

harbus° 64	Page
VMEbus systems	02.02
harbus° 64	
System description	02.03
Technical characteristics	02.10
Male connectors	02.11
Female connectors	02.12
Pin shrouds	02.16
Application examples	02.17



The past 20 years the VMEbus has reached a dominant position for industrial busses with a number of suppliers.

Despite numerous new bus systems based on the rapid changes in chip technology, VMEbus systems offer significant advantages such as their robustness, reliability and increased availability of processor, memory and I/O cards.

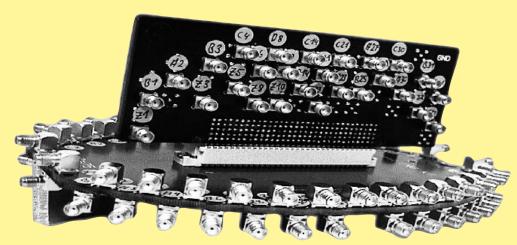
Additional advantages appear under real-time conditions, where unforeseen events have to be managed. This is realised with the program interrupt concept and variable control that closely monitors the bus system.



With the increase in processing speeds and data transmission rates, 3 row DIN 41612 connectors have reached their limit, so the VME standard needs to be enhanced further.

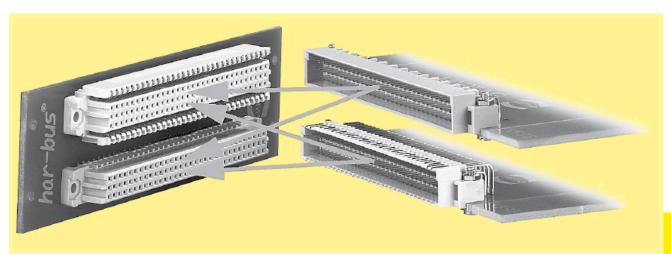
When VME architecture was increased from 8-bit to 64-bit and data transmission rates up to 160 Mbyte/s (VME 64x), HARTING introduced *harbus*° 64 with 160 pins. This Eurocard connector is 100 % backwards compatible to existing 3 row connectors with 96 contacts, therefore old can plug into new.

To offer the best design possible from the start, HARTING developed spice models that were later certified via signal integrity measurements of the connector.



High precision slot structure with VME pinning for connector characterisation.



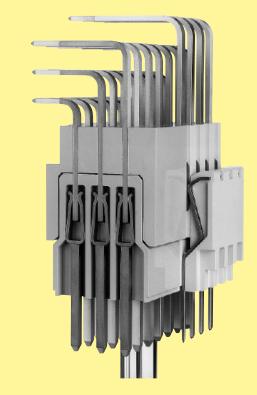


# **Backward compatibility**

The design of harbus 64 female connectors allows mating of any combinations of the 5 or 3 row versions without mechanical interference, thus making it possible for users to upgrade and maintain existing systems at lower costs. It is also possible to mate 5 row male connectors with 3 row female connectors.

The feature of backward compatibility allows a gradual upgrade of existing Eurocard based systems without the additional cost of a complete system redesign. It is not necessary to replace conventional 96 pin based boards as they remain pluggable into the 160 pin based systems.

Not only VMEbus, but also existing proprietary bus systems for which 3 row 96 pin connectors are no longer performance sufficient, harbus 64 provides the opportunity to adapt the system economically without a complete redesign to a new bus architecture.



# **harbus** 64 - five rows - 160 poles

Two additional rows of contacts in the harbus 64 connector offer new system features:

