN TL062BIN | -40°C, +105°C | DIP8 | Tube | TL062IN TL062AIN TL062BIN |
| TL062ID/IDT TL062AID/AIDT TL062BID/BIDT | | SO-8 | Tube or tape & reel | 062I 062AI 062BI |
| TL062CN TL062ACN TL062BCN | 0°C, +70°C | DIP8 | Tube | TL062CN TL062ACN TL062BCN |
| TL062CD/CDT TL062ACD/ACDT TL062BCD/BCDT | | SO-8 | Tube or tape & reel | 062C 062AC 062BC |