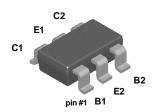


## FFB3904

# E2 B2 C1 SC70-6 Mark: .1A pin#1 E1

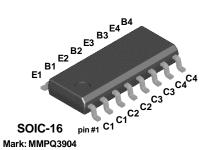
NOTE: The pinouts are symmetrical; pin 1 and pin 4 are interchangeable. Units inside the carrier can be of either orientation and will not affect the functionality of the device.

# FMB3904



SuperSOT<sup>TM</sup>-6 Mark: .1A Dot denotes pin #1

# **MMPQ3904**



# **NPN Multi-Chip General Purpose Amplifier**

This device is designed as a general purpose amplifier and switch. The useful dynamic range extends to 100 mA as a switch and to 100 MHz as an amplifier. Sourced from Process 23.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

 $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units	
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Voltage	40	V	
V <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Voltage	60	V	
V <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Voltage	6.0	V	
I <sub>C</sub>	Collector Current - Continuous	200	mA	
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C	

<sup>\*</sup>These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.

#### NOTES:

- 1) These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 150 degrees C.
- 2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- 3) All voltages (V) and currents (A) are negative polarity for PNP transistors.

#### **Thermal Characteristics**

 $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Characteristic	Max			Units
		FFB3904	FMB3904	MMPQ3904	
$P_D$	Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	300 2.4	700 5.6	1,000 8.0	mW mW/°C
R <sub>θ</sub> JA	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient Effective 4 Die Each Die	415	180	125 240	°C/W °C/W

(continued)

## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $T_{\Delta} = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
OFF CHAP	RACTERISTICS					
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	40			V
V <sub>(BR)CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 10 \mu A, I_E = 0$	60			V
V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_E = 10 \ \mu A, \ I_C = 0$	6.0			V
I <sub>BL</sub>	Base Cutoff Current	V <sub>CE</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>EB</sub> = 0			50	nA
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector Cutoff Current	V <sub>CE</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>EB</sub> = 0			50	nA
	•		•	•	•	•

## ON CHARACTERISTICS\*

h <sub>FE</sub>	DC Current Gain	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	40		
		MMPQ3904	30		
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	70		
		MMPQ3904	50		
		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	100	300	
		MMPQ3904	75		
		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	60		
		$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	30		
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		0.2	V
		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$		0.3	V
V <sub>BE(sat)</sub>	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	0.65	0.85	V
		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$		0.95	V

## SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (MMPQ3904 only)

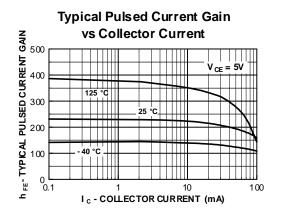
f⊤	Current Gain - Bandwidth Product	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V},$ f = 100  MHz	250	MHz
C <sub>obo</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_{E} = 0,$ f = 140 kHz	4.0	pF
C <sub>ibo</sub>	Input Capacitance	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 0,$ f = 140  kHz	8.0	pF

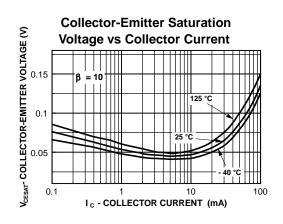
<sup>\*</sup>Pulse Test: Pulse Width ≤ 300 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2.0%

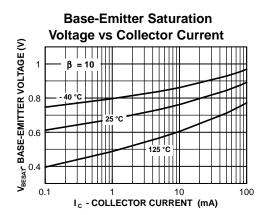
**NOTE:** All voltages (V) and currents (A) are negative polarity for PNP transistors.