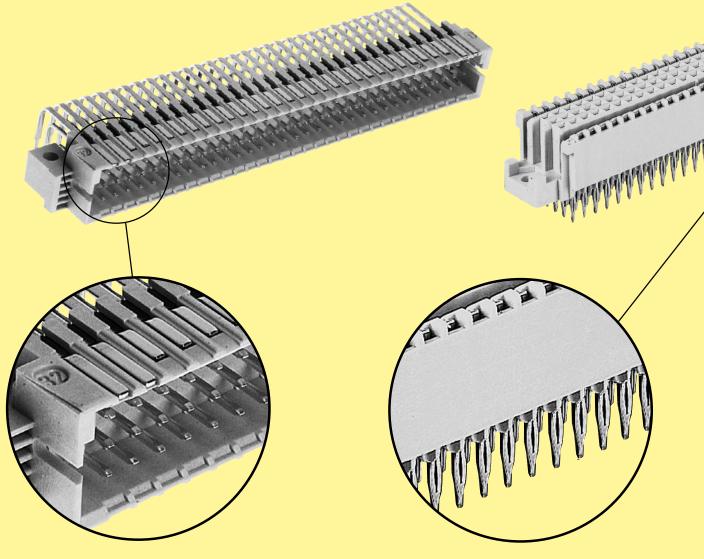
- Additional contacts for I/O and system upgrade
- New voltage supplies for 3.3 V and 48 V system components
- Identifying locations of system components and the bus length. "Plug & Play"
- Improved signal/ground ratio for reliable signal data transfer at rates up to 320 MByte/s
- Live Insertion for replacing processor or memory cards without closing down the system
- User defined pins for test and maintenance 02 bus lines



# The advantages of harbus 64 in detail

User-defined pins in the outer rows can be used for application specific functions such as additional I/O. Configured as a shield to provide larger ground return paths, they assure for data transfer rates up to 320 MByte/s.

Proprietary bus systems can utilise the new contact rows to optimise signal-to-ground ratios and improve system speed.

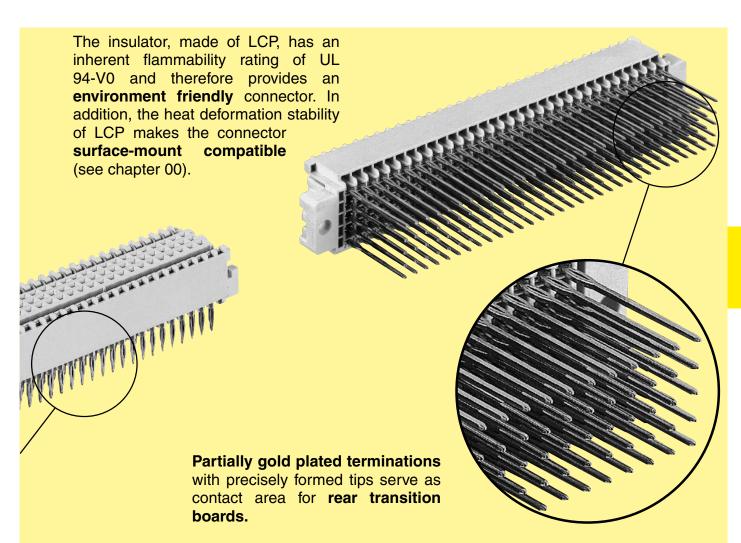


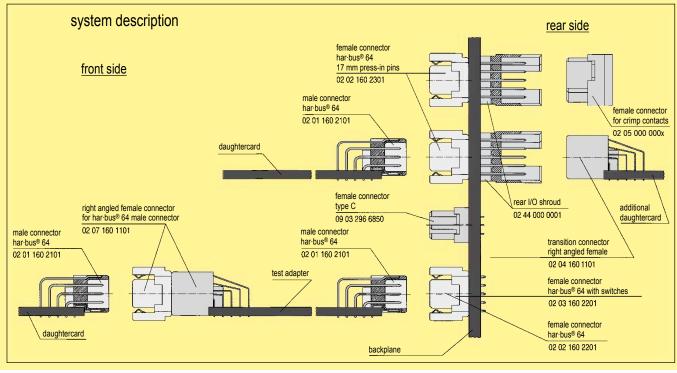
Four preleading contacts (1.5 mm) serve to pre-load the transmit and receive logic so that the bus will not experience glitches 02 during live insertion of new cards into the backplane.

Backplane connector terminations are designed in solderless press-in technology.

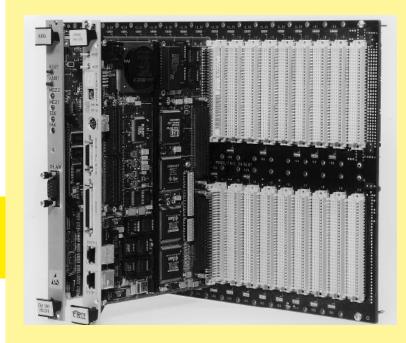
The connector can be installed without any special tooling using economical flat dies for high speed insertion.











As a typical multiprocessor bus, VME has to distribute processor information continuously according to the right priorities.

This is done through the well known daisy-chain lines.

The VME protocol requests 5 daisy-chains on position 1 of every backplane.

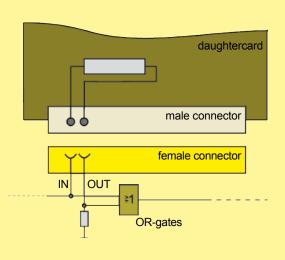
These lines are defined to go through every daughter card.

Therefore, in case of unloaded card slots the signal have to be bridged across the connector.

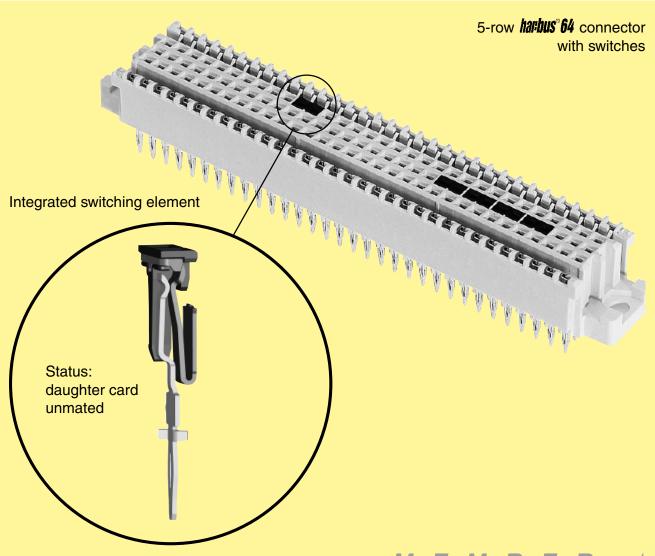
### **Bridging variants:**

- 1. The empty card slots may be assembled with dummy cards, that bridge the daisy-chain lines.
- 2. Bridging can be achieved by inserting 5 jumpers on the backplane manually.
- 3. Bridging by using IC's with internal integration OR the function may accept automatic daisychaining.
- 4. The new 5-row harbus 64 connector with switches allows an automatic switching. In the case of an unmated daughter card the connector bridges the signals at positions a21-22, b4-5, b6-7, b8-9 and b10-11. The switch elements open automatically when the daughter card is mated, so that the daughter card accepts the ongoing signal daisy-chain.









# **Advantages:**

- Passive backplane; no active components assembled
- No additional space required, due to integrated switching function inside the connector
- No jumpers on the backplane
- User friendly regarding maintenance and repairing
- Automatically daisy-chaining through mating/unmating the daughter card
- High MTBF value
- No additional, manual bridging necessary
- Less assembly cost, no special tooling required





Number of contacts 160

Contact spacing (mm) 2.54

Working current

1 A at 70 °C
and all contacts
are loaded

see current carrying capacity chart

### Clearance and creepage distances

minimal clear	distance in mm			
and creepage d	rows a, b, c	rows z, d	female angled	
between two rows	clearance	1.2	1.2	0.6
between two rows	creepage	1.2	1.2	0.6
between two contacts	clearance	1.2	1.0	0.8
(in a row)	creepage	1.2	1.0	0.8

#### Working voltage

The working voltage also depends on the clearance and creepage dimensions of the pcb itself and the associated wiring according to the safety regulations of the equipment Explanations see chapter 00

Test voltage U<sub>r.m.s.</sub> Contact resistance

1 kV

rows a, b, c rows z, d

 $\leq$  20 m $\Omega$  $\leq$  30 m $\Omega$ 

Insulation resistance

 $\geq$  10<sup>10</sup>  $\Omega$  acc. to IEC 60512-2

### Temperature range

for press-in termination

- 55 °C ... + 125 °C - 40 °C ... + 105 °C acc. to IEC 60 512-11

During reflow soldering

max. + 240 °C for 20 s for SMC connectors

The higher temperature limit includes the local ambient and heating effects of the contacts under load

under load

#### Electrical termination

Solder pins for pcb termination  $\emptyset$  1.0  $\pm$  0.1 mm according to IEC 60 326-3