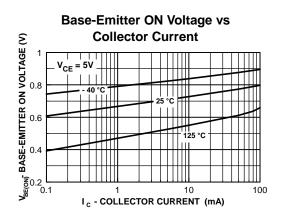
(continued)

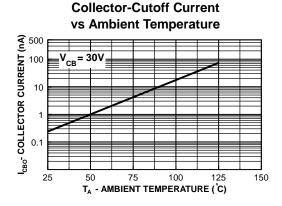
## **Typical Characteristics**

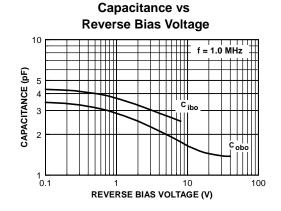








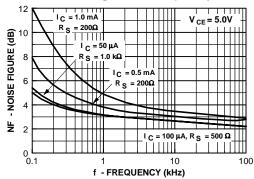




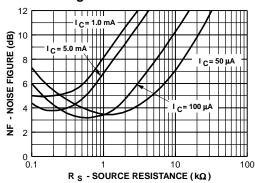
(continued)

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

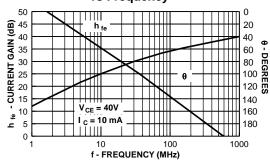




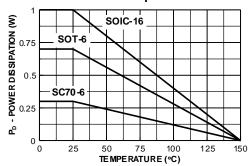
#### Noise Figure vs Source Resistance



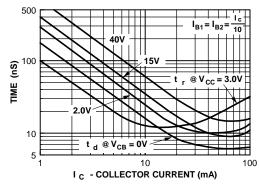
# Current Gain and Phase Angle vs Frequency



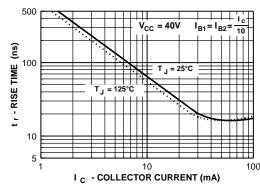
## Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature



#### **Turn-On Time vs Collector Current**

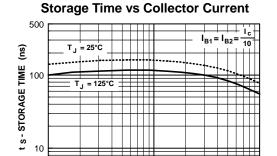


#### **Rise Time vs Collector Current**



(continued)

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

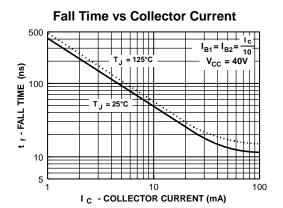


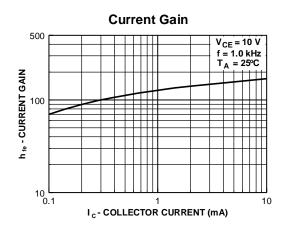
10

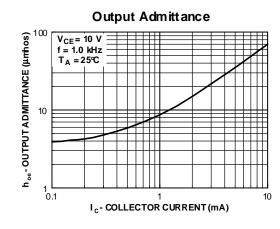
I C - COLLECTOR CURRENT (mA)

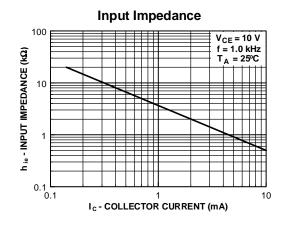
100

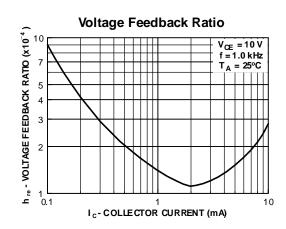
5











(continued)

## **Test Circuits**

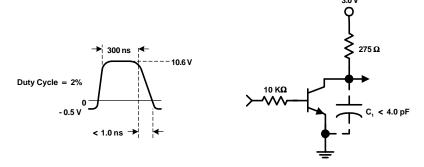


FIGURE 1: Delay and Rise Time Equivalent Test Circuit

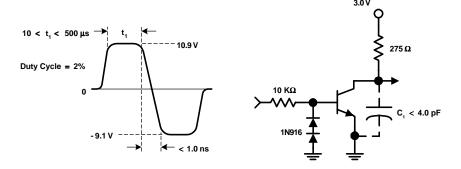


FIGURE 2: Storage and Fall Time Equivalent Test Circuit

#### **TRADEMARKS**

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

 $ACEx^{TM}$ FASTr™ PowerTrench® SyncFET™ QFET™ TinyLogic™ Bottomless™ GlobalOptoisolator™ QSTM UHC™ CoolFET™ GTO™ **VCX**<sup>TM</sup>  $CROSSVOLT^{TM}$ QT Optoelectronics™ HiSeC™

#### DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

#### LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.

2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

#### PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

#### **Definition of Terms**

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

Rev. G