Crimp terminal 0.09 - 0.50 mm<sup>2</sup> Compliant press-in terminations

pcb thickness

≥ 1.6 mm

Recommended pcb holes for press-in technology

See recommendation page 00.25 in acc. to EN 60352-5

### Insertion and withdrawal force ≤ 160 N

### Materials

Mouldings

 Liquid Cristal Polymer (LCP), for male connectors, straight female connectors, UL 94-V0

 Thermoplastic resin glass-fibre filled, UL 94-V0

Copper alloy

Contacts

Contact surface

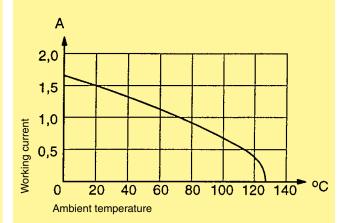
Contact zone

Plated acc. to performance level<sup>1)</sup>

### Current carrying capacity chart

The current carrying capacity is limited by maximum temperature of materials for inserts and contacts including terminals. The current capacity curve is valid for continuous, non interrupted current loaded contacts of connectors when simultaneous power on all contacts is given, without exceeding the maximum temperature.

Control and test procedures according to DIN IEC 60512



With selective loading higher currents can be transmitted. The requirements according to VITA 1.7 are fulfilled.

### harbus 64 with switches

Deviating technical characteristics for the switching elements.

minimal algorance and area	distance in mm		
minimal clearance and cree	switching positions		
habiia a hiia waiia	clearance	0.5	
between two rows	creepage	0.7	
between two contacts	clearance	0.5	
(in a row)	creepage	0.7	

### Contact resistance

Switching elements  $\leq$  60 m $\Omega$ 

### Insertion and withdrawal force

Complete connector ≤ 180 N

<sup>1)</sup> Explanation performance levels see chapter 00

# 160



## Male connectors, angled, SMC compatible

		0	Part No. Performance	e levels according to IEC 61 076-4-113
Identification	Number of contacts	Contact arrangement	2 Exp	lanation chapter 00 1
Male connector* without retention clip	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 01 160 2101	02 01 160 1101 02 01 160 1105 <sup>2)</sup>
with retention clip	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 01 160 2102	02 01 160 1102 02 01 160 1106 <sup>2)</sup>
Dimensions	025.01 025.01	87.5 - 6 31×2.54(=7) 2.54 32 85.2 - 6 88.9 - 6 94 - 6.2	78.74)  row  d b c position	mounting hole centre line  2, 93, 0, 25  2x 2, 54 (-5, 081)  8, 65 (4, 45)  without clip with clip
Board drillings Mounting side	(2.55) (-7.0.16)	32 all holes  (a) \$\Phi = 0.05 \]  (b) \$\Phi = 0.05 \]  (c) \$\Phi = 0.13 \]  (d) \$\Phi = 0.13 \]  (e) \$\Phi = 0.13 \]  (e) \$\Phi = 0.13 \]  (e) \$\Phi = 0.13 \]  (f) \$\Phi = 0.13 \]  (g) \$\Phi = 0.13	- Al	
Cross section of solder terminations	Row z: A = 0.21 - 0.25		Rows a, b, c: A = 0.29 - 0.33 mm <sup>2</sup>	Row d: A = 0.29 - 0.32 mm <sup>2</sup>

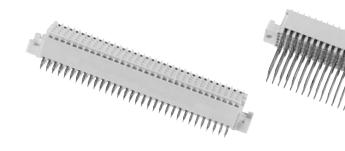
A = cross area of contacts

Dimensions in mm

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Pre-leading contacts at positions d1, d2, d31 and d32  $^{1)}$  Recommendation for variants with clip: Drillings can be enlarged up to 3.1 mm ø to reduce standard mounting force (see chapter 00)  $^{2)}$  Special variant with min. 1.27  $\mu m$  (50  $\mu$ inch) Au and SnPb on termination

Dimensions in mm

160

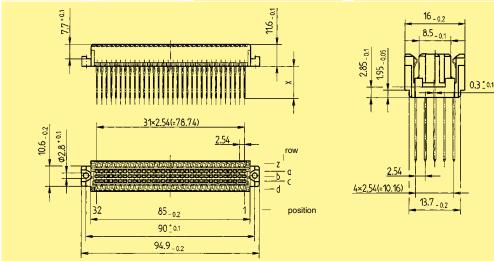


### Female connectors

Identification	Number of contacts	Contact arrangement	Part No. Performance levels according to IEC 61 076-4-113  Explanation chapter 00  2 1	
Female connectors, straight <sup>2)</sup> with press-in terminations				
with 3.7 mm fixing flange 4.5/5 mm 17 mm*	160 160 160	z, a, b, c, d z, a, b, c, d z, a, b, c, d	02 02 160 2201 02 02 160 2301	02 02 160 1601 02 02 160 1201 02 02 160 1301
without 5 mm fixing flange 17 mm*	160 160	z, a, b, c, d z, a, b, c, d	02 02 160 2202 02 02 160 2302	02 02 160 1202 02 02 160 1302

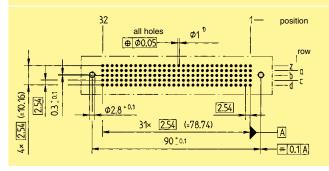
### **Dimensions**

har-bus 64



Part number	Dimension "X" for row				
raitifullibei	Z	a	<sub> </sub> b	С	d
02 02 160 1601	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
02 02 160 2201 / 02 02 160 1201	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0
02 02 160 2301 / 02 02 160 1301	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
02 02 160 2202 / 02 02 160 1202	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
02 02 160 2302 / 02 02 160 1302	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0

### **Board drillings** Mounting side



02 12

Tooling see chapter 30 <sup>1)</sup> Press-in technology and refer to recommended configuration of pcb holes, see page 00.25

<sup>\*</sup> selectively gold-plated

# **harbus** 64 · complementary to IEC 61 076 - 4 - 113



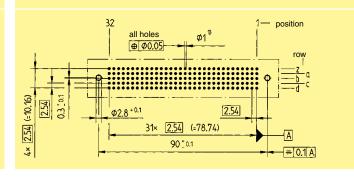
Number of contacts

160

### Female connectors

T CITIAIC CONTICCIONS			111
Identification	Number of contacts	Contact arrangement	Part No. Performance level 2 according to IEC 61 076-4-113 Explanation chapter 00
Female connectors, straight with switches <sup>2</sup> ) with press-in terminations with flange 4.5/5 mm	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 03 160 2201
G		, , , ,	
Dimensions	10.5-0.2	31x 2,54 (=78	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

### **Board drillings** Mounting side



Dimensions in mm

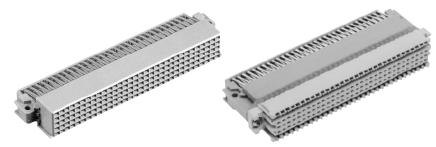
Tooling see chapter 30 <sup>1)</sup> Press-in technology see page 00.25 <sup>2)</sup> Switching elements at positions a21-22, b4-5, b6-7, b8-9 and b10-11

# **harbus** 64 · complementary to IEC 61 076 - 4 - 113



Number of contacts

160



Fe	male connectors	NP.		
Ider	ntification	Number of contacts	Contact arrangement	Part No. Performance level 1 according to IEC 61076-4-113 Explanation chapter 00
	nale connectors, angled with solder pins			
fo	or rear access	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 04 160 1101
	or har-bus® 64 nale connector	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 07 160 1101
	mensions 04 160 1101	ļ <del>-</del> .	37 – posi - b - c - z - z - row	7 2:1  tion mounting hole centre line 23.5 2.7  2.9 44.3  2.9 44.3  2.9 44.3  2.9 54.3  2.9 54.3  pcb surface
	mensions 07 160 1101	29	85.02 X X 88.9 ° 0.1 94. max. 25.46-78.74) 25.56-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7	Z 2:1  15,944.1  15,944.1  102 02 160 x203  intermediate plate  13,644  screwed  20 04 160 1101  mounting hole centre line  centering plate  2,945.1  1,954.1  1,954.1  1,954.1  1,954.1  1,954.1  1,954.1  1,954.1  1,954.1
	ard drillings flounting side	Y  y  31x  y  32x  y  y  31x  y  2x  position − 32  all h  ⊕ 16	oles   dia   ~	row

02 14

02

### harbus 64 · complementary to IEC 61 076 - 4 - 113 Number of contacts max. 160 Female connectors Number Contact-Identification of contacts arrangement Suitable for Part No. Female connector har-bus® 64 for crimp contacts 02 05 000 0004 160 shroud order contacts separately fits into shell housing C see chapter 20 3132 Male connector 02 05 000 0005 type R with 5 rows 160 Male connector 02 05 000 0003 type C with 5 rows 160 **Dimensions** 15,65±0,05 84,94±0,05 13,55±0,05 83,55±0,05 15,05±0,1 94,9±0,1 31 x 2,54 (=78,74) 90 ±0.1 Part No. Performance levels according to IEC 61076-4-113. Explanation chapter 00 Identification 2 Female crimp contacts har-bus® 64 **Bandoliered contacts** 02 05 000 2511 02 05 000 1511 (approx. 5,000 pieces) **Bandoliered contacts** 02 05 000 2512 02 05 000 1512 (approx. 500 pieces) 02 05 000 2513 02 05 000 1513 Individual contacts1) Wire gauge Insulation ø AWG mm<sup>2</sup> mm 0.7 - 1.5 0.09 - 0.528 - 20

3.5 + 0.5 mm of insulation is stripped

For the fabrication in line with the specification

please use exclusively crimp tools approved by HARTING (see DIN EN 60352-2)

Insertion, removal and crimping tools see chapter 30

Bandoliered

Individual contacts

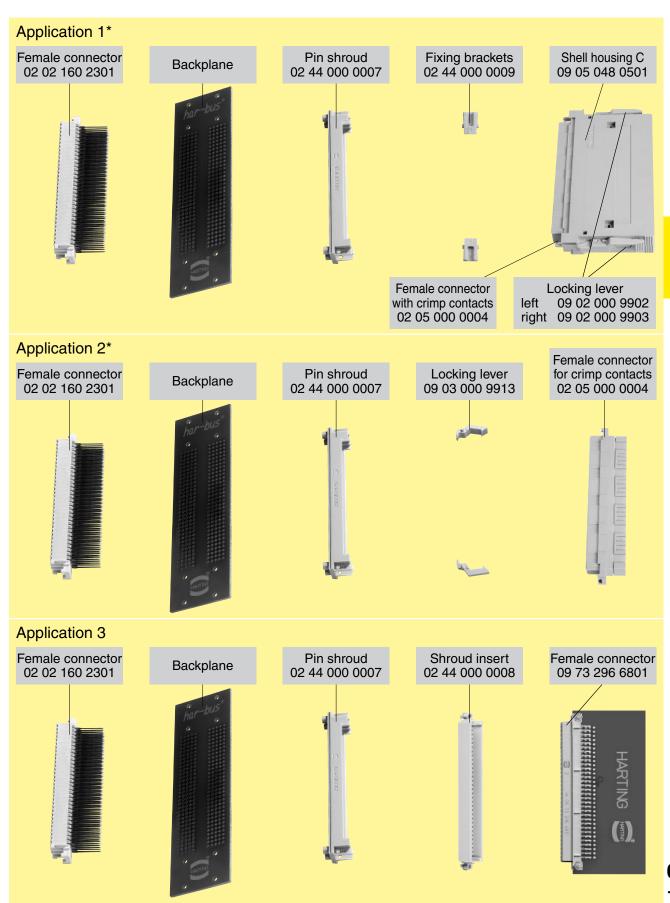
contacts

<sup>1)</sup> Packaging unit 1,000 pieces

# **harbus** 64 · complementary to IEC 61 076 - 4 - 113 Number of contacts Pin shrouds pcb-thickness Dimension X Identification Part No. ± 0.3 - 0.1 Pin shrouds1) 02 44 000 0007 2.8 6.6 (1)02 44 000 0001 3.4 6.0 02 44 000 0002 4.0 5.4 4.6 4.8 02 44 000 0003 5.2 4.2 02 44 000 0004 5.8 3.6 02 44 000 0005 6.4 3.0 02 44 000 0006 (II) Fixing brackets for shell housing C<sup>2)</sup> 02 44 000 0009 (II) Shroud insert for 3 row female 02 44 000 0008 connectors 31x2,54(=78,74) **Dimensions** 32 position 13,8 +0,1 95 ±0,1 4x2,54(=10,16) area for friction fit to interface pins 85,2 +0,2 position 02 Dimensions in mm

2) order 2 pieces per connector

<sup>1)</sup> Insert block (02 09 000 0012) for assembly see chapter 30



<sup>\*</sup> Only for applications without rear P0-connector

